FD - 245 (REV. 4-13-60)

U. S. Department of Justice

(MATERIAL MUST NOT BE REMOVED FROM OR ADDED TO THIS FILE)

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CLASSIFICATION NO

9 of 8

FEDERAL BUREAU

DO NOT DESTROY -
PRESERVE FOR SELECT
COMMITTEE ON ASSASSINATIONS

INVESTIGATION

Bureau File Number 14-2965

DO NOT DESTROY - 67 (see 190-163)
PENDING LITIGATION 217
237
123, 245, 224, 243, 342, 134, 168, 235
377
See also Nos. 319, 277A
277B

Volume Number
Serials

100-70116

Sr 374-384

C

① Keenan 9-25-68

② ~~Petersen 11-15-67~~

SHAW-WALKER 18-37972

Resistance Held to Be One Stage in a Growing Mass Anti-War Struggle

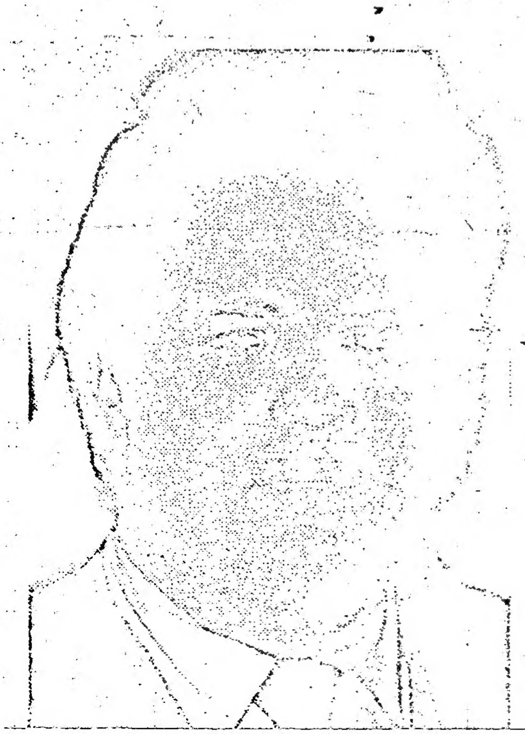
By MIKE ZAGARELL

Secretary of Youth Affairs of the Communist Party; member, steering committee, National Student Mobilization committee.

DURING the week of Dec. 4 thousands of young people across the country participated in a militant fight to stop the draft. The militancy of these demonstrations combined with the breadth of the student movement makes timely the coming Chicago conference of January 28-29, of the National Student Mobilization Committee, to debate an international student strike. All experiences are proving this to be the next step ahead in the student movement.

The watchword of the recent demonstrations was "Resistance." Though not fully defined, resistance has become a mass proclamation that young people not only dissent but consider themselves in no way obliged to cooperate with a policy which contradicts the interests of the American people. In short we are not playing the government's game of "dissent as you like. But when Draft Day comes along you must obey the laws until you can change them."

Though most of the demonstrators were students, these demonstrations articulated the frustrations of growing numbers of young worker who while not yet ready to act in this way, are looking for some way out of the draft. Thus, despite press distortions, demonstrators were met warmly by many young workers.



For all this, we were treated to a powerful display of domestic government force and violence rarely seen in recent years outside of America's ghettos. In New York alone 600 demonstrators were arrested.

While not successful in closing down draft centers, Stop the Draft Week made it absolutely clear that draft resistance is becoming a mass phenomenon and that if Johnson wants to avoid violence in the street, he had better stay indoors. For America has branded him "persona non grata."

Now that the demonstrations are over, the question remains: Where do we go from here?

☆

CLEARLY today there is a crisis in our country. The war in Vietnam has sharpened every domestic problem and accelerated the movement internationally against imperialism. The war itself is bogged down and at the present rate could continue for 20 years. Twenty years of war is precisely what imperialism cannot withstand. The present situation cannot continue. Hence, a decision by imperialism must be made. Either the U.S. moves toward all-out Asian war, further escalation and militarism with increased jingoism and racism, or a retreat from Vietnam in order to consolidate areas now held. Both possibilities pose deep problems for imperialism. On the one hand it would mean moving closer to a nuclear war which imperialism could not win, or a retreat which will embolden the peace and liberation movement. Clearly the second alternative is more advantageous for those who seek radical change.

While it is true that only the overthrow of the system will result in an end to imperialist intervention, socialism in the U.S. will not be realized without a fight against U.S. aggression and its accompanying ideology of racism and anti-Communism. The direction of the country, therefore, now revolves around two central questions: war and racism. While two separate movements, history has willed that their fate should be inter-

will undoub[illegible] pivot around these two questions.

☆

HOW THEN do we force U.S. imperialism to retreat? Despite the many positive accomplishments of Stop the Draft Week, some people have concluded the Week to be a failure. Their negative reaction to the demonstrations reflects not just over-zealousness but a certain strategic outlook which must be discussed. To many, even unconsciously, resistance has come to mean an attempt to stop the war machine through disruption, the main requirements for peace being mainly a group committed sufficiently to these tactics. Thus, less militant actions are viewed as irrelevant. This strategy leads naturally to frustration because without the support of large masses of people, the most militant are easily outflanked, isolated and stopped by the police.

To avoid police action, some are leaning more toward paramilitary tactics which depend on small numbers to outsmart the police. To be sure, small militant demonstrations can have meaning, but mainly when they articulate and express the feeling of wider numbers, and when they embolden larger numbers to act in a new way, as did Stop the Draft Week. When small groups become the only method

(Continued on Page 9)

100-70166-324

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____
AUG 2 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES

① Petersen
② Desk 14
③ Desk 10

Resistance Stage

(Continued from page 5)

of struggle, they are easily stopped. Thus, resistance as a strategy offers nothing new but is rather an old concept which has already proven inadequate. Resistance rather as a stage of development which grows in meaning as it grows in numbers is new and important.

☆

THE WAR in Vietnam is a war of profit. It is carried out by an imperialist system based on exploitation and profit. The war in Vietnam will come to an end only when it is untenable for imperialism to continue—when it is unprofitable financially and politically. To make the war untenable means educating millions on the meaning of the war, winning workers not only to refuse to carry the economic load of the war but to use the situation to launch a new offensive for better wages, to react to new impingements such as war inflation and taxes and heightened racism, by fighting for new areas of power and control by the people, to accelerate the Black Power movement by using the impact of a racist war to build a movement against racism, to organize world-wide demonstrations aimed at isolating imperialism internalionally, and by merging all of this by accelerating the mass exodus from the two-party system. In short, it means organizing millions, especially workers who are the source of imperialism's domestic profits.

☆

WE MUST make it clear that imperialism will win nothing from this war except a more rapid deterioration of its position. Only when this is in fact the situation will the war come to an end.

Already a struggle is growing within the labor movement against the war. Students can aid by continuing to build their own demonstrations and aiming them to influence workers, leafleting and helping to organize demonstrations of workers in college areas and supporting economic struggles of workers against war inflation.

Key to where we go is the split in the Democratic Party and the movement of many toward a third alternative which is producing a crisis in bourgeois politics. Pressure must be kept up by now working to get independent peace and freedom tickets on as many state ballots as possible.

ON THE CAMPUS student radicals must win a majority of the students into active resistance against war and racism.

One year ago Bettina Aptheker, spokesman for the Communist Party, initiated a conference to debate the feasibility of a student strike. Students were divided, many feeling that the time was not yet ready. Today there can be no doubt. The time has come when an international student strike is the next point on the agenda. The peace movement is now a majority on many campuses. Strikes and mass demonstrations have already closed down many schools.

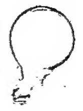
Student strikes should focus on the central colleges of the U.S. with supporting actions on other campuses and throughout the world aimed at involving one-third to one-half of the world's students in solidarity strikes and demonstrations.

Today U.S. campuses are institutions that are controlled by the white monopoly structure. They are used to promote racism and war. They are tools of imperialism against the people. The student strike is the next logical step in the student resistance movement. By striking the universities, we are organizing millions to resist monopoly's control. During the demonstration many things can be planned for the day, such as community demonstrations, parades, campus teach-ins, etc.

Unlike at the draft centers, it will be impossible for the police to intervene. For students in part define the university. Without the students, there can be no university no matter what the police may do.

☆

IF THE STRIKE is to be successful, these slogans must tie the strike together: Against War, Racism and Colonialism. The university is a weapon of war and colonial oppression. It is also a racist institution controlled by a white establishment. In fact segregated in student composition. Every day university departments are used to develop new racist justifications for the status quo. Racism is one of the main weapons used to bolster the racist war.



Where hawks are sure to be defeated, racism is called in to save the day. Johnson, isolated on the war, is playing on violence in the streets to win reelection. Johnson allies himself increasingly with the Southern racists supporting Wallace in the South. If the peace movement is to be successful, it must join the fight against racism. Students must learn the fight against racism is at home, in their back yard among whites where they work and go to school. Without this knowledge, meaningful aliances between black and white will not be possible.

Local actions should include a fight against militarism on campus such as the invasion of racist war corporations like Dow Corp. on campus and police violence which is becoming the rule particularly in black schools. Solidarity should be expressed with the Texas southern students who are being framed for murder as a result of police invasion on the campus. Struggles should be built to end segregation which is sharpened by war expenditures, and to bring black people into positions of power in the university. Only in supporting these battles can peace movements hope for success.

An international student strike is now possible. Throughout the country students must mobilize to build the Chicago Conference.

O F F I C E M E M O R A N D U M UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-63949) DATE: 8/2/68

FROM: SA J. CHARLES MERRIMAN

SUBJECT: ROBERT EUGENE DUGGAN, aka
IS - C

On 7/16/68, FOIA(b)(7) - (D) made available subject DUGGAN's personal address and contact notebook containing approximately 500 names of persons and organizations. One Xerox copy of the contents of this notebook is filed in 100-63949-1B1. Another Xerox copy of this notebook was utilized for channelization to pertinent case files and to interested Offices.

FOIA(b)(7) - (D) advised on 7/16/68, that DUGGAN is currently a member of the National Committee, Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), and a member of the District Board and District Committee, Southern California District CP (SCDCP).

The names of persons and/or organizations listed below were contained in aforementioned notebook of DUGGAN:

Resistance
L.A.
1015 N. Madison
666-1961
Pasadena
30 N Raymond
Room 201 681-8935

Westwood
1355 Westwood Blvd
473-6410

Resistance
1093 Broxton Rm 25
Los Angeles

100-70116-325

AUG2 1968

1 - FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

JCM/TMJ/mmd mmd
tmj

Read by JCM

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-68654) DATE: 8/14/68

FROM: SA WILLIAM S. BURTON

SUBJECT: PEACE ACTION COUNCIL (PAC)
IS - C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	PAC demonstration, Century Plaza ,7/28/68.	7/31/68	Writer	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Informant's report is quoted as follows:

"July 29, 1968
Los Angeles, Calif.

"Century Plaza - HUMPHREY Demonstration, July 28, 1968

"Present among 3,000 plus participants were:

CC: FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

175-41	(DEMONSTRATION AGAINST HUBERT HUMPHREY)
100-28093	(IRVING SARNOFF)(SI)
100-71322	(WARREN FURUMOTO)
100-69160	(LIBBIE BOUVIER)
100-71502	(LIBBY GOLDMAN)
100-69494	(JERRY LENNON)
100-52995	(PAT ARNOLD)(RI-B)
100-52718	(CHARLES ARNOLD)
100-63577	(VPC)
100-71162	(ED SAWICKI)
100-16643	(AFT)
100-29545	(BESSIE GOGOL)(SI)
100-46186	(JUDITH TANZAWA)(RI-B)
100-47748	(RAYMOND INGRAM)(SI)
100-71457	(BUCK EVANS)(SI)
100-46348	(NEWS AND LETTERS COMM.)
100-60180	(MIKE LASKY)(SI)
100-70116	(THE RESISTANCE)
~~100-61745~~	(WSP)
100-1763	(SCDCP)
100-59007	(CDC)
100-6768	(SOCIALIST PARTY OF LOS ANGELES)
65-296	(TECHNOCRATS)
100-66519	(SDS)
100-70073	(PFP)
100-70488	("LA RAZA")

WSB/mmd
(28)

Read by WSB

100-70116-326

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
AUG 14 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES

"IRVING SARNOFF
WARREN FURAMOTO and
BERNARD BERNARDI, all of P.A.C;
LIBBE BOUVIER
LIBBY GOLDMAN
JERRY LENNON
PAT ARNOLD and
CHARLES ARNOLD, all of V.P.C.;
ED SAWICKI of V.P.C. and
A.F.T. was there;
BESSIE GOGOL
JUDITH TANZAWA
RAYMOND INGRAM and
BUCK EVANS, all attended from News and Letters;
MR. LASKY of the C.P. was there;
and we identified the news commentator,
EDWARD P. MORGAN in the crowd.

"Of the people mentioned above the following were engaged in the following activities: P.A.C. - control of the march; V.P.C. - marching; News & Letters - selling News & Letters newspapers; Mr. LASKY - selling the Hearld Dispatch newspaper; EDWARD P. MORGAN - purchasing News and Letters newspaper.

"Representatives of the following organizations were present: Resistance, V.P.C., W.S.P., C.P., News and Letters, West Side C.D.C., S.P., Technocrats, S.D.S., P.& F., and La Raza. A group representing the Grape Workers U.A.W. - C.I.O. Union Circulated for donations.

"The absence of an en mass Black Militant group was very apparent. The only Black Militants we recognized were picketing on behalf of the "Biafra Conflict", in African costume, with the Socialist Party.

"The general tone of this demonstration was one of passive response, and it did not compare in enthusiasm with June 23, 1967, and April of 1968.

"The only percipatators of trouble we noted were teenagers, most of whom appeared to be disenfranchised teeny boppers, or hippies."

ACTION:

Informant was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could add nothing further.

All necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

INDEX:
BERNARD BERNARDI
EDWARD P. MORGAN
UNITED FARM WORKERS UNION

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-71209) DATE: 8/20/68

FROM: SA ROBERT H. CLAUDIUS

SUBJECT: DOW ACTION COMMITTEE (DAC)
IS - C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	DAC spon. meeting, 7/22/68.	7/26/68	IC BERNARD P.BLAIS	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Source's report has been Xeroxed and is attached.

CC: FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

100-70444	(MARCIA SILVERSTEIN)
100-70629	(MORRIS KIGHT)(RI-B)
100-70704	(LEWIS STONEHAM)
100-71535	(MARION STONEHAM)
100-71444	(ROBERT GIGLIO)
100-71747	(LARRY ALLEN)
100-71438	(DEBBIE LANDIS)
100-33834	(BILL LANDIS)
100-71830	(JAMES DOYLE)
100-71235	(MARTIN ROTH)
100-71334	(J.D.LEE)
100-68137	(WILLIAM BEASLEY)
175-41	(DEMONSTRATION AGAINST HUBERT HUMPHREY)
100-67821	(VETERANS FOR PEACE)
100-68654	(PAC)
100-28093	(IRVING SARNOFF)
100-70116	(THE RESISTANCE)(SI)
100-52041	(WAR RESISTERS LEAGUE)
100-71566	(LACDBR)
100-65741	(GENERAL HERSHEY BAR)
100-70513	(GENERAL WASTEMORELAND)
100-69926	(DAVE DELLINGER)

RHC/mmd
(24) Read by_____

100-70116-327

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
AUG 20 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES

LA 100-71209

ACTION:

All necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by ther writer.

INDEX: JANNEL ALDEN
RICHARD ZAK

S-213E

July 22, 1968 8 p.m.

SPONSOR: DOW ACTION COMMITTEE

Meeting at 619 S. Bonnie Brae, L.A.

Attendance: Approx. 18, including 1 Colored

Persons id present: Marcia Silverstein
Morris Kight 205-3939
Louis Stoneham 205-3975
Marie (Miriam) Stoneham 205-3975
Robert Giglio
Larry Allen
Jannel Alden
Debbie Landis
Bill Landis
Jimmie Doyle
Martin Roth
J.D. Lee
Bill Beasley 205-3834
Richard Zak

Discussion was on the visit of Vice President Humphrey to L.A. on July 27-28-29, 1968. There was indication that the CHICANOS invited DAC to participate in their demonstration against Mr.Humphre on the 27th at 1 p.m. - location not known. The Chicanos and the Mexican-Americans will have a picket line in East L.A.

On the 29th, DAC will support VETERANS FOR PEACE in their picket line from 11:30 to 1 p.m. at the Biltmore, 5th and Olive, where Mr. Humphrey will be speaking at a luncheon.

On the 28th, PEACE ACTION COUNCIL will have a demonstration. This was confirmed by Morris Kight, who said he had gone to an executive board meeting of PAC on July 20th. PAC will demonstrate at the Century Plaza Hotel from 4 to 8 p.m.

Richard Zak made a motion to send a letter to PAC, saying that DAC, as a committee, is not going to support this demonstration but they will support it as individuals. This was passed because of the feelings of some of the group, such as Stoneham, who said that Irving Sarnoff is so mixed up at times that he has five motions on the floor at the same time and he doesn't know what is going on. He uses very poor parlimentary procedure, etc.

J.D. LEE came up with the idea that he would try to get some people to picket Warner Bros. Studios from 7 to 10 p.m., where Mr. Humphrey will be on the sound stage. There was a motion made that the DAC sponsor a picket line demonstration there on the 28th, from 7 to 10 p.m.

There was mention made of August 6th. The DAC has been invited to participate in one demonstration sponsored by the RESISTANCE, the WAR RESISTERS, and a couple of other groups. The people who will participate will gather at 12 noon in Centinella Park in Inglewood, and between 12 noon and 1 p.m., when people gather, they are to bring guns and other types of weapons and turn them in. At 1 p.m., they will go to the police station and ask them to turn in their weaspons - instruments of brutality - more on the community relations bit of fighting crime. After that, they will go to the National Guard Armory and ask them to turn in their weapons. Then they will return to the park and destroy the weapons which have been turned in.

Debbis Landis and Richard Zak went to a meeting of the L.A.Committee for the Defense of the Bill of Rights and thanked the people for getting two "kooks" out of jail - General Hershey Bar and General Waste-More-Land. They also thanked them for their offer of support.

Debbie said it was a nice thing to hear people of their age group because, actually, she didn't think there was any one there under 90 - to say that they will support or go to the aid of any one, for any reason. STONEHAM made the comment that they had gone to a picnic of this group last week end, and if anyone had any old Communist Party friends of the 1930's whom they hadn't seen for a long time, this was just the right place for a home-coming.

KIGHT said, "True, there are a lot of old CP members and activists, but if they are Communists they are my kind of people."

The Mass Action Committee of the DAC will meet July 23 to discuss the events of July 27 and 28. There was mention of the deal that the PAC is putting on Wesnesday, July 24, at the First Unitarian Church. This is the peace conference of DAVE DELLINGER at 8 p.m. - donation $1.00

The only other meeting scheduled for this week is that of the fund-raising committee which will meet Thursday at the DAC office.

The next general meeting of DAC will be Monday, July 29th at 8 p.m.

S 213=E/Mc

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-70116) DATE: 8/20/68

FROM: SA RICHARD J. RAYSA

SUBJECT: THE RESISTANCE
IS - C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Report re 7/30/68 Resistance meeting.	8/2/68	Writer	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Source's report has been Xeroxed and is attached.

ACTION:

Source was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could add nothing further.

All necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

CC: FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

100-70977	(RICK CARTER)
25-79566	(RICK CARTER)
100-71481	(DENNIS DURBY)
25-79551	(DENNIS DURBY)
100-71283	(ROSE MATHEWS)(SI)
100-71220	(DAVID BOLDUC)
25-80042	(DAVID BOLDUC)
100-66872	(JOE MAIZLISH)(RI-B)
100-70670	(SHERNA GLUCK)
25-79580	(SHERNA GLUCK)
100-70924	(DAVID OSTROFF)
25-79039	(DAVID OSTROFF)
100-24642	(REV.STEPHEN FRITCHMAN)(SI)
100-71824	(ALEXIS THOMPSON)
100-70513	(TOM DUNPHY)
25-79658	(ANTI-DRAFT ACTIVITIES)

RJR/mmd
(18) Read by RR

100-70116-328

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
AUG 20 1968

Res[illegible]tance Meeting July 31, 1968

Date- Tue., July 30, 1968

Location- First Unitarian Church, 2936 W. 8th St., L.A.

No. Present- Approx. 65-75

Duration- 8 p.m.- 10:30(many staying on for movie showing)

Persons seen
or heard-

Rick Carter
Dennis Durby
Rose Mathews
David Bolduc
Joe ~~Mazelich~~ Maizlish G.W.
Sherna Gluck
David Ostroff
Rev. Fritchman(check accur~~t~~acy G.W. spelling)
Alexius Thompson
Tom Dunphy

Agenda:

Meeting was in progress and all were seated around tables, squared off in arrangement, with several rows of students sitting behind those seated at the 4 tables. Discussion of the aims and goals, besides draft resistance, took place. Several wondered if one of aims is to disarm the police, voluntary or by force, and how this can be accomplished since it is felt that the police would not give their guns up voluntarily, and would it be one quick step process or a longer range program. Rick Carter answered that it would be a voluntary step at first, then see what happens, in time. He felt that if the Resistance and all others show they are giving their guns up, in peace, and are against any lethal weapons or destructive forces, then the police, National Guards, sheriffs, and the government would, in turn, begin turning theirs in and the government would stop making and using bombs, etc. and the war could get over with.

The group talked about going to Canada, Philippine Islands, and other countries, saying, these ideas have just about been exhausted, as the kids have to change their lives, name included, and this isn't what they are really looking for and aren't happy, they can't come back to the country, as a free person, but have a prison rap facing them. Tom Dunphy said he didn't care about being followed by the F.B.I. as he has a contempt for them anyway, and will stick to what he believes in, not going even if it means going to jail, and of course, he would hold this off as long as possible. Another felt that if one is resisting, he should be willing to go to jail, for this shows true patrioism, trying to make a better America even though you have to suffer imprisonment through it.

Plans for Inglewood are being set, for Aug. 6, with members of Resistance going to go to the businessmen in Inglewood and try to get them to support the action, by being able to use their names for endorsement that they had turned in their guns, also. One merchant was to have said that when they come to him, he has a gun and is going to use it, on them, if he has to, that they are just coming to Inglewood to disrupt the community and they should get off their lazy cans and go to work like everybody else. They plan to visit the merchants, possibly, Thursday, Friday and Saturday mornings, towards noon, and leaflet Monday morning. Cranes, (birds) made of paper in following a Hiroshima girl who(had died in the Atomic bomb blast) had made such paper item before she died, will be made, at Resistance central office and Westwood, on Sat. and Sun. to be used to lay out in one long stream on the sidewalks, end to end. Volunteers were called for to help to fold and make these. Leaflet was given out, at this meeting, showing program set up.(see)

A Marine, who,has been threatening to resign to his superior officers, (receiving much publicity in all newspapers each time he has written his wishes, on this, then held off,) has let the Resistance know he intends to go through with it, now, and will stick to it and keep on doing so, until he is allowed to resign. Perhaps, he can visit the Resistance, as a guest, when he does so, was the attitude, and maybe, he would care to do it, now, for the Inglewood project, was hoped for.(He had been contacted by Resistance, after it had been first noticed in the newspapers.)

One Resistance member had talked to Capt. Smith,of the police dept.,on their plans for Aug. 6, and Smith was to have said,"it sounds interesting" and listened to all they had to say and thanked them for coming in, but, he asked them"if some kind of identifying symbol could be worn so they would know which group they were from, as each time the police talked to the group, it was always someone different. And when any person asked police what was going on or happening, police couldn't tell them who to ask, they didn't know and people thought the police were lying to them. " One member said he thought he might be the one who would have Capt. Smith to stick close to him and be with him, Aug. 6, as Smith wanted this and probably would select him to be the one. Helmets or arm bands or some other identifying item may be thought about, nothing definite yet decided.

Tom Dunphy said he thought that D.A.C. had something planned in Little Tokyio(to speak to persons there, to get support) and might take part, themselves, on August 6. Rose Mathews informed the Resistance that she didn't know the time for the little Tokyio action, but that D.A.C. had voted not to support this Aug. 6 action, as a group, but that they had decided for each one to go that wished to do so, as an individual rather than as a group, and that some proposed to go in support, that day.(This Inglewood area is composed of many orientals and their support is needed, so talking to people in Chinatown and Little Tokyio would be good, one Resistance member stated).

A movie was to be shown following the meeting, and many stayed on to see it.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (14-2965)   DATE: 8/21/68

FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-70116) (P)

SUBJECT: THE RESISTANCE
SSA, 1948; SEDITION

Re Los Angeles teletype dated 8/14/68.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 12 copies and for San Diego 3 copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) setting forth information regarding a demonstration by captioned group on 8/15/68.

Copies of the LHM are to be disseminated locally to the U.S. Attorney, Secret Service, and Military Intelligence agencies. Appropriate local authorities have been advised.

The first source used is FOIA(b)(7) - (D) the second source is FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

The LHM is classified confidential to protect these sources who are of continuing value.

3 - Bureau (RM)
3 - San Diego (RM)
2 - Los Angeles
(1 - 100-66604) (VIDEM)

FJP/lap/lel
(8)

100-70116-330

SEARCHED ___
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FILE

OFFICE COPY

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Los Angeles, California
August 21, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

THE RESISTANCE

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on August 14, 1968 that the "The Resistance" group in Los Angeles plans to participate in a demonstration outside the main gate of Camp Pendleton, California, beginning at 11:30 a.m. on August 15, 1968. The indicated purpose of this demonstration is to support a United States Marine named Robinson, who reportedly refused to go to Vietnam and is being held in a stockade at Camp Pendleton. The Los Angeles group plans to arrive at approximately 11:30 a.m. on August 15, 1968 at the San Luis Rey Mission near Camp Pendleton where they will meet with the "The Resistance" (San Diego) group. All of them will then walk to the Camp Pendleton main gate and begin to demonstrate. It is believed that approximately 100 persons will participate in this activity.

On August 14, 1968, a second source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished substantially the same information as listed above concerning this planned demonstration.

"The Resistance" is self described in its literature as "---a group of young men determined to act. Anyone and everyone can join.---Resistance is active and offensive, not passive and defensive. We will provoke continued confrontations with this war government. They're in an insoluble dilemna; they can prosecute and imprison us which will bring new waves of protest and dissent of unsurpassed intensity, or they can set us free, which will generate impetus for the expansion of the movement. Either way, we will gain ground and support and new members."

12 - Bureau (14-2965) (RM)
1 - USA, Los Angeles
1 - Secret Service
1 - NISO, San Diego
1 - NISRA, Pasadena
1 - OSI, Norton AFB
1 - 115th MIG, Pasadena
3 - San Diego
2 - Los Angeles (100-70116)

FJP/kap
(23)

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100-70116-329

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 8/21/68

FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-new) (P)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATION
"USS NEW JERSEY"
Pier One
Long Beach, California
On or About
9/7/68

Re Los Angeles airtel dated 8/14/68.

Enclosed herewith are 12 copies of a LHM setting forth advanced information concerning a planned demonstration as captioned.

Copies of this LHM are being disseminated locally to the U. S. Attorney, Secret Service, and Military Intelligence agencies. Appropriate local law enforcement agencies have been advised. The first source used in the LHM is FOIA(b)(7) - (D) while the second source is FOIA(b)(7) - (D) Sources used to characterize the Dow Action Committee is FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

This LHM is classified confidential to protect these sources who are of continuing value.

This matter will be followed, and the Bureau and other interested agencies will be kept advised.

100-70116-33B

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SERIALIZED
FILED

5 - Bureau (RM) (Enc. 12)
(1 - 100-new) (VIDEM)
(1 - 14-2965) (THE RESISTANCE)
④ - Los Angeles
(1 - 100-70116) (THE RESISTANCE)
(1 - 100-new) (DOW ACTION COMMITTEE)
(1 - 100-new) (WOMEN STRIKE FOR PEACE)

FJP/kap
(9)

OFFICE COPY

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Los Angeles, California
August 21, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

DEMONSTRATION, "USS NEW JERSEY"

A source advised on August 14, 1968 that at a meeting of "The Resistance" at 2936 West 8th Street, Los Angeles, California, held on the evening of August 13, 1968, plans were discussed for a possible demonstration to be held aboard the "USS New Jersey" which is presently docked at Long Beach, California. According to this discussion, members of "The Resistance" have supposedly made contact with members of the crew of this ship, which will have a "Visitors Day." One unidentified female present at this meeting claimed to have a boy friend whose father once served on the "USS New Jersey" and this allegedly gives him standing permission to visit the ship at any time he desires. This unnamed male youth reportedly plans to board the ship and find out additional details as to how a demonstration can take place.

A second source advised on August 14, 1968, substantially the same information set forth above, and in addition, pointed out that according to present plans, the demonstration will consist only of passing out leaflets protesting the Vietnam war. Also, the above mentioned demonstration is to be participated in by "The Resistance," the Dow Action Committee, and the Women Strike for Peace.

It is to be noted that the "USS New Jersey" is now berthed at Pier 1, Long Beach, which is a repair area not accessible to the public. The ship is scheduled to leave Long Beach on or about September 9, 1968.

100-70116-332

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SERIALIZED
FILED

12 - Bureau (RM)
1 - USA, Los Angeles
1 - Secret Service
1 - NISO, San Diego
1 - NISRA, Pasadena
1 - OSI, Norton AFB
1 - 115th MIG, Pasadena
② - Los Angeles (100-new)

FJP/kap

GROUP 1
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declassification

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

"The Resistance" is self described in its literature as "---a group of young men determined to act. Anyone and everyone can join.---Resistance is active and offensive, not passive and defensive. We will provoke continued confrontations with this war government. They're in an insoluble dilemna; they can prosecute and imprision us which will bring new waves of protest and dissent of unsurpassed intensity, or they can set us free, which will generate impetus for the expansion of movement. Either way, we will gain ground and support and new members."

The first source mentioned above advised on January 30, 1968 that the Dow Action Committee was established in order to organize an anti-Vietnam war protest campaign which will be directed against the Dow Chemical Company and its manufacture of napalm. This committee was formed in Los Angeles in January, 1968, and it is dominated by members of the Los Angeles Socialist Workers Party.

The Socialist Workers Party has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Los Angeles, California
August 21, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Title	DEMONSTRATION "USS NEW JERSEY" Pier One Long Beach, California On or About 9/7/68
Character	
Reference	Los Angeles letterhead memorandum, dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

100-70116-331

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (14-2965)

DATE: 8/22/68

FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-new) (C)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY
THE RESISTANCE
Los Angeles County
Hall of Justice Jail
211 West Temple Street
Los Angeles, California
8/13/68

Enclosed herewith are 12 copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) setting forth advance information, as well as information concerning a demonstration in support of subject, JOSEPH ISRAEL MAIZLISH, recently sentenced at Los Angeles, California.

Copies of the LHM are being disseminated locally to the U. S. Attorney, Secret Service, and Military Intelligence agencies. Local law enforcement authorities were aware of these activities. The source used in the enclosed LHM is FOIA(b)(7) - (D).

The LHM is classified confidential to protect this source, who is of continuing value. The special agent who observed this demonstration is SA JAMES CAGNASSOLA, JR.

3 - Bureau (RM)
(1 - 25-563343) (JOSEPH ISRAEL MAIZLISH)
4 - Los Angeles
(1 - 25-79658)
(ANTI-DRAFT ACTIVITIES)
(1 - 25-79213) (JOSEPH ISRAEL MAIZLISH)
(1 - 100-70116) (THE RESISTANCE)

FJP/kap
(7)

100-70116-335

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Los Angeles, California
August 22, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY THE RESISTANCE

A source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on August 13, 1968 that a demonstration involving approximately 25 individuals supported by the "The Resistance" would take place outside the Hall of Justice in downtown Los Angeles, California, on the evening of August 13, 1968. According to this source, plans were for a peaceful demonstration in protest of the confinement of Joseph Israel Maizlish, Selective Service Number 4-95-42-213, who received a three-year prison sentence in the United States District Court, Los Angeles, on August 12, 1968 for violation of the Selective Service Act of 1948.

On August 13, 1968, a Special Agent of the FBI observed that approximately 50 persons, consisting of youths about 18-22 years old, both male and female, were walking on the sidewalk in front of the Hall of Justice, located at 211 West Temple Street, Los Angeles. The participants continued walking and singing songs until about 11:30 p.m. on this same date, when they dispersed. The demonstration was orderly, and no arrests were made.

"The Resistance" is self described in its literature as "---a group of young men determined to act. Anyone and everyone can join.---Resistance is active and offensive, not passive and defensive. We will provoke continued confrontations with this war government. They're in an insoluble dilemna; they can prosecute and imprison us which will bring new waves of protest and dissent of unsurpassed intensity, or they can set us free, which will generate impetus for the expansion of movement. Either way, we will gain ground and support and new members."

12 - Bureau (14-2965) (RM)
(1 - 25-563343)
1 - USA, Los Angeles
1 - Secret Service
~~1 - NISO, San Diego~~
1 - NISRA, Pasadena
1 - OSI, Norton AFB
1 - 115th MIG, Pasadena
4 - Los Angeles (100-new)
(1 - 25-79658)
(1 - 25-79213)
(1 - 70116)

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(22)

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FD-263 (Rev. 3-8-67)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
LOS ANGELES	NEW YORK	8/28/68	8/2-12/68

TITLE OF CASE	REPORT MADE BY	TYPED BY
THE RESISTANCE	FREDERICK J. PETERSEN	slj
	CHARACTER OF CASE SSA, 1948; Sedition	

REFERENCE: Report of SA FREDERICK J. PETERSEN at Los Angeles dated 5/22/68.
Reports of SA JAMES S. IRVING at Los Angeles dated 4/30/68 and 7/10/68 and captioned KAREN ELAINE DELLENBACH, et al, SSA 1948 - Concealing; Sedition; Deserter-Harboring.

-P-

ADMINISTRATIVE

This report is classified confidential since data furnished by LA T-1 through LA T-7 could reasonably result in the identification of confidential informants of continuing value thus jeopardizing their future effectiveness which would adversely affect the national security.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED NONE						ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO

APPROVED

SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

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Agency				
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd.				
How Fwd.				
By				

Notations

★ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1967 O—273-877

10 - Bureau (14-2965)(RM)
1 - NIS, San Diego (RM)
1 - OSI, Norton AFB (RM)
1 - 115th MIG (RM)
3 - New York (14-382)(RM)
(1 - 25-110164)
4 - Los Angeles (100-70116)
(1 - 25-79658)(Anti-draft Demonstrations and Activities)
(1 - 25-80831)(KAREN ELAINE DELLENBACH, et al)

Copies of this report are being furnished locally to the military intelligence agencies for information purposes.

Individual cases have been opened concerning local leaders of The Resistance.

Special Agents who observed the demonstration on 6/17-18/68 were DONALD J. STORAKER, JAMES E. ROSS, RICHARD B. SADLER, JAMES W. MC CORD, and JOSEPH G. DAVIS, JR.

SA WALTER M. BRADY obtained the leaflet distributed at the demonstration on 6/17/68.

LEAD

LOS ANGELES

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA: Will continue to follow and report any pertinent activities of the captioned group locally.

INFORMANTS

SOURCE	LOCATION
LA T-1 FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Orally to SA RICHARD J. RAYSA on 8/5/68

LA T-2 FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Orally to SA FREDERICK J. PETERSEN on 6/18/68, 7/12/68, and 8/13/68
LA T-3 FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)
LA T-4 FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	100-70116 - 231 and 257 Characterization of LYNN SCHOEMAKER
LA T-5 FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Orally to SA FREDERICK J. PETERSEN on 6/14/68
LA T-6 FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Characterization of DONALD KALISH
LA T-7 FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Characterization of JOSEPH MAIZLISH

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:
1 - NIS, San Diego (RM)
1 - OSI, Norton AFB (RM)
1 - 115th MIG (RM)

Report of: FREDERICK J. PETERSEN
Office: Los Angeles, California
Date: 8/28/68

Field Office File #: 100-70116
Bureau File #: 14-2965

Title: THE RESISTANCE

Character: SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT, 1948; Sedition

Synopsis: The Resistance, Southern California Office, is currently located at 1355 Westwood Boulevard, Room 201, Los Angeles, California, with a branch office at 2819 West Francis Avenue, Los Angeles. Officers or leaders are now SHERNA B. GLUCK, Chairman; GREG NELSON, Vice Chairman; DALE LEWIS ODERMAN, Secretary; DAVID BOLDUC, Treasurer. A checking account is maintained in the name "Supporters of The Resistance" with current balance of $395.16. Details of anti-draft demonstrations May through June, 1968, set out. As to seditious statements made, copies of literature distributed by The Resistance are included herein.

-P-

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Note: Documentation of individuals mentioned herein, where available, appears in the Appendix-Individuals.

DETAILS:

I. ORGANIZATIONAL DATA

A. Location

LA T-1 (8/5/68)

The Resistance, Southern California Office, is located at 1355 Westwood Boulevard, Room 201, Los Angeles, California, and a branch office is now located at 2819 West Francis Avenue, Los Angeles, (telephone 382-4447). This branch office was previously located at 1051 North Madison, Los Angeles. The branch office at 30 North Raymond, Pasadena, California, has been closed.

B. Leaders of The Resistance in the Los Angeles Area

LA T-2 (7/12/68)

A checking account maintained in the University-Westwood Branch, Crocker Citizens National Bank, 10925 Kinross Avenue, Los Angeles, under the name "Supporters of The Resistance" now shows the following individuals as officers:

SHERNA B. GLUCK, Chairman

GREG NELSON, Vice Chairman

DALE LEWIS ODERMAN, Secretary

DAVID BOLDUC, Treasurer

LA T-1 (8/5/68)

The above four individuals, namely GLUCK, NELSON, ODERMAN, and BOLDUC, are, in effect, the present leaders of The Resistance in Los Angeles. This continues to be a loosely-knit group with leadership shifting from time to time.

C. Finances

LA T-2 (6/18/68)

The checking account referred to above at the University-Westwood Branch, Crocker Citizens National Bank, under the name "Supporters of The Resistance" continues to be maintained under account number 453431. The balance of this account as of June 18, 1968, was $625.88.

The following checks are noted to have been drawn against this account:

Check No.	Date	Amount	Payee	Endorser	Maker
268	5/14/68	$100.00	GEORGE TRAFTON	GEORGE TRAFTON	KD
266	5/13/68	40.00	DALE ODERMAN	DALE ODERMAN RICHARD C. CARTER (H3-468)	KD
258	5/10/68	42.50	New England Resistance	National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Massachusetts	KD
263	5/10/68	15.00	GARY AUFDENSPRING	GARY AUFDENSPRING 3429 28th St.S.D. 232-8866	KD
270	5/14/68	15.00	BOB ZAUGH	BOB ZAUGH	KD
271	5/15/68	20.00	Cash	KAREN DELLENBACH	KD
269	5/14/68	100.00	Supporters of The Resistance	L.A. SHOEMAKER	KD
276	5/23/68	5.00	Cash	DALE ODERMAN CDL R046647	KD
218	4/5/68	15.00	PAUL BARNES	PAUL BARNES 11450 Dicky St. Whittier, Calif.	SG
283	6/4/68	95.00	Cash	(none)	KD

273	5/20/68	25.00	DALE ODERMAN	DALE ODERMAN CDL R046647	WG
274	5/21/68	15.54	ASUCLA	Associated Students UCLA, Printing & Duplicating Dept.	KD
278	5/24/68	250.00	Cash	WM. GARAWAY	KD
279	5/24/68	10.00	Cash	DALE ODERMAN CDL R046647	KD
275	5/23/68	15.00	The Resistance	ROBERT ZAUGH 1015 N. Madison L.A. 666-1961	KD
291	6/7/68	50.00	DALE ODERMAN	DALE ODERMAN CDL R046647	SG
281	5/29/68	130.00	Cash	DAVID BOLDUC 666 Bondall Ave. L.A.90049 (partly illegible)	WG
280	5/27/68	40.00	Cash	DALE ODERMAN CDL R046647	WG
288	6/6/68	8.18	Southern Calif. Edison Company	Southern Calif. Edison Company	KD
289	6/7/68	10.00	ART ZACK	ART ZACK	SG
290	6/7/68	125.00	RICK PROFUMO	RICHARD PROFUMO 7009 Lynallen St. Whittier, Calif.	SG
293	6/7/68	120.00	ART ZACK	ART ZACK	SG

287	6/6/68	9.28	So. Counties Gas Company	So. Counties Gas Company	KD
286	6/4/68	60.00	WILLIAM TEMPKIN	WILLIAM TEMKIN	KD

LA T-2 (7/12/68)

This account balance as of July 12, 1968, was $547.45. The following additional checks were noted to have been drawn against this account:

Check No.	Date	Amount	Payee	Endorser	Maker
294	6/12/68	10.00	GREG NELSON	GREG NELSON LOIS NELSON	SG
109	6/28/68	10.00	Cash	(none)	DLO
110	6/28/68	40.00	DAVID BOLDUC	DAVID BOLDUC	DB
112	7/1/68	30.00	DALE ODERMAN	DALE LEWIS ODERMAN	DLO
111	7/1/68	44.00	Cash	KAREN DELLENBACH	DB
104	6/19/68	17.90	United Air Lines Freight	Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company of Chicago	SG
106	6/25/68	30.00	DALE ODERMAN	DALE LEWIS ODERMAN	SG
300	6/19/68	135.00	LYNN SHOEMAKER	LYNN SHOEMAKER	SG
105	6/20/68	22.31	MARTY WEIL	MARTY WEIL	SG
103	6/19/68	53.96	General Telephone	General Telephone Co. of California	SG
102	6/19/68	10.73	ditto	ditto	SG

299	6/18/68	25.00	MIKE SWARTZ	MIKE SWARTZ University Coop. Housing Ass'n.	SG
285	6/6/68	9.30	World Without War Council	"W.W.W.Council 1730 Grove St. Berkeley,Calif. 94709 5579-02685 Bk.of America"	KD
292	6/7/68	100.00	GEORGE TRAFTON	George E. Trafton Bldg. Acc't.	SG
297	6/14/68	1.25	New York Key Service	New York Key 1069 N. Western Los Angeles	SG
115	7/3/68	70.00	Cash	DAVID BOLDUC	DB
108	6/27/68	200.00	RICHARD PROFUMO	RICHARD PROFUMO 1015 N. Madison Los Angeles	SG
116	7/5/68	50.00	Cash	(none)	DLO

It is noted that the above listed checks are signed as marked by SHERNA GLUCK (SG), WILLIAM GARAWAY (WG), DALE LEWIS ODERMAN (DLO), DAVID BOLDUC (DB), or KAREN DELLENBACH (KD), as indicated.

LA T-2 (8/13/68)

The balance of this account as of August 13, 1968, is $395.16.

The information set out above from LA T-2 is not to be made public without the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to the manager, University-Westwood Branch, Crocker Citizens National Bank, 10925 Kinross Avenue, Los Angeles.

It is noted that LA T-2 no longer has custody of the basic documents from which the check information mentioned herein was obtained.

LA T-3 (5/14/68)

The Resistance has been unable to publish a newsletter thus far because of a lack of funds.

LA T-3 (6/6/68)

KAREN DELLENBACK recently stated that there was only about $100 left in this group's bank account.

II. ACTIVITIES

LA T-4 (5/8/68)

At a meeting of The Resistance on May 7, 1968, at the First Unitarian Church of Los Angeles, 2936 West 8th Street, Los Angeles (See Appendix), LYNN SCHOEMAKER stated a National Guard Unit from the Burbank-Van Nuys area (Los Angeles) has been activated for duty in Vietnam. According to SCHOEMAKER, this unit was scheduled to leave Los Angeles in a convoy of 100 trucks with weapons and equipment on May 14, 1968, en route to Ft. Lewis, Washington, and then to Vietnam. SCHOEMAKER said he felt it would take as little as six brave men to "mess up the whole operation." He said some of the National Guardsmen are displeased with their call to duty and there is some talk of some of these men deserting and going to Canada. There were to be plans made for some type of disruptive action regarding the departure of this National Guard Unit.

Mr. MEYERS HOWARD, Region II, 115th Military Intelligence Group, advised on May 8, 1968, this call-up is public knowledge as it was publicly announced. He said that approximately two weeks ago there was a gathering on a supermarket lot by the wives of some National Guardsmen and others at which dissension with this call-up was expressed and there was talk of petitioning congressmen to cancel the call-up.

On May 16, 1968, Lieutenant DONALD WINGATE, Los Angeles Police Department, Van Nuys Division, advised that the National Guard Unit from the Van Nuys-Burbank area departed for duty without incident.

LA T-4 (6/13/68)

A leaflet headed "Make Commencement Meaningful" was recently distributed in the Los Angeles area which advocates the showing of opposition to the Vietnam war by refusing to stand during the playing of the National Anthem and during other parts of the graduation ceremony on June 14, 1968, at the University of California at Los Angeles (UCLA). The telephone numbers listed at the bottom of this leaflet are numbers of The Resistance which group was responsible for distributing same.

LA T-5 (6/14/68)

The UCLA commencement excercises were held on June 14, 1968, on the UCLA campus from 11:00 AM to 1:20 PM. Approximately 5,000 students were graduated at this ceremony. Of these, about one thousand wore arm bands containing a "peace symbol" but not more than a dozen students were reported remaining seated during portions of the ceremony. A small card headed "What Graduation Means" was distributed among those present at this UCLA commencement excercises.

Special Agents, FBI

On June 18, 1968, JOSEPH ISRAEL MAIZLISH was afforded a jury trial before the Honorable Judge ALBERT LEE STEPHENS, JR., U. S. District Court, Central District of California, in connection with an indictment returned by a Federal Grand Jury, Los Angeles, California, April 11, 1968, charging MAIZLISH with violation of U. S. Code, Title 50 Appendix, Section 462, Military Selective Service Act of 1967, for failure to report for induction at Los Angeles, California, on March 5, 1968.

A demonstration, in the form of a "vigil" and sponsored by "The Resistance", was observed at the entrance to the U. S. Courthouse, 312 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, California, on June 17, 1968, and June 18, 1968, held "in witness of the trial of JOE MAIZLISH by the U. S. Government for the 'crime' of refusing to cooperate with the Selective Service System."

The vigil began at 7:30 AM, June 17, 1968, with three males and one female passing out printed leaflets purportedly distributed by "The Resistance". Participants requested everyone participating remain silent and not respond to remarks or provocations from anyone.

The June 17, 1968, vigil continued throughout the day, at times totaling 20 persons, including five females. The participants were orderly, quiet and did not attempt to disrupt pedestrian traffic into the U. S. Courthouse.

The vigil continued throughout the night with approximately twelve participants.

By 8:00 AM, June 18, 1968, there were 19 persons participating in the vigil on the Spring Street side of the U. S. Courthouse and three males and three females on the Main Street side of the same building.

By 9:15 AM, the number of participants had increased to approximately 35 males and 15 females, all forming a line near the front door of the Spring Street entrance to the building. Two placards, both approximately two feet by three feet were at this time first observed. One bore the inscription "We support the men who refuse to kill" and the other bore the inscription "Life not death". Both were signed "Womens Resistance" and were held by females. A smaller poster about ten inches by 14 inches, held by a third female, bore the handprinting "Viva Joe".

Although the participants in the vigil formed a line across the front of the building near the front door to the building, no attempt was made by anyone to prohibit persons from entering or leaving the building. The vigil was conducted orderly and without incident.

Shortly after 9:45 AM all participants of the vigil disbanded and entered the U. S. Courthouse. They went directly to the second floor and to the courtroom where the trial of JOSEPH ISRAEL MAIZLISH was scheduled to begin at 10:00 AM. Before the appointed time, MAIZLISH appeared in the hall and told his "supporters" what to expect and that they should be quiet.

After the selection of the jury at 11:20 AM, the persons waiting in the hall were allowed to enter the courtroom of the Honorable Judge ALBERT LEE STEPHENS, JR. All seats in the courtroom were filled with spectators, which totaled about 150, many of "hippie type". In addition, about six persons remained in the hallway for lack of additional seating in the courtroom.

The following persons were observed during the vigil or in attendance at the trial of MAIZLISH:

Reverend HARLAN IRVING WEITZEL

LOUIS JOHN VITALE, JR., also known as
Father Louis Vitale

RICHARD PROFUMO

SHERNA GLUCK

MARVIN ALLEN GLUCK

DONALD KALISH

NEIL EDWARD BROWN

DAVID BOLDUC

CHRISTIAN WINSLOW HAYDEN

BETTY HAYDEN

KAREN DELLENBACH

STANLEY ALBERT KOHLS

RICHARD CHARLES CARTER

Upon the conclusion of the jury trial of MAIZLISH, at 4:08 PM, the spectators left the courtroom and the U. S. Courthouse in an orderly, quiet fashion, and departed from the grounds of the building.

As a result of the trial, MAIZLISH was found "guilty" and was released on his personal recognizance. Sentencing was set in U. S. District Court, Los Angeles, for August 12, 1968.

III. LITERATURE-SEDITIOUS STATEMENTS

LA T-4 (6/13/68)

Set out hereafter are Xerox copies of documents distributed in the Los Angeles area with regard to the protest of the UCLA graduation excercises, previously mentioned.

In just few days we will be graduating from UCLA. We are graduating from what is supposed to be an institution of higher learning, and a center for intellectual freedom and expression. Yet, we all know that the University is a center for war research and development, an institution in which the professors live off Defense Dept. and State Dept. contracts, and a school in which our brains are being trained to produce the weapons and strategies of future wars and "pacification programs." Further, we also know that the University maintains an entire bureaucratic complex, the Office of Special Services, that allows the draft boards to keep track of us.

And, the world that we graduate into is far from peaceful. Those of us who are men face the prospect of being drafted into the military to join in "pacifying" Vietnamese villages with napalm, or American urban ghettos with machine guns.

It is in order to express our disatisfaction with University complicity in the war and the draft, in order to voice our discontent with a world of killing and death, and in order to protest our imminent conscription into the war machine, that we, members of the 1968 graduating class of UCLA, do now step forward.

Because Commencement is the point at which the University transfers our trained minds to a society that survives on a war economy and technology, and our bodies to the military machine of such a society, we will also use this time to voice our protest.

We will express our opposition to the war in Vietnam by remaining seated during the National Anthem.

We will express our opposition to University complicity in the war and the draft by remaining seated during the singing of "Hail to the Hills of Westwood", and during the benediction.

We will demonstrate our desire for the attainment of a peaceful society by wearing peace armbands.

We ask all graduating seniors to join us in this expression of our views by remaining seated during the National Anthem, Alma Mater, and benediction, and by wearing a peace armband (to be passed out at the door) over the left sleve of your commencement gown.

On Sunday, June 9, at 2 PM, in the A-level lounge of the Student Union, there will be a meeting to work out the final details for making this commencement a meaningful one. We invite you to join us at this meeting. Here's hoping to see you at that time . . .

Yours in peace,
COMMITTEE FOR A MEANINGFUL COMMENCEMENT

P.S. If you would like to join in this Commencement expression of conscience, please remember that the last day to rent your cap and gown is Friday, June 7, on the third floor of the Student Union.

If you have any questions, contributions, or ideas we would like to hear from you. Please come to the meeting or call:

396-5538
473-6410
666-1961
879-9440

BROTHER —

Maybe this induction order is just a sample, but if you're a senior, in the very near future, you're going to be getting a real induction order. Face up to it — the draft is closing in. Don't try to ignore it, because it won't ignore you.

THEY ARE GOING TO DRAFT YOUR BOD!

UNCLE SAM WANTS YOU, BABY

WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO DO ABOUT IT?

Do you think that you have a possibility for a deferment? Come see our expert draft couselors. They'll let you know what your chances are, and help you fight for that deferment if there is any hope at all.

Going to Canada? Our counselors have information on immigration, housing, jobs, school, etc. We'll help you get to Canada, help you gain residency there, and connect you with Canadian friends who can aid you further.

But, if you've decided that this is far enough — that you're going to stop running and take control of your own life — then surely give us a call. We of the Resistance have resolved that we will no longer cooperate with conscription in America. Join us, Brother. Stop being afraid. Become a free man.

Yours in peace,

The Resistance

1355 Westwood Blvd., Rm. 201
Los Angeles, California 90024

1015 N. Madison
Los Angeles, California

"Selective Service processes do not compel people by edict as in foreign systems to enter pursuits having to do with essentiallity and progress. They go because they know that by going they will be deferred."

"The psychology of granting wide choice under pressure to take action is the American or indirect way of achieving what is done by direction in foreign countries where choice is not permitted. Here choice is limited but not denied...."

"The club of induction has been used to drive (individuals) out of areas considered to be less important to the areas of greater importance in which deferments are given...."

DEFERMENTS:
"Deferments are granted, however, in a realistic atmosphere so that the fullest of channeling will be felt, rather than be terminated by military service at too early a time."

OCCUPATIONAL DEFERMENTS:
"Since occupational deferments are granted for no more than one year at a time, a process of periodically receiving current information and repeated review assures that every deferred registrant continues to contribute to the overall national good. This reminds him of the basis for his deferment."

STUDENT DEFERMENTS:
"Many young men would not have pursued a higher education if there had not been a program of student deferment.... Throughout his career as student the pressure - the threat of loss of deferment - continues. It continues with equal intensity after graduation. His local board requires periodic reports to find out what he is up to. He is impelled to pursue his skill rather than embark upon some less important enterprise and is encouraged to apply his skill in an essential activity in the national interest. The loss of deferred status is the consequence for the individual who has acquired the skill and either does not use it or uses it in a nonessential activity.

MEDICAL DEFERMENTS:
"The psychological impact of being rejected for service in uniform is severe. The earlier this occurs in a young man's life, the sooner the beneficial effects of pressured motivation by the Selective Service System is lost. Once the label of "rejectee" is upon him all efforts at guidance by persuasion are futile. If he attempts to enlist at 17 or 18 and is rejected, then he receives virtually none of the impulsion the System is capable of giving him. If he makes no effort to enlist and as a result is not rejected until delivered for examination by the Selective Service System at about age 23, he has felt some of the pressure but thereafter is a free agent.
"This contributed to the establishment of a new classification of 1-Y. That classification reminds the registrant of his ultimate qualification to serve and preserves some of the benefit of what we call channeling."

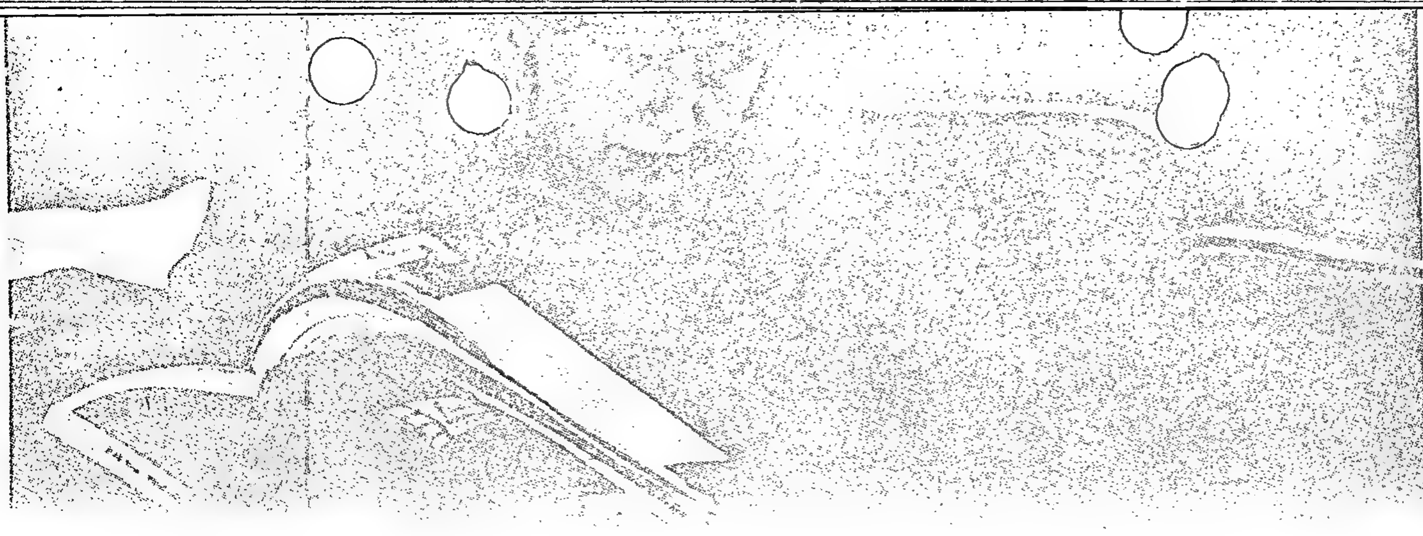
THE INDIVIDUAL AND CHOICE:
"From the individual's viewpoint, he is standing in a room which has been made uncomfortably warm. Several doors are open, but they all lead to various forms of recognized patriotic service to the Nation. Some accept the alternative gladly - some with reluctance. The consequence is approximately the same.

"In the less patriotic and more selfish individual it engenders a sense of fear, uncertainty, and dissatisfaction which motivates him, nevertheless, in the same direction. He complains of the uncertainty which he must endure; he would like to be able to do as he pleases; he would appreciate a certain future with no prospect of military service or civilian contribution but he complies with the needs of the national health, saftey, or interest - or is denied deferment."

SERVICE:
"The meaning of the word 'service', with its former restricted application to the armed forces, is certain to become widened much more in the future. This brings with it the ever increasing problem of how to control effectively the service of individuals who are not in the armed forces."

Printed by:
THE RESISTANCE
1355 Westwood Blvd.
Los Angeles, 90024
473-6410
879-9440

THE RESISTANCE
1015 N. Madison (near L.A.C.C.)
Los Angeles
666-1961



a Word to Seniors

THE SELECTIVE SERVICE HAS SOMETHING SPECIAL TO SAY TO YOU:
"TOUGH SH--, BABY. WE'LL BE SEEING YOU SOON."

If you are a Senior this year, there will be no grad school deferment for you. Those deferments have been reserved for doctors, dentists, veterinarians, osteopaths, optometrists, and ministerial students.

A Senior who sneaks into grad school anyhow, won't even be allowed to take a I-S if he's had a II-S since July of 1967.

That same II-S means that your draft board won't give you a deferment if your wife (much less your girl friend) has a baby.

As for conscientious objector claims, though they might mean a better chance for acquittal in court, they are being turned down by draft boards at the rate of 96 out of 100.

And, to make the picture complete, all occupational deferments have been delivered up to the total whim of your draft board.

Unless you have something fancy in reserve: a medical defect or a hardship situation (and they better be heavy) your B.A. is going to be a re-requisite for nothing but a P.F.C.

This summer, you'll be as vulnerable as a 20 year old shipping clerk. Congress, in an exceptionally nasty mood, has pulled the college cushion out from under you and now your ass is on the cold, cold ground.

The question is - what are you going to use all your education for? Will your math classes help when you are tallying up the dead old ladies in a napalmed village? Four years of college to shoot a 15 year old Vietnamese boy in the face?

You DO have an alternative. You can say NO. Practice saying it aloud. It sounds good and it does something fine for your viscera. It's a word free men say often.

If you decide that it's a word that suits you, if you decide you won't knuckle under, then contact:

THE RESISTANCE

1355 Westwood Blvd. #201
Los Angeles, Calif.
473-6410, 879-9440

1015 N. Madison
Los Angeles, Calif.
666-1961

30 N. Raymond #201
Pasadena, Calif.
681-8935

Approval Not Required.

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

ORDER TO REPORT FOR INDUCTION

The President of the United States,

To

(Local Board Stamp)

(Date of mailing)

SELECTIVE SERVICE NO.

GREETING:

You are hereby ordered for induction into the Armed Forces of the United States, and to report

at .... (Place of reporting).

on .... (Date) at .... (Hour)

for forwarding to an Armed Forces Induction Station.

.... (Member or clerk of Local Board)

IMPORTANT NOTICE
(Read Each Paragraph Carefully)

IF YOU HAVE HAD PREVIOUS MILITARY SERVICE, OR ARE NOW A MEMBER OF THE NATIONAL GUARD OR A RESERVE COMPONENT OF THE ARMED FORCES, BRING EVIDENCE WITH YOU. IF YOU WEAR GLASSES, BRING THEM. IF MARRIED, BRING PROOF OF YOUR MARRIAGE. IF YOU HAVE ANY PHYSICAL OR MENTAL CONDITION WHICH, IN YOUR OPINION, MAY DISQUALIFY YOU FOR SERVICE IN THE ARMED FORCES, BRING A PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATE DESCRIBING THAT CONDITION, IF NOT ALREADY FURNISHED TO YOUR LOCAL BOARD.

Valid documents are required to substantiate dependency claims in order to receive basic allowance for quarters. Be sure to take the following with you when reporting to the induction station. The documents will be returned to you. (*a*) FOR LAWFUL WIFE OR LEGITIMATE CHILD UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE—original, certified copy or photostat of a certified copy of marriage certificate, child's birth certificate, or a public or church record of marriage issued over the signature and seal of the custodian of the church or public records; (*b*) FOR LEGALLY ADOPTED CHILD—certified court order of adoption; (*c*) FOR CHILD OF DIVORCED SERVICE MEMBER (Child in custody of person other than claimant)—(1) Certified or photostatic copies of receipts from custodian of child evidencing serviceman's contributions for support, and (2) Divorce decree, court support order or separation order; (*d*) FOR DEPENDENT PARENT—affidavits establishing that dependency.

Bring your Social Security Account Number Card. If you do not have one, apply at nearest Social Security Administration Office. If you have life insurance, bring a record of the insurance company's address and your policy number. Bring enough clean clothes for 3 days. Bring enough money to last 1 month for personal purchases.

This Local Board will furnish transportation, and meals and lodging when necessary, from the place of reporting to the induction station where you will be examined. If found qualified, you will be inducted into the Armed Forces. If found not qualified, return transportation and meals and lodging when necessary, will be furnished to the place of reporting.

You may be found not qualified for induction. Keep this in mind in arranging your affairs, to prevent any undue hardship if you are not inducted. If employed, inform your employer of this possibility. Your employer can then be prepared to continue your employment if you are not inducted. To protect your right to return to your job if you are not inducted, you must report for work as soon as possible after the completion of your induction examination. You may jeopardize your reemployment rights if you do not report for work at the beginning of your next regularly scheduled working period after you have returned to your place of employment.

Willful failure to report at the place and hour of the day named in this Order subjects the violator to fine and imprisonment. Bring this Order with you when you report.

If you are so far from your own local board that reporting in compliance with this Order will be a serious hardship, go immediately to any local board and make written request for transfer of your delivery for induction, taking this Order with you.

SSS Form 252 (Revised 4-28-65) (Previous printings may be used [illegible] hausted.) U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1965 O—785-193

-17-

It should be noted that similar documents were mailed to various individuals in the Los Angeles area including the following:

IRA BETTELMAN
1746 Shervourne
Los Angeles, California

CHARLES WEST
6983 Garden Drive
San Bernardino, California

DANIEL STOCK
329 South Oakhurst Drive
Beverly Hills, California

JON S. HIGGINS
4630 Kester
Sherman Oaks, California

JOHN W. BELL
1977 North New Hampshire
Los Angeles, California

LA T-5 (6/14/68)

The following are Xerox copies of documents which were distributed at the UCLA graduation excercises on June 14, 1968, on the UCLA campus.

There are approximately 2,000 male seniors graduating today. Virtually all of us will be drafted. Of this, the UCLA class of '68:

- 1600 of us will go to Vietnam;
- 78 of us will die there;
- 464 of us will be wounded;
- 201 of us will suffer a permanent disability;
- 33 of us will lose an arm or leg;
- almost all of us will kill at least 1 Vietnamese, and wound 6.*

*(figures projected from Defense Dept. statistics, as reported in N.Y. Times, Feb. thru April, 1968)

We feel that we must speak out against the bloody fate that awaits us. Therefore, at Commencement, we are asking everyone to:
1. remain seated during the National Anthem as a protest against the war in Vietnam;
2. remain seated during the Alma Mater and the benediction as a protest against University complicity in the war and the draft;
3. wear the peace armbands that are now being distributed;
4. join our program after Commencement at the foot of Janss steps.

UCLA COMMITTEE FOR A
MEANINGFUL COMMENCEMENT

MAKE COMMENCEMENT MEANINGFUL

In just few days we will be graduating from UCLA. We are graduating from what is supposed to be an institution of higher learning, and a center for intellectual freedom and expression. Yet, we all know that the University is a center for war research and development, an institution in which the professors live off Defense Dept. and State Dept. contracts, and a school in which our brains are being [illegible] Further, we also know that the University maintains an entire bureaucratic complex, the Office of Special Services, that allows the draft boards to keep track of us.

And, the world that we graduate into is far from peaceful. Those of us who are men face the prospect of being drafted into the military to join in "pacifying" Vietnamese villages with napalm, or American urban ghettos with machine guns.

It is in order to express our disatisfaction with University complicity in the war and the draft, in order to voice our discontent with a world of killing and death, and in order to protest our imminent conscription into the war machine, that we, members of the 1968 graduating class of UCLA, do now step forward.

Because Commencement is the point at which the University transfers our trained minds to a society that survives on a war economy and technology, and our bodies to the military machine of such a society, we will also use this time to voice our protest.

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We will demonstrate our desire for the attainment of a peaceful society by wearing peace armbands.

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Yours in peace,
COMMITTEE FOR A MEANINGFUL COMMENCEMENT

P.S. If you would like to join in this Commencement expression of conscience, please remember that the last day to rent your cap and gown is Friday, June 7, on the third floor of the Student Union.

If you have any questions, contributions, or ideas we would like to hear from you. Please come to the meeting or call:

396-5538　　666-1961
473-6410　　879-9440

Special Agent, FBI

The following is a Xerox copy of a document which was being passed out in front of the U. S. Courthouse, Los Angeles, on June 17, 1968, in connection with the trial of MAIZLISH, previously mentioned:

Brothers and Sisters:

This vigil is being held in witness of the trial of Joe Maizlish by the U.S. government for the "crime" of refusing to cooperate with the Selective Service System. Some of us are fasting as an additional symbol of our support of Joe's non-cooperation. Many of us are also refusing cooperation with the draft and taxes for war.

If violence and exploitation are ever to end, or even be reduced, it will be because people stop supporting them in their own day-to-day lives. But our government and those of the military, the Justice Department, and the District Court who do its work, and even those of us who pay taxes on the earnings of our labor are all helping to support violence and war. And so Joe is on trial: because he will not cooperate with the system of destruction and because others insist that he comply.

The vigil will continue until nine o'clock Tuesday morning, when the trial begins. Those of us who are fasting plan to continue doing so until the conclusion of the trial.

We would be pleased to have you join us for as long as you wish. We do ask that if you join the vigil you remain silent and not respond to remarks or provocations from anyone.

THE RESISTANCE

1355 Westwood Blvd.
Room 201
Los Angeles, Ca 90024
473-6410 879-9440

1015 N. Madison
Los Angeles, Ca
666-1961

LA 100-70116

WILLIAM DALE JENNINGS
1933 Lemoyne Street
Los Angeles, California

The following are Xerox copies of two documents being distributed in the Los Angeles area.

The fundamental immorality and increasing brutality of our nation's course in Vietnam compels us to commit our lives to changing that course. Responsibility lies with each of us. The killing must be stopped. We stand with those young men who in the American tradition of civil disobedience refuse to submit to an unconscionable military draft. We ourselves are not eligible for the draft, but we publicly announce our individual and joint complicity in disobeying this law, along with the young men who are refusing the draft.

We do not undertake this action lightly. We are keenly aware of the penalties which may be exacted for this action:

> Universal Military Training and Service Act, Section 12, Penalties. "Any person who . . . knowingly counsels, aids or abets another to refuse . . . registration or service in the armed forces . . . shall upon conviction in any district court of the United States . . . be punished by imprisonment for not more than five years or a fine of not more than $10,000 or by both . . . "

We explicitly encourage, aid and abet this civil disobedience and thus place ourselves in equal jeopardy with draft refusers. We cannot leave them to take the risks alone for what is the basic act of conscience in our time.

I subscribe to the above statement of the Supporters of the Resistance and will allow you to use my name in a public list of signators.

Signature

Name

Address Phone

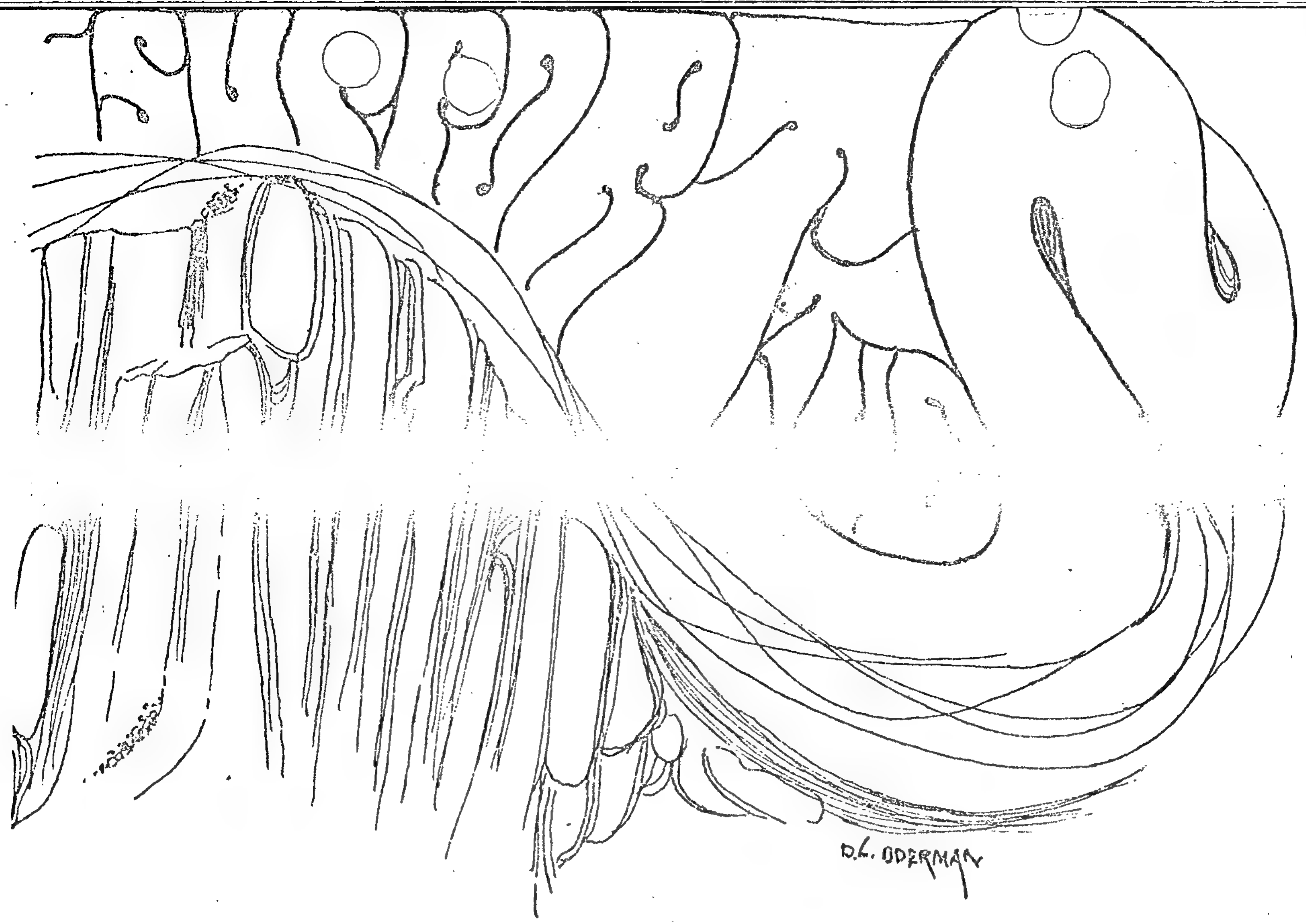
( ) As a Supporter of the Resistance, I wish to be called any time, day or night, when support action is needed.

( ) I pledge $ per month to the Resistance.

( ) I enclose $ as a separate contribution to the Resistance.

(Make checks payable to The Resistance)

SUPPORTERS OF THE RESISTANCE
1355 Westwood Blvd., Room 201
Los Angeles, California 90024
473-6410 879-9440



THE RESISTANCE NEEDS HELP--YOUR HELP. Organizing induction center demonstrations, counseling young men on alternatives to the draft, and speaking to clubs and groups about non-cooperation--all require organizers.

Organizers--young men whose ages are the same as those they counsel--have to eat, have to sleep. For them to be effective, their services must be available virtually at all times.

Up till now the half-dozen full-time Resistance organizers have been hobbling along on the few dollars a week the Resistance has been able to give them for subsistence. But if the Resistance and the Peace Movement are to grow, more organizers are desperately needed.

Walk down to the Induction Center some morning--any morning--and look at the faces of the young fellows ordered to report there against their wills. Passionless faces. Expressionless faces. The anger, the desire, the hatred, the joy, the tears--all have long since dried up. All that remains is the silent all-pervading fear that rules their lives. Pole-axed steers being led to the slaughter is the only metaphor--hackneyed as it may sound--to describe these troubled souls.

If these human beings are to conquer their fears and learn--as all young men yearn to--just what it means to be a man, they must be spoken to. Spoken to by men who have recognized their fears and conquered them.

The small, disparate monthly checks (that, until now, have constituted the sole, and uncertain, support of the Resistance) can no longer be depended upon. With the drastic cuts in college and graduate deferments, the Resistance approaches the most crucial period in its short existence. With this summer the Resistance will be met with a most anguished choice: to grow, and meet the new intensified demands that confront it--or cease to be the Movement's cutting edge, and die.

Making that choice depends largely on the support of persons like yourselves, who on the one hand can recognize the problems facing the Resistance, and who at the same time have become sufficiently established in society to be able to meet the needs of those who have placed their bodies on the barricades built by the enemies of life.

Before you go to the office next Tuesday morning, have a look at the Induction Center--and then please write that check.....

SUPPORTERS OF THE RESISTANCE
1355 Westwood Blvd.
Westwood, Calif.
473-6410 879-9440

APPENDIX-INDIVIDUALS

DONALD KALISH

KALISH has been publicly described as the chairman of the Philosophy Department, University of California at Los Angeles (UCLA).

LA T-6 (3/4/66)

On March 4, 1966, KALISH was in contact with HERBERT APTHEKER, Director of the American Institute for Marxist Studies (AIMS) (See Appendix) in New York City. KALISH indicated he was in agreement with APTHEKER's work in AIMS.

The August 10, 1966, edition of "Tocsin", a biweekly periodical published in Davis, California, and describing itself as an "Anti-Communist intelligence report", on Page 2, states that KALISH was one of the UCLA faculty members who signed a letter directed to Attorney General NICHOLAS KATZENBACH protesting his action requiring the W. E. B. Du Bois Clubs of America (DCA) (See Appendix) to register as a communist front organization.

JOSEPH MAIZLISH

LA T-7 (1965, 1967)

JOSEPH MAIZLISH was maintained on the mailing list of the Los Angeles DCA in 1965 and 1967.

LYNN SHOEMAKER

LA T-4 (10/4/67)

LYNN SHOEMAKER was in attendance at a meeting in Los Angeles on September 27, 1967, sponsored by the Students for a Democratic Society (See Appendix).

FATHER LOUIS VITALE

Father VITALE is a Franciscan Monk assigned to St. Joseph Church, Los Angeles. He has been observed at many anti-Vietnam demonstrations in the Los Angeles area.

REVEREND HARLAN WEITZEL

The Reverend HARLAN WEITZEL is the executive director of the Greater Los Angeles Chapter of Clergymen and Laymen Concerned About Vietnam.

APPENDIX

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FOR MARXIST STUDIES

A source advised on April 9, 1963, that on April 7, 1963, at a meeting of the District Committee of the Communist Party (CP) of New England, held in Boston, Massachusetts, HERBERT APTHEKER stated he was developing an organization called American Institute for Marxist Studies (AIMS) which would eventually legalize the CP. He stated AIMS would publish literature on History, Science, Physics, Archeology, and other subjects which would be put out quarterly with various supplements.

A second source advised on June 30, 1966, that HERBERT APTHEKER was elected to the National Committee, CPUSA, at the 18th National Convention of the CPUSA held June 22-26, 1966, in New York City.

A third source advised on June 7, 1963, that on June 3, 1963, HERBERT APTHEKER spoke at the CP of New York District Board meeting concerning AIMS. APTHEKER stated AIMS would unite and strengthen the CP although the CP would not be connected with it. He stated AIMS was being formed within the scope of the McCarran and Smith Acts and would legally bring Marxist material and opinions to the attention of American scholars and the general public.

A fourth source reported on August 29, 1966, that AIMS issues a "Newsletter" every other month. This source also made available the information that AIMS issues publications and holds symposiums concerning Marxism.

A fifth source advised on May 9, 1967, that as of that date, AIMS was located at 20 East 30th Street, New York City.

APPENDIX

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF THE FIRST UNITARIAN CHURCH OF LOS ANGELES

A source advised on May 8, 1968, that the premises of the First Unitarian Church of Los Angeles, 2936 West 8th Street, Los Angeles, California, have been utilized for meetings by Communist Party members and sympathizers over a period of years. Speakers and lecturers at the church frequently espouse Communist causes or follow the Communist Party line. Communist front group literature is distributed at the church. The church is used by some Communist Party members for "mass concentration" work.

This same infiltration extends to adjuncts of the church such as the Unitarian Public Forum and the Fellowship for Social Justice, formerly known as the Unitarian-Universalist Fellowship for Social Justice.

STEPHEN H. FRITCHMAN has been minister of the church since 1948.

Reverend STEPHEN H. FRITCHMAN is described in the Fourth Report, Un-American Activities Committee in California, 1948, Page 115, as a very active "Communist fronter" and connected with numerous "Communist front organizations and activities".

Membership in the First Unitarian Church does not, of itself, connote membership in or sympathy with the Communist Party.

APPENDIX

APPENDIX

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. The SDS is an association of young people on the left and has a current program of protesting the draft, promoting a campaign for youth to develop a conscientious objector status, denouncing United States intervention in the war in Vietnam and to "radically transform" the university community, and provide for its complete control by students. Gus Hall, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, when interviewed by a representative of United Press International in San Francisco, California, on May 14, 1965, described the SDS as a part of the "responsible left" which the Party has "going for us". At the June, 1965, SDS National Convention, an anticommunist proviso was removed from the SDS constitution. In the October 7, 1966, issue of "New Left Notes", the official publication of SDS, an SDS spokesman stated that there are some communists in SDS and they are welcome. The national headquarters of this organization as of April 18, 1967, was located in Room 206, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

APPENDIX

APPENDIX

W. E. B. DU BOIS CLUBS OF AMERICA (DCA)

A source advised that on October 26-27, 1963, a conference of members of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), including national functionaries, met in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of setting in motion forces for the establishment of a new national Marxist-oriented youth organization which would hunt for the most peaceful transition to socialism. The delegates were told that it would be reasonable to assume that the young socialists attracted into this new organization would eventually pass into the CP itself.

A second source has advised that the founding convention for the new youth organization was held from June 19-21, 1964, at 150 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, California, at which time the name W.E.B. Du Bois Clubs of America (DCA) was adopted. Approximately 500 delegates from throughout the United States attended this convention.

The second source advised in September, 1966, that Mike Zagarell, CPUSA Youth Director, stated that in Negro communities the Party still supported the plan to build "left" socialist centers and to solidify the Party base through the DCA. This source also advised in September, 1966, that Daniel Rubin, CPUSA, National Organizational Secretary, stated the Party believes the DCA should have a working-class outlook and be a mass organization favorable to socialism, socialist countries and Marxism, and in April, 1967, advised that Gus Hall, CPUSA General Secretary, indicated the DCA primary emphasis should be on developing mass resistance to the draft.

A third source advised in September, 1967, that Jarvis Tyner was elected chairman of the DCA on September 10, 1967, at the Third National Convention of the DCA held in New York, New York, from September 8-10, 1967.

A fourth source advised during August, 1967, that Jarvis Tyner is a member of the National Committee of the CPUSA.

A fifth source advised on September 21, 1967, that the headquarters of the DCA is located at 34 West 17th Street, New York, New York.

APPENDIX

APPENDIX

W. E. B. DU BOIS CLUB OF WEST LOS ANGELES

On April 23, 1964, a source advised that the W.E.B. Du Bois Club of West Los Angeles, was organized by RUTH GREENBAUM with the assistance of MARVIN TREIGER in February, 1964.

A second source advised on April 17, 1964, that as of April, 1964, RUTH GREENBAUM was a member of the Southern California District Communist Party (SCDCP) and that MARVIN TREIGER was chairman of the Youth Commission, SCDCP.

The first source above stated that the Du Bois Club was organized mainly to meet the needs of Marxist-orientated students at the University of California at Los Angeles (UCLA), but that the club eventually hoped to spread its influence into other areas in West Los Angeles.

A third source advised on March 12, 1964, that at a Communist Party (CP) meeting held in Los Angeles, in February, 1964, BEN DOBBS, Executive Secretary of the SCDCP, spoke on the CP youth movement and stated that the Du Bois Club was one of two youth groups operating in the Los Angeles area, both groups were Marxist-orientated and that members considered themselves Marxist.

A fourth source advised on March 25, 1965, that since its inception, the activities of the Du Bois Club have been mainly limited to participation in protests against alleged racial discrimination, participation in Marxist classes, participation in conferences which led to the creation of the W.E.B. Du Bois Clubs of America in the summer of 1964 and participation in demonstrations protesting U.S. intervention in Viet Nam. This source advised that the W.E.B. Du Bois Club of West Los Angeles is now affiliated with the W.E.B. Du Bois Clubs of America and is operating as a chapter of that organization.

APPENDIX CONTINUED

APPENDIX CONTINUED

W. E. B. DU BOIS CLUB OF WEST LOS ANGELES

The above source further advised on April 28, 1966, that in February, 1966, the Los Angeles area Du Bois Clubs consolidated into one large city-wide club known as the Los Angeles Du Bois Club. The West Los Angeles Du Bois no longer exists as a separate club but members of the club are now members of the UCLA committee, which is one of several committees formed at the time of consolidation of the Los Angeles area Du Bois Clubs.

APPENDIX

FD-323 (Rev. 11-29-61)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Los Angeles, California
August 28, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 100-70116

Title	THE RESISTANCE
Character	SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT, 1948; Sedition
Reference	Report of SA FREDERICK J. PETERSEN dated and captioned as above at Los Angeles.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100-70116-337

SEARCHED .... INDEXED ....
SERIALIZED .... FILED ....
[illegible] 1968
[illegible] LOS ANGELES

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

San Diego, California
August 27, 1968

DEMONSTRATION FOR JOHN H.
ROBINSON, U. S. MARINE CORPS,
CAMP PENDLETON, CALIFORNIA,
AUGUST 15, 1968

On July 26, 1968, a confidential source advised that GARY AUFDENSPRING, head of San Diego, California, Chapter of The Resistance, had been in contact with that organization's Los Angeles Chapter and that both Chapters were planning a joint demonstration on August 2, 1968 on behalf of Private JOHN H. ROBINSON, U. S. Marine Corps, Serial Number 236 03 49, currently incarcerated at Camp Pendleton, California. Source further advised that ROBINSON had been involved in a demonstration in the San Francisco area during the period July 15 - 17, 1968, which resulted in his arrest along with several other deserters from the Armed Forces. Following this arrest, ROBINSON was transferred to Camp Pendleton, California, for incarceration and trial.

The same source advised on August 1, 1968 that GARY AUFDENSPRING and CURTIS PHILIPS of the San Diego Chapter of The Resistance had been in touch with the Los Angeles Chapter and that it was agreed to postpone the plans for the demonstration on August 2, 1968 in view of the lack of interest in the matter and because of expected difficulty in obtaining a large enough group to demonstrate effectively.

The same source advised on August 15, 1968 that this demonstration on behalf of ROBINSON had been rescheduled for that morning and that plans included members of The Resistance Chapters in San Diego and Los Angeles meeting at the San Luis Rey Mission, Oceanside, California, at 11:30 a.m. to begin the demonstration.

Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on August 15, 1968 observed the arrival of the demonstrators, who began to assemble at the San Luis Rey Mission, Oceanside, California, at about 11:15 a.m. Approximately 65 to 70 individuals began marching from this area in single file,

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

DEMONSTRATION FOR JOHN H.
ROBINSON, U. S. MARINE CORPS,
CAMP PENDLETON, CALIFORNIA,
AUGUST 15, 1968

some holding signs, at about 12:30 p.m. Prior to departure, Captain JOSEPH STABLES of the San Diego County Sheriff's Office addressed the group and advised them concerning the laws regarding demonstrations and marching on a highway. The group marched approximately four miles to the San Luis Rey Gate of Camp Pendleton, and arrived at about 2:15 p.m.

Captain JOSEPH STABLES, San Diego County Sheriff's Office, advised that he talked with the demonstrators at the San Luis Rey Mission prior to the march and gave them instructions regarding the laws effecting individuals walking alongside the road. Captain STABLES advised that the demonstrators gave him no trouble and appeared grateful for his instructions and assistance.

Colonel J. J. KELLY, Provost Marshal, Camp Pendleton, California, advised that approximately twenty of the demonstrators were permitted to gain entry into the Base by a prearranged agreement and to witness the court-martial of Marine Private JOHN H. ROBINSON, which began at 1:30 p.m. in the Base Legal office courtroom.

The demonstrators marched to the gate and were not permitted inside and were stopped by military police and local law enforcement officers outside the gate where the dividing line between federal property and local property was located. The demonstrators remained there with their signs and singing songs until about 3:30 p.m. Most of them dispersed at that time when Base personnel began departing through the gate. Several remained for a few minutes more and then departed. There were no incidents reported and no leaflets were known to have been passed out.

Among the signs carried by the demonstrators were the following:

"John Robinson for Peace"
"John Robinson, Private, Will Be Courtmartialed
For Refusing To Go To Vietnam"

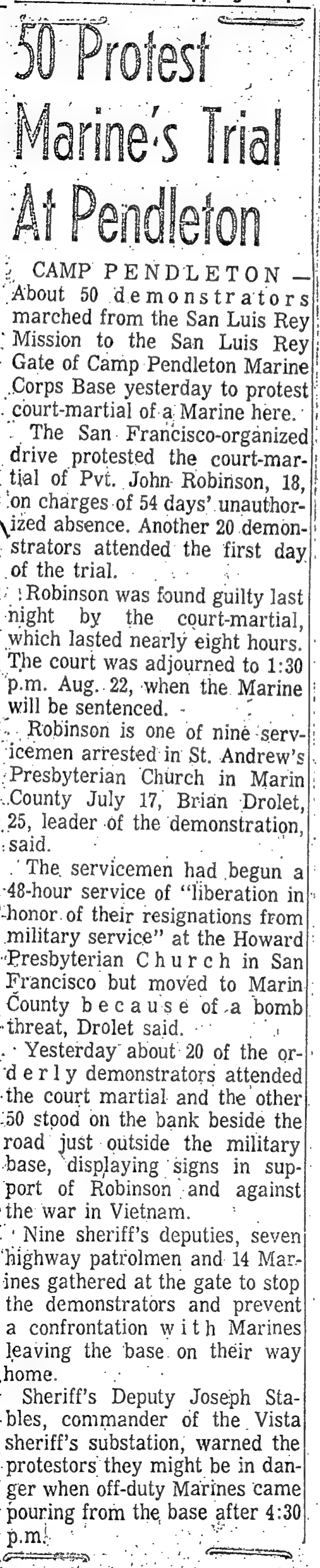
DEMONSTRATION FOR JOHN H.
ROBINSON, U. S. MARINE CORPS,
CAMP PENDLETON, CALIFORNIA,
AUGUST 15, 1968

"Don't Laugh 26,000 of Your Buddies Will Never Laugh Again"
"Free John Robinson"
"Your Body Survives, Your Soul Won't"
"We Support John Robinson"
"Jack Says No! We Say No!"
"Vietnam. 80% of Those We Kill Were Civilians"
"Peace"
"Robinson's Crime Was - He Chose Life Instead of Death"
"No More War"

The following news article appeared in the San Diego Union newspaper, San Diego, California, August 16, 1968, home edition:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

(Mount Clipping in Space



50 Protest Marine's Trial At Pendleton

CAMP PENDLETON — About 50 demonstrators marched from the San Luis Rey Mission to the San Luis Rey Gate of Camp Pendleton Marine Corps Base yesterday to protest court-martial of a Marine here.

The San Francisco-organized drive protested the court-martial of Pvt. John Robinson, 18, on charges of 54 days' unauthorized absence. Another 20 demonstrators attended the first day of the trial.

Robinson was found guilty last night by the court-martial, which lasted nearly eight hours. The court was adjourned to 1:30 p.m. Aug. 22, when the Marine will be sentenced.

Robinson is one of nine servicemen arrested in St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church in Marin County July 17, Brian Drolet, 25, leader of the demonstration, said.

The servicemen had begun a 48-hour service of "liberation in honor of their resignations from military service" at the Howard Presbyterian Church in San Francisco but moved to Marin County because of a bomb threat, Drolet said.

Yesterday about 20 of the orderly demonstrators attended the court martial and the other 50 stood on the bank beside the road just outside the military base, displaying signs in support of Robinson and against the war in Vietnam.

Nine sheriff's deputies, seven highway patrolmen and 14 Marines gathered at the gate to stop the demonstrators and prevent a confrontation with Marines leaving the base on their way home.

Sheriff's Deputy Joseph Stables, commander of the Vista sheriff's substation, warned the protestors they might be in danger when off-duty Marines came pouring from the base after 4:30 p.m.

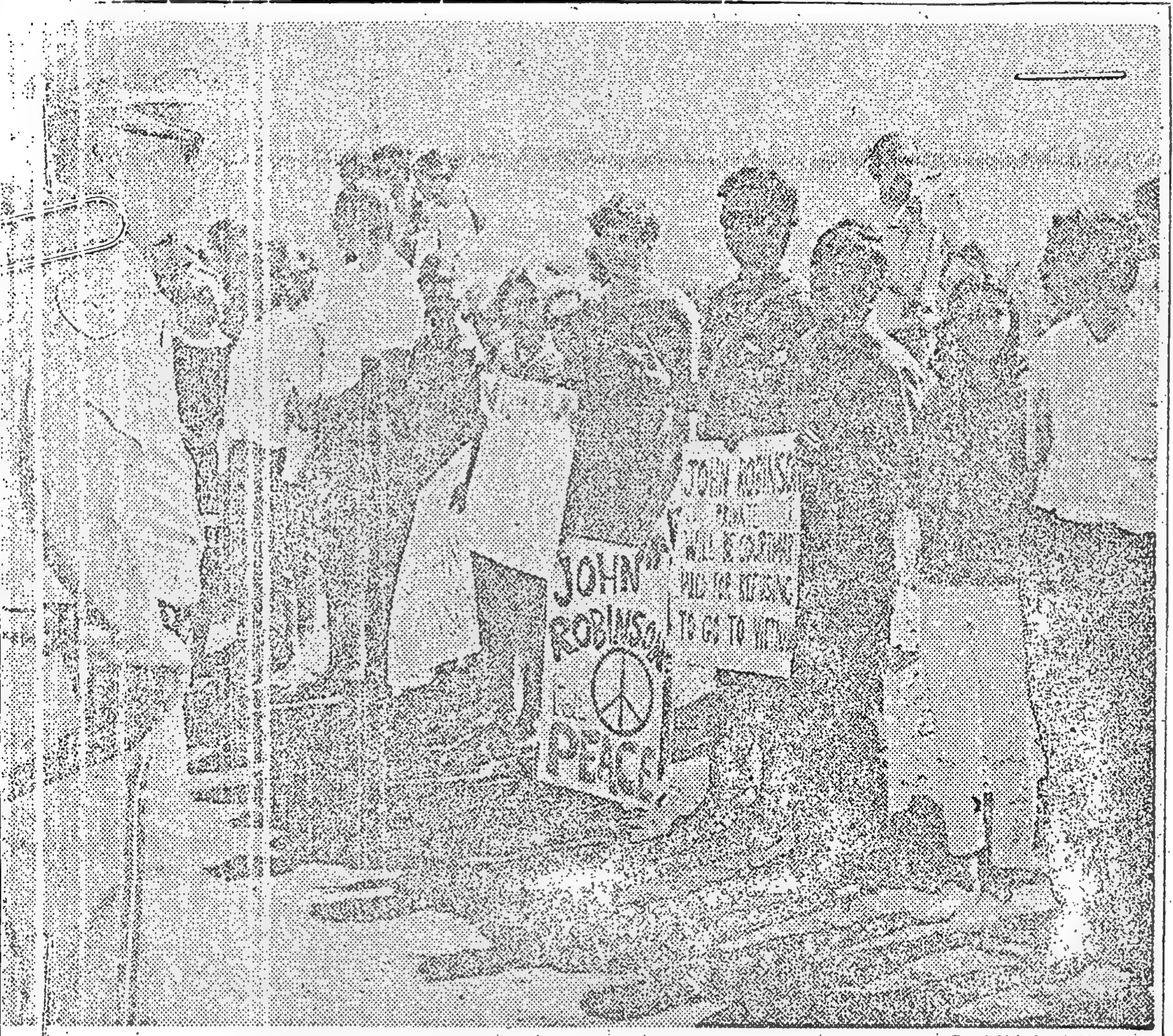
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

4

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)


JOHN ROBINSON
PEACE
JOHN ROBINSON
WILL BE CONFINED
FOR REFUSING
TO GO TO VIETNAM

—Bert Winford Photo

A law enforcement officer stands eady to prevent confrontation between Marines and demonstrators at Camp Pendleton's San Luis Rey Gate.

Pendleton Trial Protested By 50

Court-Martial Of Marine Stirs Demonstration By Group From S.F.

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5

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DEMONSTRATION FOR JOHN H.
ROBINSON, U. S. MARINE CORPS,
CAMP PENDLETON, CALIFORNIA,
AUGUST 15, 1968

The following article appeared in The Blade Tribune, Oceanside, California, in the August 16, 1968 edition:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

By LARRY IOVAN
Staff Writer

OCEANSIDE — A group of nearly 100 veteran peace demonstrators were in Oceanside Thursday to register their support of a Marine private who "resigned" from the Marine Corps and was court-martialed at Camp Pendleton.

Private John Robinson Jr., one of nine servicemen who were arrested while chained to clergymen in a Marin County church three weeks ago, was found guilty of being AWOL by a special court martial panel.

About 20 of the demonstrators attended the trial, while 66 walked the 4.8 miles from Mission San Luis Rey to the back gate of Camp Pendleton. The marchers, joined by about a dozen other demonstrators at the gate, staged a "support vigil" during the early part of Robinson's trial.

Several peace groups were involved in the planning of the demonstration. The servicemen, called the Nine for Peace, were joined with the clergymen and called the Eighteen for Peace. The group's latest name is the Hundred for Peace.

Other groups involved were Clergy and Laymen Concerned About Vietnam, The Resistance and ANVIL (Anarchists for NonViolence In Living).

"Instead of condemning young men such as John Robinson, who would rather accept extreme hardship than violate their moral integrity, we should regard them as xamples of great moral ourage and self-denial," said Rabbi Abraham Heschel of Los Angeles, the leader of the group.

"Theirs is a genuine atriotism seeking to preserve he greatness of America, its ommitment to freedom and ustice," he said.

The demonstrators charged that the Marine Corps intended to railroad a quick trail of Robinson, give him a short sentence, then ship him to Vietnam.

Robinson told authorities he is willing to accept a dishonorable discharge and serve whatever prison sentence may be imposed, provided he also be discharged. He threatened to remove his uniform and begin an "indefinite fast" if he is not discharged.

The maximum penalty that can be given in a special court martial is six months imprisonment at hard labor, reduction to the lowest rank, forfeiture of two-thirds of all pay and allowances and a bad conduct discharge.

Robinson's sentence will be pronounced at 1:30 p.m. next Thursday.

During the demonstration, the marchers were prote by units of the Oceans Police Department, Califor Highway Patrol and the Diego County Sheriff's partment.

At the gate, the Marines we ready for whatever might ha happened. In addition to increased guard at the brig company of helmeted milita police was stationed near t gate with riot sticks and g masks.

Some of the marchers ha parked their cars off the roa near the gate. The cars were private property and th owner, Pat Donahue of th Sutro Ranch, objected.

"My objection isn political," he explained late "It's that we've had such problem with abandoned car out here. Thank God we're al free to express our opinions i this country!"

Capt. Joseph R. Stables commander of the North County sheriff's substation told the demonstrators they would have to leave at 3:30, before homeward bound Marines began streaming from the gate.

He said the demonstrators would otherwise present a severe traffic problem.

Five of the demonstrators were permitted to stand by the side of the road with their signs, while most of the others left for home.

Most of the demonstrators were either from Los Angeles or San Francisco. A handful were from San Diego.

Leaders of the group were clergymen, for the most part. Brian Drolet, 25, a graduate student in advanced theology at San Francisco State College, led the march.

There were no serious incidents during the "support walk," although some local residents registered their feelings with catcalls and cries of "Communists!"

7

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

OCEANSIDE policeman rides ahead of 66 marchers headed towards Camp Pendleton as the CHP watches nearby.

Court Martial March, Demonstration Calm

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

8

DEMONSTRATION FOR JOHN H. ROBINSON, U. S. MARINE CORPS, CAMP PENDLETON, CALIFORNIA, AUGUST 15, 1968

> "The Resistance" is self described in its literature as "--- a group of young men determined to act. Anyone and everyone can join. --- Resistance is active and offensive, not passive and defensive. We will provoke continued confrontations with this war government. They're in an insoluble dilemna; they can prosecute and imprison us which will bring new waves of protest and dissent of unsurpassed intensity, or they can set us free, which will generate impetus for the expansion of the movement. Either way, we will gain ground and support and new members."

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-323 (Rev. 11-29-61)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
San Diego, California
August 27, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Title	DEMONSTRATION FOR JOHN H. ROBINSON, U. S. MARINE CORPS, CAMP PENDLETON, CALIFORNIA, AUGUST 15, 1968
Character	SEDITION
Reference	Letterhead memorandum dated and captioned as above at San Diego, California.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

'his document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property ƒ the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

DIRECTOR, FBI 8/27/68

SAC, SAN DIEGO (14-95) (P)

CHANGED
DEMONSTRATION AT
CAMP PENDLETON, CALIFORNIA
8/15/68
SEDITION

THE RESISTANCE
SEDITION

The title is marked "Changed" to reflect correct date of demonstration, which was originally planned for 8/2/68.

ReSDairtel to the Bureau dated 7/26/68; LAtel to Bureau and San Diego 8/14/68; and SDtel to Bureau and Los Angeles 8/15/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are five (5) copies and for Los Angeles two (2) copies of a letterhead memorandum covering the demonstration on behalf of Marine Private JOHN H. ROBINSON by members of The Resistance and other participants at Camp Pendleton, California, on 8/15/68. Copies of this letterhead memorandum are being disseminated locally to military intelligence agencies and U. S. Secret Service in San Diego, California, in view of their previously expressed interest in this matter.

This letterhead memorandum is being classified "Confidential" because information obtained from the confidential source mentioned in the letterhead memorandum was obtained from FOIA(b)(7) - (D) the disclosure of whose identity may result in the loss of future effectiveness of an informant of continuing value to the FBI.

Photographs of the demonstration were furnished to the San Diego Division by Lieutenant J. C. STERNBERG, Joint Information Service Office, Camp Pendleton, California.

4 - Bureau (Encs. 5) (AM - REGISTERED)
    (1 - 14-2965)
    (1 - 25-573130)
2 - Los Angeles (100-70116) (Encs. 7)(REGIST
4 - San Diego
    (1 - 14-91)
    (1 - 100-13428)

ELM:mel
(10)

100-70116-338

J.A.

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
AUG 29 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES
Peterson

One set is being forwarded to the Los Angeles Division, and the second set is being retained in the San Diego Division file.

The Special Agents of the FBI mentioned in the letterhead memorandum who observed the formation of the demonstration are SAS DONALD R. BELMONT, EDWARD J. MILLER and CHARLES A. MC LARAN of the San Diego Division.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
SAN DIEGO	NEW YORK	9/9/68	6/17 - 9/5/68

TITLE OF CASE	REPORT MADE BY	TYPED BY
"CHANGED" THE RESISTANCE; SAN DIEGO DRAFT COLLEGE	SA EDWARD L. MORRIS	kdw
	CHARACTER OF CASE SEDITION; SSA, 1948 - COUNSELING, AIDING AND ABETTING	

The name "San Diego Draft College" is being added to the title since this organization shares office space with The Resistance, although it is primarily concerned with furnishing information pertaining to reclassification of individuals to the "conscientious objector."

REFERENCE:

Report of SA EDWARD L. MORRIS at San Diego dated 6/17/68.

San Diego airtels to the Bureau dated 6/19/68 and 7/26/68.

San Diego teletype to the Bureau dated 7/27/68.

San Diego airtel to the Bureau dated 8/27/68.

- P -

ACCOMPLISHMENTS: None
CASE PENDING OVER 1 YEAR: No PROSECUTION PENDING OVER 6 MONTHS: No

APPROVED — SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

COPIES MADE:

- 6 - Bureau (25-573130) (14-2965)(RM)
- 1 - USA, San Diego (RM)
- 1 - NISO, San Diego(RM)
- 1 - 115th MI Group, San Diego (RM)
- 1 - OSI, Norton AFB (RM)
- 1 - U.S. Secret Service, San Diego(RM)
- 2 - New York (RM)
- ① - Los Angeles (Info)(RM)
- 3 - San Diego (14-91) (1 - 25-21587)

100-70116-389

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___
SEP 13 1968
FBI—LOS ANGELES
Petersen

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency				
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd.				
How Fwd.				
By				

Notations

ADMINISTRATIVE:

Two additional copies of this report are being forwarded to the Bureau in view of the interests of both the Sedition and Selective Service Desks. Copies are being disseminated locally to the U.S. Attorney, U.S. Secret Service, and military intelligence agencies, because of their previously expressed interest in this matter. An information copy of this report is being sent to the Los Angeles Division in view of their investigative interest in this matter.

The matter concerning GARY AUFDENSPRING and CURTIS PHILLIPS,, who interferred with the operation of the Local Draft Board at San Diego, California, on 6/14/68, was presented to the U.S. Attorney at San Diego, who declined prosecution.

On 6/21/68, FOIA(b)(7) - (D) made available two rolls of film taken 6/20/68 at the former headquarters of The Resistance, 1216 28th Street, San Diego. Photographs depict the inside and outside of this building and are being retained in the 1A section of the San Diego file.

Special Agents of the FBI who observed the demonstration at Camp Pendleton on 8/15/68 were DONALD R. BELMONT, EDWARD J. MILLER and CHARLES A. MC LARAN.

Photographs of this demonstration were furnished to the San Diego Division by Lt. J. C. STERNBERG, Joint Information Service Office, Camp Pendleton, California. One set was forwarded to the Los Angeles Office on 8/27/68 and one set is being retained in the 1A section of the San Diego file.

This report is being classified confidential because the information furnished by SD T-1 through SD T-4 if revealed could reasonably result in the identification of informants of continuing value resulting in the loss of their future effectiveness.

IDENTITY OF INFORMANTS

Identity of Source	File Number Where Located
SD T-1 is FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)
SD T-2 is FOIA(b)(7) - (D) of the Los Angeles Office;	Instant file serial 59

information was reported to San Diego by communication dated 7/3/68	
SD T-3 is FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)
SD T-4 is FRANK PRICE, Consultant, Copley News Service, San Diego, California (confidential by request)	Instant file, serial 77

LEADS:

SAN DIEGO

Will follow and report activities of The Resistance in the San Diego Division.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:
1 - United States Attorney, San Diego (REGISTERED)
1 - Naval Investigative Services Office, San Diego (RM)
1 - 115th MI Group, San Diego (REGISTERED)
1 - Office of Special Investigations, Norton AFB (RM)
1 - U.S. Secret Service, San Diego (REGISTERED)

Report of: EDWARD L. MORRIS
Office: San Diego
Date: September 9, 1968

Field Office File #: 14-91
Bureau File #: 25-573130
14-2965

Title: THE RESISTANCE;
SAN DIEGO DRAFT COLLEGE

Character: SEDITION; SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT - 1948 - COUNSELING, AIDING AND ABETTING

Synopsis: The San Diego Chapter of The Resistance under the leadership of GARY AUFDENSPRING and CURTIS PHILIPS continues to offer draft counseling services at San Diego and until recently shared office space with the San Diego Draft College. Activities include intrusion at Selective Service System, San Diego, 6/14/68; rally at Balboa Park, 7/2/68; demonstration against San Diego Police Department, 8/4/68; and demonstration at Camp Pendleton, California, 8/15/68.

- P -

DETAILS:

On June 14, 1968, GARY AUFDENSPRING and CURTIS PHILIPS went to the office of the Selective Service System, San Diego, California, along with a photographer from "The Teaspoon and The Door", a local "underground" newspaper. They went behind the counter and passed out flowers to all the employees who were present in the office at that time. When asked to leave by the lady in charge, these individuals refused and the photographer then proceeded to take photographs of PHILIPS and AUFDENSPRING passing out flowers. The photographer was asked to stop taking pictures and when one employee picked up the telephone and threatened to call the San Diego Police Department, all of these individuals departed from the Selective Service Office.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

(SD T-1, June 17, 1968)

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

On June 16, 1968, there was a meeting at "The Resistance" headquarters, 1216 28th Street in San Diego. At this meeting, approximately 10 draftees were present and were to be counseled on draft evasion information. At this meeting GARY AUFDENSPRING, CURTIS PHILIPS and KENNETH EARL GILL were the most active members present. It was announced by PHILIPS and AUFDENSPRING that there would be a "Resistance Caravan" from Berkeley, California, which would travel to San Diego, ariving on July 2, 1968. This caravan was said to be a group of draft evaders and Resistance workers.

PHILIPS announced that the San Diego Draft College (SDDC) would share office space with the Resistance at 1216 28th Street, San Diego, and would use the Resistance telephone number. PHILIPS stated that some of the Resistance members are also San Diego Draft College workers.

(SD T-1, June 17, 1968)

On June 20, 1968, GARY AUFDENSPRING and CURTIS PHILIPS, leaders of the San Diego Resistance, advised that that organization and the SDDC have rented 1216 28th Street for $75 a month, which is paid by the SDDC.

The SDDC is said to be supported by donations from groups representing the Methodist Church, Lutheran Church, Episcopalian Church, and the Latter Day Saints. These churches are said to contribute a monthly amount toward the SDDC's expenses. It is not known through what means the rent is paid or the contributions are collected.

(SD T-1, June 20, 1968)

On June 20, 1968, the same source furnished a copy of a pamphlet published by the SDDC in which the organization described itself and is quoted in part as follows:

> "Life is to be Lived. Occasionally the draft can complicate your life. If you need information on deferments, exemptions, conscientious objection, Canada or whatever, contact us...
>
> San Diego Draft College
>
> is a volunteer service organization dedicated to helping young men cope with the Selective Service

System. We have experienced, lawyer-trained counselors to help you understand the draft law and your rights and privileges under that law.

Your draft board is not omnipotent-especially if it is approached with the knowledge a free man should possess."

On June 20, 1968, there was a meeting of The Resistance at 1216 28th Street, San Diego, California. This meeting was to brief potential draft counselors who are currently undergoing training. Present were 14 males and 4 females, of which only 1, DAVID NEPTUNE, Young Mens Christian Association - Young Women's Christian Association coordinator at San Diego State College, appeared not to be of draft age.

(SD T-1, June 21, 1968)

On June 26, 1968, JOHN WATANABE, President, San Diego Chapter of Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) at a regular SDS meeting explained the differences between The Resistance and the SDDC. WATANABE stated that The Resistance is involved in getting people to turn in their draft cards, to refuse induction and to go underground or travel to Canada. However, the SDDC is mainly concerned with counseling individuals concerning the manner in which to obtain a Selective Service System reclassification.

(SD T-3, June 28, 1968)

On June 26, 1968, at 6:05 AM, RICK PHELPS, a member of the San Diego Resistance was observed at the Greyhound Bus Terminal in San Diego, California, passing out draft resistance information leaflets to individuals about to board buses to report to Los Angeles, California, Armed Forces Examining and Entrance Station, for a pre-induction physical examination. There were approximately six individuals appearing to be workers for "The Resistance" passing out leaflets and copies of "The Resistance" magazine. The reception of this information by the individuals there appeared generally negative.

(SD T-1, June 26, 1968)

On Sunday, June 30, 1968, there was a meeting of The Resistance at 1216 28th Street. RICHARD MC KENNA, Doctor of Theology, a minister, has an organization called the New Adult Community, Ecumenical Action - Research Ministry, with offices at 520 E Street, San Diego, California. He is apparently one of the chief organizers of the SDDC and a regular contributor to that organization.

Later that evening, about 10:00 PM, MC KENNA showed a film at 2445 Juan Street in San Diego at the home of HILKA GREEN. The film concerned the sexual behavior of a college student and is a 22 minute color film with sound. MC KENNA and his group, the SDDC, were thinking of buying the film from an unidentified seller, who was asking $300 for the film.

A leaflet was posted on the wall at the office of The Resistance stating that anyone interested in supporting "Resist", San Diego, send money to HELEN BEARDSLEY, The Resistance Headquarters, 1216 28th Street, 92102, San Diego, California.

At the June 30, 1968, meeting of The Resistance AMY SPENCER, DON HAYES, RICK PHELPS and CURTIS PHILIPS appeared to be the most active Resistance members participating in the meeting. It was announced that CURTIS PHILIPS will speak at a gathering on July 2, 1968, at Balboa Park, where the Resistance Caravan is scheduled to appear. He indicated the fear that the FBI would be "on the scene" and would probably arrest him on the spot if he burned a draft card. He stated that he may or may not burn his card, that he was not sure. The Resistance has received a permit from the City of San Diego to hold this gathering in Balboa Park on July 2, 1968. The caravan is expected to arrive in San Diego on the afternoon of July 1, 1968, and it was hoped that 3,000 individuals would attend the meeting in Balboa Park; however, Resistance members generally thought that they would be lucky to get 1,000 in attendance. It is believed that The Resistance has passed out approximately 4,000 leaflets advertising this meeting.

During the meeting of June 30, 1968, there were 15 to 18 persons present. RICHARD MC KENNA talked to a group of draft counselors about his film involving the sex life of a college student. RICK PHELPS was host during the meeting and personally counseled one white male, identity unknown, concerning draft evasion. RICHARD MC KENNA counseled an unknown white male and CURTIS PHILIPS counseled two unknown white males who came late to the meeting. A young girl named STEPHANY BLOOM from the Bronx in New York City was at the meeting. She came to San Diego from New York City via San Francisco. She claimed to have worked in the "Black Movement" in New York and now wants to stay in San Diego and help work for "The Resistance."

Someone at the meeting stated that an "underground" has been established in Europe to move deserters through the countries of Sweden, France and Belgium to avoid possible arrest.

(SD T-1, June 30, 1968)

On July 2, 1968, it was learned that the "Resistance Caravan" consisting of approximately 22 individuals who had traveled to LosAngeles from San Francisco - Berkeley area disbanded at Los Angeles instead of continuing their trip to San Diego as previously planned. As of July 2, 1968, many of the individuals in the caravan had already returned to the San Francisco area.

(SD T-2, July 2, 1968)

"The Teaspoon and The Door", an "underground" newspaper at San Diego, California, contained the following article explaining the operation of the SDDC in its July 5 - 18, 1968, edition:

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

UPTIGHT WITH THE DRAFT ?

The Draft scene is San Diego has been, in general, the shame of the West Coast anti-war movement. If it hadn't been for Sandy Turner's dedication and persistance, the flowers that have started to bloom would have never known earth. Sandy and her beautiful family, are leaving San Diego and we all should say a sad goodbye and a deserved thank you.

The San Diego Draft College, an organization dedicated to responsible draft counseling, has opened an office at 1216 28th St. (ph. 232-8866). Their counselors are well trained and have current information on all aspects of the draft, C.O., Canada, etc. The SDDC developed from the Sunday night draft coffees at Sandy Turner's house and is filling the need for accurate draft information to the degree necessary for the San Diego area. The mass distribution of information about appeal rights, physical deferments, and all other basic facts one should know about the Selective Service System is the major goal of this organization with qualified counselors to handle the detailed questions that develop.

Another encouraging development is the founding of a San Diego branch of The Resistance, a national organization dedicated to the idea of celebrating life; in opposition to the conscription of youth for the destruction of mankind. If you oppose the draft they ask you not to cooperate; send in your card, or refuse to register. They simply say that the Selective Service System is made up of every man who carries a card, and will continue to function as long as enough people cooperate.

Non-cooperation will usually mean going to jail, but they see this as a much better alternative than going into the military and supporting the war machine. They have adult support groups to make prison life as easy as possible and to help you handle the before and after problems that arise. The Resistance shares an office with the San Diego Draft College at 1216 28th St. (ph. 232-1743).

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RICK PHELPS of the San Diego Resistance is generally very nervous, usually believing that the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA), Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and/or the San Diego Police Department are constantly watching him. He suspects any new member or friend of The Resistance. On July 9, 1968, PHELPS asked information concerning the frequency of the San Diego Police Department radio in order that he could monitor the Police dispatches to see if they were watching the office. PHELPS also inquired about "bugging" devices feeling that the office is "bugged." PHELPS appears to be a very effective draft counselor, understands the law well and appears to know what he is talking about. PHELPS appears to be one of the top members and one of the best counselors in the local branch of The Resistance.

(SD T-1, July 24, 1968)

On August 4, 1968, there was a demonstration sponsored by The Resistance against the San Diego Police Department at Columbia and G Streets, Newtown Park, San Diego, California. This demonstration was primarily to protest the arrest of approximately 40 "hippies" arrested the previous Sunday, July 28, 1968.

There were approximately 12 to 15 people at the park, including RICHARD MC KENNA, his wife and children, GARY AUFDENSPRING, RICK PHELPS, and STEPHANY BLOOM. A member of the San Diego Police Department arrived at the park at 1:00 PM, having been invited by RICK PHELPS to participate in a question and answer session concerning the arrests of the 40 "hippies" the previous week at Balboa Park. This demonstration was a failure in view of the fact that only this small group of people showed up.

(SD T-1, August 5, 1968)

On July 2, 1968, Lieutenant JACK COCHRAN, Intelligence Unit, San Diego Police Department, made available a press release concerning the "Resistance Caravan" organized by the Palo Alto Resistance. This press release is quoted as follows:

"News Editor:

In reference to the days of July 2 and 3;

Palo Alto Resistance has organized a caravan for the summer months. The caravan will travel down through the Central Valley of California to San Diego and return to the Bay Area along the coast. The caravan will begin in mid-June and return to San Francisco at the end of July.

The caravan will be speaking to the college and high school students about cooperation or in opposition non-cooperation with current conscription laws. Draft cards will be collected if offered. During the program which will continue from 1 pm, leaflets and literature concerning the draft will be distributed. The caraval will be composed of a band, a theatre group, and projection equipment with lots of film.

By means of the caravan, we hope to begin spreading the idea of resistance into the consciousness of the population as yet unaware of its significance. One of the major films on the agenda will be Felix Green's Inside North Vietnam. We have found that many people, especially the young, are eager to find out about the movements which are directly concerning their lives (more and more) each day.

The caravan will consist of approximately 30 people plus any interested person with something on their minds to communicate with the community.

It is our experience that the community at large is vitally interested in the foregoing function. It is left to your discretion as to the type of news coverage concerning the event. You may expect our full cooperation in this matter. The San Diego Resistance will contact you as the time for this event gets closer. Your news coverage is greatly respected by our group and your cooperation will be more than appreciated.

Thank You

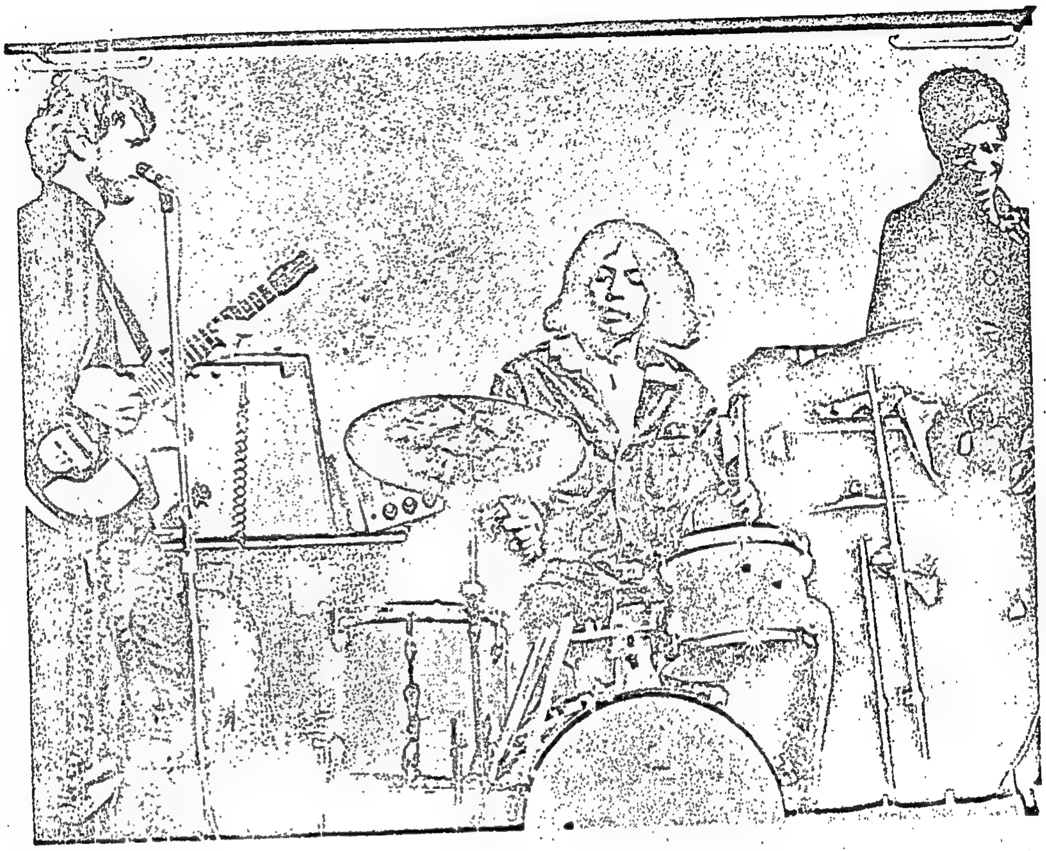
/s/ Curt Philips
San Diego Resistance"

On July 2, 1968, there was a meeting sponsored by the San Diego Resistance at Balboa Park in San Diego, California, at which 300 to 400 youths, age approximately 15 to 17, were in attendance. The program consisted of rock and roll music being played and one short speech by an unidentified male from Palo Alto who recommended turning in draft cards in order to change our society. No draft cards were burned and no incidents occured.

(SD T-1, July 2, 1968)
(SD T-4, July 9, 1968)

The July 5-18 edition of "The Teaspoon and The Door", an underground newspaper in San Diego, California, contained the following article describing the Resistance Caravan's appearance at San Diego:

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)



Resistance Grooves

The Resistance Caravan, formed by members of the Palo Alto Resistance, came to San Diego on Tuesday, July 2. They spent the day in Balboa Park, where Love-ins are held, demonstrating their belief in celebrating Life. Their band The Fool Blues Band, played four sets of good music to a large crowd, with rap sessions in between and freshly baked bread and soup for those who were hungry. Four draft cards were turned in to be sent back to their respective draft boards and many people were turned on to the anti-war and anti-draft movements.

The various police agencies were well-represented with the SDBD playing the major role. They were taking every opportunity to write tickets and they took down the license number of every car parked in the dirt parking area and adjoining vicinity.

When it became dark the band stopped and a movie acreen was set up. Felix Green's INSIDE NORTH VIETNAM was shown to end the day's activity.

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GARY AUFDENSPRING, head of the San Diego Chapter of The Resistance, had been in contact with that organization's Los Angeles Chapter and both Chapters were planning a joint demonstration on August 2, 1968, on behalf of Private JOHN H. ROBINSON, U.S. Marine Corps, Serial Number 236 03 49, currently incarcerated at Camp Pendleton, California. ROBINSON had been involved in a demonstration in the San Francisco area during the period July 15 - 17, 1968, which resulted in his arrest along with several other deserters from the Armed Forces. Following this arrest, ROBINSON was transferred to Camp Pendleton, California, for incarceration and trial.

GARY AUFDENSPRING and CURTIS PHILIPS of the San Diego Chapter of The Resistance had been in touch with the Los Angeles Chapter and it was agreed to postpone the plans for the demonstration on August 2, 1968, in view of the lack of interest in the matter and because of expected difficulty in obtaining a large enough group to demonstrate effectively.

This demonstration on behalf of ROBINSON had been rescheduled for August 15, 1968, and plans included members of The Resistance Chapters in San Diego and Los Angeles meeting at the San Luis Rey Mission, Oceanside, California, at 11:30 am to begin the demonstration.

(SD T-1, August 15, 1968)

Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on August 15, 1968, observed the arrival of the demonstrators, who began to assemble at the San Luis Rey Mission, Oceanside, California, at about 11:15 am. Approximately 65 to 70 individuals began marching from this area in single file, some holding signs at about 12:30 pm. Prior to departure, Captain JOSEPH STABLES of the San Diego County Sheriff's Office addressed the group and advised them concerning the laws regarding demonstrations and marching on a highway. The group marched approximately four miles to the San Luis Rey Gate of Camp Pendleton, California, and arrived at about 2:05 pm.

Captain JOSEPH STABLES, San Diego County Sheriff's Office, advised that he talked with the demonstrators at the San Luis Rey Mission prior to the march and gave them instructions regarding the laws effecting individuals walking alongside the road. Captain STABLES advised that the demonstrators gave him no trouble and appeared grateful for his instructions and assistance.

Colonel J. J. KELLY, Provost Marshal, Camp Pendleton, California, advised that approximately twenty of the demonstrators were permitted to gain entry into the Base by a prearranged agreement and to witness the court-martial of Marine Private JOHN H. ROBINSON, which began at 1:30 pm in the Base Legal Office courtroom.

The demonstrators marched to the gate and were not permitted inside and were stopped by military police and local law enforcement officers outside the gate where the dividing line between federal property and local property was located. The demonstrators remained there with their signs and singing songs until about 3:30 pm. Most of them dispersed at that time when Base personnel began departing through the gate. Several remained for a few minutes more and then departed. There were no incidents reported and no leaflets were known to have been passed out.

Among the signs carried by the demonstrators were the following:

"John Robinson for Peace"
"John Robinson, Private, Will Be Courtmartialed For Refusing to Go to Vietnam"
"Don't Laugh 26,000 of Your Buddies Will Never Laugh Again"
"Free John Robinson"
"Your Body Survives, Your Soul Won't"
"We Support John Robinson"
"Jack Says No! We Say No!"
"Vietnam. 80% of Those We Kill Were Civilians"
"Peace"
"Robinson's Crime Was - He Chose Life Instead of Death"
"No More War"

The following news article appeared in the San Diego Union newspaper, San Diego, California, August 16, 1968, home edition:

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

50 Protest Marine's Trial At Pendleton

CAMP PENDLETON — About 50 demonstrators marched from the San Luis Rey Mission to the San Luis Rey Gate of Camp Pendleton Marine Corps Base yesterday to protest court-martial of a Marine here.

The San Francisco-organized drive protested the court-martial of Pvt. John Robinson, 18, on charges of 54 days' unauthorized absence. Another 20 demonstrators attended the first day of the trial.

Robinson was found guilty last night by the court-martial, which lasted nearly eight hours. The court was adjourned to 1:30 p.m. Aug. 22, when the Marine will be sentenced.

Robinson is one of nine servicemen arrested in St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church in Marin County July 17, Brian Drolet, 25, leader of the demonstration, said.

The servicemen had begun a 48-hour service of "liberation in honor of their resignations from military service" at the Howard Presbyterian Church in San Francisco but moved to Marin County because of a bomb threat, Drolet said.

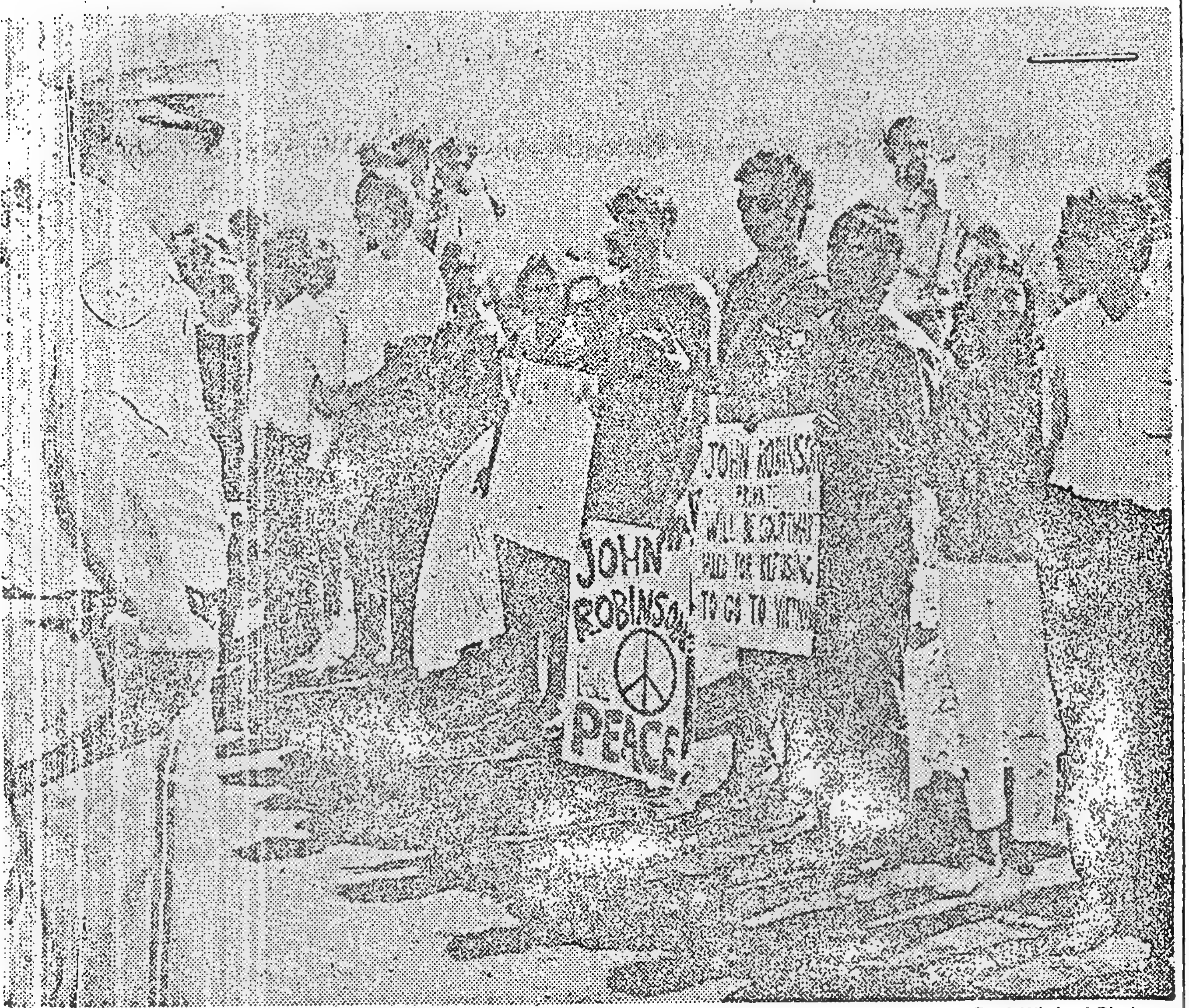
Yesterday about 20 of the orderly demonstrators attended the court martial and the other 50 stood on the bank beside the road just outside the military base, displaying signs in support of Robinson and against the war in Vietnam.

Nine sheriff's deputies, seven highway patrolmen and 14 Marines gathered at the gate to stop the demonstrators and prevent a confrontation with Marines leaving the base on their way home.

Sheriff's Deputy Joseph Stables, commander of the Vista sheriff's substation, warned the protestors they might be in danger when off-duty Marines came pouring from the base after 4:30 p.m.

-11-

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)



—Bert Winford Photo

A law enforcement officer stands ready to prevent confrontation between Marines and demonstrators at Camp Pendleton's San Luis Rey Gate.

Pendleton Trial Protested By 50

~~Court~~-Martial Of Marine Stirs Demonstration By Group From S.F.

-12

The following article appeared in The Blade Tribune, Oceanside, California, in the August 16, 1968 edition:

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

By LARRY IOVAN
Staff Writer

OCEANSIDE — A group of nearly 100 veteran peace demonstrators were in Oceanside Thursday to register their support of a Marine private who "resigned" from the Marine Corps and was court-martialed at Camp Pendleton.

Private John Robinson Jr., one of nine servicemen who were arrested while chained to clergymen in a Marin County church three weeks ago, was found guilty of being AWOL by a special court martial panel.

About 20 of the demonstrators attended the trial, while 66 walked the 4.8 miles from Mission San Luis Rey to the back gate of Camp Pendleton. The marchers, joined by about a dozen other demonstrators at the gate, staged a "support vigil" during the early part of Robinson's trial.

Several peace groups were involved in the planning of the demonstration. The servicemen, called the Nine for Peace, were joined with the clergymen and called the Eighteen for Peace. The group's latest name is the Hundred for Peace.

Other groups involved were Clergy and Laymen Concerned About Vietnam, The Resistance and ANVIL (Anarchists for NonViolence In Living).

"Instead of condemning young men such as John Robinson, who would rather accept extreme hardship than violate their moral integrity, we should regard them as examples of great moral courage and self-denial," said Rabbi Abraham Heschel of Los Angeles, the leader of the group.

"Theirs is a genuine patriotism seeking to preserve the greatness of America, its commitment to freedom and justice," he said.

The demonstrators charged that the Marine Corps intended to railroad a quick trail of Robinson, give him a short sentence, then ship him to Vietnam.

Robinson told authorities he is willing to accept a dishonorable discharge and serve whatever prison sentence may be imposed, provided he also be discharged. He threatened to remove his uniform and begin an "indefinite fast" if he is not discharged.

The maximum penalty that can be given in a special court martial is six months imprisonment at hard labor, reduction to the lowest rank, forfeiture of two-thirds of all pay and allowances and a bad conduct discharge.

Robinson's sentence will be pronounced at 1:30 p.m. next Thursday.

During the demonstration, the marchers were protected by units of the Oceanside Police Department, California Highway Patrol and the San Diego County Sheriff's Department.

At the gate, the Marines were ready for whatever might have happened. In addition to an increased guard at the brig, a company of helmeted military police was stationed near the gate with riot sticks and gas masks.

Some of the marchers had parked their cars off the road near the gate. The cars were on private property and the owner, Pat Donahue of the Sutro Ranch, objected.

"My objection isn't political," he explained later. "It's that we've had such a problem with abandoned cars out here. Thank God we're all free to express our opinions in this country!"

Capt. Joseph R. Stables, commander of the North County sheriff's substation, told the demonstrators they would have to leave at 3:30, before homeward bound Marines began streaming from the gate.

He said the demonstrators would otherwise present a severe traffic problem.

Five of the demonstrators were permitted to stand by the side of the road with their signs, while most of the others left for home.

Most of the demonstrators were either from Los Angeles or San Francisco. A handful were from San Diego.

Leaders of the group were clergymen, for the most part. Brian Drolet, 25, a graduate student in advanced theology at San Francisco State College, led the march.

There were no serious incidents during the "support walk," although some local residents registered their feelings with catcalls and cries of "Communists!"

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OCEANSIDE policeman rides ahead of 66 marchers headed towards Camp Pendleton as the CHP watches nearby.

Court Martial March, Demonstration Calm

14

SD 14-91

The Resistance Office at 1216 28th Street, San Diego, is no longer occupied by The Resistance but has been re-rented to another party. The Resistance moved out from this address about August 15, 1968. It is not known whether the organization has obtained other office space as yet or not.

(SD T-1, September 5, 1968)

APPENDIX

"The Resistance" is self described in its literature as "---a group of young men determined to act. Anyone and everyone can join. --- Resistance is active and offensive, not passive and defensive. We will provoke continued confrontations with this war government. They're in an insoluble dilemma; they can prosecute and imprison us which will bring new waves of protest and dissent of unsurpassed intensity, or they can set us free, which will generate impetus for the expansion of the movement. Either way, we will gain ground and support and new members."

APPENDIX

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. The SDS is an association of young people on the left and has a current program of protesting the draft, promoting a campaign for youth to develop a conscientious objector status, denouncing United States intervention in the war in Vietnam and to "radically transform" the university community, and provide for its complete control by students. Gus Hall, General Secretaty, Communist Party, USA, when interviewed by a representative of United Press International in San Francisco, California, on May 14, 1965, described the SDS as a part of the "responsible left" which the Party has "going for us." At the June, 1965, SDS National Convention, an anticommunist proviso was removed from the SDS constitution. In the October 7, 1966, issue of "New Left Notes," the official publication of SDS, an SDS spokesman stated that there are some communists in SDS and they are welcome. The national headquarters of this organization as of April 18, 1967, was located in Room 206, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

APPENDIX

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

September 9, 1968
San Diego, California

Title	THE RESISTANCE; SAN DIEGO DRAFT COLLEGE
Character	SEDITION; SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT - 1948 - COUNSELING AIDING AND ABETTING
Reference	Report of Special Agent EDWARD L. MORRIS dated and captioned above at San Diego.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Cover Sheet for Informant Report or Material
FD-306 (Rev. 6-2-67)

Date prepared
6/17/68

Date received	Received from (name or symbol number)	Received by
6/17/68		SA Walter M. Brady

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☐ in person ☐ by telephone ☐ by mail ☐ orally ☐ recording device ☐ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated ____________ to ____________

Transcribed ____________

Authenticated by Informant ____________

Date of Report

Date(s) of activity

Brief description of activity or material

Throwaway from "The Resistance" in support of JOE MAIZlish.

File where original is located if not attached

Remarks: obtained by SA Brady in front of new US Court House on 6/17/68 about 9:15 AM from one of several individuals handing them out.

100-70116-340

Block Stamp

SEARCHED .... INDEXED ....
SERIALIZED .... FILED ....
JUN 19 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES
Peterson

Brothers and Sisters:

This vigil is being held in witness of the trial of Joe Maizlish by the U.S. government for the "crime" of refusing to cooperate with the Selective Service System. Some of us are fasting as an additional symbol of our support of Joe's non-cooperation. Many of us are also refusing cooperation with the draft and taxes for war.

If violence and exploitation are ever to end, or even be reduced, it will be because people stop supporting them in their own day-to-day lives. But our government and those of the military, the Justice Department, and the District Court who do its work, and even those of us who pay taxes on the earnings of our labor are all helping to support violence and war. And so Joe is on trial: because he will not cooperate with the system of destruction and because others insist that he comply.

The vigil will continue until nine o'clock Tuesday morning, when the trial begins. Those of us who are fasting plan to continue doing so until the conclusion of the trial.

We would be pleased to have you join us for as long as you wish. We do ask that if you join the vigil you remain silent and not respond to remarks or provocations from anyone.

THE RESISTANCE

1355 Westwood Blvd.
Room 201
Los Angeles, Ca 90024
473-6410 879-9440

1015 N. Madison
Los Angeles, Ca
666-1961

WHAT GRADUATION MEANS

There are approximately 2,000 male seniors graduating today. Virtually all of us will be drafted. Of this, the UCLA class of '68:

- 1600 of us will go to Vietnam;
- 78 of us will die there;
- 464 of us will be wounded;
- 201 of us will suffer a permanent disability;
- 33 of us will lose an arm or leg;
- almost all of us will kill at least 1 Vietnamese, and wound 6.*

*(figures projected from Defense Dept. statistics, as reported in N.Y. Times, Feb. thru April, 1968)

We feel that we must speak out against the bloody fate that awaits us. Therefore, at Commencement, we are asking everyone to:

1. remain seated during the National Anthem as a protest against the war in Vietnam;
2. remain seated during the Alma Mater and the benediction as a protest against University complicity in the war and the draft;
3. wear the peace armbands that are now being distributed;
4. join our program after Commencement at the foot of Janss steps.

UCLA COMMITTEE FOR A
MEANINGFUL COMMENCEMENT

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

Approval Not Required.

ORDER TO REPORT FOR INDUCTION

(LOCAL BOARD STAMP)

(Date of mailing)

SELECTIVE SERVICE NO.			

The President of the United States,

To

GREETING:

You are hereby ordered for induction into the Armed Forces of the United States, and to report

at ____________________ (Place of reporting)

on ____________ (Date) at ____________ (Hour)

for forwarding to an Armed Forces Induction Station.

____________________ (Member or clerk of Local Board)

IMPORTANT NOTICE
(Read Each Paragraph Carefully)

IF YOU HAVE HAD PREVIOUS MILITARY SERVICE, OR ARE NOW A MEMBER OF THE NATIONAL GUARD OR A RESERVE COMPONENT OF THE ARMED FORCES, BRING EVIDENCE WITH YOU. IF YOU WEAR GLASSES, BRING THEM. IF MARRIED, BRING PROOF OF YOUR MARRIAGE. IF YOU HAVE ANY PHYSICAL OR MENTAL CONDITION WHICH, IN YOUR OPINION, MAY DISQUALIFY YOU FOR SERVICE IN THE ARMED FORCES, BRING A PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATE DESCRIBING THAT CONDITION, IF NOT ALREADY FURNISHED TO YOUR LOCAL BOARD.

Valid documents are required to substantiate dependency claims in order to receive basic allowance for quarters. Be sure to take the following with you when reporting to the induction station. The documents will be returned to you. (*a*) FOR LAWFUL WIFE OR LEGITIMATE CHILD UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE—original, certified copy or photostat of a certified copy of marriage certificate, child's birth certificate, or a public or church record of marriage issued over the signature and seal of the custodian of the church or public records; (*b*) FOR LEGALLY ADOPTED CHILD—certified court order of adoption; (*c*) FOR CHILD OF DIVORCED SERVICE MEMBER (Child in custody of person other than claimant)—(1) Certified or photostatic copies of receipts from custodian of child evidencing serviceman's contributions for support, and (2) Divorce decree, court support order or separation order; (*d*) FOR DEPENDENT PARENT—affidavits establishing that dependency.

Sample

Bring your Social Security Account Number Card. If you do not have one, apply at nearest Social Security Administration Office. If you have life insurance, bring a record of the insurance company's address and your policy number. Bring enough clean clothes for 3 days. Bring enough money to last 1 month for personal purchases.

This Local Board will furnish transportation, and meals and lodging when necessary, from the place of reporting to the induction station where you will be examined. If found qualified, you will be inducted into the Armed Forces. If found not qualified, return transportation and meals and lodging when necessary, will be furnished to the place of reporting.

You may be found not qualified for induction. Keep this in mind in arranging your affairs, to prevent any undue hardship if you are not inducted. If employed, inform your employer of this possibility. Your employer can then be prepared to continue your employment if you are not inducted. To protect your right to return to your job if you are not inducted, you must report for work as soon as possible after the completion of your induction examination. You may jeopardize your reemployment rights if you do not report for work at the beginning of your next regularly scheduled working period after you have returned to your place of employment.

Willful failure to report at the place and hour of the day named in this Order subjects the violator to fine and imprisonment. Bring this Order with you when you report.

If you are so far from your own local board that reporting in compliance with this Order will be a serious hardship, go immediately to any local board and make written request for transfer of your delivery for induction, taking this Order with you.

SSS Form 252 (Revised -28-65) (Previous printings may be used until exhausted.)

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1965 O—785-193

a Word to Seniors

THE SELECTIVE SERVICE HAS SOMETHING SPECIAL TO SAY TO YOU:
"TOUGH SH--, BABY. WE'LL BE SEEING YOU SOON."

If you are a Senior this year, there will be no grad school deferment for you. Those deferments have been reserved for doctors, dentists, veterinarians, osteopaths, optometrists, and ministerial students.

A Senior who sneaks into grad school anyhow, won't even be allowed to take a I-S if he's had a II-S since July of 1967.

That same II-S means that your draft board won't give you a deferment if your wife (much less your girl friend) has a baby.

As for conscientious objector claims, though they might mean a better chance for acquittal in court, they are being turned down by draft boards at the rate of 96 out of 100.

And, to make the picture complete, all occupational deferments have been delivered up to the total whim of your draft board.

Unless you have something fancy in reserve: a medical defect or a hardship situation (and they better be heavy) your B.A. is going to be a re-requisite for nothing but a P.F.C.

This summer, you'll be as vulnerable as a 20 year old shipping clerk. Congress, in an exceptionally nasty mood, has pulled the college cushion out from under you and now your ass is on the cold, cold ground.

The question is - what are you going to use all your education for? Will your math classes help when you are tallying up the dead old ladies in a napalmed village? Four years of college to shoot a 15 year old Vietnamese boy in the face?

You DO have an alternative. You can say NO. Practice saying it aloud. It sounds good and it does something fine for your viscera. It's a word free men say often.

If you decide that it's a word that suits you, if you decide you won't knuckle under, then contact:

THE RESISTANCE

1355 Westwood Blvd. #201
Los Angeles, Calif.
473-6410. 879-9440

1015 N. Madison
Los Angeles, Calif.
666-1961

30 N. Raymond #201
Pasadena, Calif.
681-8935

THE FOLLOWING PASSAGES ARE DIRECT QUOTES FROM "MANPOWER CHANNELING" ISSUED BY THE SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM IN 1965.

CHANNELING:
"Selective Service processes do not compel people by edict as in foreign systems to enter pursuits having to do with essentiallity and progress. They go because they know that by going they will be deferred."

"The psychology of granting wide choice under pressure to take action is the American or indirect way of achieving what is done by direction in foreign countries where choice is not permitted. Here choice is limited but not denied...."

"The club of induction has been used to drive (individuals) out of areas considered to be less important to the areas of greater importance in which deferments are given...."

DEFERMENTS:
"Deferments are granted, however, in a realistic atmosphere so that the fullest of channeling will be felt, rather than be terminated by military service at too early a time."

OCCUPATIONAL DEFERMENTS:
"Since occupational deferments are granted for no more than one year at a time, a process of periodically receiving current information and repeated review assures that every deferred registrant continues to contribute to the overall national good. This reminds him of the basis for his deferment."

STUDENT DEFERMENTS:
"Many young men would not have pursued a higher education if there had not been a program of student deferment.... Throughout his career as student the pressure - the threat of loss of deferment - continues. It continues with equal intensity after graduation. His local board requires periodic reports to find out what he is up to. He is impelled to pursue his skill rather than embark upon some less important enterprise and is encouraged to apply his skill in an essential activity in the national interest. The loss of deferred status is the consequence for the individual who has acquired the skill and either does not use it or uses it in a nonessential activity.

MEDICAL DEFERMENTS:
"The psychological impact of being rejected for service in uniform is severe. The earlier this occurs in a young man's life, the sooner the beneficial effects of pressured motivation by the Selective Service System is lost. Once the label of "rejectee" is upon him all efforts at guidance by persuasion are futile. If he attempts to enlist at 17 or 18 and is rejected, then he receives virtually none of the impulsion the System is capable of giving him. If he makes no effort to enlist and as a result is not rejected until delivered for examination by the Selective Service System at about age 23, he has felt some of the pressure but thereafter is a free agent.
"This contributed to the establishment of a new classification of 1-Y. That classification reminds the registrant of his ultimate qualification to serve and preserves some of the benefit of what we call channeling."

THE INDIVIDUAL AND CHOICE:
"From the individual's viewpoint, he is standing in a room which has been made uncomfortably warm. Several doors are open, but they all lead to various forms of recognized patriotic service to the Nation. Some accept the alternative gladly - some with reluctance. The consequence is approximately the same.

"In the less patriotic and more selfish individual it engenders a sense of fear, uncertainty, and dissatisfaction which motivates him, nevertheless, in the same direction. He complains of the uncertainty which he must endure; he would like to be able to do as he pleases; he would appreciate a certain future with no prospect of military service or civilian contribution but he complies with the needs of the national health, saftey, or interest - or is denied deferment."

SERVICE:
"The meaning of the word 'service', with its former restricted application to the armed forces, is certain to become widened much more in the future. This brings with it the ever increasing problem of how to control effectively the service of individuals who are not in the armed forces."

Printed by:
THE RESISTANCE
1355 Westwood Blvd.
Los Angeles, 90024
473-6410
879-9440

THE RESISTANCE
1015 N. Madison (near L.A.C.C.)
Los Angeles
666-1961

BROTHER —

Maybe this induction order is just a sample, but if you're a senior, in the very near future, you're going to be getting a real induction order. Face up to it — the draft is closing in. Don't try to ignore it, because it won't ignore you.

THEY ARE GOING TO DRAFT YOUR BOD!

UNCLE SAM WANTS YOU, BABY

WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO DO ABOUT IT?

Do you think that you have a possibility for a deferment? Come see our expert draft couselors. They'll let you know what your chances are, and help you fight for that deferment if there is any hope at all.

Going to Canada? Our counselors have information on immigration, housing, jobs, school, etc. We'll help you get to Canada, help you gain residency there, and connect you with Canadian friends who can aid you further.

But, if you've decided that this is far enough — that you're going to stop running and take control of your own life — then surely give us a call. We of the Resistance have resolved that we will no longer cooperate with conscription in America. Join us, Brother. Stop being afraid. Become a free man.

Yours in peace,

The Resistance

1355 Westwood Blvd., Rm. 201
Los Angeles, California 90024

1015 N. Madison
Los Angeles, California

MAKE [illegible]MMENCEMENT MEANI[illegible]FUL

In just few days we will be graduating from UCLA. We are graduating from what is supposed to be an institution of higher learning, and a center for intellectual freedom and expression. Yet, we all know that the University is a center for war research and development, an institution in which the professors live off Defense Dept. and State Dept. contracts, and a school in which our brains are being trained to produce the weapons and strategies of future wars and "pacification programs." Further, we also know that the University maintains an entire bureaucratic complex, the Office of Special Services, that allows the draft boards to keep track of us.

And, the world that we graduate into is far from peaceful. Those of us who are men face the prospect of being drafted into the military to join in "pacifying" Vietnamese villages with napalm, or American urban ghettos with machine guns.

It is in order to express our disatisfaction with University complicity in the war and the draft, in order to voice our discontent with a world of killing and death, and in order to protest our imminent conscription into the war machine, that we, members of the 1968 graduating class of UCLA, do now step forward.

Because Commencement is the point at which the University transfers our trained minds to a society that survives on a war economy and technology, and our bodies to the military machine of such a society, we will also use this time to voice our protest.

We will express our opposition to the war in Vietnam by remaining seated during the National Anthem.

We will express our opposition to University complicity in the war and the draft by remaining seated during the singing of "Hail to the Hills of Westwood", and during the benediction.

We will demonstrate our desire for the attainment of a peaceful society by wearing peace armbands.

We ask all graduating seniors to join us in this expression of our views by remaining seated during the National Anthem, Alma Mater, and benediction, and by wearing a peace armband (to be passed out at the door) over the left sleve of your commencement gown.

On Sunday, June 9, at 2 PM, in the A-level lounge of the Student Union, there will be a meeting to work out the final details for making this commencement a meaningful one. We invite you to join us at this meeting. Here's hoping to see you at that time . . .

Yours in peace,
COMMITTEE FOR A MEANINGFUL COMMENCEMENT

P.S. If you would like to join in this Commencement expression of conscience, please remember that the last day to rent your cap and gown is Friday, June 7, on the third floor of the Student Union.

If you have any questions, contributions, or ideas we would like to hear from you. Please come to the meeting or call:

396-5538	666-1961
473-6410	879-9440

FD-263 (Rev. 3-8-67)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE	OFFICE OF ORIGIN	DATE	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD
LOS ANGELES	LOS ANGELES	7/10/68	4/30/68 - 6/21/68

TITLE OF CASE	REPORT MADE BY	TYPED BY
KAREN ELAINE DELLENBACH, aka ET AL	JAMES S. IRVING	fem
	CHARACTER OF CASE SSA, 1948 - COUNSELING; SEDITION; DESERTER - HARBORING	

REFERENCE: Los Angeles report of SA JAMES S. IRVING dated 4/30/68.
Seattle letter to Los Angeles dated 6/28/68.

- P -

LEADS

SEATTLE (INFO)

AT SEATTLE, WASHINGTON: Information copies of this report being designated for Seattle in view of investigation being conducted in that division.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						ACQUITTALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO

APPROVED [illegible] SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

COPIES MADE:

See Cover Page B

100-70116-341

SEARCHED —
INDEXED I
SERIALIZED [illegible]
FILED [illegible]

Notati

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency				
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd.				
How Fwd.				
By				

—273-077

LA 25-80831

3 - Bureau (25-562049)
1 - USA, Los Angeles
1 - Butte (42-6219) (Info)
2 - Chicago (CADRE)
    (1 - 25-49353) (TEMPLIN)
1 - Cleveland (25-21442) (MARVIN GLUCK) (Info)
1 - Sacramento (25-925) (ROBB) (Info)
2 - San Diego (25-21550) (Info)
3 - Seattle (25-21328)
9 - Los Angeles (25-80831)
    (1 - 25-79932) (DELLENBACH)
    (1 - 25-79047) (GARAWAY)
    (1 - 25-79026) (MARVIN GLUCK)
    (1 - 25-79580) (SHERNA GLUCK)
    (1 - 25-79903) (PALMER)
    (1 - 25-79121) (TEMPLIN)
    (1 - 100-70116) (THE RESISTANCE)

L LOS ANGELES

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA: Upon receipt of results of Seattle investigation will present this matter to the United States Attorney.

ADMINISTRATIVE

The source referred to herein is FOIA(b)(7) - (D) who furnished information to SA JOHN L. ROBERTS.

- B* -
COVER PAGE

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1 - USA, Los Angeles

Report of: JAMES S. IRVING
Office: Los Angeles, California
Date: 7/10/68

Field Office File #: 25-80831
Bureau File #: 25-562049

Title: KAREN ELAINE DELLENBACH

Character: SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT, 1948 - COUNSELING SEDITION; DESERTER - HARBORING

Synopsis: Manager of motel in Port Angeles, Washington, unable to identify photo of FREDERICK WAYNE ESPENSCHADE. MAGERKURTH recalled name of individual travelling to Canada with him as FRED ESPENSCHADE and picked out photo of same as person who was in Los Angeles with him. MAGERKURTH to be shipped to Vietnam. Record of money order for $60.00 payable to GREG ROBB, Air Crest Motel, Port Angeles, Washington, dated 11/19/67 located. FOIA(b)(7) - (D) GARAWAY indicted by FBI in Los Angeles on 6/5/68 for failure to submit to induction on 3/12/68.

- P -

DETAILS:

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

The following investigation was conducted by Special Agent ERNEST C. SMITH:

PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON

On 5/13/68 Mrs. DAVID CHERPESKE, Aircraft Motel, was exhibited a copy of the photograph of FREDERICK WAYNE ESPENSCHADE which she stated she could not positively identify it. She indicated that it had been so long since she had observed the two individuals questioned that all she could say was the individual in the photograph might resemble in physical features, indicating size, narrow face, etc. the person in question but could not positively state that the photograph was the individual residing in her motel as GREG ROBB.

A check of the motel records revealed that the city in which NANCY HARPER resided was Seattle.

An attempt to determine the motel telephone records the long distance from the motel telephone records, the long distance telephone number in Los Angeles was negative.

Mrs. CHERPESKE advised that she maintains her telephone records only until she has received the telephone company bill at which time she destroys them and therefore this number cannot be obtained from the motel.

AT SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

On April 30, 1968, MARY CARTER, Clerk, Records Section, Base Locater, Camp Pendleton, California, advised a review of her records reflect that ROY IRVIN MAGERKAURTH, MSN 2370344, is currently assigned to Marine Recruit Depot, San Diego, California, as a student.

On May 20, 1698, Sergeant J. E. BEENE, U. S. Marine Corps Recruit Depot, California, advised that ROY IRVIN MAGERKAURTH is designated to return to Staging Battalion, Camp Pendleton, California, on May 31, 1968. MAGERKAURTH went on military leave from May 10, 1968 through May 31, 1968. He will be at Camp Pendleton for approximately 30 days prior to being shipped to Vietnam.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1

Date June 26, 1968

ROY IRVIN MAGERKAURTH, Marine Serial Number 2370344, Schools Battalion, was interviewed.

At the outset of the interview, prior to any questioning, MAGERKAURTH stated "I remember that guy's name. It's FRED ESPENSCHADE."

When questioned concerning this comment, MAGERKAURTH stated that he went on unauthorized absence from Camp Pendleton, California, on November 13, 1967, and traveled directly to Los Angeles, California, where he met FRED ESPENSCHADE. He stated that he met ESPENSCHADE through a "resistance type organization" and with the aid of this organization traveled with FRED ESPENSCHADE to Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada.

MAGERKAURTH advised that he was previously interviewed by FBI Agents regarding this matter but at the time of interview was unable to recall the address of the "resistance type organization" in Los Angeles, California. He advised that upon pondering the matter in his mind, he believes the address of the organization is 123 or 143 Broxton Avenue, Los Angeles, California. He advised that the organization occupies an office in a large red brick building which is situated near the University of California at Los Angeles. He further advised that situated across the street from the organization's office is a Rexall Drug Store.

At the conclusion of the interview, a series of the following photographs were displayed to MAGERKAURTH whereon he identified the photograph of FREDERICK ESPENSCHADE as the individual who accompanied him with the assistance of the resistance organization from Los Angeles, California, to Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada:

JERRY LYNN YOUNG, born October 2, 1942, at Russellville, Alabama;

LESLIE EARL TABB, Marine Serial Number 1968540;

On 6/20/68 at Camp Pendleton, California File # SD 25-21550

by SA HERBERT H. [illegible], Jr.: kdw Date dictated 6/21/68

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FOIA(b)(6)

FREDERICK WAYNE ESPENSCHADE, [redacted]

FOIA(b)(6)
FOIA(b)(7) - (C)

[redacted]

AT MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

A source advised that Western Union records show an application for Money Order, dated November 19, 1967, at Inglewood, California, in the amount of $60.00 payable to GREG ROBB, Air Crest Motel, Port Angeles, Washington, sender JACK DUNN, 218 East Regent, telephone OR 3-5666, with the message, "Catch 11:00! Conserve Money! We love you. More Money - Vancouver."

Receipt dated November 20, 1967, at Port Angeles, Washington, shows payment and bears the handwritten signature of payee GREG ROBB.

The original documents will be retained at the Money Order Audit Bureau, Western Union Telegraph Company, Minneapolis, Minnesota, but will be available for prosecution purposes only upon the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, which should be directed to the Manager of Western Union in the city wherein prosecution is had.

AT HULL, CANADA

On March 29, 1968, FREDERICK WAYNE ESPENSCHADE, was interviewed by Royal Canadian Mounted Police authorities when found in a stolen car in Hull, Canada. During this interview, ESPENSCHADE related the following:

ESPENSCHADE advised that he had been residing with his parents at 373 Harboard Street, Rexburg, Idaho. Only about eight persons per year from the State of Idaho join the U. S. Marines, so he felt that he would gain some sort of recognition if he enlisted in the Marine Corps. He enlisted in the U. S. Marines on the express condition that he be a tank mechanic. Shortly after enlistment, however, he was transferred to Advanced Reconnaissance. He claimed that the average life in Vietnam of a member of an Advanced Reconnaissance patrol was approximately five months. Because of this, he wanted no part of the Marine Corps and deserted on three different occasions. He was arrested by M. P.s in Los Angeles and returned to his unit to spend various periods of time in the brig. On the third occasion he was arrested by the Military Police at his home and given Stragglers Orders which, in effect, orders him to return to his unit within 24 hours. This he refused to do and joined the "hippie" colony in Los Angeles. While in Los Angeles, he learned of what he called the Underground Resistance Organization to the War in Vietnam who helped young people leave the country and supplied them with false identification and money. He contacted this organization and was hidden in a cabin in the hills outside of Los Angeles with five or six other people like himself. ESPENSCHADE claimed that he could not recall the names of anyone who first brought him this information or the names of anyone connected therewith, however, he did supply the address, 131 Brockston Street, Westwood, Los Angeles, as being a contact point for the draft resistance. While with this resistance group he was supplied with a false Los Angeles Waterworks Driver's Card and a false draft card in the name of GREG ROBB. He drove a truck for a short time for the Los Angeles Waterworks while waiting exit from the country. Early in January 1968, the Resistance Organization provided him with about $40.00 and he left for Canada with another Marine deserter named DON NICKOLS (?). In Seattle, Washington, he obtained a Western Airline identification card which he completed in the name of GREG ROBB and changed his birth date to FOIA(b)(6) FOIA(b)(6) He entered at Victoria, B. C., stating that he would be staying only three or four days. He was not asked by the Immigration Officer to produce any identification. ESPENSCHADE, NICKOLS and an unknown girl that they had picked up in Seattle, spent three or four days in the Alcazar Motel in Vancouver. They then left the girl and travelled by train to Saskatchewan. Before leaving Vancouver, however, they had sent a wire to the Underground via the Draft Resistance address in Los Angeles and were wired $50.00 to help them on their way. When they reached Regina, NICKOLS advised that he was returning to the United States and ESPENSCHADE believes that he did. Before entering Canada, ESPENSCHADE claims to have destroyed the Los Angeles Waterworks Driver's Card and the draft card.

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

On June 5, 1968, the Federal Grand Jury sitting at Los Angeles, California returned a true bill indictment charging WILLIAM DAVID GARAWAY with a violation of Title 50, U. S. C. Appendix, Section 462, in that he failed to report for induction into the armed forces on March 12, 1968.

SAC, NEW YORK CITY (14-382) 8/2/68

SAC, PHOENIX (25-15375) P

THE RESISTANCE
SSA-48; SEDITION

OO: New York City

Enclosed for information New York and Los Angeles are Xerox copies of a letter from PETE BRAY, JR., to Governor JACK WILLIAMS of Arizona; a letter from BRAY to the President; and a pamphlet which BRAY alleges is being distributed in Arizona.

On 8/2/68, FOIA(b)(7) - (D) Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph Company, Phoenix, Arizona, advised that Tucson telephone number 263-1670 is listed to Pima Friends Meeting, 739 N. 5th Street, Tucson, Arizona.

LEADS:

THE LOS ANGELES DIVISION

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

Will, if not already done, determine the connection of the listed organizations in the Los Angeles area with THE RESISTANCE.

THE PHOENIX DIVISION

AT PHOENIX, ARIZONA

Will interview PETE BRAY, JR., 3050 W. Pima, to determine identity of individuals distributing literature in Phoenix area.

AT TUCSON, ARIZONA

Will determine connection of Pima Friends Meeting with THE RESISTANCE.

2 - New York City - Enc. (3)
2 - Los Angeles (100-70116) - Enc. (3)
3 - Phoenix

RWR:dsn
(7)

100-70116-345

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____
AUG 5 - 1968
FBI—LOS ANGELES

send the ... resume

July
Phoenix

To Governor Jack Williams:

Dear Sir,

Enclosed please find a [illegible] that is being distributed in Phoenix in my opinion, a very subversive group. I dont know whether there is any State laws being broken. In any case, I think your Atty General should check.

Yours truly,
Pete Bray Jr
3050 W. Pima
Phoenix, Arizona

P.S. Enclosed also is a copy of a letter I have mail to our President along with one of the pamplets.

100-70116-344

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___
AUG 5 - 1968
FBI—LOS ANGELES

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___
AUG 2 1968
FBI—PHOENIX

BEST POSSIBLE IMAGE.

July 12, 1968

Office of the President
White House
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. President,

Enclosed you wil find a piece of literature being distributed, in my opinion, by a very subversive group. Mr. President, the questions I wish to ask are these, why are such groups allowed to flaunt the law with open subversion, while the innocent citizen is being persecuted? Why are you so strong for gun control aimed at the innocent citizen, who has not broken the law? For instance, I own a hand gun. This gun was bought for the sole purpose of self defense. Believe me, Mr. President, if you had to live as the average citizen lives, you would also own a gun. The only people protected today are the criminals and the communist subversion groups, similar to the ones that distributed the enclosed flyer. We are spending billions of dollars to fight the communists and subversive groups outside the United States, while inside we are being torn to pieces by the same groups. Not one single conviction of any person or groups such as these, has stood when taken to the Supreme Court.

Mr. President, would you please answer this question: am I sick for owning a gun for the sole purpose of protecting my person or home, or is it the rapist, robber, arsonist, and murderer, and above all, the courts that refuse to confine these people? Please tell me-who is sick? If you had cancer of the foot, would you recommend removal of the brain, or amputation of the foot?

I have listened to your Attorney General explain time after time that the people should turn in their weapons and let the law protect them. Pray tell me, What law, Mr. President? The Supreme Court has reversed the law, and it seems you have no protection under the law until you commit murder, arson, rape and riot, then, Mr. President, the law comes to your rescue! If you should happen to be convicted in some lower court, the highest court in the land will see that you are set free.

Yes, Mr. President, I'm sick! Sick of being told how sick I am, because soom kook gets hold of a gun and commits a murder, knowing full well that a sick high court will set him free. I, for one, think your Attorney General would be doing his country a big favor to stop barn-storming for gun control, and do a little barn-storming for stronger laws and controls on subversive organizations.
If he does, he just might find that the decent American gun owner is not America's greatest enemyy but her greatest FRIEND!

Sincerly yours,

Pete Bray Jr.
3050 W. Pima St.
Phoenix, Arizona

100-70116-343

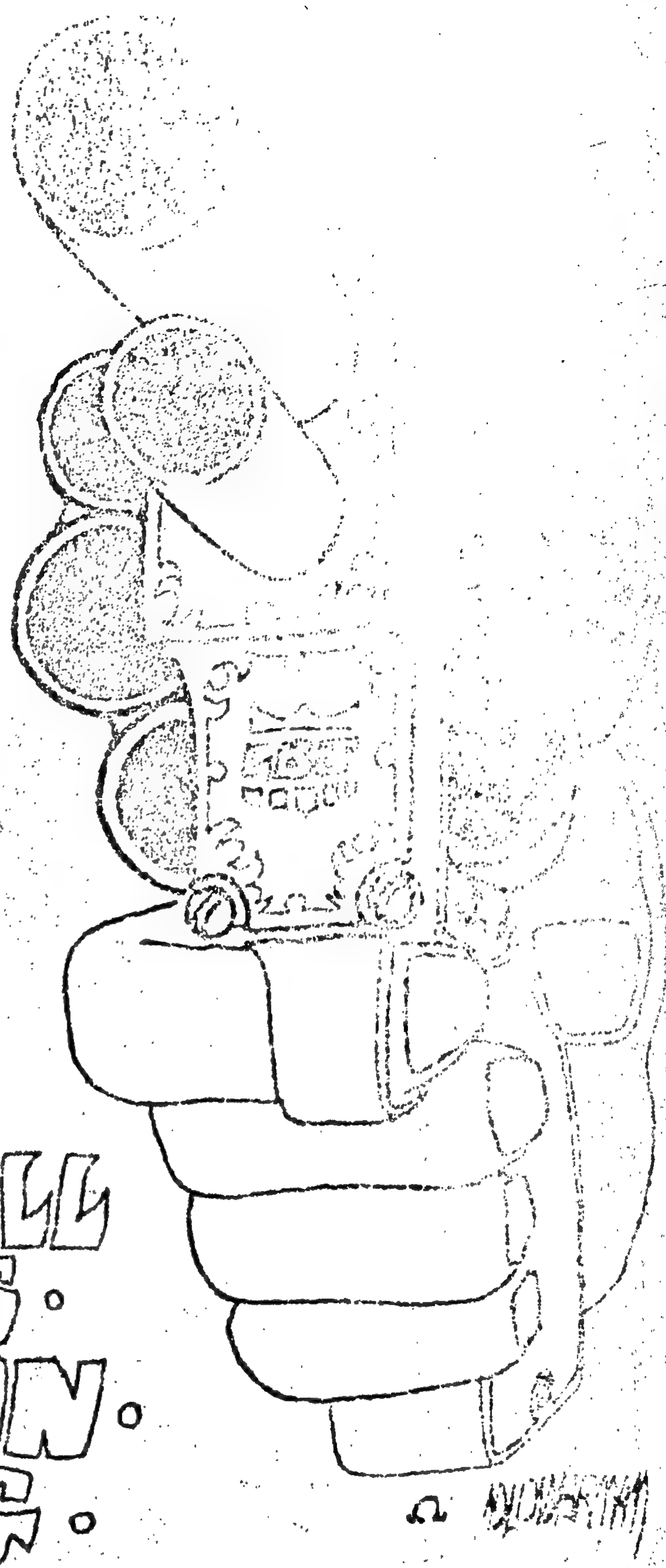
SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____
AUG 5 - 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED ____
SERIALIZED ____ FILED ____
AUG 2 1968
FBI — PHOENIX

BEST POSSIBLE IMAGE.

WANTS YOU

IF THE FEELING IS NOT MUTUAL. BE SURE YOU KNOW ALL THE ALTERNATIVES. FREE INFORMATION. FREE COUNSELING.



GENERAL DRAFT COUNSELING
L.A. AREA

THE RESISTANCE
1355 Westwood Blvd., Rm 201
Westwood, 473-6410, 879-9440

1015 N. Madison
Los Angeles, 666-1961

30 N. Raymond, Rm 201
Pasadena, 681-8935

East L. A. Peace Center
2718½ Broodlyn Ave.
Los Angeles, 264-3426

Lynn Shoemaker
734-4745

Barbara Brittin
451-9320, 625-2169

War Resisters League
654-4491

Venice Draft Information Service
1031 W. Washington
Venice, [illegible]-5812, 392-2073

Valley Peace Center
7105 [illegible]venhurst
Van Nuys, 787-6925

BLACK COMMUNITY

Black Anti-Draft Union
750-8007, 293-3212

BRAWFO
7717 South Central
Los Angeles, 735-5963

Freedom Draft Movement
1010 Sixth Ave.
Los Angeles, 731-9578

OUTSIDE L. A.

Orange County Peace Center
Santa Ana, (714) 836-8669

San Diego
Sandy Turner
232-8866

Santa Barbara
(805) 967-1549

Riverside
(714) 682-8811

Long Beach Peace Center
433-9079, 439-4873

TUCSON 623-1670

BEST POSSIBLE IMAGE.

[illegible] LEADERS SAY

GEN. MATTHEW B. RIDGWAY *Commander of U.S. forces during the Korean War, writes:* [illegible]

"It is my firm belief that there is nothing in the present situation or in our code that requires us to [illegible] the atomic age."

GENERAL DAVID M. SHOUP *Former Commandant of the U.S. Marine Corps, speaking at the 10th [illegible] Pierce College, Los Angeles, 14 May 1966.*

"You read, you're televised to, you're radioed to, you're preached to, that it is necessary that we have [illegible] killed and maimed, and kill and maim other human beings including women and children because now is the [illegible] of unwanted ideology from creeping up on this nation. The place we chose to do this is 8,000 miles away with water [illegible]

"The reasons fed to us are too shallow and narrow for students, as well as other citizens. Especially so, when [illegible] is happening, no matter how carefully and slowly the military escalation has progressed, may be projecting us toward [illegible] Surely, it is confusing . . .

"I want to tell you, I don't think the whole of South East Asia, as related to the present and future safety and freedom [illegible] of this country, is worth the life or limb of a single American . . .

"I believe that if we had and would keep our dirty, bloody, dollar-crooked fingers out of the business of these nations [illegible] depressed, exploited people, they will arrive at a solution of their own. That they design and want. That they fight and work for. And if unfortunately their revolution must be of the violent type because the "haves" refuse to share with the "have-nots" by any peaceful method, at least what they get will be their own, and not the American style, which they don't want and above all don't want crammed down their throats by Americans."

LT. GENERAL JAMES GAVIN *Testifying before the U.S. Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, 21 February 1966.*

". . . bombing attacks intended to achieve psychological impact through the killing of noncombatants is unquestionably wrong. Likewise the attack of targets near areas highly populated by civilians, where civilians are likely to be casualties, is also militarily as well as morally wrong . . .

"I believe that we can negotiate with Hanoi and with the National Liberation Front confident that a free, neutral and independent Vietnam can be established, with guarantees of stability from an international body."

REAR ADMIRAL ARNOLD E. TRUE *Writing to the Editor of the Palo Alto (Calif.) Times, 3 March, 1966.*

"We can end the Vietnam fiasco without dishonor by (1) dealing with the Vietcong as a major party to the war, (2) implement the Geneva Accords, (3) withdrawing our troops and (4) letting the Vietnamese settle their own problems . . .

"General Ky is naturally willing to fight to the last American soldier and the last American dollar. It is about time that Americans should make their own decisions and stop blabbing about 'commitments' and saying 'It is up to Hanoi'."

100-70116-342

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
AUG 5 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES

BEST POSSIBLE IMAGE.

[illegible]

[illegible] RIDGWAY *Commander of U.S. forces during the Korean War, writing [illegible]*

"It is my firm belief that there is nothing in the present situation or in our code that requires us to [illegible]"

GENERAL DAVID M. SHOUP *Former Commandant of the U.S. Marine Corps, speaking at the 10th [illegible] Pierce College, Los Angeles, 14 May 1966.*

"You read, you're televised to, you're radioed to, you're preached to, that it is necessary that we have [illegible] killed and maimed, and kill and maim other human beings including women and children because now is the [illegible] of unwanted ideology from creeping up on this nation. The place we chose to do this is 8,000 miles away [illegible]

"The reasons fed to us are too shallow and narrow for students, as well as other citizens. Especially so, when [illegible] is happening, no matter how carefully and slowly the military escalation has progressed, may be projecting us towards [illegible] Surely, it is confusing . . .

"I want to tell you, I don't think the whole of South East Asia, as related to the present and future safety and [illegible] of this country, is worth the life or limb of a single American . . .

"I believe that if we had and would keep our dirty, bloody, dollar-crooked fingers out of the business of these [illegible] depressed, exploited people, they will arrive at a solution of their own. That they design and want. That they fight [illegible] if unfortunately their revolution must be of the violent type because the "haves" refuse to share with the "have-nots" [illegible] method, at least what they get will be their own, and not the American style, which they don't want and above all don't [illegible] down their throats by Americans."

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BRIG. GENERAL HUGH B. HESTER *Writing to Veterans for Peace in Vietnam, 8 May, 1967.*

"I opposed U.S. involvement in Indo-China in 1954, as did General Ridgway, then Chief of Staff of the U.S. Army (see his book Soldier: Memoirs of Matthew B. Ridgway). Both of us feared this would involve U.S. ground forces in the jungles and swamps of Asia against the almost limitless Asian masses.

"I have opposed every increase in that involvement since. I oppose the Vietnamese War now, not only because it is being waged in violation of the U.S. Constitution and U.S. treaty obligations under the U.N. Charter, but also because it is in violation of the basic interests of the American people. The Vietnam War is not a war of self-defense or even of general self-interest. It is a war in the profit interests of only a very few.

"I therefore support those veterans of previous wars who are planning protests and demonstrations in Washington, D.C., on Memorial Day, against the Johnson Administration war of aggression against the Vietnamese people. This is an illegal, immoral and wholly unnecessary war.

"And I hope that these veterans now working for a sane American future will take this opportunity to set up an effective organization, perhaps along a loose confederation line, to work for a prompt end to a war which is betraying our great traditions as a free, just and peace-loving people.

"I know of no more fitting or proper task for men who have demonstrated their devotion and loyalty to the American people by risking their lives in combat, than by protesting against the terribly dangerous and unnecessary war the Johnson Administration is imposing upon the people of Vietnam. Their action, I believe, in doing these things, constitutes the exercise of patriotism in its very highest form."

the resistance

1355 Westwood Blvd. #201
Los Angeles, Calif.
473-6410, 879-9440

1015 N. Madison
Los Angeles, Calif.
666-1961

30 N. Raymond #201
Pasadena, Calif.
681-2035

BEST POSSIBLE IMAGE.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-71526) DATE: 8/8/68

FROM: SA WILLIAM G. ATHERTON

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS)
EL CAMINO COLLEGE
IS-C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Report on SDS at El Camino College, Gardena, Calif.	7/24/68	Writer	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Source's report is quoted as follows:

"Students for a Democratic Society:
El Camino College

"HISTORY: The El Camino College chapter of the SDS came into being in mid-November of 1967. It was founded by three El Camino Students: IVOR WOODWARD, MITCH CARLISLE, and DAN DOWNER, of the three only IVOR WOODWARD was a member of the S.D.S. The founders of the E.C.C. - S.D.S. came into contact with one another through the now defunct El Camino Peace Organization.

CC: FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

100-71001	(IVOR WOODWARD)
100-71776	(MITCHELL CARLISLE)
100-71775	(DAN DOWNER)
100-71558	(RUSS WEBBER)
100-70116	(THE RESISTANCE)
100-69835	(STUDENT POWER PARTY)
157-2377	(BLACK STUDENT UNION, EL CAMINO COLLEGE)
100-63822	(SNCC)
100-69928	(VIETNAM SUMMER COMMITTEE)
100-61745	(WSP)

WGA:LAL
(12)
lal

Read by WLG

100-70116-348

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___
AUG 8 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES

"MEMBERSHIP: Like most other organizations of a similar nature the membership of the E.C.C.-S.D.S. varies from one meeting to the next. At any given time the ECC-SDS has approximately 25 regular members and about three times that number active sympathizers who sometimes attend meetings. Below is a list of the more active SDS members and their duties. (Note: as SDS has no official titles or duties on the local leval all the information on the individual members is my own interpretation of their duties).

"IVOR WOODWARD - The 'organizer,' associated with the SDS since 1964. More responsible for the establishment of the SDS at El Camino than any other person. IVOR is the unofficial head of the S.D.S. at El Camino.

"MITCH CARLISLE - MITCH is the behind-the-scenes planner for the ECC - SDS. He is responsible for almost all of the political theory, projects, and printed material for the SDS at El Camino.

"RUSS WEBBER - RUSS WEBBER's main function to the El Camino SDS is to represent them at the regional and national SDS meetings, as well as meetings of other organizations.

"The ECC-SDS members have no rigid set of duties however, it is not uncommon to trade duties.

"RELATED ORGANIZATIONS - As the Students for a Democratic Society does not conote a favorable public image to many El Camino students the ECC-SDS does much of its work on campus through organizations it controls or partially controls. Below are a list of those organizations.

"EL CAMINO PEACE ORGANIZATION - The first left of center political group on the ECC campus. MITCH CARLISLE and DAN DOWNER on steering committee.

"CAMPUS FORUM: Independent bi-monthly student magazine. SDS secretly supplies use of printing presses in return for editorial rights.

"CAMPUS ACTION COMMITTEE - Established by SDS members and sympathizers, set up free speech forum and picketing squads.

"STUDENT COMMITTEE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A RESPONSIBLE BUDGET: Committee made up of Young Republicans and SDS to look into graft in school finances.

"RESISTANCE - Works with SDS to set up both on and off campus draft counciling.

"STUDENT POWER PARTY - El Camino political party which ran SDS candidates for student council officers.

"BLACK STUDENT UNION - Recently established, plans partnership with SDS for coming semester.

"Off campus groups such as SNCC, L.A. Defense Fund, Vietnam Summer Committee, and Women's Strike for Peace as well as other S.D.S. chapters help supply speakers, loans, printed material, office space, legal aid etc."

ACTION:

Source was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could add nothing further.

All necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

INDEX:

EL CAMINO PEACE ORGANIZATION
"CAMPUS FORUM"
CAMPUS ACTION COMMITTEE
STUDENT COMMITTEE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT
    OF A RESPONSIBLE BUDGET
YOUNG REPUBLICANS
LOS ANGELES DEFENSE FUND

FD-302 (Rev. 4-15-64)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date August 14, 1968

FOIA(b)(7) - (D) University-Westwood Branch, Crocker Citizens National Bank, 10925 Kinross Avenue, Los Angeles, California advised that account #453431, in the name of "Supporters of the Resistance", 1355 Westwood Boulevard, Los Angeles, has a current balance of $395.16. Statements for this account are submitted on a monthly basis.

The following checks are noted to have been drawn against this account:

Check No.	Date	Amount	Payee	Endorser	Maker
124	7/16/68	$30.00	Cash	none	DLO
126	7/17/68	150.00	DENNIS DURBY	"	GN
127	7/19/68	15.00	Cash	DAVID BOLDUC	DB
121	7/10/68	76.89	Pacific Telephone	Pacific Telephone Company (stamped)	SG
122	7/10/68	22.58	Bookbinders Co.	Bookbinders Co. (stamped)	SG
117	7/15/68	100.00	GEORGE TRAFTON	George E. Trafton Bldg.Acct.(stamped)	SG
118	7/10/68	50.00	ELISE OHRBACH	ELISE OHRBACH	SG
128	7/20/68	10.60	Parkwood Camera	Parkwood Camera Stores,Inc.(stamped)	DB
113	7/22/68	50.00	KAREN DELLENBACH	none	DLO
125	7/19/68	20.00	Cash	DAVID BOLDUC	DB
129	7/24/68	40.00	Cash	" "	DB
132	7/26/68	47.00	Cash	BILL GARAWAY	DB

On 8/13/68 at Los Angeles, California File # 100-70116 -347

by SA FREDERICK J. PETERSEN Date dictated 8/14/68

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Check No.	Date	Amount	Payee	Endorser	Maker
131	7/26/68	$70.00	Cash	DAVID BOLDUC	DB
138	7/30/68	20.00	Cash	none	DB
136	7/26/68	5.78	Parkwood Camera	DAVID LAWRENCE BOLDUC 666 Bonhill,L.A.90049 473-6410 Lic.#5111297 Parkwood Camera(stamped)	DB
135	7/26/68	77.49	General Telephone Co.	Gen.Tel.Co.(stamped)	DB
134	7/26/68	59.15	" " "	" " " "	DB
139	8/1/68	20.00	Cash	none	DLO
130	7/24/68	30.00	Supporters of Resistance	Supporters of the Resistance	DB
133	7/26/68	150.00	" " "	ditto 2819 Francis Ave., Los Angeles,Calif.	DB
140	8/5/68	20.00	Cash	NORMAN WITTY	DB
141	8/5/68	20.00	Cash	DAVID BOLDUC	DB
137	7/27/68	37.95	Ditty's	Ditty's Stationery and Printing(stamped)	DB

FD-263 (Rev. 3-8-67)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE LOS ANGELES	OFFICE OF ORIGIN LOS ANGELES	DATE 8/14/68	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 6/25/68 - 7/29/68	
TITLE OF CASE KAREN ELAINE DELLENBACH, aka ET AL 25-80881		REPORT MADE BY JAMES S. IRVING		TYPED BY dld
		CHARACTER OF CASE SSA, 1948 - COUNSELING; SEDITION; DESERTER - HARBORING		

REFERENCE: Los Angeles report of SA JAMES S. IRVING, 7/10/68.

- P -

LEADS

Info copy being designated for Butte inasmuch as that office is origin in a deserter case involving one of the persons who went to Canada with the alleged help of captioned individuals.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED NONE

CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES	ACQUIT-TALS

CASE HAS BEEN:

PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☒ NO

PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☒ NO

APPROVED SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

COPIES MADE:

SEE COVER PAGE B

9-Los Angeles

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

100-70116-348

SEARCHED
INDEXED
SERIALIZED
FILED

Dissemination Record of Attached Report				
Agency				
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd.				
How Fwd.				
By				

Notations

★ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1967 O—273-877

Copies

3 - Bureau (25-562049)
1 - USA, Los Angeles
1 - Butte (42-6219) (Info)
2 - Chicago (CADRE)
    (1 - 25-49353) (TEMPLIN)
1 - Cleveland (25-21442) (MARVIN GLUCK) (Info)
1 - Sacramento (25-925) (ROBB) (Info)
9 - Los Angeles
    (1 - 25-79932) (DELLENBACH)
    (1 - 25-79047) (GARAWAY)
    (1 - 25-79026) (MARVIN GLUCK)
    (1 - 25-79580) (SHERNA GLUCK)
    (1 - 25-79903) (PALMER)
    (1 - 25-79121) (TEMPLIN)
    (1 - 100-70116) (THE RESISTANCE)

LOS ANGELES

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA: (1) Will present this matter to the United States Attorney, Los Angeles.

(2) Will request Legat, Ottawa, to ascertain if Canadian authorities are going to return FREDERICK WAYNE ESPENSCHADE to the U.S.

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1 - USA, Los Angeles

Report of: JAMES S. IRVING **Office:** Los Angeles, California
Date: 8/14/68

Field Office File #: 25-80831 **Bureau File #:** 25-562049

Title: KAREN ELAINE DELLENBACH

Character: SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT, 1948 - COUNSELING; SEDITION; DESERTER - HARBORING

Synopsis: ESPENSCHADE and MAGERKURTH were in the company of NANCY HARPER, when at Port Angeles, Washington. NANCY KARLSSON, nee Harper, presently residing in Alberta, Canada.

- P -

DETAILS:

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

AT RENTON, WASHINGTON

On June 25, 1968, DIANE CHRISTENSON, manager of the Wonderland Trailer Court, 15283 Oak Drive, advised that she has only been manager for two months and has no records predating that but says that DAVID CHERPESKE does not at present live in the trailer court and has not for the past two months.

On June 26, 1968, a review of the records of The Boeing Company reflected that DAVID CHERPESKE, JR., resided at 14440 - 59th St. South, Tukwila, Washington.

AT TUKWILA, WASHINGTON

On July 17, 1968, JACQUELYN WERNSING, manager, Viewcrest Apartments, 14440 - 59th St. South, Tukwila, Washington, advised SA CLAUDE J. AUCOIN, JR., that DAVID CHERPESKE moved from the Viewcrest Apartments on February 1, 1968, and left no forwarding address.

AT PORT ANGELES, WASHINGTON

On July 18, 1968, the mother of DAVID CHERPESKE advised SA ERNEST C. SMITH that DAVID is presently residing at 9623 South 248th St., Kent, Washington.

FD-302 (Rev. 4-15-64)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 8/2/68

1

DAVID CHERPESKE, 9623 South 248th St., Kent, Washington, advised that one weekend last fall he traveled to Port Angeles, Washington, to his mother's motel, The Aircrest Motel, where he was to meet his girlfriend, NANCY HARPER. He said that his girlfriend wanted to get married and that he was going to Port Angeles to tell her that he was not of the same mind.

He said that when he arrived at the motel it was about 9 p.m. He said that he talked to his mother awhile, ate supper, then went to see NANCY. He said when she answered the door there were two white males in her room watching television. She introduced DAVID to them and told DAVID that she had met the two on a bus ride from Seattle to Port Angeles. DAVID said that she gave him the impression that she did not know the two boys before. DAVID said this was quite possible since NANCY HARPER is an extremely friendly girl.

CHERPESKE said that he does not recall the names of the two individuals.

CHERPESKE stated that one of the individuals was about 6'3" tall, with a slight build, and wore a shirt and pants. CHERPESKE said that he had a very short crew cut. This individual told CHERPESKE that he had been in the Marine Corps and had recently come back from Vietnam. CHERPESKE said he doubted this story because this individual did not use "service lingo". This individual also said that the two boys were going to Canada but he gave no reason for going.

CHERPESKE said that he does not recall the description of the second individual at all except that he was shorter than the first. He does recall that this second individual told him that he was going to Canada to avoid the draft.

CHERPESKE said that he talked to the individuals for about ten minutes and did not see them again. He said

On 7/29/68 at Kent, Washington File # 25-21328

by SA CLAUDE J. AUCOIN:pla Date dictated 7/30/68

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he spoke to NANCY in the hall for another few minutes then left.

He said that when he awoke the next day his mother told him that NANCY HARPER and the two boys had taken the 7 a.m. ferry to Victoria, B.C.

CHERPESKE said that he got a letter several weeks later from NANCY HARPER postmarked Vancouver, B.C. He said that NANCY did not mention the two boys in the letter. He said he believed NANCY HARPER is still in Canada.

CHERPESKE was exhibited photographs of FREDERICK WAYNE ESPENSCHADE and RAY IRVIN MAGERKURTH. CHERPESKE said that he could not positively identify either of the photographs as being identical to the two individuals mentioned above. He did state, however, that the photograph of ESPENSCHADE looked similar to the taller of the two individuals. He stated that if he saw the two individuals in person he might be able to identify them.

AT BURIEN, WASHINGTON

On July 16, 1968, Mrs. PAUL G. HARPER, 1626 Southwest 156th, telephone CH 4-7808, advised her daughter, NANCY, is now married to RALPH KARLSSON, 1705 - 11th Avenue Southwest, Apartment 3, Calgary, Alberta, Canada.

Mrs. HARPER stated the names of subjects MAGERKURTH and ROBB are not familiar to her.

O F F I C E   M E M O R A N D U M   UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-71209)   DATE: 8/26/68

FROM: SA RICHARD J. RAYSA

SUBJECT: DOW ACTION COMMITTEE (DAC)
IS - C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	DAC meeting on 8/5/68.	8/12/68	Writer	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Source's report has been Xeroxed and is attached.

CC: 1 - CHICAGO (REGISTERED)
100- (DEMONSTRATION AGAINST DOW CHEMICAL CO.)

2 - SAN FRANCISCO (REGISTERED)
100- (PORT CHICAGO PEACE VIGIL)
100- (BISHOP JAMES PIKE)

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

100-70444 (MARCIA SILVERSTEIN)
100-71958 (JERRY DEMPSEY)
100-71964 (CECILE SMITH)
100-70629 (MORRIS KIGHT) (RI-B)
100-68137 (WILLIAM BEASLEY)
100-70073 (PFP)
100-71444 (ROBERT GIGLIO)
100-71283 (ROSE MATHEWS) (SI)
100-63398 (JOE PYNE)
100-70116 (THE RESISTANCE)
100-66519 (SDS)
100-70663 ("OPEN CITY")
100-67821 (VETERANS FOR PEACE)
100-70759 ("PEACE HAPPENINGS")
100-66026 ("LOS ANGELES FREE PRESS")

100-17375 (SWP)
100-70704 (LEWIS STONEHAM)
100-70668 (DEMONSTRATIONS AGAINST DOW CHEMICAL CO.)
100-71747 (LARRY ALLEN)
100-63555 (LARRY SPARKS)
100-71830 (JAMES DOYLE)
100-71535 (MARION STONEHAM)

100-70116-349

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___
AUG 26 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES

RJR-pag
(27) pag

Read by ______

LA 100-71209

ACTION:

Source was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could add nothing further.

All necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

INDEX:
- JIM BOGGIO
- EDMUND GREY
- BOB JONES
- JOHN BRYAN
- JANELL ALDEN
- JIM W. CLARK
- BOB LARKIN
- NORMAN GREENFIELD

D.A.C. Meeting

AUG
~~July~~ 7, 1968

Date- Monday, - Aug. 5, 1968

Location- 619 S. Bonnie Brae St., L.A. (Freedom Center Bldg.)

Duration- 8:30 p.m.- 10:30 p.m.

No. Present- Approx. 22

Rec. Sect.- Marcia Silverstein

Chairman- Jim Boggio (Vets for Peace member, D.A.C. member)

Agenda-

Meeting opened and financial report given by Jerry Dempsey. No publicity report given by Cecile Smith, who stated she had none ready, but, if persons would let her know what they wanted her to write(plans, dates, etc.) she would turn them into the newspapers, as not having been at some of the events and not knowing what was happening, she didn't know what to print, due to things being planned, then changed sometimes, at last minute, then wasn't even informed of change so it could be corrected.

On finances, $25 was paid to Morris. Marcia suggested payment be made on an old, long overdue bill to an Art Supply Co. $61 was collected at a fund-raising(D.A.C. and P.& F.) party, held, at last minute(Bill Beasley had gotten angry at last D.A.C. meeting and called it off for D.A.C. participation, however, everything got patched up at the residence where party was to be held and party took place, at last minute). Party took place at 970 S. St. Andrews Place, Sat., Aug. 3, 8:30 p.m., lasting until 2:30 a.m. when Morris suggest it break up. $18 left, in bank. Office rent has been dropped to $25 per month, by P.&F. to D.A.C. the last month and therefore, with overpayment paid, D.A.C. is paid until Oct. 1, so Marcia felt D.A.C. doesn't have any worry. Several donations received in mail.

Edmund Grey spoke on campaign rally of P.&F. party, Sat., Aug. 3, at Elysian Park. Stated he felt he had been kicked in the head by a mule, when the ballots were counted and it was said he'd received only 6 votes. 21 was supposed to have voted for him. He demmanded a recount of the cast ballots and wanted D.A.C. members, who had been there and could swear as to their having voted for him, to please do so. Rose and Robert Giglio asked him if it were too late for those who hadn't been there to vote for him now, so he could get the one delegate for the National Convention, he needed. Rose, when Ed said it was too late, asked him if persons could say they had been there and had voted for him, sign the affadavit. Ed said no, as if there were not as many ballots, in the recount, as signatures on the affadvits, then there could be an investigation on false signed statements and trouble. Morris suggested that Ed try, now, to build the P.&F. party internally and strengthen it and work now, in this way, doing his bit for the future of the party, since he wasn't able to see a future at the Nat. Convention without a delegate. Ed left immediately after this remark.

It was voted not to get a temporary liquor license(probably $20) for [illegible]raising party to take place this Sat., Aug. 10, at 970 S. [illegible]lace, 8:30 or 9 p.m.

Morris will do a taping on the Joe Pyne show, Mon., Aug. 12, at 6 p.m. and for members to be there at 5:45 p.m. He will debate against Bob Jones, Dow Chemical Co. representative. 150 tickets had been asked by Morris, however, person in charge said they will see how many they can give him. Morris wants various peace groups members to be there, not to question him, perhaps, but question Mr. Jones about Dow Chemical Co. Hoped Resistance and S.D.S. might come, and publicity will be in the Open City, asking this request. Station said they must stay until after 7:30 p.m. as it will be in sequences(taping), advertisements, etc. Regular D.A.C. meeting will take place, afterwards, at regular meeting place.

Truong Dinh Dzu, peace candidate in Saigon, who had been imprisoned for 5 years(fined $27, 711 also) will be supported by Vets for Peace and D.A.C. He has a daughter at U.C.L.A. and son at Stanford. Daughter feels her father will be shot and is very worried, feeling nothing can help him. An appeal will go out in D.A.C. Peace Happenings, in the mail, and also in the Free Press and Open City, to appeal and start a support drive. ~~$5.00(and change) taken up, in collection, this evening~~ FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Marcia and Jim were at Berkley and San Francisco this past week-end, Aug. 2-5th. They visited the Port Chicago Peace Vigil(see Leaflet) then tried to see Bishop Pike on Sunday, had to wait until Monday morning before they could see him. This group helps keep Hippies off the streets, by sheltering them. Jim, in answer to question from Rose, said if Bishop Pike ever comes to L.A. he would be glad to come to D.A.C. as a speaker. $5.00(and change) was taken up for this group.

A picket will take place this Sat., August 10, at 12 p.m. Groups taking part will be D.A.C., Peace and Freedom Party, with possible S.W.P. and others participating, with S.D.S. saying they hope that 50 % of employees, union, will take in this percent on apprenticeships to work for the Herald-Examiner, and they will strive for this %. Motion by Lewis Stoneham to support this action, as a group, was approved. This will be in support of rank and file labor action to end policies excluding blacks and other minorities from work force.(see leaflet) D.A.C. will support this against political war issue and racism. Will be announced in Open City and Free Press for publicity.

Vote approved supporting Guevera Farm Workers, Sept. 4. Leaflet to be made up and announcements in Open City, Free Press, and D.A.C. Peace Happenings mailing. Also against buying southern raised chickens. Leaflets will be made up to this effect, and buying of Dow products, and grapes, will be asked to stopped by the public. Market managers will be reached as to why they shouldn't stock these products and to inform their public customers why they shouldn't buy such, and refuse to carry them or order them, in their stores. Morris stated tag is hidden, under the wings, where they can't see them before they buy them, in answer to question from Rose, how one could tell it they were were southern raised from other ones. FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Motion made, by Rose, as to supporting by letter to proper persons, in support of John Bryan, editor of Open City newspaper, being as D.A.C. carries Peace Happenings in it, so it will continued by new editor. Stoneham suggested letter be sent to D.A. Robert Giglio said to make up a colleague and present such letter to Times Newspaper, also, who article, against Bryan, Art Seidenbaum column, Tue., Aug. 5, part 2, page 5, Morris stated contents of column. Not time for this, Stoneham said, being as Bryan will be leaving in two weeks on another newspaper job and new editor will be taking over. Support of this project to Bryan, will be in Peace Happenings mailing.

Mass action meeting, Wed., Aug. 7, will take place at 8 p.m. Tues. night, at 7 p.m.(Aug. 6) to help address envelopes and get the Peace Happenings out on mailing list. Call for anyone who could help was made.

Mention of action, at Inglewood, Aug. 6th made. Those wanting to take part were to come to Centalia Park 12:00 noon. Morris said he didn't expect police or national guards to give up their guns, but it would be a symbolic action in carrying out an action of this type.

Future action against Dow Chemical Co. is planned at some later date. Dow Chemical Co. is hurting from the "fast action" yet, Morris stated, and for one of their employees to appear on t.v. to debate with Morris, proves the public are demmanding answers to some questions now, since they had seen the fast, that had taken place, July 12-19. He had stated, last week, that the Dow Chemical Co. is trying to get out of some government contracts, but the govt. won't let them, and Dow is losing sales more and more every day, all for which D.A.C. can take the credit.

Plans for picketing the new Dow Chemical Sales office, in Chicago, at same time of Democratic Convention, was made motion by Morris. Approved and plans for such will be undertaken by Morris, for this mass action, with other D.A.C. groups, nationwide, in support.

Morris will be going to Chicago to work on this project.

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Seen or heard:

Ganell Alden
Morris Kight
Larry Allen
Jerry Dempsey
Larry Sparks
Cecile Smith
Marcia Silverstein
Edmund Grey
Rose Mathews
Jim W. Clark(new, friend of Morris)
Bob Larkin(new, Negro)
Robert Giglio
James Doyle
Norman Greenfield
Lewis Stoneham
Marion Stoneham
Jim Boggio
5 others-(4 youths, male, 1 young girl, came with Larry Sparks)

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-71124) DATE: 8/26/68

FROM: SA RICHARD J. RAYSA

SUBJECT: WOMEN'S RESISTANCE
IS-C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Womans Resistance Vigil, 8/8/68.	8/12/68	Writer	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Source's report has been Xeroxed and is attached.

CC: FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

100-71824	(ALEXIS THOMPSON)
100-71825	(JOHANNA CASTRO)
100-36540	(BETTY ROTTGER) (SI)
100-70629	(MORRIS KIGHT) (RI-B)
100-62200	(EILEEN BROCK)
100-31229	(FSJ)
100-71283	(ROSE MATHEWS) (SI)
100-68392	(EAST LOS ANGELES PEACE CENTER)
100-71209	(DAC)
100-61745	(WSP)
157-2385	(UNITED FARM WORKERS)
100-70116	(THE RESISTANCE)
62-1664	(HUAC)
100-69481	(RAY CLARK)
100-24642	(REV. STEPHEN FRITCHMAN) (SI)
100-33973	(FIRST UNITARIAN CHURCH)

RJR-pag
(18) pag

Read by

100-70116-350

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
AUG 26 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES

LA 100-71124

ACTION:

Source was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could add nothing further.

All necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

INDEX: COMMITTEE FOR THE RIGHTS OF
THE DISABLED
ROGAN THOMPSON
CARLOS PEREZ

Women's Resistance Vigil

August 8, 1968

Date- Thursday, August 8, 1968

Location- 110 N. Grand Avenue, L.A.
(Division 20-courthouse)

Duration- Approx. 8:45 a.m.- 1 p.m.

No. Present- Approx. 25

Purpose- A vigil, in support, of Alexius Thompson and Johanna Castro, who were to go on trial today, for arrest on April 24, at Army Induction Center, 1016 S. Broadway, L.A., stemming from demonstration in which they had blocked an entrance leading to the center.

Person appearing to be in charge- Betty Rottger

Agenda-

Approx. 8 persons entered the courtroom and were seated, to await Alexius and Johanna's trial. Upon call of their names, their lawyers, (2 women) told the judge of the continuance of a previous trial, on this same charge. The judge informed them that one of the officers, who had taken one of the women in, was on vacation, while the other officer was present, who had taken the other woman in, when arrested. Not wanting to separate the cases, and wanting to have them both tried together, their attorneys asked for another continuance, then, which attorneys agreed to, and was now set for August 21, Wednesday, tentavely for 9:00 a.m.

Vigil was then started outside, with signs carried, and call made to Morris Kight, to bring sign saying that the police can be subpoenad into court, then not appear, yet let a defendant do the same and see what happens to him, he gets the book thrown at him, and goes to jail. Morris said he would come down with such sign and call the City News Service, so that t.v. and radio would come out to the scene, so Alexius and Johanna could make a statement to them, showing these feelings pertaining to the police on vacation and not appearing so case would have to be further continued. One type of sign said to effect, we stand in support of the boys who will not kill, women's resistance, another sign stated we stand for life not death, women's resistance. Another sign had a quotation by some philosopher, brought by Eileen Brock.

Literature was passed out by member of CRD(Committee for the Rights of the Disabled)(See leaflet for further info.) Another leaflet from Fellowship for Social Justice, "We Support the Men who Refuse to kill.", Women's Resistance.(See leaflet)

Uniformed sheriff came out, at beginning of picket, advising the group they were not allowed to stand as close to court house as they were, and to move out on the sidewalk. Rose Mathews questioned him on this asking if it weren't a public thorofare, to which he replied no, it was privately owned, so the group moved. Rose suggested to one of

Johanna's children that she take a box, from the trash container, and begin to collect donations for their mother's fine. One of the daughters did and after a short while, had collected $3.00, until Betty Rottger asked her to stop for fear of an arrest.

Morris did not show up at the picket or send any signs, as had been requested of him. Channel 7 newsmobile came past, took one look and drove on. There was no publicity, of any type, thence.

Group representation included persons from the N.E. Peace Center, D.A.C., Women Strike for Peace, Guevara grape workers, C.R.D.(Committee for the Rights of the Disabled), Resistance, H.U.A.C.

Persons seen or heard:

Eileen Brock
Ray Clark(Clarke, possibly N.E. Peace Center-knew Eileen quite well,
[redacted] said they had worked together, maybe F.O.R. or W.I.L.P.F.)
Alexius Thompson
ROGAN Rowan Thompson(Alexius son-~~check first name for accurracy~~ [redacted]
[redacted] Johanna Castro(Joanna?)
Rev. Fritchman
Rose Mathews
Carlos Perez- was at Biltmore demo. against Humphrey recently and El Mercado Mkt. demo. Youth, glasses
Betty Rottger - [redacted]

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-70116) DATE: 8/27/68

FROM: SA FRANCIS G. KAHL

SUBJECT: THE RESISTANCE
IS-C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Resistance activity in Federal Court Building on 7/29/68.	8/13/68	Writer	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Informant's report has been Xeroxed and is attached.

ACTION:

Informant was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could add nothing further.

All necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

CC: 1 - BOSTON (REGISTERED)
100- (THE RESISTANCE)

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

25-80575	(ANTI-DRAFT ACTIVITIES)
100-66872	(JOE MAIZLISH)(RI-B)
100-71481	(DENNIS DURBY)
25-79551	(DENNIS DURBY)
100-70670	(SHERNA GLUCK)(RI-B)
25-79580	(SHERNA GLUCK)
100-71424	(RICH PROFUMO)
100-68930	(SHIRLEY NELSON)(SI)
100-71139	(REV. HARLAN WEITZEL)
100-70266	(KAREN DELLENBACH)(SI)
25-79932	(KAREN DELLENBACH)

FGK:LAL
(14)

Read by F.G.K.

100-70116-351

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___
AUG 27 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES

July 31, 1968
Los Angeles, California

July 29, 1968 (Monday)
Federal Court Building
Los Angeles, California
Court Room of Judge Hauk
Activity of the Resistance.

Present in the court during the hearing on the seizure of the Resistance collage:

Joe Maizlish
Dennis Durby
Sherna Gluck
Rich Profumo
Shirley Nelson
Rev. Harlan Weitzel
Karen Dellenbach

Also present was a man said to be a minister from the Arlington Street Unitarian Church, Boston. They said he is traveling around the country, attempting to organize a national Resistance.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-70116)(P)

DATE: 8/30/68

FROM : SA FREDERICK J. PETERSEN

SUBJECT: THE RESISTANCE
SSA, 1948;
SEDITION

Attached hereto is a copy of an FD 302, the original of which has been filed in captioned case.

This information concerns a bank account of "Supporters of the Resistance", which was made available by FOIA(b)(7) - (D) FOIA(b)(7) - (D) WHOSE IDENTITY MUST BE CONCEALED in view of the nature of the information furnished.

None of this information can be made public without the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to the Manager, University-Westwood Branch, Crocker-Citizens National Bank, 10925 Kinross Avenue, Los Angeles, California.

INDEX: GEORGE TRAFTON
ELISE OHRBACH

CC:	100-71481	(DENNIS DURBY)	
	25-79551	(DENNIS BURBY)	
	100-71220	(DAVID BOLDUC)	
	25-80042	(DAVID BOLDUC)	
	100-70266	(KAREN DELLENBACH)	(SI)
	25-79932	(KAREN DELLENBACH)	(SI)
	100-71098	(BILL GARAWAY)	
	25-79047	(BILL GARAWAY)	
	25-80826	(NORMAN WITTY)	

100-70116-352

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
AUG 30 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES

FJP/mmd
(10) Read by______

FD-302 (Rev. 4-15-64)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date August 14, 1968

FOIA(b)(7) - (D) University-Westwood Branch, Crocker Citizens National Bank, 10925 Kinross Avenue, Los Angeles, California advised that account #453431, in the name of "Supporters of the Resistance", 1355 Westwood Boulevard, Los Angeles, has a current balance of $395.16. Statements for this account are submitted on a monthly basis.

The following checks are noted to have been drawn against this account:

Check No.	Date	Amount	Payee	Endorser	Maker
124	7/16/68	$30.00	Cash	none	DLO
126	7/17/68	150.00	DENNIS DURBY	"	GN
127	7/19/68	15.00	Cash	DAVID BOLDUC	DB
121	7/10/68	76.89	Pacific Telephone	Pacific Telephone Company (stamped)	SG
122	7/10/68	22.58	Bookbinders Co.	Bookbinders Co. (stamped)	SG
117	7/15/68	100.00	GEORGE TRAFTON	George E. Trafton Bldg.Acct.(stamped)	SG
118	7/10/68	50.00	ELISE OHRBACH	ELISE OHRBACH	SG
128	7/20/68	10.60	Parkwood Camera	Parkwood Camera Stores,Inc.(stamped)	DB
113	7/22/68	50.00	KAREN DELLENBACH	none	DLO
125	7/19/68	20.00	Cash	DAVID BOLDUC	DB
129	7/24/68	40.00	Cash	" "	DB
132	7/26/68	47.00	Cash	BILL GARAWAY	DB

On 8/13/68 at Los Angeles, California File # 100-70116

by SA FREDERICK J. PETERSEN Date dictated 8/14/68

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Check No.	Date	Amount	Payee	Endorser	Maker
131	7/26/68	$70.00	Cash	DAVID BOLDUC	DB
138	7/30/68	20.00	Cash	none	DB
136	7/26/68	5.78	Parkwood Camera	DAVID LAWRENCE BOLDUC 666 Bonhill, L.A. 90049 473-6410 Lic.#5111297 Parkwood Camera(stamped)	DB
135	7/26/68	77.49	General Telephone Co.	Gen.Tel.Co.(stamped)	DB
134	7/26/68	59.15	" " "	" " " "	DB
139	8/1/68	20.00	Cash	none	DLO
130	7/24/68	30.00	Supporters of Resistance	Supporters of the Resistance	DB
133	7/26/68	150.00	" " "	ditto 2819 Francis Ave., Los Angeles, Calif.	DB
140	8/5/68	20.00	Cash	NORMAN WITTY	DB
141	8/5/68	20.00	Cash	DAVID BOLDUC	DB
137	7/27/68	37.95	Ditty's	Ditty's Stationery and Printing(stamped)	DB

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-70116) DATE: 9/2/68

FROM: SA RICHARD J. RAYSA

SUBJECT: THE RESISTANCE
IS - C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Meeting of Resistance 8/13/68.	8/16/68	Writer	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Source's report has been Xeroxed and is attached.

CC: 1 - SAN FRANCISCO (RM)
100- (STEVE MAIZLISH)

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

100-66872	(JOE MAIZLISH)(RI-B)
100-70783	(DAVID HARRIS)
100-67116	(STANLEY KOHLS)(SI)
100-52041	(WAR RESISTORS LEAGUE)
100-70670	(SHERNA GLUCK)(RI-B)
25-79580	(SHERNA GLUCK)(RI-B)
157-1815	(BLACK CONGRESS)
100-72003	(DEMONSTRATION AT U.S.S. NEW JERSEY, LONG BEACH, 9/7/68.
100-69314	(VERONICA SISSONS)(RI-B)
100-DEAD	(RICHARD ZACHARY)(ZAK)
100-71139	(HARLAN WEITZEL)
100-28961	(JACK ROBINSON)(SI)
25-80511	(FATHER LOUIS VITALE)
100-61745	(WSP)
100-68392	(E.LOS ANGELES PEACE CENTER)
100-71824	(ALEXIS THOMPSON)
100-71825	(JOHANNA CASTRO)
100-71481	(DENNIS DURBY)
25-79551	(DENNIS DURBY)

100-11811	(DORA ADLER)(SI)
100-71220	(DAVID BOLDUC)
25-80042	(DAVID BOLDUC)
100-40913	(NORMAN BAUER)
100-69066	(CHRISTIAN HAYDEN)
100-71283	(ROSE MATHEWS)(SI)
100-64359	(PROF.DONALD KALISH)SI)
25-79064	(PROF.DONALD KALISH)
100-68528	(JERRY PALMER)(SI)

100-70116-353

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
SEP 2 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES

RJR/mmd
(31) Read by

ACTION:

Source was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could add nothing further.

All necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

INDEX: EVELYN STERN

Date- Tuesday, August 13, 1968

Location- 2936 W. Eighth Street, L.A.(First Unitarian Church)

Duration- 8:30-9:40 p.m.(approx.)

No. Persons- 60-70(approx.)

Agenda-

Discussion on Joe Mazelich took place, with his brother, Steve, giving Joe's address, who is being held at local jail until transferred to possibly northern California prison. Steve stated for those who will write, if their letters are returned, and he is sure they will be, then the only thing to do would be to send them to him and he will be able to enclose them, in his letters, to Joe. Steve said he was from Berkeley and gave an address there. Question came up to David Harris, who spoke on draft refusals, what would happen to Joe after he would come out of prison or others, as they would be ordered to go into the service again and if they refused, would they be imprisoned again? David said they might be, and probably would, unless something were done with the selective service laws in the immediate near future to prevent this from happening. This had been the first case that has happened in L.A. and makes Joe's case, a first of a beginning for the govt. and more will probably follow, David added.

David, speaking on draft refusals said more education is needed to the public, nationwide, and it used to be no one knew much who the Resistande was a couple of years ago, but with Viet Nam war, things have changed and Resistande has grown rapidly and everyone knows what it is now. Said word Selective Service makes him sick, and word sticks in his mouth, with a dirty taste. One forgets until cases like Joe's comes up then persons must stop and realize their positions and job they must face, and get up after they slip and fall, as any one can slip and fall, but it is those whose courage he admires that get up and keep on going, he stated. It used to be only the young that were concerned with helping the resistance, but now, mothers and grandmothers are becoming more concerned over their sons and grandsons having to go to Viet Nam and be killed, that they are helping in the office, donations, demonstrations, and anywhere they can. Said cases having publicity focused on them, has helped in this fight. Work shops are needed for the education, as will set up in Chicago at convention.

Stan Kohls said he was ordered to go to the induction center(asked what he was doing down there, by someone) and repeated, ordered to go, what other reason would he have for going there, of all places. Said he had been annoyed and harrassed, his life threatened by a Captain, enlisted man, and medical doctor(examining one). He was grabbed by the shoulder and pulled away from them, so he didn't know what it would help to tell this, but after the threats and cursing at him and called names(coward) and yellow streak up his back, he thought he should warn the members that perhaps they should learn karate tatics so they could be prepared, in the future.

Combining of War Resistor's League and Draft Resistance Newsletter to help save money on postage since two groups are merging.

Call for anyone wishing to help in Watts, during night, for foot patrol Names taken for those desiring to participate in this, and would be called if needed. Approx. 1 to 1½ dozen signed. Sherna Gluck announced this and at first, thought it had been canceled but one youth said it was still on yet, as requested by Black Congress.

Long Beach"open house" for U.S.S. New Jersey brought up. Veronica Sissons said she called the ship no.'s itself and they didn't know when ship was sailing. Men on ship didn't wish to go to Viet Nam, so a demonstration is planned. One person stated her husband was on it and said he was to sail in 2 weeks. Thought information could be gotten from Navy in San Francisco even before men on ship would know themselves. A sailboat idea, stated by Richard Zachory, probably wouldn't be allowed, for ship would be at Terminal Island and security would be tough restrictions, he added. Veronica added that the reason the ship's officers gave was that there was some very valuable and secret equipment aboard, therefore they couldn't disclose date of open house, even if they did know. The only way to set a demonstration date was to try and get the date information and then tell all on Resistance list, by calling each one. Perhaps few could get on ship and others demonstrate alongside of ship, was suggested, further, by Veronica. Great to get aboard and leaflets passed all around the personel(all laughed at this). Signs are to be made up in readiness and leaflets, with call for any one who could print a letter, to help in this, ordinary signs nothing fancy, was called for and volunteers were to see a named person to help do this.

Centalia Park(Inglewood project) would go on this Sunday again, meeting in park, again. Thinks this is necessary for expanding into other directions, from here, if successful.

Resistance to go to San Diego, Thursday, Aug. 15. They will meet at San Luis Rey Mission and proceed to Camp Pendleton. Meeting time was set for 11:30 a.m. and figure on two hours, before this, for traveling time, Harlan Weitzel announced. He stated Jack Robinson, a Marine stationed, there, has had much national publicity on trying to ask for a discharge, and will use a ca o. reason, in presenting his case. They don't know if it will work or if he is, but worth giving it a try, he added. Group feels he will be courtmarshalled but may turn out, with support and handled right, okay. Father Vitale said he had been there during war and is probably more military trained, so expect anything from the Marines and be prepared. Anyone desiring to go, call the Resistance for a ride, group told. Women Strike for Peace, N.E. peace center, and other groups will be going, individually, and San Diego Resistance(this will be their show) are supporting this action.

Rose asked for support for Alexus Thompson and Johanna Castro for a August 21 demo., at old Fed. Bldg., and someone said for them to get in touch with Resistance and they could help by spreading word and telling persons and groups.

ke early, to go to Hall of Justice(across from jail) and serenade Joe. Several brought music instruments and one of them, only known as Darrell played several tunes(folk) for the group at tonight's meeting.

Seen or heard:

Father Louis Vitale
Harlan Weitzel
David Harris
Dennis Durby
Stan Kohls
Veronica Sissons
Evelyn(-Stern?) -Lives W. La.
David Bolduc
Norman Bauer
Christian Hayden
Sherna Gluck
Rose Mathews
Prof. Don Kalish
Steve Mazalich
Jerry Palmer
Richard Zachory
Dora Adler-elderly white-haired, woman here for first time. Is in peace groups, but can not demonstrate and will send money. Knows Betty Rottger very well, and speaks well of her. Has cataracts in eyes therefore, fogged vision. Tel. No. is 465-2486

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-108

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI DATE: 9/3/68

FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-71825)(C)

SUBJECT: MARIA JOHANNA CASTRO, aka
Johanna Maria Castro/Felber
SM - C

OO:Los Angeles

Re Los Angeles airtel to Bureau captioned "Women's Resistance Demonstration, Los Angeles, California, 8/8/68", dated 8/12/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are seven copies of an LHM concerning CASTRO. Local dissemination of the LHM is being made to the U. S. Attorney and Secret Service, Los Angeles; and to military intelligence agencies.

The LHM is classified confidential inasmuch as it contains information furnished by confidential informants of continuing value.

Informants utilized are:

LA T-1

LA T-2

LA T-3

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

The following sources generally familiar with anti-draft and subversive activities in the Los Angeles area were contacted and unable to furnish any further information concerning CASTRO or any other anti-draft or subversive activities:

3 - Bureau (Encls. 7)(RM)
2 - Los Angeles
(1 - 100-70116)

FEB/asi
(5)

100-70116-355

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SERIALIZED
FILED

OFFICE COPY

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Orally to SA FREDRICK E. BECKER
on 8/23/68

Orally to SA FREDRICK E. BECKER
on 8/23/68

Los Angeles indices are negative concerning CASTRO or her husband, CHARLES E. CASTRO.

In view of the lack of anti-draft or subversive activity or information concerning CASTRO, no further action is being taken at this time and the matter is considered closed.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Los Angeles, California
September 3, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

~~[illegible]~~

MARIA JOHANNA CASTRO

LA T-1 advised on May 2, 1968, that Maria Johanna Castro was arrested by the Los Angeles Police Department (LAPD) on April 24, 1968, while participating in a sit-in and anti-draft demonstration sponsored by the Women's Resistance in front of the Armed Forces Induction Station, Los Angeles, California.

> LA T-2 advised on April 24, 1968, that the Women's Resistance, which began through the efforts of Betty Rottger, is an organization composed of some 50 women who are opposed to the Selective Service System and are sympathetic to the efforts of draft resisters. Their actions to support these resisters are to take the form of civil disobedience.
>
> LA T-3 advised in November 1967, that Betty Rottger had recently transferred from the 24th Congressional District Club to the Echo Park Section, Southern California District Communist Party (SCDCP).

LA T-2 advised on August 23, 1968, that on August 22, 1968, Castro pleaded guilty to obstructing entry to a public place on April 24, 1968, and she was fined $35 by Municipal Judge David J. Aisenson, Los Angeles, California.

7 - Bureau (RM)
1 - USA, Los Angeles (RM)
1 - Secret Service, LA (RM)
1 - 115th MIG, Pasadena (RM)
1 - OSI, Norton AFB, San
    Bernardino (RM)
~~1 - NISO, San Diego (RM)~~
1 - NISO, RA, Pasadena (RM)
2 - Los Angeles (100-71825)
    (1 - 100-70116)

FEB/asi
(15)

~~[illegible]~~

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

MARIA JOHANNA CASTRO

Sources generally familiar with anti-draft and subversive activities in the Los Angeles area were contacted on August 23, 1968, by a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and were unable to furnish any further information concerning anti-draft or subversive activities on the part of Castro.

The following is background and descriptive information on Castro which was gathered from public records:

Name	Maria Johanna Castro
Alias	Johanna Maria Castro/Felber
Sex	Female
Race	Caucasian
Nationality	German born, naturalized U. S.
Height	5'5"
Weight	125 pounds
Hair	Brown
Eyes	Blue
Birth Data	May 24, 1924 Steigberg, Germany
Residence	776 Libby Drive Riverside, California
Spouse	Charles E. Castro
Children	Seven (names unknown)
Occupation	Housewife
Previous Addresses	199 Barrett Road Riverside, California; 3461 Avocado Street Riverside, California
Political Affiliation	Democrat
Citizenship	Naturalized June 6, 1965, Superior Court Sacramento, California Petition No. 7553
California Driver's License	B 1356741

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FD-323 (Rev. 11-29-61)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Los Angeles, California
September 3, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 100-71825

Title MARIA JOHANNA CASTRO

Character SECURITY MATTER - C

Reference Letterhead memorandum dated and captioned as above at Los Angeles.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-263 (Rev. 3-8-67)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE LOS ANGELES	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 8/28/68	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 8/2-12/68	
TITLE OF CASE THE RESISTANCE		REPORT MADE BY FREDERICK J. PETERSEN		TYPED BY slj
		CHARACTER OF CASE SSA, 1948; Sedition		

REFERENCE: Report of SA FREDERICK J. PETERSEN at Los Angeles dated 5/22/68.
Reports of SA JAMES S. IRVING at Los Angeles dated 4/30/68 and 7/10/68 and captioned KAREN ELAINE DELLENBACH, et al, SSA 1948 - Concealing; Sedition; Deserter-Harboring.

-P-

ADMINISTRATIVE

This report is classified confidential since data furnished by LA T-1 through LA T-7 could reasonably result in the identification of confidential informants of continuing value thus jeopardizing their future effectiveness which would adversely affect the national security.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED NONE						ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		PENDING OVER ONE YEAR ☐ YES ☐ NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS ☐ YES ☐ NO

APPROVED — SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

COPIES MADE:

See Cover Page B

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

100 70116 356

SEARCHED —
INDEXED
SERIALIZED
FILED

Dissemination Record of Attached Report				
Agency				
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd.				
How Fwd.				
By				

Notations

★ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1967 O—273-877

10 - Bureau (14-2965)(RM)
1 - NIS, San Diego (RM)
1 - OSI, Norton AFB (RM)
1 - 115th MIG (RM)
3 - New York (14-382)(RM)
(1 - 25-110164)
4 - Los Angeles (100-70116)
(1 - 25-79658)(Anti-draft Demonstrations and Activities)
(1 - 25-80831)(KAREN ELAINE DELLENBACH, et al)

Copies of this report are being furnished locally to the military intelligence agencies for information purposes.

Individual cases have been opened concerning local leaders of The Resistance.

Special Agents who observed the demonstration on 6/17-18/68 were DONALD J. STORAKER, JAMES E. ROSS, RICHARD B. SADLER, JAMES W. MC CORD, and JOSEPH G. DAVIS, JR.

SA WALTER M. BRADY obtained the leaflet distributed at the demonstration on 6/17/68.

LEAD

LOS ANGELES

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA: Will continue to follow and report any pertinent activities of the captioned group locally.

INFORMANTS

SOURCE	LOCATION
LA T-1 FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Orally to SA RICHARD J. RAYSA on 8/5/68

-B-
COVER PAGE

LA T-2 FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Orally to SA FREDERICK J. PETERSEN on 6/18/68, 7/12/68, and 8/13/68
LA T-3 FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)
LA T-4 FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	100-70116 - 231 and 257 Characterization of LYNN SCHOEMAKER
LA T-5 FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Orally to SA FREDERICK J. PETERSEN on 6/14/68
LA T-6 FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Characterization of DONALD KALISH
LA T-7 FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Characterization of JOSEPH MAIZLISH

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to:
1 - NIS, San Diego (RM)
1 - OSI, Norton AFB (RM)
1 - 115th MIG (RM)

Report of: FREDERICK J. PETERSEN
Office: Los Angeles, California
Date: 8/28/68

Field Office File #: 100-70116
Bureau File #: 14-2965

Title: THE RESISTANCE

Character: SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT, 1948; Sedition

Synopsis: The Resistance, Southern California Office, is currently located at 1355 Westwood Boulevard, Room 201, Los Angeles, California, with a branch office at 2819 West Francis Avenue, Los Angeles. Officers or leaders are now SHERNA B. GLUCK, Chairman; GREG NELSON, Vice Chairman; DALE LEWIS ODERMAN, Secretary; DAVID BOLDUC, Treasurer. A checking account is maintained in the name "Supporters of The Resistance" with current balance of $395.16. Details of anti-draft demonstrations May through June, 1968, set out. As to seditious statements made, copies of literature distributed by The Resistance are included herein.

-P-

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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	B.	Leaders of The Resistance in the Los Angeles area	2
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II.		ACTIVITIES	7
III.		LITERATURE-SEDITIOUS STATEMENTS	11
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		APPENDIX-ORGANIZATIONS	30

Note: Documentation of individuals mentioned herein, where available, appears in the Appendix-Individuals.

DETAILS:

I. ORGANIZATIONAL DATA

A. Location

LA T-1 (8/5/68)

The Resistance, Southern California Office, is located at 1355 Westwood Boulevard, Room 201, Los Angeles, California, and a branch office is now located at 2819 West Francis Avenue, Los Angeles, (telephone 382-4447). This branch office was previously located at 1051 North Madison, Los Angeles. The branch office at 30 North Raymond, Pasadena, California, has been closed.

B. Leaders of The Resistance in the Los Angeles Area

LA T-2 (7/12/68)

A checking account maintained in the University-Westwood Branch, Crocker Citizens National Bank, 10925 Kinross Avenue, Los Angeles, under the name "Supporters of The Resistance" now shows the following individuals as officers:

SHERNA B. GLUCK, Chairman

GREG NELSON, Vice Chairman

DALE LEWIS ODERMAN, Secretary

DAVID BOLDUC, Treasurer

LA T-1 (8/5/68)

The above four individuals, namely GLUCK, NELSON, ODERMAN, and BOLDUC, are, in effect, the present leaders of The Resistance in Los Angeles. This continues to be a loosely-knit group with leadership shifting from time to time.

C. Finances

LA T-2 (6/18/68)

The checking account referred to above at the University-Westwood Branch, Crocker Citizens National Bank, under the name "Supporters of The Resistance" continues to be maintained under account number 453431. The balance of this account as of June 18, 1968, was $625.88.

The following checks are noted to have been drawn against this account:

Check No.	Date	Amount	Payee	Endorser	Maker
268	5/14/68	$100.00	GEORGE TRAFTON	GEORGE TRAFTON	KD
266	5/13/68	40.00	DALE ODERMAN	DALE ODERMAN RICHARD C. CARTER (H3-468)	KD
258	5/10/68	42.50	New England Resistance	National Shawmut Bank, Boston, Massachusetts	KD
263	5/10/68	15.00	GARY AUFDENSPRING	GARY AUFDENSPRING 3429 28th St.S.D. 232-8866	KD
270	5/14/68	15.00	BOB ZAUGH	BOB ZAUGH	KD
271	5/15/68	20.00	Cash	KAREN DELLENBACH	KD
269	5/14/68	100.00	Supporters of The Resistance	L.A. SHOEMAKER	KD
276	5/23/68	5.00	Cash	DALE ODERMAN CDL R046647	KD
218	4/5/68	15.00	PAUL BARNES	PAUL BARNES 11450 Dicky St. Whittier, Calif.	SG
283	6/4/68	95.00	Cash	(none)	KD

273	5/20/68	25.00	DALE ODERMAN	DALE ODERMAN CDL R046647	WG
274	5/21/68	15.54	ASUCLA	Associated Students UCLA, Printing & Duplicating Dept.	KD
278	5/24/68	250.00	Cash	WM. GARAWAY	KD
279	5/24/68	10.00	Cash	DALE ODERMAN CDL R046647	KD
275	5/23/68	15.00	The Resistance	ROBERT ZAUGH 1015 N. Madison L.A. 666-1961	KD
291	6/7/68	50.00	DALE ODERMAN	DALE ODERMAN CDL R046647	SG
281	5/29/68	130.00	Cash	DAVID BOLDUC 666 Bondall Ave. L.A.90049 (partly illegible)	WG
280	5/27/68	40.00	Cash	DALE ODERMAN CDL R046647	WG
288	6/6/68	8.18	Southern Calif. Edison Company	Southern Calif. Edison Company	KD
289	6/7/68	10.00	ART ZACK	ART ZACK	SG
290	6/7/68	125.00	RICK PROFUMO	RICHARD PROFUMO 7009 Lynallen St. Whittier, Calif.	SG
293	6/7/68	120.00	ART ZACK	ART ZACK	SG

287	6/6/68	9.28	So. Counties Gas Company	So. Counties Gas Company	KD
286	6/4/68	60.00	WILLIAM TEMPKIN	WILLIAM TEMKIN	KD

LA T-2 (7/12/68)

This account balance as of July 12, 1968, was $547.45. The following additional checks were noted to have been drawn against this account:

Check No.	Date	Amount	Payee	Endorser	Maker
294	6/12/68	10.00	GREG NELSON	GREG NELSON LOIS NELSON	SG
109	6/28/68	10.00	Cash	(none)	DLO
110	6/28/68	40.00	DAVID BOLDUC	DAVID BOLDUC	DB
112	7/1/68	30.00	DALE ODERMAN	DALE LEWIS ODERMAN	DLO
111	7/1/68	44.00	Cash	KAREN DELLENBACH	DB
104	6/19/68	17.90	United Air Lines Freight	Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company of Chicago	SG
106	6/25/68	30.00	DALE ODERMAN	DALE LEWIS ODERMAN	SG
300	6/19/68	135.00	LYNN SHOEMAKER	LYNN SHOEMAKER	SG
105	6/20/68	22.31	MARTY WEIL	MARTY WEIL	SG
103	6/19/68	53.96	General Telephone	General Telephone Co. of California	SG
102	6/19/68	10.73	ditto	ditto	SG

299	6/18/68	25.00	MIKE SWARTZ	MIKE SWARTZ University Coop. Housing Ass'n.	SG
285	6/6/68	9.30	World Without War Council	"W.W.W.Council 1730 Grove St. Berkeley,Calif. 94709 5579-02685 Bk.of America"	KD
292	6/7/68	100.00	GEORGE TRAFTON	George E. Trafton Bldg. Acc't.	SG
297	6/14/68	1.25	New York Key Service	New York Key 1069 N. Western Los Angeles	SG
115	7/3/68	70.00	Cash	DAVID BOLDUC	DB
108	6/27/68	200.00	RICHARD PROFUMO	RICHARD PROFUMO 1015 N. Madison Los Angeles	SG
116	7/5/68	50.00	Cash	(none)	DLO

It is noted that the above listed checks are signed as marked by SHERNA GLUCK (SG), WILLIAM GARAWAY (WG), DALE LEWIS ODERMAN (DLO), DAVID BOLDUC (DB), or KAREN DELLENBACH (KD), as indicated.

LA T-2 (8/13/68)

The balance of this account as of August 13, 1968, is $395.16.

The information set out above from LA T-2 is not to be made public without the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to the manager, University-Westwood Branch, Crocker Citizens National Bank, 10925 Kinross Avenue, Los Angeles.

It is noted that LA T-2 no longer has custody of the basic documents from which the check information mentioned herein was obtained.

LA T-3 (5/14/68)

The Resistance has been unable to publish a newsletter thus far because of a lack of funds.

LA T-3 (6/6/68)

KAREN DELLENBACK recently stated that there was only about $100 left in this group's bank account.

II. ACTIVITIES

LA T-4 (5/8/68)

At a meeting of The Resistance on May 7, 1968, at the First Unitarian Church of Los Angeles, 2936 West 8th Street, Los Angeles (See Appendix), LYNN SCHOEMAKER stated a National Guard Unit from the Burbank-Van Nuys area (Los Angeles) has been activated for duty in Vietnam. According to SCHOEMAKER, this unit was scheduled to leave Los Angeles in a convoy of 100 trucks with weapons and equipment on May 14, 1968, en route to Ft. Lewis, Washington, and then to Vietnam. SCHOEMAKER said he felt it would take as little as six brave men to "mess up the whole operation." He said some of the National Guardsmen are displeased with their call to duty and there is some talk of some of these men deserting and going to Canada. There were to be plans made for some type of disruptive action regarding the departure of this National Guard Unit.

Mr. MEYERS HOWARD, Region II, 115th Military Intelligence Group, advised on May 8, 1968, this call-up is public knowledge as it was publicly announced. He said that approximately two weeks ago there was a gathering on a supermarket lot by the wives of some National Guardsmen and others at which dissension with this call-up was expressed and there was talk of petitioning congressmen to cancel the call-up.

On May 16, 1968, Lieutenant DONALD WINGATE, Los Angeles Police Department, Van Nuys Division, advised that the National Guard Unit from the Van Nuys-Burbank area departed for duty without incident.

LA T-4 (6/13/68)

A leaflet headed "Make Commencement Meaningful" was recently distributed in the Los Angeles area which advocates the showing of opposition to the Vietnam war by refusing to stand during the playing of the National Anthem and during other parts of the graduation ceremony on June 14, 1968, at the University of California at Los Angeles (UCLA). The telephone numbers listed at the bottom of this leaflet are numbers of The Resistance which group was responsible for distributing same.

LA T-5 (6/14/68)

The UCLA commencement excercises were held on June 14, 1968, on the UCLA campus from 11:00 AM to 1:20 PM. Approximately 5,000 students were graduated at this ceremony. Of these, about one thousand wore arm bands containing a "peace symbol" but not more than a dozen students were reported remaining seated during portions of the ceremony. A small card headed "What Graduation Means" was distributed among those present at this UCLA commencement excercises.

Special Agents, FBI

On June 18, 1968, JOSEPH ISRAEL MAIZLISH was afforded a jury trial before the Honorable Judge ALBERT LEE STEPHENS, JR., U. S. District Court, Central District of California, in connection with an indictment returned by a Federal Grand Jury, Los Angeles, California, April 11, 1968, charging MAIZLISH with violation of U. S. Code, Title 50 Appendix, Section 462, Military Selective Service Act of 1967, for failure to report for induction at Los Angeles, California, on March 5, 1968.

A demonstration, in the form of a "vigil" and sponsored by "The Resistance", was observed at the entrance to the U. S. Courthouse, 312 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, California, on June 17, 1968, and June 18, 1968, held "in witness of the trial of JOE MAIZLISH by the U. S. Government for the 'crime' of refusing to cooperate with the Selective Service System."

The vigil began at 7:30 AM, June 17, 1968, with three males and one female passing out printed leaflets purportedly distributed by "The Resistance". Participants requested everyone participating remain silent and not respond to remarks or provocations from anyone.

The June 17, 1968, vigil continued throughout the day, at times totaling 20 persons, including five females. The participants were orderly, quiet and did not attempt to disrupt pedestrian traffic into the U. S. Courthouse.

The vigil continued throughout the night with approximately twelve participants.

By 8:00 AM, June 18, 1968, there were 19 persons participating in the vigil on the Spring Street side of the U. S. Courthouse and three males and three females on the Main Street side of the same building.

By 9:15 AM, the number of participants had increased to approximately 35 males and 15 females, all forming a line near the front door of the Spring Street entrance to the building. Two placards, both approximately two feet by three feet were at this time first observed. One bore the inscription "We support the men who refuse to kill" and the other bore the inscription "Life not death". Both were signed "Womens Resistance" and were held by females. A smaller poster about ten inches by 14 inches, held by a third female, bore the handprinting "Viva Joe".

Although the participants in the vigil formed a line across the front of the building near the front door to the building, no attempt was made by anyone to prohibit persons from entering or leaving the building. The vigil was conducted orderly and without incident.

Shortly after 9:45 AM all participants of the vigil disbanded and entered the U. S. Courthouse. They went directly to the second floor and to the courtroom where the trial of JOSEPH ISRAEL MAIZLISH was scheduled to begin at 10:00 AM. Before the appointed time, MAIZLISH appeared in the hall and told his "supporters" what to expect and that they should be quiet.

After the selection of the jury at 11:20 AM, the persons waiting in the hall were allowed to enter the courtroom of the Honorable Judge ALBERT LEE STEPHENS, JR. All seats in the courtroom were filled with spectators, which totaled about 150, many of "hippie type". In addition, about six persons remained in the hallway for lack of additional seating in the courtroom.

The following persons were observed during the vigil or in attendance at the trial of MAIZLISH:

Reverend HARLAN IRVING WEITZEL

LOUIS JOHN VITALE, JR., also known as
Father Louis Vitale

RICHARD PROFUMO

SHERNA GLUCK

MARVIN ALLEN GLUCK

DONALD KALISH

NEIL EDWARD BROWN

DAVID BOLDUC

CHRISTIAN WINSLOW HAYDEN

BETTY HAYDEN

KAREN DELLENBACH

STANLEY ALBERT KOHLS

RICHARD CHARLES CARTER

Upon the conclusion of the jury trial of MAIZLISH, at 4:08 PM, the spectators left the courtroom and the U. S. Courthouse in an orderly, quiet fashion, and departed from the grounds of the building.

As a result of the trial, MAIZLISH was found "guilty" and was released on his personal recognizance. Sentencing was set in U. S. District Court, Los Angeles, for August 12, 1968.

III. LITERATURE-SEDITIOUS STATEMENTS

LA T-4 (6/13/68)

Set out hereafter are Xerox copies of documents distributed in the Los Angeles area with regard to the protest of the UCLA graduation excercises, previously mentioned.

We are graduating from what is supposed to be an institution of higher learning, and a center for intellectual freedom and expression. Yet, we all know that the University is a center for war research and development, an institution in which the professors live off Defense Dept. and State Dept. contracts, and a school in which our brains are being trained to produce the weapons and strategies of future wars and "pacification programs." Further, we also know that the University maintains an entire bureaucratic complex, the Office of Special Services, that allows the draft boards to keep track of us.

And, the world that we graduate into is far from peaceful. Those of us who are men face the prospect of being drafted into the military to join in "pacifying" Vietnamese villages with napalm, or American urban ghettos with machine guns.

It is in order to express our disatisfaction with University complicity in the war and the draft, in order to voice our discontent with a world of killing and death, and in order to protest our imminent conscription into the war machine, that we, members of the 1968 graduating class of UCLA, do now step forward.

Because Commencement is the point at which the University transfers our trained minds to a society that survives on a war economy and technology, and our bodies to the military machine of such a society, we will also use this time to voice our protest.

We will express our opposition to the war in Vietnam by remaining seated during the National Anthem.

We will express our opposition to University complicity in the war and the draft by remaining seated during the singing of "Hail to the Hills of Westwood", and during the benediction.

We will demonstrate our desire for the attainment of a peaceful society by wearing peace armbands.

We ask all graduating seniors to join us in this expression of our views by remaining seated during the National Anthem, Alma Mater, and benediction, and by wearing a peace armband (to be passed out at the door) over the left sleve of your commencement gown.

On Sunday, June 9, at 2 PM, in the A-level lounge of the Student Union, there will be a meeting to work out the final details for making this commencement a meaningful one. We invite you to join us at this meeting. Here's hoping to see you at that time . . .

Yours in peace,
COMMITTEE FOR A MEANINGFUL COMMENCEMENT

P.S. If you would like to join in this Commencement expression of conscience, please remember that the last day to rent your cap and gown is Friday, June 7, on the third floor of the Student Union.

If you have any questions, contributions, or ideas we would like to hear from you. Please come to the meeting or call:

396-5538 666-1961
473-6410 879-9440

BROTHER —

Maybe this induction order is just a sample, but if you're a senior, in the very near future, you're going to be getting a real induction order. Face up to it — the draft is closing in. Don't try to ignore it, because it won't ignore you.

THEY ARE GOING TO DRAFT YOUR BOD!

UNCLE SAM WANTS YOU, BABY

WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO DO ABOUT IT?

Do you think that you have a possibility for a deferment? Come see our expert draft couselors. They'll let you know what your chances are, and help you fight for that deferment if there is any hope at all.

Going to Canada? Our counselors have information on immigration, housing, jobs, school, etc. We'll help you get to Canada, help you gain residency there, and connect you with Canadian friends who can aid you further.

But, if you've decided that this is far enough — that you're going to stop running and take control of your own life — then surely give us a call. We of the Resistance have resolved that we will no longer cooperate with conscription in America. Join us, Brother. Stop being afraid. Become a free man.

Yours in peace,

The Resistance

1355 Westwood Blvd., Rm. 201
Los Angeles, California 90024

1015 N. Madison
Los Angeles, California

"Selective Service processes do not compel people by edict as in foreign systems to enter pursuits having to do with essentiality and progress. They go because they know that by going they will be deferred."

"The psychology of granting wide choice under pressure to take action is the American or indirect way of achieving what is done by direction in foreign countries where choice is not permitted. Here choice is limited but not denied...."

"The club of induction has been used to drive (individuals) out of areas considered to be less important to the areas of greater importance in which deferments are given...."

DEFERMENTS:
"Deferments are granted, however, in a realistic atmosphere so that the fullest of channeling will be felt, rather than be terminated by military service at too early a time."

OCCUPATIONAL DEFERMENTS:
"Since occupational deferments are granted for no more than one year at a time, a process of periodically receiving current information and repeated review assures that every deferred registrant continues to contribute to the overall national good. This reminds him of the basis for his deferment."

STUDENT DEFERMENTS:
"Many young men would not have pursued a higher education if there had not been a program of student deferment.... Throughout his career as student the pressure - the threat of loss of deferment - continues. It continues with equal intensity after graduation. His local board requires periodic reports to find out what he is up to. He is impelled to pursue his skill rather than embark upon some less important enterprise and is encouraged to apply his skill in an essential activity in the national interest. The loss of deferred status is the consequence for the individual who has acquired the skill and either does not use it or uses it in a nonessential activity.

MEDICAL DEFERMENTS:
"The psychological impact of being rejected for service in uniform is severe. The earlier this occurs in a young man's life, the sooner the beneficial effects of pressured motivation by the Selective Service System is lost. Once the label of "rejectee" is upon him all efforts at guidance by persuasion are futile. If he attempts to enlist at 17 or 18 and is rejected, then he receives virtually none of the impulsion the System is capable of giving him. If he makes no effort to enlist and as a result is not rejected until delivered for examination by the Selective Service System at about age 23, he has felt some of the pressure but thereafter is a free agent.
"This contributed to the establishment of a new classification of 1-Y. That classification reminds the registrant of his ultimate qualification to serve and preserves some of the benefit of what we call channeling."

THE INDIVIDUAL AND CHOICE:
"From the individual's viewpoint, he is standing in a room which has been made uncomfortably warm. Several doors are open, but they all lead to various forms of recognized patriotic service to the Nation. Some accept the alternative gladly - some with reluctance. The consequence is approximately the same.

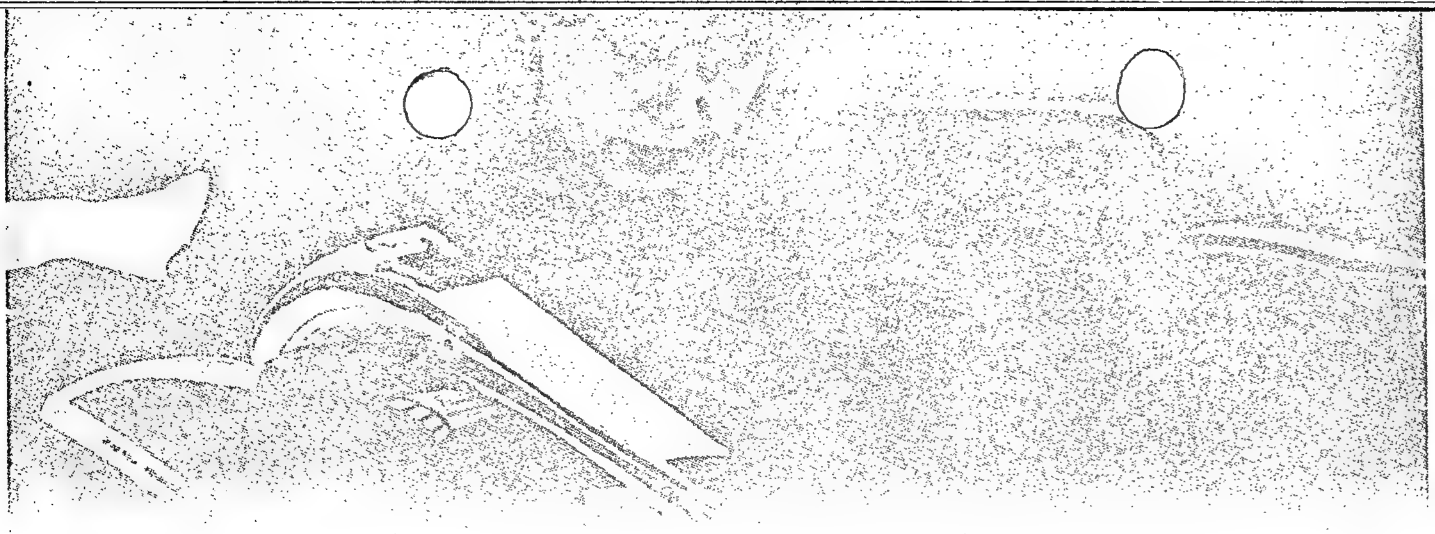
"In the less patriotic and more selfish individual it engenders a sense of fear, uncertainty, and dissatisfaction which motivates him, nevertheless, in the same direction. He complains of the uncertainty which he must endure; he would like to be able to do as he pleases; he would appreciate a certain future with no prospect of military service or civilian contribution but he complies with the needs of the national health, saftey, or interest - or is denied deferment."

SERVICE:
"The meaning of the word 'service', with its former restricted application to the armed forces, is certain to become widened _much more_ in the future. This brings with it the ever increasing problem of how to control effectively the service of individuals who are not in the armed forces."

Printed by:
THE RESISTANCE
1555 Westwood Blvd.
Los Angeles, 90024
473-6410
879-9440

THE RESISTANCE
1015 N. Madison (near L.A.C.C.)
Los Angeles
666-1961

BEST POSSIBLE IMAGE.



a Word to Seniors

THE SELECTIVE SERVICE HAS SOMETHING SPECIAL TO SAY TO YOU:
"TOUGH SH--, BABY. WE'LL BE SEEING YOU SOON."

If you are a Senior this year, there will be no grad school deferment for you. Those deferments have been reserved for doctors, dentists, veterinarians, osteopaths, optometrists, and ministerial students.

A Senior who sneaks into grad school anyhow, won't even be allowed to take a I-S if he's had a II-S since July of 1967.

That same II-S means that your draft board won't give you a deferment if your wife (much less your girl friend) has a baby.

As for conscientious objector claims, though they might mean a better chance for acquittal in court, they are being turned down by draft boards at the rate of 96 out of 100.

And, to make the picture complete, all occupational deferments have been delivered up to the total whim of your draft board.

Unless you have something fancy in reserve: a medical defect or a hardship situation (and they better be heavy) your B.A. is going to be a re-requisite for nothing but a P.F.C.

This summer, you'll be as vulnerable as a 20 year old shipping clerk. Congress, in an exceptionally nasty mood, has pulled the college cushion out from under you and now your ass is on the cold, cold ground.

The question is - what are you going to use all your education for? Will your math classes help when you are tallying up the dead old ladies in a napalmed village? Four years of college to shoot a 15 year old Vietnamese boy in the face?

You DO have an alternative. You can say NO. Practice saying it aloud. It sounds good and it does something fine for your viscera. It's a word free men say often.

If you decide that it's a word that suits you, if you decide you won't knuckle under, then contact:

THE RESISTANCE

1355 Westwood Blvd. #201
Los Angeles, Calif.
473-6410, 879-9440

1015 N. Madison
Los Angeles, Calif.
666-1961

30 N. Raymond #201
Pasadena, Calif.
681-8935

Approval Not Required.

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

ORDER TO REPORT FOR INDUCTION

(Local Board Stamp)

The President of the United States,

To

....
(Date of mailing)

SELECTIVE SERVICE NO.			

GREETING:

You are hereby ordered for induction into the Armed Forces of the United States, and to report

at .... (Place of reporting).

on .... (Date) at .... (Hour).

for forwarding to an Armed Forces Induction Station.

....
(Member or clerk of Local Board)

IMPORTANT NOTICE
(Read Each Paragraph Carefully)

IF YOU HAVE HAD PREVIOUS MILITARY SERVICE, OR ARE NOW A MEMBER OF THE NATIONAL GUARD OR A RESERVE COMPONENT OF THE ARMED FORCES, BRING EVIDENCE WITH YOU. IF YOU WEAR GLASSES, BRING THEM. IF MARRIED, BRING PROOF OF YOUR MARRIAGE. IF YOU HAVE ANY PHYSICAL OR MENTAL CONDITION WHICH, IN YOUR OPINION, MAY DISQUALIFY YOU FOR SERVICE IN THE ARMED FORCES, BRING A PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATE DESCRIBING THAT CONDITION, IF NOT ALREADY FURNISHED TO YOUR LOCAL BOARD.

Valid documents are required to substantiate dependency claims in order to receive basic allowance for quarters. Be sure to take the following with you when reporting to the induction station. The documents will be returned to you. (*a*) FOR LAWFUL WIFE OR LEGITIMATE CHILD UNDER 21 YEARS OF AGE—original, certified copy or photostat of a certified copy of marriage certificate, child's birth certificate, or a public or church record of marriage issued over the signature and seal of the custodian of the church or public records; (*b*) FOR LEGALLY ADOPTED CHILD—certified court order of adoption; (*c*) FOR CHILD OF DIVORCED SERVICE MEMBER (Child in custody of person other than claimant)—(1) Certified or photostatic copies of receipts from custodian of child evidencing serviceman's contributions for support, and (2) Divorce decree, court support order or separation order; (*d*) FOR DEPENDENT PARENT—affidavits establishing that dependency.

Sample

Bring your Social Security Account Number Card. If you do not have one, apply at nearest Social Security Administration Office. If you have life insurance, bring a record of the insurance company's address and your policy number. Bring enough clean clothes for 3 days. Bring enough money to last 1 month for personal purchases.

This Local Board will furnish transportation, and meals and lodging when necessary, from the place of reporting to the induction station where you will be examined. If found qualified, you will be inducted into the Armed Forces. If found not qualified, return transportation and meals and lodging when necessary, will be furnished to the place of reporting.

You may be found not qualified for induction. Keep this in mind in arranging your affairs, to prevent any undue hardship if you are not inducted. If employed, inform your employer of this possibility. Your employer can then be prepared to continue your employment if you are not inducted. To protect your right to return to your job if you are not inducted, you must report for work as soon as possible after the completion of your induction examination. You may jeopardize your reemployment rights if you do not report for work at the beginning of your next regularly scheduled working period after you have returned to your place of employment.

Willful failure to report at the place and hour of the day named in this Order subjects the violator to fine and imprisonment. Bring this Order with you when you report.

If you are so far from your own local board that reporting in compliance with this Order will be a serious hardship, go immediately to any local board and make written request for transfer of your delivery for induction, taking this Order with you.

SSS Form 252 (Revised 4-28-65) (Previous printings may be used until exhausted.) U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1965 O—785-193

It should be noted that similar documents were mailed to various individuals in the Los Angeles area including the following:

IRA BETTELMAN
1746 Shervourne
Los Angeles, California

CHARLES WEST
6983 Garden Drive
San Bernardino, California

DANIEL STOCK
329 South Oakhurst Drive
Beverly Hills, California

JON S. HIGGINS
4630 Kester
Sherman Oaks, California

JOHN W. BELL
1977 North New Hampshire
Los Angeles, California

LA T-5 (6/14/68)

The following are Xerox copies of documents which were distributed at the UCLA graduation excercises on June 14, 1968, on the UCLA campus.

There are approximately 2,000 male seniors graduating today. Virtually all of us will be drafted. Of this, the UCLA class of '68:

- 1600 of us will go to Vietnam;
- 78 of us will die there;
- 464 of us will be wounded;
- 201 of us will suffer a permanent disability;
- 33 of us will lose an arm or leg;
- almost all of us will kill at least 1 Vietnamese, and wound 6.*

*(figures projected from Defense Dept. statistics, as reported in N.Y. Times, Feb. thru April, 1968)

We feel that we must speak out against the bloody fate that awaits us. Therefore, at Commencement, we are asking everyone to:

1. remain seated during the National Anthem as a protest against the war in Vietnam;
2. remain seated during the Alma Mater and the benediction as a protest against University complicity in the war and the draft;
3. wear the peace armbands that are now being distributed;
4. join our program after Commencement at the foot of Janss steps.

UCLA COMMITTEE FOR A
MEANINGFUL COMMENCEMENT

MAKE COMMENCEMENT MEANINGFUL

In just few days we will be graduating from UCLA. We are graduating from what is supposed to be an institution of higher learning, and a center for intellectual freedom and expression. Yet, we all know that the University is a center for war research and development, an institution in which the professors live off Defense Dept. and State Dept. contracts, and a school in which our [illegible]

Further, we also know that the University maintains an entire bureaucratic complex, the Office of Special Services, that allows the draft boards to keep track of us.

And, the world that we graduate into is far from peaceful. Those of us who are men face the prospect of being drafted into the military to join in "pacifying" Vietnamese villages with napalm, or American urban ghettos with machine guns.

It is in order to express our dissatisfaction with University complicity in the war and the draft, in order to voice our discontent with a world of killing and death, and in order to protest our imminent conscription into the war machine, that we, members of the 1968 graduating class of UCLA, do now step forward.

Because Commencement is the point at which the University transfers our trained minds to a society that survives on a war economy and technology, and our bodies to the military machine of such a society, we will also use this time to voice our protest.

We will express our opposition to the war in Vietnam by remaining seated during the National Anthem.

We will express our opposition to University complicity in the war and the draft by remaining seated during the singing of "Hail to the Hills of Westwood", and during the benediction.

We will demonstrate our desire for the attainment of a peaceful society by wearing peace armbands.

We ask all graduating seniors to join us in this expression of our views by remaining seated during the National Anthem, Alma Mater, and benediction, and by wearing a peace armband (to be passed out at the door) over the left sleve of your commencement gown.

On Sunday, June 9, at 2 PM, in the A-level lounge of the Student Union, there will be a meeting to work out the final details for making this commencement a meaningful one. We invite you to join us at this meeting. Here's hoping to see you at that time . . .

Yours in peace,
COMMITTEE FOR A MEANINGFUL COMMENCEMENT

P.S. If you would like to join in this Commencement expression of conscience, please remember that the last day to rent your cap and gown is Friday, June 7, on the third floor of the Student Union.

If you have any questions, contributions, or ideas we would like to hear from you. Please come to the meeting or call:

396-5538
473-6410
666-1961
879-9440

Special Agent, FBI

The following is a Xerox copy of a document which was being passed out in front of the U. S. Courthouse, Los Angeles, on June 17, 1968, in connection with the trial of MAIZLISH, previously mentioned:

Brothers and Sisters:

This vigil is being held in witness of the trial of Joe Maizlish by the U.S. government for the "crime" of refusing to cooperate with the Selective Service System. Some of us are fasting as an additional symbol of our support of Joe's non-cooperation. Many of us are also refusing cooperation with the draft and taxes for war.

If violence and exploitation are ever to end, or even be reduced, it will be because people stop supporting them in their own day-to-day lives. But our government and those of the military, the Justice Department, and the District Court who do its work, and even those of us who pay taxes on the earnings of our labor are all helping to support violence and war. And so Joe is on trial: because he will not cooperate with the system of destruction and because others insist that he comply.

The vigil will continue until nine o'clock Tuesday morning, when the trial begins. Those of us who are fasting plan to continue doing so until the conclusion of the trial.

We would be pleased to have you join us for as long as you wish. We do ask that if you join the vigil you remain silent and not respond to remarks or provocations from anyone.

THE RESISTANCE

1355 Westwood Blvd.
Room 201
Los Angeles, Ca 90024
473-6410 879-9440

1015 N. Madison
Los Angeles, Ca
666-1961

WILLIAM DALE JENNINGS
1933 Lemoyne Street
Los Angeles, California

The following are Xerox copies of two documents being distributed in the Los Angeles area.

The fundamental immorality and increasing brutality of our nation's course in Vietnam compels us to commit our lives to changing that course. Responsibility lies with each of us. The killing must be stopped. We stand with those young men who in the American tradition of civil disobedience refuse to submit to an unconscionable military draft. We ourselves are not eligible for the draft, but we publicly announce our individual and joint complicity in disobeying this law, along with the young men who are refusing the draft.

We do not undertake this action lightly. We are keenly aware of the penalties which may be exacted for this action:

> Universal Military Training and Service Act, Section 12, Penalties. "Any person who . . . knowingly counsels, aids or abets another to refuse . . . registration or service in the armed forces . . . shall upon conviction in any district court of the United States . . . be punished by imprisonment for not more than five years or a fine of not more than $10,000 or by both . . . "

We explicitly encourage, aid and abet this civil disobedience and thus place ourselves in equal jeopardy with draft refusers. We cannot leave them to take the risks alone for what is the basic act of conscience in our time.

I subscribe to the above statement of the Supporters of the Resistance and will allow you to use my name in a public list of signators.

Signature

Name

Address Phone

( ) As a Supporter of the Resistance, I wish to be called any time, day or night, when support action is needed.
( ) I pledge $ per month to the Resistance.
( ) I enclose $ as a separate contribution to the Resistance.
(Make checks payable to The Resistance)

SUPPORTERS OF THE RESISTANCE
1355 Westwood Blvd., Room 201
Los Angeles, California 90024
473-6410 879-9440

THE RESISTANCE NEEDS HELP--YOUR HELP. Organizing induction center demonstrations, counseling young men on alternatives to the draft, and speaking to clubs and groups about non-cooperation--all require organizers.

Organizers--young men whose ages are the same as those they counsel--have to eat, have to sleep. For them to be effective, their services must be available virtually at all times.

Up till now the half-dozen full-time Resistance organizers have been hobbling along on the few dollars a week the Resistance has been able to give them for subsistence. But if the Resistance and the Peace Movement are to grow, more organizers are desperately needed.

Walk down to the Induction Center some morning--any morning--and look at the faces of the young fellows ordered to report there against their wills. Passionless faces. Expressionless faces. The anger, the desire, the hatred, the joy, the tears--all have long since dried up. All that remains is the silent all-pervading fear that rules their lives. Pole-axed steers being led to the slaughter is the only metaphor--hackneyed as it may sound--to describe these troubled souls.

If these human beings are to conquer their fears and learn--as all young men yearn to--just what it means to be a man, they must be spoken to. Spoken to by men who have recognized their fears and conquered them.

The small, disparate monthly checks (that, until now, have constituted the sole, and uncertain, support of the Resistance) can no longer be depended upon. With the drastic cuts in college and graduate deferments, the Resistance approaches the most crucial period in its short existence. With this summer the Resistance will be met with a most anguished choice: to grow, and meet the new intensified demands that confront it--or cease to be the Movement's cutting edge, and die.

Making that choice depends largely on the support of persons like yourselves, who on the one hand can recognize the problems facing the Resistance, and who at the same time have become sufficiently established in society to be able to meet the needs of those who have placed their bodies on the barricades built by the enemies of life.

Before you go to the office next Tuesday morning, have a look at the Induction Center--and then please write that check.....

SUPPORTERS OF THE RESISTANCE
1355 Westwood Blvd.
Westwood, Calif.
473-6410 879-9440

APPENDIX-INDIVIDUALS

DONALD KALISH

KALISH has been publicly described as the chairman of the Philosophy Department, University of California at Los Angeles (UCLA).

LA T-6 (3/4/66)

On March 4, 1966, KALISH was in contact with HERBERT APTHEKER, Director of the American Institute for Marxist Studies (AIMS) (See Appendix) in New York City. KALISH indicated he was in agreement with APTHEKER's work in AIMS.

The August 10, 1966, edition of "Tocsin", a biweekly periodical published in Davis, California, and describing itself as an "Anti-Communist intelligence report", on Page 2, states that KALISH was one of the UCLA faculty members who signed a letter directed to Attorney General NICHOLAS KATZENBACH protesting his action requiring the W. E. B. Du Bois Clubs of America (DCA) (See Appendix) to register as a communist front organization.

JOSEPH MAIZLISH

LA T-7 (1965, 1967)

JOSEPH MAIZLISH was maintained on the mailing list of the Los Angeles DCA in 1965 and 1967.

LYNN SHOEMAKER

LA T-4 (10/4/67)

LYNN SHOEMAKER was in attendance at a meeting in Los Angeles on September 27, 1967, sponsored by the Students for a Democratic Society (See Appendix).

FATHER LOUIS VITALE

Father VITALE is a Franciscan Monk assigned to St. Joseph Church, Los Angeles. He has been observed at many anti-Vietnam demonstrations in the Los Angeles area.

REVEREND HARLAN WEITZEL

The Reverend HARLAN WEITZEL is the executive director of the Greater Los Angeles Chapter of Clergymen and Laymen Concerned About Vietnam.

APPENDIX

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FOR MARXIST STUDIES

A source advised on April 9, 1963, that on April 7, 1963, at a meeting of the District Committee of the Communist Party (CP) of New England, held in Boston, Massachusetts, HERBERT APTHEKER stated he was developing an organization called American Institute for Marxist Studies (AIMS) which would eventually legalize the CP. He stated AIMS would publish literature on History, Science, Physics, Archeology, and other subjects which would be put out quarterly with various supplements.

A second source advised on June 30, 1966, that HERBERT APTHEKER was elected to the National Committee, CPUSA, at the 18th National Convention of the CPUSA held June 22-26, 1966, in New York City.

A third source advised on June 7, 1963, that on June 3, 1963, HERBERT APTHEKER spoke at the CP of New York District Board meeting concerning AIMS. APTHEKER stated AIMS would unite and strengthen the CP although the CP would not be connected with it. He stated AIMS was being formed within the scope of the McCarran and Smith Acts and would legally bring Marxist material and opinions to the attention of American scholars and the general public.

A fourth source reported on August 29, 1966, that AIMS issues a "Newsletter" every other month. This source also made available the information that AIMS issues publications and holds symposiums concerning Marxism.

A fifth source advised on May 9, 1967, that as of that date, AIMS was located at 20 East 30th Street, New York City.

APPENDIX

1

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF THE FIRST UNITARIAN CHURCH OF LOS ANGELES

A source advised on May 8, 1968, that the premises of the First Unitarian Church of Los Angeles, 2936 West 8th Street, Los Angeles, California, have been utilized for meetings by Communist Party members and sympathizers over a period of years. Speakers and lecturers at the church frequently espouse Communist causes or follow the Communist Party line. Communist front group literature is distributed at the church. The church is used by some Communist Party members for "mass concentration" work.

This same infiltration extends to adjuncts of the church such as the Unitarian Public Forum and the Fellowship for Social Justice, formerly known as the Unitarian-Universalist Fellowship for Social Justice.

STEPHEN H. FRITCHMAN has been minister of the church since 1948.

Reverend STEPHEN H. FRITCHMAN is described in the Fourth Report, Un-American Activities Committee in California, 1948, Page 115, as a very active "Communist fronter" and connected with numerous "Communist front organizations and activities".

Membership in the First Unitarian Church does not, of itself, connote membership in or sympathy with the Communist Party.

APPENDIX

APPENDIX

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. The SDS is an association of young people on the left and has a current program of protesting the draft, promoting a campaign for youth to develop a conscientious objector status, denouncing United States intervention in the war in Vietnam and to "radically transform" the university community, and provide for its complete control by students. Gus Hall, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, when interviewed by a representative of United Press International in San Francisco, California, on May 14, 1965, described the SDS as a part of the "responsible left" which the Party has "going for us". At the June, 1965, SDS National Convention, an anticommunist proviso was removed from the SDS constitution. In the October 7, 1966, issue of "New Left Notes", the official publication of SDS, an SDS spokesman stated that there are some communists in SDS and they are welcome. The national headquarters of this organization as of April 18, 1967, was located in Room 206, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

APPENDIX

APPENDIX

W. E. B. DU BOIS CLUBS OF AMERICA (DCA)

A source advised that on October 26-27, 1963, a conference of members of the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), including national functionaries, met in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of setting in motion forces for the establishment of a new national Marxist-oriented youth organization which would hunt for the most peaceful transition to socialism. The delegates were told that it would be reasonable to assume that the young socialists attracted into this new organization would eventually pass into the CP itself.

A second source has advised that the founding convention for the new youth organization was held from June 19-21, 1964, at 150 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, California, at which time the name W.E.B. Du Bois Clubs of America (DCA) was adopted. Approximately 500 delegates from throughout the United States attended this convention.

The second source advised in September, 1966, that Mike Zagarell, CPUSA Youth Director, stated that in Negro communities the Party still supported the plan to build "left" socialist centers and to solidify the Party base through the DCA. This source also advised in September, 1966, that Daniel Rubin, CPUSA, National Organizational Secretary, stated the Party believes the DCA should have a working-class outlook and be a mass organization favorable to socialism, socialist countries and Marxism, and in April, 1967, advised that Gus Hall, CPUSA General Secretary, indicated the DCA primary emphasis should be on developing mass resistance to the draft.

A third source advised in September, 1967, that Jarvis Tyner was elected chairman of the DCA on September 10, 1967, at the Third National Convention of the DCA held in New York, New York, from September 8-10, 1967.

A fourth source advised during August, 1967, that Jarvis Tyner is a member of the National Committee of the CPUSA.

A fifth source advised on September 21, 1967, that the headquarters of the DCA is located at 34 West 17th Street, New York, New York.

APPENDIX

APPENDIX

W. E. B. DU BOIS CLUB OF WEST LOS ANGELES

On April 23, 1964, a source advised that the W.E.B. Du Bois Club of West Los Angeles, was organized by RUTH GREENBAUM with the assistance of MARVIN TREIGER in February, 1964.

A second source advised on April 17, 1964, that as of April, 1964, RUTH GREENBAUM was a member of the Southern California District Communist Party (SCDCP) and that MARVIN TREIGER was chairman of the Youth Commission, SCDCP.

The first source above stated that the Du Bois Club was organized mainly to meet the needs of Marxist-orientated students at the University of California at Los Angeles (UCLA), but that the club eventually hoped to spread its influence into other areas in West Los Angeles.

A third source advised on March 12, 1964, that at a Communist Party (CP) meeting held in Los Angeles, in February, 1964, BEN DOBBS, Executive Secretary of the SCDCP, spoke on the CP youth movement and stated that the Du Bois Club was one of two youth groups operating in the Los Angeles area, both groups were Marxist-orientated and that members considered themselves Marxist.

A fourth source advised on March 25, 1965, that since its inception, the activities of the Du Bois Club have been mainly limited to participation in protests against alleged racial discrimination, participation in Marxist classes, participation in conferences which led to the creation of the W.E.B. Du Bois Clubs of America in the summer of 1964 and participation in demonstrations protesting U.S. intervention in Viet Nam. This source advised that the W.E.B. Du Bois Club of West Los Angeles is now affiliated with the W.E.B. Du Bois Clubs of America and is operating as a chapter of that organization.

APPENDIX CONTINUED

APPENDIX CONTINUED

W. E. B. DU BOIS CLUB
OF WEST LOS ANGELES

The above source further advised on April 28, 1966, that in February, 1966, the Los Angeles area Du Bois Clubs consolidated into one large city-wide club known as the Los Angeles Du Bois Club. The West Los Angeles Du Bois no longer exists as a separate club but members of the club are now members of the UCLA committee, which is one of several committees formed at the time of consolidation of the Los Angeles area Du Bois Clubs.

APPENDIX

FD-323 (Rev. 11-29-61)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Los Angeles, California
August 28, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 100-70116

Title	THE RESISTANCE
Character	SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT, 1948; Sedition
Reference	Report of SA FREDERICK J. PETERSEN dated and captioned as above at Los Angeles.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-338 (Rev. 5-22-63)
OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC Los Angeles (100-70116) DATE: 8/14/68

FROM : SA Frederick J. Petersen

SUBJECT: The Resistance

In connection with the destruction of channelizing memoranda, the information contained on the serials listed below was incorporated in a report dated 8-28-68. The review for this report was made from serial 205 through serial 301.

In accordance with the above, the following serials are to be destroyed:

Volume	Serials (List by serial or serial scope.)
4	205, 208, 211
5	212-218, 221-223, 225, 226, 232-234, 238,
	244, 246, 247, 252
7	280-295

100-70116-357

SEARCHED .... INDEXED ....
SERIALIZED .... FILED ....
SEP 5 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES

No. of copies 1

Approved

Destroyed by Joyce C. Lovelis Date 9-5-68

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (14-382)

DATE: 9/6/68

FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-70116) (P)

SUBJECT: THE RESISTANCE
SSA, 1948
SEDITION
OO: New York

Re Phoenix letter to New York dated 8/2/68.

The various groups listed on the enclosure to relet are not connected with "The Resistance" but are rather separate "Peace Type" groups which function from time to time in the Los Angeles, California area.

100-70116-358

SEARCHED —
INDEXED —
SERIALIZED
FILED

2 - New York
1 - Phoenix (25-15375) (Info.)
1 - Los Angeles (100-70116)

FJP/mcr
(4) aje

OFFICE COPY

FD-302 (Rev. 4-15-64)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date July 17, 1968

FOIA(b)(7) - (D) University-Westwood Branch, Crocker Citizens National Bank, 10925 Kinross Avenue, Los Angeles, California advised that account #453431, in the name of "Supporters of the Resistance", has a current balance of $547.45. A new signature card record was completed June 19, 1968 which shows that this group at a meeting held on that date designated officers as follows:

SHERNA B. GLUCK, Chairman
GREG NELSON, Vice Chairman
DALE LEWIS ODERMAN, Secretary
DAVID BOLDUC, Treasurer

The address continues as 1355 Westwood Boulevard, Los Angeles.

Statements for this account are submitted on a monthly basis.

The following checks are noted to have been drawn against this account:

Check No.	Date	Amount	Payee	Endorser	Maker
294	6/12/68	$10.00	GREG NELSON	GREG NELSON LOIS NELSON	SG
109	6/28/68	10.00	Cash	(none)	DLO
110	6/28/68	40.00	DAVID BOLDUC	DAVID BOLDUC	DB
112	7/1/68	30.00	DALE ODERMAN	DALE LEWIS ODERMAN	DLO
111	7/1/68	44.00	Cash	KAREN DELLENBACH	DB
104	6/19/68	17.90	United Air Lines Freight	Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company of Chicago	SG

On 7/12/68 at Los Angeles, California File # 100-70116 -359

by SA FREDERICK J. PETERSEN Date dictated 7/17/68

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Check No.	Date	Amount	Payee	Endorser	Maker
106	6/25/68	$30.00	DALE ODERMAN	DALE LEWIS ODERMAN	SG
300	6/19/68	135.00	LYNN SHOEMAKER	LYNN SHOEMAKER	SG
105	6/20/68	22.31	MARTY WEIL	MARTY WEIL	SG
103	6/19/68	53.96	General Telephone	General Telephone Co.of California	SG
102	6/19/68	10.73	ditto	ditto	SG
299	6/18/68	25.00	MIKE SWARTZ	MIKE SWARTZ, University Coop. Housing Ass'n.	SG
285	6/6/68	9.30	World Without War Council	"W.W.W.Council 1730 Grove St. Berkeley,Calif. 94709 5579-02685 Bk.of America"	KD
292	6/7/68	100.00	GEORGE TRAFTON	George E. Trafton Bldg. Acc't.	SG
297	6/14/68	1.25	New York Key Service	New York Key 1069 N. Western Los Angeles	SG
115	7/3/68	70.00	Cash	DAVID BOLDUC	DB
108	6/27/68	200.00	RICHARD PROFUMO	RICHARD PROFUMO 1015 N. Madison Los Angeles	SG
116	7/5/68	50.00	Cash	(none)	DLO

It is noted that the above listed checks are signed as maker by SHERNA GLUCK (SG), DALE LEWIS ODERMAN (DLO), DAVID BOLDUC (DB) or KAREN DELLENBACH (KD), as indicated.

The information set out above is not to be made public without the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to the Manager, University-Westwood Branch, Crocker Citizens National Bank, 10925 Kinross Ave., Los Angeles, California.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-68654) DATE: 8/28/68

FROM: SA FRANCIS G. KAHL

SUBJECT: PEACE ACTION COUNCIL (PAC)
IS-C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	PAC sponsored demonstration at Century City Section of L.A., 7/28/68.	8/13/68	Writer	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Informant's report has been Xeroxed and is attached.

CC: 1 - SAN FRANCISCO (REGISTERED)
100- (MIKE HOOVER)

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

175-41	(DEMONSTRATION AGAINST HUBERT HUMPHREY)
100-46044	(JOE ROBERTS)(SI)
100-69867	(PEGGY WHOLAHAN)(SI)
100-53913	(PIERRE MANDEL)(SI)
100-71481	(DENNIS DURBY)
100-71424	(RICH PROFUMO)
100-64359	(DONALD KALISH)(SI)
100-71438	(DEBBIE LANDIS)
100-68293	(MIKE YUEFF)(SI)
100-61365	(KEN CLOKE)
100-71507	(NAN BELTRAM)(SI)
100-68528	(JERRY PALMER)(SI)
100-70356	(JAY HURVITZ)
100-67274	(DON FREED)(RI-A)
100-70348	(STUART GLASS)
100-69919	(MARILYN GLICK)(SI)
100-69390	(PETER COOPER)(SI)
100-23660	(ROSE CHERNIN)(SI)
100-28093	(IRVING SARNOFF)(SI)
100-69136	(JOE WHOLAHAN)(SI)
100-65128	(ALLEN ZAK)(SI)
100-69693	(PAT NAVE)(SI)
25-79551	(DENNIS DURBY)
100-36871	(NATHAN SHAPIRO)(SI)
25-79064	(DONALD KALISH)
100-DEAD	(RICHARD ZAK)
100-70551	(GAIL PALMER)
100-68379	(SANDY HEBERT)(SI)
100-70791	(JOHN BRADLEY)
100-68460	(JAY SLEVIN)(SI)

COPIES CONTINUED ON PAGE 2.

100-70116-360

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
AUG 28 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES

FGK:LAL
(51)

Read by F.G.K

COPIES CONTINUED:

100-63656	(ROBERT NIEMANN)(SI)
100-69066	(CHRISTIAN HAYDEN)
100-69189	(BERNARD BERGMAN)
100-32634	(RAPHAEL KONIGSBERG)(SI)
100-69788	(KATHY RICHARDSON)
25-76753	(DALE ODERMAN)
100-40441	(FLORENCE KUSHNER)(SI)
100-64984	(JOANN ROSENSTEIN)(SI)
100-60120	(PAUL ROSENSTEIN)(SI)
100-19949	(DELLA ROSA COOVER)(SI)
100-23437	(LARRY KEPPINGER)
100-71885	(FRANK WEINSTEIN)
100-68930	(SHIRLEY NELSON)(SI)
100-65741	(GENERAL HERSHEY BAR)
100-DEAD	(JANELLE ALDEN)
100-67358	(WALT CROWE)(SI)
100-70116	(THE RESISTANCE)
25-80575	(ANTI-DRAFT ACTIVITIES)

ACTION:

Informant was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could add nothing further.

RECOMMENDATION: 100-DEAD files on JANELLE ALDEN and RICHARD ZAK.

All other necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

July 31, 1968
Los Angeles, California

July 28, 1968 (Sunday)
Century Plaza Hotel
Century City,
Los Angeles, California
Peace Action Council sponsored
demonstration, for the purpose of
protesting U.S. policy in Vietnam
and the presence of Vice-President
Hubert Humphrey.

The following individuals were observed at the demonstration:

Rose Chernin
Irving Sarnoff
Joe Roberts
Joe Wolihan
Peggy Wolihan
Alan Zak
Pierre Mandel
Pat Nave
Dennis Durby
Rich Profumo
Nathan Shapiro
Donald Kalish
Debbis Landis
Rick Zacker (ph.)
Mike Hoover (ph.)
Mike Yueff
Gail Palmer
Ken Cloke
Sandy Hebert
Nan Beltram
John Bradley
Jerry Palmer
Jay Slevin
Jay HUrvitz
Don Freed
Stuart Glass
Marylyn Glick

Peter (Cooper ?)
Robert Niemann
Christian Hayden
Bernard Bergman
Raphael Konigsberg
Kathy Richardson
Man believed to be Dale Oderman
Flo Kushner
Joanne Rosenstein
Paul Rosenstein
Della Rosa Coover
Larry Keppinger
Frank Weinstein
Shirley Nelson
General Hershey Bar
Genelle Alden (ph.)
Walt Crowe

Man who was identified by Durby as Mike Hoover, and connected with the Resistance, was seen placing a Resistance flag in the fountain in front of the hotel.

Don Freed was seen leading the chanting in front of the hotel. Some of the chants were "Hell no, we won't go" and "Peace now."

Durby said that Rick Zacker (ph.), a Resister, will not go to jail, but when the time comes he will leave (probably go to another country) or go underground.

Flo Kushner was seen selling the People's World newspaper.

Durby said that several brown paper packages the size and shape of the Resistance collage will be brought into the federal court on Monday. The Resistance will attempt to remove the real collage from the court. Each of the packages will be placed into a waiting car, and each car will go in a different direction. The purpose ofthis is to confuse the FBI if they try to get the collage. The real collage will be taken to a church for sanctuary. Later the collage may be put on a plaster wall with epoxy glue.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1952 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-68654)

DATE: 8/23/68

FROM : SA WILLIAM G. ATHERTON

SUBJECT: PEACE ACTION COUNCIL (PAC)
IS - C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	PAC spon.demon. on 7/28/68.	8/6/68	Writer	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Source's report is quoted as follows:

"CENTURY CITY ANTI-HUMPHREY DEMONSTRATION

"The Sunday July 28, 1968, Peace Action Council sponsored demonstration directed toward Vice President HUMPHREY to protest involvement in the Vietnam War began at 4:00 p.m. at the Century Plaza Hotel, Century City. Some of the demonstrators gathered in mess in front of the hotel while others marched around the empty block directly adjacent to Avenue of the Stars. At peak attendance the crowd numbered from 1500 to 2000. Judging from the placards held by the demonstrators it would seem that the majority were of the MC CARTHY peace faction, also numerous Peace and Freedom Party supportors and members of the Resistance.

CC: FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

175-41	(DEMONSTRATION AGAINST HUBERT HUMPHREY)
100-70073	(PFP)
100-70116	(THE RESISTANCE)
100-71558	( )(SI)
100-71308	(SDS, EL CAMINO COLLEGE)
100-71010	( )
100-57253	(YSA)
100-71001	(IVOR WOODWARD)

WGA/mmd
(10)

Read by

100-70116-361

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___
AUG 23 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES

"The loudspeaker system, which was located directly in front of the hotel, was controlled by the PAC (Peace Action Council) and their crowd control monitors were circulating during the entire 4 hours to assure a peaceful assembly.

"There was however, minor bits of subversive activity. RUSS WEBER, El Camino Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), and his cousin BOB FITZPATRICK, Young Socialist Alliance (YSA), were selling YSA material. In a conversation with WEBER I learned that he intends to submit a petition to El Camino Jr. College fall semester in order to establish a new political club to rival IVOR WOODWARD's SDS. WEBER needs 10 signatures and thus far has 5 (including himself, PAT WEBER (his wife), and ART REVENTUS) to establish his SDS (Students for a Democratic Socialism). The format, I gathered, will be discussion and presentation of socialistic ideals in terms of ECC's student problems. It would seem that WEBER intends to inject a more intellectual tone into ECC's militant politics. Aside from WEBER I couldn't identify any other SDS participipitation; WEBER comfirmed that he was the only representitive of El Camino's SDS in attendance.

"While mingling with the crowd I noticed 6 to 10 people chanting that the NLF was going to win in Vietnam, other than this handful most of the jeering was aimed at HUMPHREY and U.S. involvement overseas. One youth began shouting, using a strong German accent, 'Down with U.S. Impearalism' but the PAC group with the public address system drowned him out with a more moderate slogan.

"Aside from a small turmoil around 5:30 PM in clearing the crowd from a fountain street divider on Avenue of the Stars in front of the hotel and the seizure of part of the broadcasting equipment at about 7:00 PM, there was little violence. When the order to disband came at 8:00 PM, most of the crowd was in the process of dispersing but upon the arrest of a woman (presumably for obsenity) an angry group formed in front of the hotel and the usual police versus hostil youths disturbance began. We watched eight arrests then, realizing "that the police were in sufficient control to avert a riot, moved away. By 9:00 PM both demonstrators and police had dispersed."

ACTION:

Source was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could add nothing further.

All necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

INDEX:

PAT WEBBER
ART RAVENTOS
STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIALISM

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES G[illegible]ERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-70116) DATE: 8/29/68

FROM : SA ROBERT H. CLAUDIUS

SUBJECT: THE RESISTANCE
IS - C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Anti-draft demon. by the Resistance at Armed Forces Induc. Station, 8/6/68.	8/15/68	Writer	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Source's report has been Xeroxed and is attached.

ACTION:
All necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

INDEX: DEMONSTRATION AT ARMED FORCES INDUCTION CENTER, 1033 South Broadway, Los Angeles, 8/6/68.
JEFFREY FISHMAN

CC: FOIA b 7 - (D)

25-79658	(ANTI-DRAFT ACTIVITIES)
100-70670	(SHERNA GLUCK)(RI-B)
25-79580	(SHERNA GLUCK)(RI-B)
100-71139	(HARLAN WEITZEL)
100-71283	(ROSE MATHEWS)(SI)
100-71424	(RICHARD PROFUMO)
100-71220	(DAVID BOLDUC)
25-80042	(DAVID BOLDUC)
100-69189	(BERNARD BERGMAN)
100-70523	(CHRISTINE SHOEMAKER)
100-	(PHOTO FILE)

RHC/mmd mmd
(13) Read by_____

100-70116-362

SEARCHED ___ INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___ FILED ___
AUG 29 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES

RESISTANCE, THE 8/6/68

Anti-draft demonstration - 8/6/68, 6:30 am to 9:30 am, armed Forces Induction Center, 1033 So. Broadway.

A demonstration was held sponsored by the Resistance, supposedly in support of Jeffrey FISHMAN, who was going to refuse to be drafted and chained to a clergyman. FISHMAN showed up at 8 am, not chained to a clergyman, and after having the Sel. Service Act read to him, he refused to be examined by the medical section. He was released and his papers will be forwarded to the U.S. Attorney.

There were approx. 40-50 demonstrators. No lines of march were formed, no incidents occured. The demonstration consisted of small groups talking and a community sing led by 3 guitars. Very few leaflets were passed out.

There was no apparent leader; however, GLUCK, Sherna, a past leader brough copies of "Vietnam G.I." which were passed out.

Those identified were: GLUCK, Sherna (205-4851)
WEITZEL, Harlan Rev.
MATHEWS, Rose
PROFUMO, Richard (205-8930)
BOLDUC, David
BERGMAN, Bernard (205-3601)
SHOEMAKER, Christine

The following Lic. #'s were obtained:

NBK 329, '65 V/W	Vivian L. KIRK, 1209 Neff St., West Covina
PEU 942, '55 V/W Van	John B. WYMORE, 10920 Cardamine, Tajunga
IAB 137, '60 Chev. Wag,	Eugene A. MEAD, 1304 Sydney St., San Luis Obispo

Photos were taken under P# 02998, the following ID's were made on the photos:

Harlan WEITZEL	Photo #6
David BOLDUC	16
Rose MATHEWS	19
Bernard BERGMAN	19
Christine SHOEMAKER	20

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-70116) DATE: 8/30/68

FROM: SA FRANCIS G. KAHL

SUBJECT: THE RESISTANCE
IS - C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Meeting of LA Resistance group, 7/30/68.	8/13/68	Writer	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Informant's report has been Xeroxed and is attached.

CC: 1 - PORTLAND (RM)
100- (THE RESISTANCE)

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

100-66872	(JOE MAIZLISH)(RI-B)
100-70670	(SHERNA GLUCK)(RI-B)
25-79580	(SHERNA GLUCK)
100-71481	(DENNIS DURBY)
25-79551	(DENNIS DURBY)
100-24642	(REV. STEPHEN FRITCHMAN)(SI)
100-71283	(ROSE MATHEWS)(SI)
25-80338	(NEIL BROWN)
100-70977	(RICK CARTER)
25-79566	(RICK CARTER)
100-71424	(RICH PROFUMO)
100-68930	(SHIRLEY NELSON)(SI)
100-DEAD	(PETER MARX)
100-71098	(BILL GARAWAY)
25-79047	(BILL GARAWAY)
100-70513	(GENERAL WASTEMORELAND)
100-71091	(SANTA ANA PEACE CENTER)
100-71209	(DAC)
25-79658	(ANTI-DRAFT ACTIVITIES)
25-80716	(RALPH PARRET)
100-2700	(AFSC)

100-70116-363

AUG 30

FGK/mmd
(24) Read by F. G. K

ACTION:

Informant was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could add nothing further.

It is recommended that the informant be recontacted to further identify STEVIE____(LNU)__.

All other necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

INDEX:

MARTY HARRIS
KATHY HARRIS
KEN COWAN
MARY JO BETA (phonetic)
JESS TAYLOR
GEOFFREY FISHMAN
BILL ROBERTS
DAVE JONES, aka.
BRIDGET O'HANRAHAN (phonetic)
INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS
ANARCHISTS FOR NON-VIOLENCE
IN LIVING (ANVIL)
MICHAEL GREENE

August 6, 1968
Los Angeles, California

July 30, 1968 (Tuesday)
2936 W. Eighth Street
Los Angeles, California
Resistance
Meeting.

About 45 - 55 people attended the meeting:

- Joe Maizlish
- Marty Harris
- Kathy Harris
- Sherna Gluck
- Ken Cowan (ph.)
- Dennis Durby
- Rev. Stephen Fritchman
- Rose Matthews
- Mary Jo Beta (ph.)
- Neil Brown
- Rick Carter
- Rich Profumo
- Shirley Nelson
- Peter Marx
- Jess Taylor
- Bill Garoway
- Goeffrey Fishman (ph.)
- Bill Roberts
- General Wastemoreland

Two people introduced themselves as Dave Jones and Bridget O'Hanrahan (ph.).

Also present was a girl who said her name is Stevie (ph.). She said she works in the Resistance office.

Cowan said he is the Orange County coordinator of the Resistance. He said he works in Laguna Beach and in the Santa Ana Peace Center.

Maizlish conducted the meeting.

Stevie is white female, about 20 years old, wears glasses, usually dressed in mod fashion. d.n

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

It was announced that a Japanese who is the head of International Students will speak at the demonstration in Inglewood, August 6.

Matthews said that people will leaflet in Little Tokyo, August 6. They will be from the Dow Action Committee, but they will leaflet as individuals.

Jess Taylor also attended the previous meeting.

Rick Carter said he is in ANVIL (Anarchists for Non-Violence in Living). Carter said that at one time he was in the locked ward of a mental hospital.

Maizlish reported on the regional Resistance which he recently attended in Portland, Oregon. He said a federal judge (probably Solomon (ph.)) will be approached by some lawyers who want to be assigned to take selective service cases. It was said that Solom an has been giving light sentences to resistors.

Peter Marx said he has a friend who is a former law clerk to that judge and he will ask him to write to the judge, regarding the appointment of these lawyers to selective service cases.

August 6, Fishman said he will refuse induction. He will probably have some people chained to him, probably several clergy among them.

Ralph Parret attended this meeting briefly.

A film was shown which was said to be from American Friends Service Committee.

General Wastemoreland said that he is such an anarchist that ANVIL doesn't know about some of it.

Maizlish said attorney Michael Greene is preparing to appeal the collage case.

Neil Brown discussed with the group the need of having special meeting for resistors who may soon go to prison. They will invite a former resident of Lompoc to these meetings. They will discuss the value of meditation, prison life, going underground, and leaving the country.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-70116) DATE: 9/2/68

FROM: SA RICHARD J. RAYSA

SUBJECT: THE RESISTANCE
IS - C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Resistance support at trial of J.MAIZLISH, 8/12/68.	8/16/68	Writer	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Source's report has been Xeroxed and is attached.

CC: FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

100-66872	(JOE MAIZLISH)(RI-B)
100-67116	(STANLEY KOHLS)(SI)
100-DEAD	(RICHARD ZACHARY)(ZAK)
100-71824	(ALEXIS THOMPSON)
100-64359	(PROF.DONALD KALISH)(SI)
25-79064	(PROF.DONALD KALISH)
100-71139	(REV.HARLAN WEITZEL)
100-70783	(DAVID HARRIS)
100-40913	(NORMAN BAUER)
100-71283	(ROSE MATHEWS)(SI)
100-71481	(DENNIS DURBY)
25-79551	(DENNIS DURBY)
100-70670	(SHERNA GLUCK)(RI-B)
25-79580	(SHERNA GLUCK)(RI-B)
100-70898	(JERRY BORKENHAGEN)
100-68528	(JERRY PALMER)(SI)
100-71220	(DAVID BOLDUC)
25-80042	(DAVID BOLDUC)
100-70774	(PAUL ENCIMER)(RI-B)
100-70977	(RICK CARTER)
25-79566	(RICK CARTER)
100-69974	(LYNN SHOEMAKER)(SI)
25-79032	(LYNN SHOEMAKER)(SI)
100-30876	(LEONARD SCHWARTZ)

RJR/mmd
(26) Read by RJR

100-70116-364

SEARCHED ... SERIALIZED ... FILED
SEP 2 19..
FBI — LOS ANGELES

ACTION:

Source was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could add nothing further.

All necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

Resistance Trial(Joe Mazei[illegible]h)

Date- Monday, August 12, 1968

Location- Old Federal Building, 312 N. Spring St., L.A.
Second floor, room 8, Judge Stevens courtroom.

Duration- 2 p.m.-3 p.m. approx.

No. Persons Attending- 100 or over

Agenda-

Other cases were tried first, then Joe, representing himself, trial taking place. Judge Stevens asked Joe if he were sure he wanted to represent himself, to which Joe said yes. Stevens stated we've been through all of this,before, when we talked,together, earlier, and now, he must pass the sentence, at this time. Asked Joe if he wished to appeal, Joe saying he would not care to appeal. Stevens asked Joe what he was expecting on the sentence, and if he understood what the sentence might be, as earlier it had been discussed when he had been convicted by the jury trial and Joe knew it might be 3 years, and if he knew this. Joe said he didn't remember except hearing the figure 3 mentioned. Stevens asked Joe what he expected him to do, in passing out a sentence, be more lenient. He couldn't give him less time than other cases, they have to all be treated the same. Joe said he thought the jusde might be more lenient, in this case, as example for others, and might be a good start to use this case, as a beginning of change in sentences being more lenient for others who must do the same thing in following their consciences and resisting induction. The Judge said Joe was following his conscience in the job he feels he has to do and now, he must obey the U.S. laws in job he was appointed to do, or Joe and others would wonder what kind of a Judge he was, in neglecting to carry out his job, and others would feel same, and wouldn't like him or feel he is a qualified Judge. Laws are to be obeyed in the courts, he added further. He asked Joe if he were ready to receive sentencing, to which Joe said no, of course not. All present laughed at this question. The Judge,then,gave a sentence of 3 years, with a ten-day time for appealing, and said he was to be in the custody of the Attorney General now. Joe left court room and,later, found out he had gone outside and two dark suited men had come up to him and aske Joe what he was doing there. Joe was to have said, "Enjoying the beautiful sunshine out here". He was reported to have been dragged in, feet dragging, back into the court building. Stan Kohls, outside, said maybe the Judge had slipped,purposedly,and not said in immediate custody, thus, allowing Joe to walk outside, that it was the Attorney Generals whose job it was now. No one knew where Joe would be sent, probably being held the 10 days in jail, here, then sent elsewhere from others because of his being older than others. Richard Zachory lowered the U.S. flag, outside, to half-mast and cried openly, prior to this. The security guard re-raised the flag.

Seen or heard:
Stan Kohls
Alexus Thompson
Prof. Don Kalish
[illegible]rlan Weitzel

David Harris
Norman Bauer
Rose Mathews
Dennis Durby
Sherna Gluck
Joe Mazelich
Jerry Borkenhagen
Jerry Palmer
David Bolduc
Paul Encimer
Rick Carter
Lynn Shoemaker
Leonard Schwartz
Joe [illegible]

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-71209) DATE: 9/2/68

FROM: SA RICHARD J. RAYSA

SUBJECT: DOW ACTION COMMITTEE (DAC)
IS - C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	DAC meeting, 8/12/68.	8/16/68	Writer	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Source's report has been Xeroxed and is attached.

CC: 1 - NEW YORK (RM)
100- (THE RESISTANCE)

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

100-70444	(MARCIA SILVERSTEIN)	100-63398	(JOE PYNE)
100-71958	(JERRY DEMPSEY)	157-1503	(BLACK PANTHER PARTY)
100-70629	(MORRIS KIGHT)(RI-B)	100-67821	(VETERANS FOR PEACE)
100-70704	(LEWIS STONEHAM)	100-70759	("PEACE HAPPENINGS)
100-DEAD	(RICHARD ZACHARY)(ZAK)	100-71824	(ALEXIS THOMPSON)
100-DEAD	(JANELL ALDEN)	100-44779	("HERALD DISPATCH")
100-71747	(LARRY ALLEN)	100-70668	(DEMONSTRATIONS AGAINST DOW CHEM.CO.)
100-60180	(MIKE LASKY)(SI)		
100-71444	(ROBERT GIGLIO)		
100-71964	(CECILE SMITH)		
100-70311	(AUDREY TIEGER)		
100-71283	(ROSE MATHEWS)(SI)		
100-71535	(MARION STONEHAM)		
100-71334	(J.D.LEE)		
100-71438	(DEBBIE LANDIS)		
100-70116	(THE RESISTANCE)		
100-72003	(DEMONSTRATION AT U.S.S. NEW JERSEY, LONG BEACH, 9/7/68.		

100-70116-365

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
SEP 2 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES

RJR/mmd
(27) Read by

ACTION:

Source was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could add nothing further.

All necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

INDEX:

JIM BOGGIO
CLINTON JONES
ELSIE WATSON
JIM W. CLARK
DEMONSTRATION AT POLICE HEADQUARTERS, Los Angeles, 8/14/68.
VIETNAM VETERANS
LIBERATION UNIVERSITY, 1400 W.Jefferson Blvd.,Los Angeles.
VIET NAM VETERANS FOR MC CARTHY
MONIQUE TRUONG DZU
JACK EVANS

D.A.C. Meeting

Date- August 12, 1968(Monday)

Location- 619 S. Bonnie Brae, Los Angeles

Duration- 8:30-10:30 p.m. (approx.)

No. Persons- Approx. 26

Rec. Sect.- Marcia Silverstein

Alternate Chairman- Jerry Dempsey

Seen or heard:

Morris Kight
Marcia Silverstein
Lewis Stoneham
Jim Boggio
Richard Zachory
Ganell Alden
Larry Allen
Mike Lasky
Robert Giglio
Cecile Smith
Audrey Tieger
Rose Mathews
Marion Stoneham
J.D. Lee
Debbie Landis
Jim W. Clark
Clinton(Clinten) Jones(car-washers union action-came with Mike Lasky, First time meeting)
Victoria(last name not given, was at Century City Plaza demonstration will help in Lasky's office on Thursday morning, Aug. 15, from 11:30 a.m.- 4:30 p.m. with Rose).
Elsie Watson

2 negro women came for first time, as guests, and 3 or 4 youths, for first time.

Agenda:

Financial report read by Jerry Dempsey. Cecile said there was no need for publicity report after Joe Pyne's taping.

Tenative plans, announced by Richard Zachory, will be discussed at Resistance meeting, tommorrow night, Aug. 13,(at their meeting) on boarding the U.S.S. New Jersey ship, which will be coming to Long Beach(next week or two?) Plans to board ship and stretch out peace signs and symbols by Resistance members is planned. There is open house on ships coming in, to the public. Robert Giglio was against this as Federal law would be broken and if arrests occur, then a Federal rap would be placed against them. Rose said she'd visited ships several years ago, when she first came to Cal., and the rules were shoes had to be worn, and women had to wear slacks, when question of proper dress rules came up. No rules on long hair, that she knew of, however, Richard said it would have to be found out on what rules are, so infilteration could take place by group. D.A.C. will support this, as individuals, after more is known what action will take place, if any.

Aug. 26, Mike Lasky will be taped on Joe Pyne show, 6 p.m.

Announcement of demonstration, tommorrow, Aug. 14, at city council made by Morris. Will be Black Panthers on why shootings, etc. of Black Panthers and what can be done to promote better relations and stop shootings. Set for 1 p.m.

J.D. Lee made announcement of Wed. demonstration(hearing) which will be open, at Police building on police harrassment, etc. Vets for Peace, Vietnam Veterans, and D.A.C. will be sponsors. Will take place at 2 p.m. 151 Los Angeles St.

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Announcement of new Black Panther office to open in Long Beach and call for refrigator, office equipment, etc. made by Morris.

Mike Lasky and Lewis Stoneham, made announcement of new classes to start, in which they will be teachers, of Marxist-Lenism. Other courses will be taught, in Chinese cultural courses, and call for anyone wishing to teach a course was made. Course in Marxist-Lenism will start on Sept. 9, evening course, and charge will be $5.00 plus books. School will be called Liberation University, tenetively to be at 1480 W Jefferson Blvd. (Think Beverly Blvd. was mentioned also.) Perhaps some other location may be used, too, Lewis stated. Will be like the Left Wing School, which has folded up, but will be different in the respect it won't be abused as Left wing school had, which one thing had been said, and they did another. Lewis said meeting, later tonight, was to take place at Vets for Peace office, if J.D, Lee was agreeable. Lee said definitely not, there would be no such meeting taking place in his office.(same as D.A.C. building, 619 S. Bonnie Brae).

[redacted]

Morris said he guessed persons present knew that Mike Lasky is a known Communist and people may think Liberation University is a communist front organization, but people can say they are interested in learning what communism is and try to understand it, and why govt. says it is supposed to be hated, and the enemy, without even knowing anything about it, and how could someone hate something they know nothing about. D.A.C. will announce it in their current peace happenings going out, in mailing, in few days.

Watts group called D.A.C. earlier, this day, and asked D.A.C. participation for foot-patrol people to patrol in Watts during night, starting tonight, lasting all night, to help cool it down and perhaps save some lives. Mike Lasky said this would be dangerous and helping the police and he wasn't going to do anything to help them do their job. Morris said it is up to individuals, so desiring, and to let him know after meeting and he would tell them whom to get in touch with for this. Later, after meeting, Mike told Cecile he was sorry he didn't agree with her when at meeting she'd said if it would save lives, then it was important, but he'd felt differently on this, not wanting to help the cops.

Chicago Convention mentioned by Morris. Marcia would be going on later by private plane(had been intended for him) but he would be leaving earlier, may drive not sure yet. Will be there for 8 days and one complete date would be used by him for picketing action against the Dow Chemical Sales office, there. Stated how many National Guard, policemen, sec. guards would be there, at convention. Said Resistance has plans, which they won't bring out, for strong action there. Peace happenings to be printed there and mailed from there. [redacted] FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Rose Mathews made motion for support for Alexus Thompson hearing, which had been continued until Aug. 21. Robert Giglio added ammendment, with Rose's permission that such demo. take place at Federal Bldg. or police bldg. Signs saying police can go on vacations and receive subpena's

This image contains all information on the document

and ignore them, while defendants can not. Rose wanted D.A.C. to initiate the whole action, but due to finances and other committments, they can't. However, they will put it in the peace happenings soon as date desired for such and details as to where were known by Rose, and to let Alexus know. Mike Lasky said he would like to know, too, and he could put it into his column, Herald-Dispatch, calling for support against police tatics.

Question came up on phone, by Robert Giglio, saying he'd understood when phone had been put in Rose's name, that order had only been for one phone and seems they have been charged for two, at Alvarado St. and here. Would Rose check into it and only needing one phone, have charges for second removed with rebate being made, if they are and have been charged for two. Said he could put long extension cord on regular phone or extension, himself. Morris shut him up on this point. Rose said she would call the co. and find out if being charged for two and what rebate would be coming back, if so charged. Five dollars had been recently paid on telephone bill, old charge on something.

Announcement on Broadway play, in New York, contraversial comedy, can be brought here. Name is "Hair". Ganell Alden said she would look into it and get details for D.A.C. and handle it, as being in show business herself, Morris stated she'd be the one who could do it.

Announcement on Monique Dzu, daughter of political peace figure in South Vietnam who'd been imprisoned and fined, of plans for a dinner reception, will be announced in Peace Happenings. (see Aug. 5 peace happenings) Press conference with Viet-nam Veterans for McCarthy held recent press conference with her. Peace party will be Wed. evening, Sept. 4. Anyone having or knowing of large home or restaurant for such is appreciated. Robert Giglio suggested Chinatown restaurant with Vietnamese effect might be thought about. Marcia said she is sure Monique Truong(Dzu) wouldn't care where it was, and couldn't you just picture her in Chinatown, anyway. Wouldn't be fitting place for her.

Announcement made, by Morris, he'd donated $10 check to Black Panthers to help on funeral expenses. Corrected this, and said to make it $11. (Rose Mathews had given $1, but Morris didn't mention name) just to correct records so someone wouldn't feel let out or question figure.

Joe Pyne taping reviewed, with clapping when Jim Boggio walked into meeting. All speakers thought to be wonderful, and Morris said Jack Evans admitted he didn't know about the future, in no. of sales; and Morris said the fast had hurt the co. Stated he thought Jack Evans would be fired this morning, after not doing good job for co. in the taping, as the Dow employers "swooped all over" him to talk to him after show, and won't be missed, if he is fired, Morris added.

Robert Giglio made announcement, since he is unable to go to Chicago, to Dem. Convention, and since call was made, tonight, for financial support as announced by Morris, he will make a personal loan of $500 to D.A.C. (with no interest) since financially he is now doing quite well again. Offer accepted.

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-71566) DATE: 9/4/68

FROM: SA FRANCIS G. KAHL

SUBJECT: LOS ANGELES COMMITTEE FOR DEFENSE OF THE BILL OF RIGHTS (LACDBR)
IS - C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Meeting, Offices of LACDBR, 8/16/68.	8/21/68	Writer	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Informant's report has been Xeroxed and is attached.

CC: FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

100-20216	(PEARL FAGELSON)(SI)
100-23660	(ROSE CHERNIN)(SI)
100-68293	(MIKE YUEFF)(SI)
100-47932	(HELEN TRAVIS)(SI)
100-16865	(BETTY WILLETT)(SI)
100-26103	(CLARA JAMES)(SI)
100-68125	(CLIFF FRIED)(SI)
100-71290	(RON SCHNECK)
100-68930	(SHIRLEY NELSON)(SI)
100-33973	(COMINFIL FIRST UNITARIAN CHURCH)
100-59207	(COUNCIL OF CHURCHES)
100-70488	("LA RAZA")
100-68403	(DR. BERNARD SOMERS)(SI)
100-71209	(DAC)
100-67821	(VETERANS FOR PEACE)
100-71091	(SANTA ANA PEACE CENTER)
100-67739	(SAN GABRIEL COMMITTEE FOR THE CRISIS IN AMERICAN FOREIGN POLICY)
100-70116	(THE RESISTANCE)
157-1409	(RON KARENGA)
157-1503	(BLACK PANTHER PARTY)

FGK/mmd
(22) Read by F.G.K

100-70116-366

SEP 4

ACTION:

Informant orally advised on 8/21/68, that PEARL FAGELSON, 1644 South Sierra Bonita, Los Angeles, and STEVE TARIN of SDS, also attended this meeting; however, informant did not learn their names until after the report was prepared and submitted.

Recommendation: Case on BERNARD SOMERS be reopened, as on 9/4/68, FOIA(b)(7) - (D) orally advised he just returned from a trip to Cuba and had been invited to make the trip by the Foreign Ministry of Cuba.

All other necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

INDEX:

STEVE TARIN
LOS ANGELES STATE COLLEGE VIGIL COMMITTEE
VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR IN VIET NAM
JULIAN KAISER (Phonetic)
EDDIE PEREZ
RUDY CUARON
CASE (organization, 912 North Wilcox).
OSCAR REVEY

August 18, 1968
Los Angeles, California

August 16, 1968 (Friday)
326 W. Third Street
Los Angeles, California
Meeting in the office of the Los
Angeles Committee for Defense of
the Bill of Rights.

About ten people attended the meeting:

Rose Chernin
Mike Yueff
Helen Travis
Betty Willett
Clara James
Cliff Fried
Ron Schneck
Shirley Nelson

Chernin conducted the meeting. This meeting was called to plan the emergency planning meeting to be held next Wednesday, in the First Unitarian Church. The meeting in the Church will be to plan a mass action of white people to protest the killing of black people.

Chernin said about 200 letters had been sent out by her office to individuals and organizations, asking them to send delegates to the next meeting, where the people will discuss the situation and decide what to do.

Some of the organizations which letters were sent to or (?) who will be contacted in some other way are: The Council of Churches, La Raza, Dr. Somers, from the Los Angeles State College Vigil Committee, Mt Hollywood Church, Dow Action Committee, Veterans for Peace and Veterans Against the War in Vietnam, Santa Ana Peace Center, San Gabriel Committee for the Crisis in American Foreign Policy, and Resistance.

Several times the name (?) of Julian Kaiser (ph.) was mentioned as a good contact. He has some connection with the Council of Churches.

Schneck said that when he was in jail around the weekend of August 9 - 12, two of the Panthers who were in jail with him were so angry with Karenga that they said they want to kill him.

On Wednesday, August 14, 1968, a man called the office of the Los Angeles Committee for Defense of the Bill of Rights and said he was Eddie Perez,
phone: office -349-1200, ext. 497.
home - 724-3316.

Perez said Rudy Cuaron was arrested in La Puente, Saturday night, and that he needed a lawyer. Cuaron was charged with resisting arrest and he was "roughed up" by the police. The two young girls who were arrested with Cuaron were dragged down the street and beaten by the police. They will probably charge police brutality. Cuaron's phone is 336-6346.

One organization which will be contacted for the Wednesday evening meeting is CASE, 912 N. Wilcox. It was said that Oscar Revey is the person who should be contacted. The organization was said to be composed of liberals and radicals.

[redacted]

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-70116) DATE: 9/6/68

FROM: SA FRANCIS G. KAHL

SUBJECT: THE RESISTANCE
IS - C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Meeting of The Resistance, 8/13/68.	8/21/68	Writer	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Informant's report has been Xeroxed and is attached.

CC: 1 - SAN FRANCISCO (RM)
100- (STEVE MAIZLISH)

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

100-71098	(BILL GARAWAY)
25-79047	(BILL GARAWAY)
100-70783	(DAVID HARRIS)
25-79571	(MARTY HARRIS)
157-2542	(KATHY HARRIS)
100-71472	(MISSY SHELDON)
100-71481	(DENNIS DURBY)
25-79551	(DENNIS DURBY)
100-71471	(WALT SKINNER)
100-71479	(PHIL FETZER)
25-79328	(PHIL FETZER)
100-70693	(ROY OCKERT)
100-DEAD	(MICHAEL GREENE)
100-DEAD	(PETER MARX)
100-68930	(SHIRLEY NELSON)(SI)
100-70670	(SHERNA GLUCK)(RI-B)
25-79580	(SHERNA GLUCK)(RI-B)
100-70266	(KAREN DELLENBACH)(SI)
100-71283	(ROSE MATHEWS)(SI)
25-79932	(KAREN DELLENBACH)
100-70977	(RICK CARTER)
25-79566	(RICK CARTER)
100-71424	(RICK PROFUMO)
100-71139	(REV.HARLAN WEITZEL)
100-64359	(DONALD KALISH)(SI)
25-79064	(DONALD KALISH)(SI)
100-71487	(ALETA WALLACH)
100-69066	(CHRISTIAN HAYDEN)
25-80826	(NORMAN WITTY)
100-68528	(JERRY PALMER)(SI)
100-66872	(JOE MAIZLISH)(RI-B)
100-61745	(WSP)
100-72003	(DEMONSTRATION AT U.S.S.NEW JERSEY)
100-71334	(JOHN LEE)
100-67821	(VETERANS FOR PEACE)
100-66602	(JOAN BAEZ)

100-70116-367

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
SEP 6 1968
FBI—LOS ANGELES

FGK/mmd
(39)

Read by F.G.K

ACTION:

Informant was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could add nothing further.

Recommendation: 100 DEAD files be opened for MICHAEL GREENE and PETER MARX.

Action has been taken on all demonstrations mentioned in the attached report. All other necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

INDEX:

JAMIE NEWTON (phonetic)
RICK ZACKER (ZACHARY, ZAK)
VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR IN VIET NAM
INSTITUTE FOR THE STUDY OF NON-VIOLENCE.

August 16, 1968
Los Angeles, California

August 13, 1968 (Tuesday)
2936 W. Eighth Street
Los Angeles, California
Resistance
Meeting.

About 60 - 80 people attended the meeting:
Bill Garoway
David Harris
Marty Harris
Mrs. Kathy Harris
Missy Sheldon
Jamie Newton (ph.) from Altadena.
Dennis Durby
Walt Skinner
Phil Fetzer
Roy (a minister believed to be Ockert)
Michael Greene
Peter Marx
Shirley Nelson
Sherna Gluck
Karen Dellenbach
Stevie (a worker in the Resistance office)
Steve Maizlish
Rose Matthews
Rick Zacker
Rick Carter
Rick Profumo
Rev. Harlan Weitzel
Donald Kalish
Aleta Wallach
Christian Hayden
a man believed to be Norman Witty
Jerry Palmer

Garoway conducted the meeting.

They agreed to have a demonstration at the old federal building, across the street from the jail, following this meeting. The purpose of the demonstration was to serenade and encourage Joe Maizlish, a member of the Resistance, who was sentenced to prison.

They agreed to participate in a vigil at Camp Pendelton, Thursday, August 15, to give support to a Marine who who was being court martialed. This demonstration was to include other groups, including San Diego Resistance, Women Strike for Peace, and others.

It was announced that the New Jersey was in Long Beach, and that it would leave for Vietnam within two to four weeks. Someone from the Resistance had been in touch with some of the men from the ship. They agreed to try to get on board the ship, with the intention of leafleting and, if possible, talking to the men. Some people may picket the ship on the dock. They agreed to attempt to dress in a normal fashion, so that they could mingle unnoticed with other visitors to the ship. Rick Zacker said that John Lee, of Veterans for Peace and Veterans Against the War in Vietnam, said that he might try to get a boat so that he could sail around it, displaying signs. It was said that there is much more on the New Jersey than just men going to Vietnam

David Harris said that he and three others founded the Resistance about one and a half years ago.

Durby said that he is going to spend two or three weeks at CArmel, at Joan Baez' Institute for the Study of Non-Violence.

Steve Maizlish said he is the brother of Joe Maizlish. He gave the address of Joe to the group so that they could write to him. Steve Maizlish said his address is 2441 Haste St., #40, Berkeley, Calif.

Gluck announced that a number of people are needed to patrol Watts. She circulated a sign-up list. A large number of people signed the list. The names of those who signed are not known

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI DATE: 9/17/68

FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-72003)(C)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATION
"USS NEW JERSEY"
Pier One
Long Beach, California
On or About
9/7/68

Re Los Angeles letter to Bureau, captioned as above, dated 8/21/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies of a letterhead memorandum (LHM) setting forth information indicating that no demonstration took place at or near the "USS New Jersey" while it was berthed in Long Beach, California, before its departure for Vietnam.

Copies of the LHM are being disseminated locally to the U. S. Attorney and Secret Service, Los Angeles; and military intelligence agencies.

100-70116-369

SEARCHED
INDEXED
SERIALIZED
FILED

5 - Bureau (Encls. 12)
    (1 - 105-138315)(VIDEM)
    (1 - 14-2965)(THE RESISTANCE)
② - ~~Los Angeles~~
    (1 - 100-70116)(THE RESISTANCE)
JRP/lmt
(7)

OFFICE COPY

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Los Angeles, California
September 16, 1968

DEMONSTRATION, "USS NEW JERSEY"

Reference is made to Los Angeles memorandum dated August 21, 1968, captioned "Demonstration, 'USS New Jersey'". This memorandum advised that a demonstration was being discussed by various anti-draft, peace, and anti-war groups in Los Angeles against the "USS New Jersey", which was being berthed in Long Beach, California, undergoing final preparations before sailing for Vietnam.

The September 6, 1968, edition of the "San Gabriel Valley Tribune", a newspaper with general circulation in the eastern greater Los Angeles area, carried an article concerning the sailing of the "USS New Jersey" from Long Beach on September 5, 1968.

On September 6, 1968, a representative of the Naval Intelligence Service Office, Resident Agency, Pasadena, California, advised that the "USS New Jersey" sailed earlier than had been originally expected and no demonstrations by any group took place in the vicinity of the battleship while she was berthed in the Long Beach area.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

100-76116-368

SEARCHED
INDEXED
SERIALIZED
FILED

12 - Bureau (RM)
1 - USA, Los Angeles
1 - Secret Service, LA
1 - NISO, San Diego
1 - NISRA, Pasadena
1 - OSI, Norton AFB
San Bernardino
1 - 115th MIG, Pasadena
② - Los Angeles (100-72003)
JRP/lmt
(20)

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 9/17/68

FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-new) (C)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY
THE RESISTANCE
Los Angeles, California
9/12/68:
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re Los Angeles teletype to Bureau dated 9/12/68.

Enclosed herewith are 12 copies of a LHM setting forth data regarding a demonstration held in the downtown area of Los Angeles, California.

Copies of this LHM are being disseminated locally to the U. S. Attorney, Secret Service, and Military Intelligence agencies. Local law enforcement authorities were aware of these activities.

This activity was observed by SA's BILLY DALE HUBBARD and FREDERICK J. PETERSEN. The sources used in the enclosed LHM are as follows:

Source 1

Source 2

Source 3

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

This LHM is classified confidential to protect these sources who are of continuing value.

2 - Bureau (RM)
7 - Los Angeles
(1 - 100-70116)
(THE RESISTANCE)
(1 - 25-80048)
(RICHARD PROFUMO)
(1 - 100-71424)
(RICHARD PROFUMO)
(1 - 25-80090)
(MICHAEL SCHWARTZ)
(1 - 100-64119)
(MICHAEL SCHWARTZ)
(1 - 25-79658)
(ANTI-DRAFT ACTIVITIES)
FJP/kap
(10)

100-70116-371

SEARCHED ___
INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___
FILED ___

OFFICE COPY

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Los Angeles, California
September 17, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY THE RESISTANCE
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, SEPTEMBER 12, 1968

Sources 1 and 2 both advised on September 12, 1968 that a demonstration sponsored by "The Resistance" was planned to take place in the downtown area of Los Angeles on this date. According to these sources, the demonstration would commence in the early morning hours at the Armed Forces Induction Center, 1031 South Broadway, Los Angeles, in support of two individuals, Richard Profumo and Michael Schwartz, with regard to their refusal to be inducted into the U. S. Armed Forces. It was also indicated that the demonstration would protest alleged U. S. Military intervention in Guatemala, in front of the building at 412 West 6th Street, Los Angeles, which houses the Guatemalan Counsel.

On September 12, 1968, Special Agents of the FBI observed that beginning at approximately 6:45 a.m., a group of 14 persons gathered in front of the Armed Forces Induction Center, mentioned above, and displayed various signs indicating support of the refusal of Armed Forces induction by Richard Profumo and Mike Schwartz. Leaflets concerning the refusal of induction by "Rick" Profumo and concerning protest of the alleged U. S. Military intervention in Guatemala, were passed out during the demonstration. Xeroxed copies of these two leaflets are attached.

The persons participating in this demonstration, totaling a maximum of 16, simply stood on the sidewalk in front of the Armed Forces Induction Center holding their protest signs and passing out the leaflets mentioned above.

12 - Bureau (100-new) (RM)
1 - USA, Los Angeles
1 - Secret Service
1 - NISO, San Diego
1 - NISRA, Pasadena
1 - OSI, Norton AFB
1 - 115th MIG, Pasadena
7 - Los Angeles (25-79658)
  (1 - 100-70116)
  (1 - 25-80048)
  (1 - 100-71424)
  (1 - 25-80090)
  (1 - 100-64119)
  (1 - 25-79658)

FJP/kap
(26)

P 3
from automatic
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100-70116-370

SEARCHED ___
INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED
FILED

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[redacted]

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY THE RESISTANCE LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, SEPTEMBER 12, 1968

At approximately 8:15 a.m. on September 12, 1968, the 16 individuals walked on the sidewalk from the Armed Forces Induction Center to 412 West 6th Street, Los Angeles, where they arrived at approximately 8:35 a.m. It is noted that the building at this address houses the Guatemalan C ounsel. In this area, the participating individuals again passed out the same leaflets concerning Guatemala, mentioned above, and also displayed signs reading, "Uncle Sam, Hands Off Guatemala," End the War in Guatemala," "Resist the Draft," "Dont't Fly the Friendly Skies of United," and "Don't Smoke or Buy United Fruit Co's Stuff." All individuals had left this area by 11:45 a.m.

The entire demonstration was orderly with no incidents.

> "The Resistance" is self described in its literature as "---a group of young men determined to act. Anyone and everyone can join.---Resistance is active and offensive, not passive and defensive. We will provoke continued confrontations with this war government. They're in an insoluble dilemna; they can prosecute and imprison us which will bring new waves of protest and dissent of unsurpassed intensity, or they can set us free, which will generate impetus for the expansion of movement. Either way, we will gain ground and support and new members."

Source 3 advised on September 12, 1968, that both Richard Profumo and Michael Schwartz have participated in anti-draft demonstrations in the Los Angeles area.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FD-323 (Rev. 11-29-61)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Los Angeles, California
September 17, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Title	DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY THE RESISTANCE Los Angeles, California September 12, 1968
Character	INFORMATION CONCERNING
Reference	Los Angeles letterhead memorandum dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Brother,

I hope you will read this leaflet twice now and sometime later when you are alone and have time to think. I am refusing to be inducted today into the army and will be facing a prison term of probably three years because of my action. I hope you do not think I am a coward or do not love the people of my country because of of what I am doing. I do not feel that I could kill a man or even help kill another human being. Inside my heart I know that each individual life is worth as much as mine.

All my life I have been taught that I must hate and fear people we call communists. We are taught that they are evil and that we must kill them to protect ourselves and the things we have bought with our money. Our government has made us sign contracts that we will kill if they ask us. They force us to carry draft cards which the government uses as deeds to our lives. But all of that is over brothers, for I will no longer play their ugly death games. I have sent back my draft card and I will not be in their army. Today I feel very free and very much in love with people.

Rich Profumo

THE RESISTANCE
2819 W. Francis Ave.
L.A. 90005

THE RESISTANCE
1355 Westwood Blvd.
Room 201
W.L.A.
473-6410 879-9440

STOP U.S. MILITARY INTERVENTION IN GUATEMALA OR RISK ANOTHER VIETNAM

Recently in Guatemala our foreign ambassador was killed. If we look at some of the underlying reasons for this tragic death perhaps it will give us a better understanding of why this came about and why we can expect more violence if there aren't significant changes made in our foreign policy.

In Guatemala 2% of the population owns 80% of the land while more than 75%of the people suffer from malnutrition. The cost of living there is higher than in the U.S., yet the average worker makes less than $.50 a day. Because there is so little food and such appalling living conditions more than 30,000 children a year die in Guatemala,

The U.S. plays an important roll in keeping the people of Guatrmala in poverty. For without a strong military, the dictatorship in Guatemala would be overthrown. The U.S. Government has supplied the military with weapons, helicopters, jets, money, military advisers, and at least 2000 Green Beret. Any attempt at organization or education among the peasents is brutally supressed.

The last popularly elected government in Guatemala was headed by Jacobo Arbenz, who got into power on the promise of instituting a badly needed land reform program. In 1952 Arbenz called for the expropriation and redistribution of uncultivated land above a basic acreage in return for 20 year bonds.

The United Fruit Co. holds vast amounts of property, yet only cultivates 8% of it. Arbenz expropriated about 400,000 acres belonging to this company and distributed the land to peasents. Officials in Washington were infuriated by this progressive measure and shortly thereafter prepared and financed a military invasion lead by a hand picked officer in the Guatemalan army. All the freedoms that the people had under the Arbenz government were withdrawn, and the country has remained a police state ever since.

There is a strong revolutionary movement going on in Guatemala at this very moment despite brutal attempts by the military to crush it. We cannot afford another Vietnam in Guatemala. We as American citizens can stop it now before it gets too much worse. Write to our legislators, congressmen and president.
BOYCOTT UNITED FRUIT CO.--DON'T BUY CHIQUITA BANANAS.

THE RESISTANCE
2819 W. Francis Ave.
L.A. 90005
3824447

THE RESISTANCE
1355 Westwood Blvd. rm. 201
W.L.A.
4736410 8799440

The facts presented on this leaflet have all been taken from reliable sorces.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES DATE: SEP 16 1968

FROM : SAC, WFO (14-222)

SUBJECT: THE RESISTANCE
SEDITION - SSA, 1958

On 7/13/68, FOIA(b)(7) - (D) (Protect-Reliable), furnished SA WILLIAM C. ARMS with a collection of correspondence, notes, and mailing lists obtained from the Washington Area Resistance.

FOIA(b)(7) - (D) for Washington Area Resistance made the material available to source, asking him to compile an alphabetical mailing list and compare it with names contained on a mailing list of the Committee for Emergency Support (CES). CES is a Washington area organization which publicaly describes itself as committed to fight "white racism" and advocates civil disobedience.

The following person(s) or organization(s), located within your territory were contained in the material. Unless otherwise noted, the name(s) or organization(s) appeared only on a mailing list, and no further information was given.

The following name appeared on "Resist" stationery, letter dated 2/22/68:

DONALD KALISH
University of California
Los Angeles, California

Orig to Kalish file

100-70116-372

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
SEP 21 1968
FBI - LOS ANGELES

(2) - Los Angeles
1 - WFO

WCA:sch
(3)

Peterson

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

WFO (14-222)

LEAD

LOS ANGELES

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIF.: Will check indices and conduct credit and criminal checks on the person or organization named above.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-70116)

DATE: 9/6/68

FROM : SA WILLIAM G. ATHERTON

SUBJECT: THE RESISTANCE
IS - C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	Resistance sponsored peace march from Centinella Park to Inglewood Calif., City Hall on 8/6/68.	8/20/68	Writer	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Source's report is quoted as follows:

"I attended the meeting of the Resistance League, and the consequent march, from Centinella Park to City Hall and the Police Station, etc., in Inglewood, 12:30 to 3:00 P.M, Tuesday, August 6th, 1968.

"The main speaker was DENNIS DURBY, Caucasian, with curly, blond hair, blue eyes. He spoke of doing away with all arms, and means of violence on the citizen level, as well as getting out of war totally, and doing away with the U.S. draft system. Quote: 'I urge any of you who are eligible for the draft, to show your resistance to war, and senseless killing, by coming forward and turning in your draft card. I know the government will soon hear of this, so I'll read off the names of the gentlemen who turned in their cards.' Names, applause, etc.

CC: FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

100-71481 (DENNIS DURBY)
25-79551 (DENNIS DURBY)

WGA/lch
(4)

Read by WGA

lch

100-70116-373
SEARCHED..........INDEXED
SERIALIZED....m....FILED..m
SEP 6 1968
FBI - LOS ANGEL

"The second speaker was Rabbi BLAU, from one of the local synagogues. Dark complexion, bearded, wore fatigues, etc. Speech rather inconsequential.

"The third speaker was a priest from one of the local catholic churches, who urged the turning in of arms. No names was given, and no one seemed to know him.

8/8/68"

ACTION:

Source was thoroughly interviewed concerning the above and could add nothing further.

All necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

INDEX: RABBI ___________ BLAU

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-70116)

DATE: 9/17/68

FROM : SA ROBERT H. CLAUDIUS

SUBJECT: THE RESISTANCE
IS-C

SOURCE	ACTIVITY	RECEIVED	AGENT	LOCATION
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)	8/27/68	8/30/68	IC BERNARD P. BLAIS	FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Informant's report has been Xeroxed and is attached.

ACTION:
All necessary action in connection with this memo has been taken by the writer.

INDEX: DEMONSTRATION AT ARMED FORCES INDUCTION CENTER,
1031 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, 8/27/68
EDNA TANGEMAN
OSCAR GLIKIN
FRITZI L. WILSON

CC: 1 - SAN FRANCISCO (REGISTERED)
100- (CLEMENT S. SKRABAK)

FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

25-79658 (ANTI-DRAFT ACTIVITIES)
100-71424 (RICHARD PROFUMO)
100-32591 (ROSE ROSENBERG)(SI)
25-79559 (ROBERT ZAUGH)
100 - PHOTO FILE (SA PACE)
RHC:LAL
(8)

Read by RHC

100-70116-394
SEARCHED .... INDEXED ....
SERIALIZED .... FILED ....
SEP 17 1968
FBI - LOS ANGELES

THE RESISTANCE 8-27-68

On 8-27-68, 7:00-9:30AM, the above organization demonstrated and pamphleted persons entering the Armed Forces Induction Center at 1031 S. Broadway, L.A.

Attendance: 12.

At approximately 7:00AM this date, a group of persons assembled on the sidewalk at the entrance to the Armed Forces Induction Center and commenced passing out literature to young males entering. They would give their publications only to these persons. One newspaper was entitled "Vietnam G.I." and another, "The Resistance."

There were no incidents or arrests observed. Photos were taken under P#3058 and the following I.D's were made:

PROFUMO, RIchard,	Photo #5, 12.
ROSENBERG, Rose,	Photo #7, 11.

Persons involved were observed entering the following vehicles:

- TEP 398, 1966 VW sedan, registered to ZAUGH, Robert, 15206 Chanera, Gardena.
- QFF 308, 1962 Buick coupe, registered to TANGEMAN, Edna, 4957 Cahuenga, No.Hollywood.
- UHF 003, 1966 VW sedan, registered to SKRABAK, Clement S.,701 Ulloa, San Francisco.
- VVP 616, 1965 Dodge Dart, registered to GLIKIN, Oscar, 5806 Virginia Av. Los Angeles.
- VDW 506, 1967 VW sedan, registered to FRITZI L. WILSON, 2910 San Rosa, Altadena.

FOIA(b)(7) - D

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 10/2/68

Transmit the following in PLAIN
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via TELETYPE ~~URGENT~~ Deferred
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (14-2965)

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-70116)

THE RESISTANCE. SSA, ONE NINE FOUR EIGHT - SEDITION.

RE LOS ANGELES TELETYPE TO BUREAU OCTOBER ONE LAST.

ON OCTOBER ONE LAST AT APPROXIMATELY SEVEN THIRTY PM GREGORY KING NELSON, VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE RESISTANCE, LOS ANGELES, AND SUBJECT OF BUFILE TWO FIVE DASH FIVE SIX FIVE SIX ONE FIVE, WAS TAKEN INTO CUSTODY BY USM, LOS ANGELES, CHARGED WITH VIOLATION OF SSA, FORTY-EIGHT, TITLE FIFTY APPENDIX, SECTION FOUR SIX TWO, SUC. BENCH WARRANT ISSUED AT LOS ANGELES CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA OCTOBER ONE LAST WHEN NELSON FAILED TO APPEAR IN U. S. DISTRICT COURT, LOS ANGELES.

ON OCTOBER ONE LAST NELSON TOOK SANCTUARY IN GRACE EPISCOPAL CHURCH, FOUR FOUR ONE WEST SEVEN EIGHT STREET, LOS ANGELES. APPROXIMATELY FIFTY INDIVIDUALS GATHERED IN SUPPORT OF NELSON'S ACTION AT THE CHURCH. WHEN USM ARRIVED

100-70116
1 - 25-78542
JGK:nmb
(2)

100-70116-304

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#1

Approved: ______ Special Agent in Charge

Sent 6 23 P M Per

NELSON CHAINED HIMSELF TO TWELVE OTHER INDIVIDUALS. NELSON'S CHAINS WERE CUT BY USM AND WAS TAKEN INTO CUSTODY WITHOUT FURTHER INCIDENT. REMAINDER OF GROUP DISBURSED WITHOUT INCIDENT.

LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES COGNIZANT, SECRET SERVICE, USA AND MILITARY INTELLIGENCE ADVISED

LHM FOLLOWS.

WASHDC--4--

202PM URGENT 9-12-68 LAC

TO DIRECTOR

FROM LOS ANGELES (100-NEW) (2P)

SENT BY CODED TELETYPE

DEMONSTRATION SPONSORED BY THE RESISTANCE, LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, NINE TWELVE SIXTY-EIGHT; INFORMATION CONCERNING

TODAY, BEGINNING AT APPROXIMATELY SIX FORTY-FIVE AM, A GROUP OF FOURTEEN PERSONS GATHERED IN FROMT OF ARMED FORCES INDUCTION STATION, TEN THIRTY-ONE SOUTH BROADWAY, LOS ANGELES, DISPLAYING SIGNS SUPPORTING RICHARD PROFUMO AND MIKE SCHWARTZ IN THEIR REFUSAL OF ARMED FORCES INDUCTION. LEAFLETS, ONE CONCERNING QUOTE RICK PROFUMO UNQUOTE REFUSAL OF INDUCTION AND ANOTHER HEADED QUOTE STOP U.S. MILITARY INTERVENTION IN GUATEMALA OR RISK ANOTHER VIETNAM UNQUOTE. MAXIMUN OF SIXTEEN PERSONS PRESENT. NO PICKETING, NO INCIDENTS. AT ABOUT EIGHT FIFTEEN AM THESE SIXTEEN PERSONS WALKED ON SIDEWALKS TO FOUR TWELVE WEST SIXTY STREET, LOS ANGELES AND PASSED OUT SAME LEAFLET CONCERNING GUATEMALA ON SIDEWALK AREA IN FRONT OF BUILDING WHICH HOUSES GUATEMALA COUNSUL. SIGNS DISPLAYED READING "UNCLE SAM HANDS OFF GUATEMALA", "END THE WAR IN GUATEMALA", "RESIST THE DRAFT" AND "DON'T FLY THE FRIENDLY SKYS OF UNITED DON'T SMOKE OR BUY UNITED FRUIT CO'S STUFF". ALL ORDERLY. NO INCIDENTS.

END PAGE ONE

100-70116-

[illegible]

SEARCHED —
INDEXED
SERIALIZED
FILED

PAGE TWO

RELIABLE SOURCE ADVISES BOTH PROFUMO AND SCHWARTZ HAVE PARTICIPATED IN PAST ANTI-DRAFT DEMONSTRATIONS.

USA, SECRET SERVICE, MILITARY INTELLIGENCE ADVISED, LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT COGNIZANT. LHM FOLLOWS.

END

NSM

FBI WASH DC

FD-302 (Rev. 4-15-64)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date September 16, 1968

IRVIN PIEPER, Assistant Manager, University-Westwood Branch, Crocker-Citizens National Bank, 10925 Kinross Avenue, Los Angeles, California advised that account #453431, in the name of "Supporters of the Resistance", 1355 Westwood Boulevard, Los Angeles, has a current balance of $425.51. Statements for this account are submitted on a monthly basis.

The following checks are noted to have been drawn against this account:

Check No.	Date	Amount	Payee	Endorser	Maker
148	8/14/68	$150.00	BILL GARAWAY	BILL GARAWAY Pay to the order of KAREN DELLENBACH KAREN DELLENBACH	DB
150	8/14/68	1000.00	Palo Alto Resistance	Pay to the order of Wells Fargo Bank, Palo Alto, Calif. The Resistance 277-351755	DB
144	8/13/68	71.75	General Telephone	General Telephone Co. (stamped)	DB
145	8/13/68	35.24	ditto	ditto	DB
4	8/14/68	9.00	HAROLD J. OSTLY,TC	HAROLD J. OSTLY, Los Angeles County Tax Collector	DB
5	8/14/68	15.00	"Central Committee for C.O.'s"	Pay to the order of Bank of Montreal (Calif.) Central Committee for Conscientious Objectors	DB

On 9/13/68 at Los Angeles, California File # 100-70116 - 376

by SA FREDERICK J. PETERSEN Date dictated 9/16/68

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Check No.	Date	Amount	Payee	Endorser	Maker
109	8/22/68	$20.00	Cash	DALE LEWIS ODERMAN	DLO
103	8/16/68	10.00	Mrs. GARAWAY	Mrs. GARAWAY	DB
6	8/14/68	5.00	JAN GEALER	JAN GEALER	DB
110	8/23/68	400.00	MAX PALRUSKY	MAX PALRUSKY	DB
102	8/16/68	75.00	The Resistance Newspaper	For deposit only in the Shawmut Bank of Boston to the account of "N.E. Resistance"	DB
3	8/14/68	30.00	Associated Students	Associated Students UCLA Students Store ASUCLA, Business Manager's Office	DB
101	8/16/68	100.00	GEORGE TRAFTON	GEORGE TRAFTON	DB
105	8/19/68	15.00	Cash	Pay to order of U.C.B. - SHERNA B. GLUCK	SBG
1	8/18/68	200.00	Tucson Resistance	MARSHALL JOHNSON Tucson Resistance Valley Nat'l Bank Tucson, Arizona	DB
142	8/9/68	26.00	JERRY PALMER	JERRY PALMER	DB
104	8/16/68	11.00	Philadelphia Resistance	Pay to "Phila: Viet Nam Committee, 2006 Walnut St., Phila., Pa. 19103 - MARTHA H. WESTOVER"	DB
107	8/18/68	20.00	BILL GARAWAY	BILL GARAWAY R 79796	DB

Check No.	Date	Amount	Payee	Endorser	Maker
106	8/18/68	$5.00	"CADRE"	Pay to the order of HYDE PARK BK.&TR.CO. Chicago Area Draft Resisters	DB
108	8/19/68	115.00	Cash	BILL GARAWAY R 79796	DB
111	8/27/68	4.00	The Modern Utopian	The Modern Utopian Star King Center 2441 Le Conte Ave., Berkeley, Calif.	DB
116	8/28/68	325.00	Supporters of Resistance	Supporters of the Resistance RICHARD PROFUMO	DB
114	8/27/68	42.17	General Telephone	General Telephone Co. (stamped)	DB
113	8/29/68	62.57	ditto	ditto	DB
117	9/6/68	100.00	HOWARD KLINE	HOWARD KLINE HOWARD A. KLINE, JR.	DLO
112	8/31/68	15.00	"WSP"	WSP Pay to the order of Security First Nat'l.Bk. - Women Strike for Peace 065-284	DB

It is noted that the above listed checks are signed as marked by DAVID BOLDUC (DB), DALE LEWIS ODERMAN (DLO) and SHERNA B. GLUCK (SBG), as indicated.

The above information is not to be made public without the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to the Manager, University-Westwood Branch, Crocker Citizens National Bank, 10925 Kinross Avenue, Los Angeles, California.

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 9/20/68

Transmit the following in ______________________________
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIR MAIL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (25-79047)

SUBJECT: WILLIAM DAVID GARAWAY
SSN 4-82-44-2978
SSA, 1948
OO: Los Angeles
LA 25-79047
Bufile 25-572829

CHRISTIAN WINSLOW HAYDEN
SSN 4-95-48-1156
SSA, 1948
OO: Los Angeles
LA 25-79053
Bufile 25-564508

On 9/17/68 FOIA(b)(7) - (D) who has furnished reliable information in the past, orally advised that a meeting of The Resistance was held on 9/10/68, at Los Angeles.

At the meeting, reference was made to the fact that the trials of both WILLIAM DAVID GARAWAY and CHRISTIAN HAYDEN (for violations of the Selective Service Act) commence in Los Angeles on 9/24/68.

GARAWAY stated that a vigil would commence at the Federal Court House at 7:00 a.m. on that date and he urged that people pack the court rooms. He said that at his trial, there will probably be some civil disobedience.

6 - Bureau (25-572829)
(3 - 25-564508)
7 - Los Angeles (25-79047)
(2 - 25-79053)
(1 - 100-66066) (HAYDEN)
(1 - 100-71098) (GARAWAY)
(1 - 100-70116) (THE RESISTANCE)

JSI/rah
(13)

100-70116-371

SEARCHED ___
INDEXED ___
SERIALIZED ___
FILED ___

Approved: ______________ Sent ______________ M Per ______________
Special Agent in Charge

The above information was disseminated telephonically on the afternoon of 9/20/68, by SA JAMES I. IRVING to the following agencies and individuals:

Assistant United States Attorney MICHAEL A. HEUER

Los Angeles Police Department,
Sergeant JACK DAVIS

115th INTC, MIG, United States Army,
MEYERS HOWARD

GSA, AL COLON, Assistant Building Manager

Secret Service, Agent DOIDGE

The Los Angeles Division will advise the Bureau of any pertinent developments in this matter and will submit a letterhead memorandum containing the above information as well as the actions observed at the trials of captioned individuals immediately after the termination of the trial proceedings on 9/24/68.

Cover Sheet for Informant Report or Ma
FD-306 (Rev. 3-13-68)

TO: SAC, WFO (14-222)

FROM: SA WILLIAM C. ARMS

SUBJECT: THE RESISTANCE

Date prepared
9/2/68

Date received
8/2/68

Received from (name or symbol number)
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Received by
SA WILLIAM C. ARMS

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☒ in person ☐ by telephone ☐ by mail ☒ orally ☐ recording device ☐ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:
Date
Dictated ______ to ______
Transcribed ______
Authenticated by Informant ______

Date of Report
8/2/68

Date(s) of activity

Brief description of activity or material
Notes on Resistance

File where original is located if not attached
FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE. VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED.

THIS INFORMANT HAS FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE PAST.

10-WFO

14-222 (THE RESISTANCE)
100-45504 (WFP)
100-14953 (ABE BLOOM)
100- NEW (MIKE TILLMAN)
100-NEW (BOB GROSS)
100-48150 (KEVIN McTIGHE)
100-47674 (HANK TOPPER)
100-NEW (CHRIS WEBBER)
100-46459 (ANN BRANN)
25-30912 (RESISTANCE)

LOS ANGELES

~~100~~ INDIVIDUALS AGAINST TH
CRIME OF SILENCE

INDEX

RICK MARGOLIS
SAM ABBOTT (PH)

Block Stamp

100-70116-378

SEARCHED ______ INDEXED ______
SERIALIZED ______ FILED ______
SEP 2 6 1968
FBI—LOS ANGELES

The attached pamphlets were handed out by Abe Bloom at the Resistance meeting, July 22, 1968.

Mike Tillman, a resistance member and student at Northwood High School, Silver Spring, lives at 10514 Cascade Place, Silver Spring, Maryland 20902. His telephone number is 565-8781. He is active in SDS activities at Number three Thomas Circle.

Rick Margolis, Washington Free Press, (WFP), is active in SDS at Number three Thomas Circle.

The persons most often seen as leaders in the Resistance and carrying on SDS activities at three Thomas Circle, now that Cathy Wilkerson is not around, are Bob Gross, American University Student from New York, Kevin Mc Tighe, Georgetown University (in the fall), Hank Topper, Georgetown University, a girl named Rosalind and Chris Webber, an American University student.

WFP sold about ten thousand papers during the newspaper strike, July 26-27. This brought in enough money to keep them solvent for several weeks. They contracted out the printing, as they do not have the facilities for that sort of printing. Besides Dick Ochs, Sam Abbott (ph.) is their other printer.

The above is a xeroxed copy of the original informant report.

All necessary action which should be taken in connection with this information has been taken.

D. C. DRAFT BOARDS

#6. 386-3412. (20001, 02, 11) 20017 (20018).
Myer C. Handleman. 4201 Mass. Ave. NW 20016. EM2-1980.
Arthur W. Jackson. 6904 32nd St. NW 20015. 363-3613.
R. Reuben Kohn. 6445 Luzon Ave. NW 20012. 726-7580.
Robert G. McGuire, Jr. 1611 Crittenden St. NW 20011. TA9-7033.
Arthur O. Waller. 124 Randolph Pl. NW 20001. HO2-1708.

#7. 386-3514. (20001, 20010).
Charles H. Bush. 2217 4th St. NW 20001. AD4-0793.
Vince Johnson, Jr. 6516 6th St. NW 20012. 829-5628.
Clarence B. Wheat. 1207 Tewkesbury Pl. NW 20012. 829-4023.
Isreal Grossberg. 4545 Conn. Ave. NW 20037. 363-3952.

#8. 386-3461. (20001, 05, 09).
Lawrence J.W. Hayes. 1727 Swann St. NW 20009. AD2-8015.
Frank T. Mundy. 1509 Hamlin St. NE 20017. 526-1509.
Raphael A. Smith. 218 46th Pl. NE 20019. 398-3040.
Walter A. Jones. 1801 16th St. NW 20009. 232-2604.
Millard Williams. 1704 Kearney St. NE 20018. 526-3558.

#9. 386-3461 (20009).
Henry M. Davis. 3325 Stanton Rd. SE 20020. JO2-8225.
J. Warner Hagan, Jr. 1520 Farragut St. NW 20011. 829-5232.
Joseph C. Khuen. 3073 Chestnut St. NW 20015. EM3-4908.
James M. Pittman. 2601 Woodley Pl. NW 20008. 387-7646.
Wilmer A. Sojourner. 1512 Taylor St. NE 20017. 529-3453.

#10. 386-3514. (20001, 05, 24, 36, 37).
Norman R. Grant. 4209 46th St. NW 20016. WO6-4209.
Andrew J. Howard Jr. 1532 Upshur St. NW 20011. RA3-9007.
Julius Levy, 4201 Cathedral Ave. NW 20016. WO6-2559.
Donald A. Moler. 2475 Virginia Ave. NW 20037. FE3-2985.
William S. Thompson. 4343 Blagden Ave. NW 20011. TU2-4524.

#11. 386-3514. (20003, 24).
Frank E. Bass. 4520 Ft. Totten Dr. NE 20011. 832-8154.
Thomas A. Curran. 3176 Westover Dr. SE 20020. 582-1682.
Oscar W. Eady. 1302 South Carolina Ave. SE 20003. 544-0460.
Bernard L. Mann. 529 11th St. SE 20003. 543-9444.

Please refer corrections, suggestions and requests for additional leaflets to:	Anne W. Brann 544-0878 314 Independence Ave. S.E., Washington, D. C. 20003

MEDITATION

"In reality war is an inevitable result of the existence of armies; and armies are only needed by governments in order to dominate their own working classes. But who compose these armies that keep the people in this state of slavery? The soldiers are the peasants who are deprived of land and the same taxpayers who want to be rid of these taxes." (Tolstoy, 1902)

I agree with Tolstoy that the military is maintained by *both* the exploiters and the exploited. It exists because the political and financial power elite is desperately trying to keep its hold over a profitable empire at home and abroad. And also it exists because the oppressed have not yet understood how they are being used, and/or they are afraid to take their lives into their own hands, and/or they believe that the armed forces are maintained to protect their own community.

The belief that a community can be protected by ARMED FORCES is very deep-rooted. Most believers of this myth are unwilling to observe that ARMED FORCES do not protect communities but destroy them. Witness Vietnam where cities and countryside are being destroyed in order to "save" them. Witness also the use of troops in Washington to "put down disorder". These troops and the accompanying curfews are ways of occupying Washington rather than protecting it. Communities are inevitably demolished and/or oppressed in the very process of trying to defend them with ARMED FORCES.

Belief in the ARMED FORCES myth is one of the major reasons that the citizens of Greater Washington cooperate with the SSS rather than oppose it. Month after month the twenty-four local boards of the SSS are allowed to meet in order to mark hundreds of young men for induction. At best the draft boards prevent these young men from acting freely, and at worst the boards force these young men into kill or be killed positions.

This enslavement of young men will no longer be tolerated when the citizens learn that strong communities are not maintained by soldiers but by free individuals who understand their real needs and discover ways to meet these needs. The SSS and the military cannot protect life; they can only destroy it.

Can we dismantle the destructive institution of the SSS? Can we find the insight and emotional strength to rid ourselves of our fears and thus release the CREATIVE FORCES needed to build and maintain a strong community? Can we allow ourselves to help each other rather than enslave and use each other? Already some individuals in the area have answered, "Yes, we can!" What's your answer?

Anne Brann

THE
SELECTIVE
SLAVERY
SYSTEM
in
Greater
Washington

D. C. DRAFT BOARDS

#1. 386-3391. (20007, 08, 09, 16, 36, 37).*
Bruce Bryan. 1364 Iris St. NW 20012. RA6-5665.
James A. Dent. 6334 32nd St. NW 20015. EM3-4505.
Lewis A. Smithers. 2800 Woodley Rd. NW 20008. 387-1991.
Wesley S. Williams. 7908 Orchid St. NW 20012. 882-1264.
N. Robert Bear. 3290 Worthington St. NW 20015. EM3-0232.

#2. 386-3391. (20007, 08) 20015 (20016).
Franklin A. Durr. 3040 Idaho Ave. NW 20016. 966-5214.
Gustave Burmeister. 3536 Chesapeake St. NW 20008. EM2-7185.
Thomas L. Gaston. 4700 Conn. Ave. NW 20008. EM3-4986.
Fred E. Berquist. 3746 Cumberland St. NW 20008. EM2-6694.
John L.C. Sullivan. 3627 Cumberland St. NW 20008. WO6-3445.

#3. 386-3391. (20009, 36).
Fred P. Fischer. 3407 Highview Terr. SE 20020. LU2-3407.
Herbert P. Leeman. 1609 Hobart St. NW 20009. DE2-0290.
William K. Norwood. 3231 Patterson St. NW 20015. WO6-2343.
Jack H. Wild. 6015 Utah Ave. NW 20015. EM3-0840.
Edward Williams. 1801 Taylor St. NW 20011. TA9-0937.

#4. 386-3412. (20011) 20012.
George D. Dixon. 824 20th St. NE 20002. Unlisted number.
James P. Harrington. 720 Madison St. NW 20011. RA3-1327.
Howard A. Parsons. 5351 32nd St. NW 20015. EM2-2119.
Wallace J. Thorne. 3228 Sherman Ave. NW 20010. CO5-5823.
Solomon W. Calhoun. 5342 Addison Chapel Rd. Fairmont Park, Maryland 20027. SP3-6226.

#5. 386-3412. (20001, 09, 10, 11).
John O. Beaubian. 3900 14th St. NW 20011. 829-6948.
L.J.P. Fichthorn. 1650 Harvard St. NW 20009. HU3-4218.
James W. Greenfield. 1606 Portal Dr. NW 20012. 291-7568.
Harold M. Collson. 6605 31st Pl. NW 20015. EM3-6605.
Alexander L. Benton. 416 Buchanan St. NW 20011. TU2-0928.

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* ZIP CODES which are partially included in a draft board area are enclosed by parentheses. Zips which are totally included are listed without parentheses. Use zips to find out if board members really are your "neighbors". Also check peace group mailing lists which are divided by zip codes to discover allies in your draft board area.

OFFICES FOR D. C. DRAFT BOARDS ARE ALL LOCATED AT 916 G ST. NW 20001.

D. C. DRAFT BOARDS

#12. 386-3514. (20019), 20020, 20032.
Charles C. Elderkin. 3723 Bangor St. SE 20020. LU2-5586.
William F. Pritchard. 2810 Ft. Baker Dr. SE 20020. LU2-4916.
Charles E. Qualls. 7613 Morningside Dr. NW 20012.
William C. Weitzel. 3235 Highwood Dr. SE 20020. LU4-7390.
Irving B. Yochelson. 3180 Westover Dr. SE 20020. LU2-4411.
Stanley Anderson. 2604 Stanton Rd. SE 20020. JO1-0085.

#13. 386-3412. (20002, 03).
J. Gayloid Boone. 2111 Sudbury Pl. NW 20012. 829-4459.
James A. Kelley. 1011 Mass. Ave. NE 20002. LI4-4331.
William L. Mackey. 511 10th St. SE 20003. LI3-8498.
Leonard P. Ousley. 116 5th St. SE 20003. LI3-5447.

#14. 386-3461. (20002, 18).
Morris Altman. 2480 16th St. NW 20009. DE2-0178.
Charles B. Jennings. 2935 Macomb St. NW 20008. EM3-0024.
John A. Patterson, Jr. 6224 30th St. NW 20015. WO6-6224.
George L. Holland. 2228 R St. NE 20002. 339-7785.

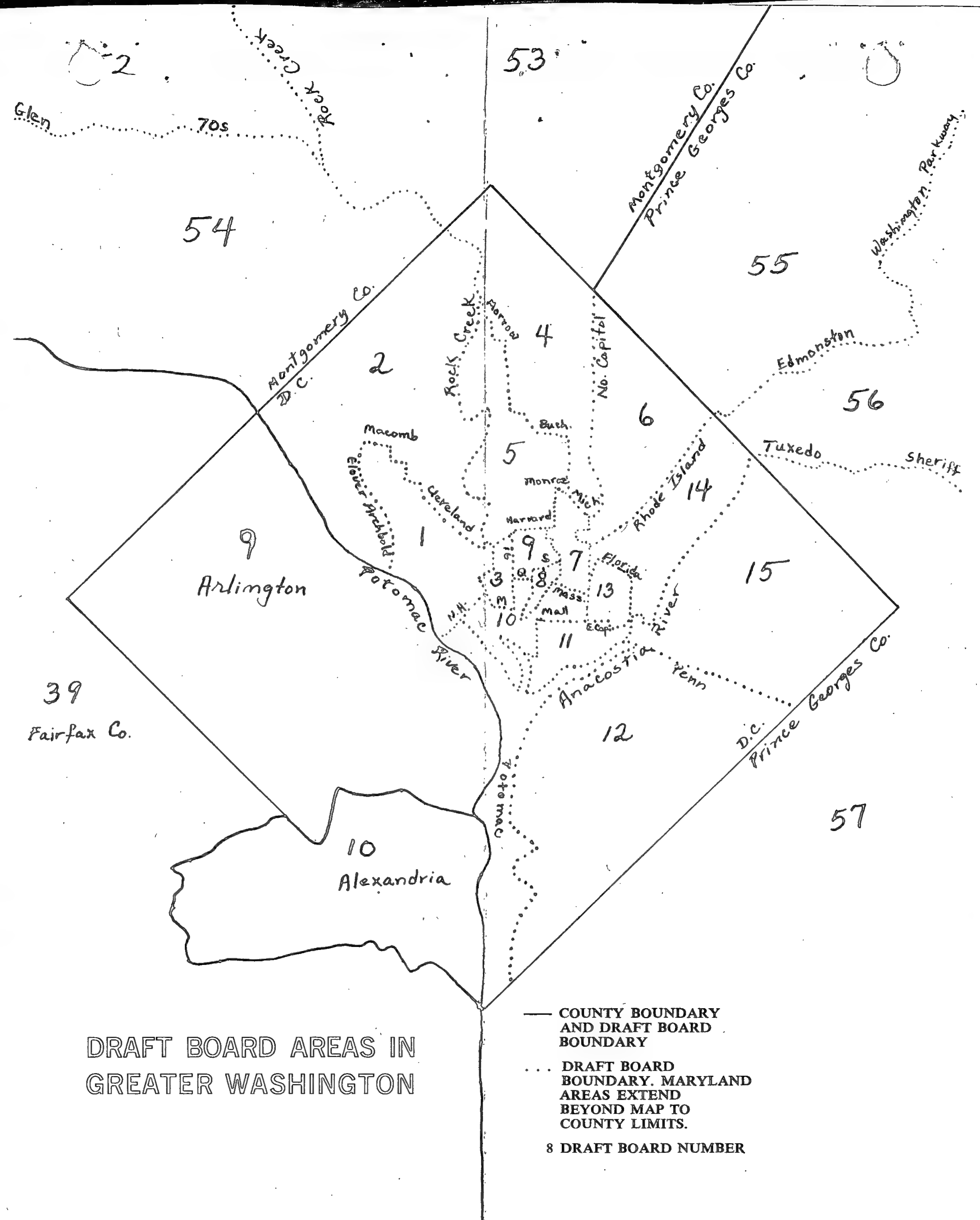
#15. 386-3461. (20002, 03, 19).
Leo M. Allman. 3019 Nash Pl. SE 20020. 582-8578.
Francis A. Gregory. 4015 Mass. Ave. SE 20019. Unlisted number.
Charles R. Norris. 4931 Fitch Pl. NE 20019. LU4-4983.
Frederick J. Wright. 2400 Hartford St. SE 20020. 581-2796.
Alfred Goldstein. 4201 Cathedral Ave. NW 20016. KE 7-1179.

VIRGINIA DRAFT BOARDS

#9. 527-2992. 2116 Wilson Blvd. Arlington 22201.
Dean W. Braley. 867 N. Kentucky St. Arl. 22205. 525-4946.
James R. Lupton, Jr. 3336 N. Kensington St. Arl. 22207 KE8-4309.
Homer Rex Thomas. 917 N. Jacksonville St. Arl. 22205. JA2-0031.

#10. OV3-0564. 108 N. Washington St. Alexandria 22314.
Abbey J. Mintz. 2406 Crest Dr. Alex. 22302. OV3-1597.
William L. Hanbury. 492 N. Owen St. Alex. 22304. 931-8362.

#39. CR3-2150. Fairfax Co. 4015 Chain Bridge Rd. Fairfax 22030.
Archie T. Munson. 324 Little Falls St. Falls Church 22046. JE2-0697.
Frederick H. Ottersberg. 4200 Linden La. Fairfax 22042. CR3-0243.
Joseph Robert Grille. 1005 N. Sycamore St. Falls Church 22046. JE4-7294.
John M. Lovorn. 10311 Darby St. Fairfax 22030. CR3-0579.
Herman Franklin. Near Vienna 22180. DU5-7630.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53
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70s
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Montgomery Co.
Prince Georges Co.
Washington Parkway
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Tuxedo
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E. Cap.
River
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Anacostia
Penn
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Fairfax Co.
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D.C.
Prince Georges Co.
Potomac
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Alexandria
57
— COUNTY BOUNDARY AND DRAFT BOARD BOUNDARY
. . . DRAFT BOARD BOUNDARY. MARYLAND AREAS EXTEND BEYOND MAP TO COUNTY LIMITS.
8 DRAFT BOARD NUMBER

DRAFT BOARD AREAS IN GREATER WASHINGTON

MARYLAND DRAFT BOARDS

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

#52. PO 2-2420. 500 N. Washington St. Rockville 20850. Zips near D. C.: 20760, 66, 20850, 51, 52, 53, (54), 55.
Frank E. Williams. 19 Williams St. Rockville 20850. PO2-2444.
Stanley P. Stabler. 4112 Brookville Rd. Brookville 20729. (301)774-4642.
Alfred W. Spates. Germantown 20767. (301)926-1499.

#53. JU 7-6263. Jessup Blair House. Georgia Ave. & Blair Dr. Silver Spring 20910. Zips near D. C.: (20012) 20901, 02, 03, 04, 06, 10.
Stephen James. 9411 Monroe St. Silver Spring 20910. JU5-2216.
Harold P. Morris. 1112 Noyes Dr. Woodside Park 20910. JU5-5765.
Woodrow L. Taylor, 217 Granville Dr. Silver Spring 20901. 589-3978.

#54. 654-6709. 4905 Del Ray Ave. Bethesda 20014. Zips near D. C.: 20014, 15, 16, 34 (20854).
Frederick M. Dolan. 6332 Western Ave. Chevy Chase 20015. OL2-5366.
O. Nile Harkins. 5703 Wilson La. Bethesda 20034. OL2-8986.
Henry Wadsworth Longfellow. 7111 Ridgewood Ave. Chevy Chase, 20015. OL2-1167.
Thomas A. Farrell. 3409 Cummings La. Chevy Chase 20015. OL2-4121.

MARYLAND DRAFT BOARDS

PRINCE GEORGES COUNTY

#55. 927-0388. 5122 Baltimore Ave. Hyattsville 20781. Zips near D. C.: (20012) 20705, 10, 22, 40, 70, 81, 82, 83, 20822, 40.
T. Earle Bourne. 7011 Chansory La. College Heights Estates, 20782. WA7-1065.
Lyman L. Long. 4605 Amherst Rd. College Park 20740. WA7-2582.
Ralph H. Lovell. 3312 Rosemary La. Hyattsville 20782. AP7-4390.

#56. MA7-2428. 3937 Main St. Upper Marlboro 20870. Zips near D. C. 20784, 85, 86.
Charles C. Marbury. Upper Marlboro 20870. MA7-3357.
William H. Brooke. Near Upper Marlboro 20870. 627-3605.
Gustave A. Buchheister. Upper Marlboro 20870. MA7-3590.

#57. 627-5410. 3937 Main St. Upper Marlboro 20870. Zips near D. C.: 20021, 22, 23, 27, 28, 31.
Walter N. Leibert (name listed as such on draft board wall).
James Lancaster Thomas. Clinton 20735. 868-1724.
Robert L. Main. 7001 D St. Seat Pleasant 20027. 336-0943.

Individuals Against the Crime of Silence

A Declaration To Our Fellow Citizens Of The United States, To The Peoples Of The World, And To Future Generations:

1 We are appalled and angered by the conduct of our country in Vietnam.

2 In the name of liberty, we have unleashed the awesome arsenal of the greatest military power in the world upon a small agricultural nation, killing, burning and mutilating its people. In the name of peace, we are creating a desert. In the name of security, we are inviting world conflagration.

3 We, the signers of this declaration, believe this war to be immoral. We believe it to be illegal. We must oppose it.

4 At Nuremberg, after World War II, we tried, convicted and executed men for the crime of OBEYING their government, when that government demanded of them crimes against humanity. Millions more, who were not tried, were still guilty of THE CRIME OF SILENCE.

5 We have a commitment to the laws and principles we carefully forged in the AMERICAN CONSTITUTION, at the NUREMBERG TRIALS, and in the UNITED NATIONS CHARTER. And our own deep democratic traditions and our dedication to the ideal of human decency among men demand that we speak out.

We Therefore wish to declare our names to the office of the Secretary General of the United Nations, both as permanent witness to our opposition to the war in Vietnam and as a demonstration that the conscience of America is not dead.

On September 23. 1965. a Memorandum of Law was incorporated in the Congressional Record of the 89th Congress of the United States of America. in which eighty leading American attorneys. after careful analysis of our position and actions in the Vietnam War. came to the conclusion that we are violating the following accords: The Charter of the United Nations. The Geneva Accords of 1954. the United States Constitution.

To Protest — To Object — To Dissent has long been an American tradition. The following are a few among the many who have signed this declaration to be on permanent record.

ABE AJAY
JAMES BALDWIN
(FATHER) J. E. BAMBERGER, M.D.. OCSO
DANIEL BERRIGAN. S.J.
REV. PHILLIP BERRIGAN. S.S.J.
RAY BRADBURY
ROBERT McAFFEE BROWN
REV. WILLIAM H. DU BAY
JAMES FARMER
W. H. FERRY
DR. JEROME D. FRANK
REV. STEPHEN H. FRITCHMAN
BEN GAZZARA
DR. FRED GOLDSTEIN
NAOMI L. GOLDSTEIN
DR. RALPH R. GREENSON
PROF. ABRAHAM J. HESCHEL
BRIG. GENERAL H. B. HESTER. RET.
DR. STANLEY HOFFMAN
TERESSA B. HOFFMAN
CHARLES H. HUBBEL
SANDER L. JOHNSON. ESQ.
PROF. DONALD KALISH
EDWARD M. KEATING
PHIL KERBY
RING LARDNER. JR.
RABBI RICHARD N. LEVY
LOUIS LICHT. ESQ.
DR. ROBERT E. LITMAN
VICTOR LUDWIG
HERBERT D. MAGIDSON
SHIRLEY MAGIDSON
NORMAN MAILER
THOMAS MERTON
SIDNEY MEYER
EASON MONROE
PROF. HANS J. MORGENTHAU
HENRY E. NILES
DR. MARK F. ORFIRER
AVA HELEN PAULING
DR. LINUS PAULING
BISHOP JAMES A. PIKE
RICHARD M. POWELL
CARL REINER
JANICE RULE
ROBERT RYAN
DAVID SCHOENBRUN
LORRY SHERMAN
PROF. ROBERT SIMMONS
DR. BENJAMIN SPOCK
FRED H. STEINMETZ. ESQ.
DR. NORMAN TABACHNICK
D. IAN THIERMANN
BRYNA IVENS UNTERMEYER
LOUIS UNTERMEYER
DICK VAN DYKE
ROBERT VAUGHN
DR. MAURICE N. WALSH
DR. HARVEY WHEELER
A. L. WIRIN. ESQ.

I wish to sign my name to the above Declaration to the United Nations and want to go on record with this Declaration of the Individuals Against the Crime of Silence.

signature
For clarity, also print your name after your signature
address date
city state zip

Sign, complete and mail to P.O. Box 69960, Los Angeles, Calif. 90069. The office of the Individuals Against the Crime of Silence will then forward the information to the United Nations.
Should you also wish to support additional publishings and communications, send $1 or more in cash or by check made payable to Individuals Against the Crime of Silence. This donation entitles you to the lapel emblem and the wallet-sized registration card. Money is needed to speed our progress.
The strength of our numbers will regularly and effectively be made known. Your signature does have power.

Cover Sheet for Informant Report o[illegible]l
FD-306 (Rev. 3-13-68)

Date prepared

Date received 10/2/68

Received from (name or symbol number) FOIA(b)(7) - (D)

Received by R. H. Claudius

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☒ in person ☐ by telephone ☐ by mail ☐ orally ☐ recording device ☐ written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated ______ to ______

Transcribed ______

Authenticated by Informant ______

Date of Report

Date(s) of activity various

Brief description of activity or material
Vol 1, Nos 2, 3, 5 of Counterdraft, put out by "The Resistance"

File where original is located if not attached

* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE. VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED.

Index all names on cover of Counterdrafts, Feb 1968 beginning with Rev. Robert McAffee Brown ending with Howard Zinn

100-70116-379

Block Stamp

SEARCHED ____ INDEXED
SERIALIZED ____ FILED
OCT 4 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES
J. Keenan

COUNTERDRAFT

Vol. 1, No. 2 [redacted] Los Angeles, Calif. , [redacted] February 1968

Dr. Bejnamin Spock, Reverend William Sloane Coffin Jr., Marcus Raskin, Mitchell Goodman, and Michael Ferber were indicted on Friday, January 5, 1968, by the Rederal government on charges of encouraging draft evasion.

The following is a national statement that has been released in support of the five men:

> "We stand beside the men who have been indicted for support of draft resistance. If they are sentenced, we too must be sentenced. If they are imprisoned, we will take their places and will continue to use what means we can to bring this war to an end. We will not stand by silently as our government conducts a criminal war. We will continue to offer support, as we have been doing, to those who refuse to serve in Viet Nam, to these indicted men, and to all others who refuse to be passive accomplices in war crimes. The war is illegitimate and our actions are legitimate."

Reverend Robert McAfee Brown
Noam Chomsky
Mary Clarke
Reverend John Colburn
Reverend Stephen Fritchman
Paul Goodman
Florence Howe
Professor Donald Kalish
Louis Kampf
Reverend Martin Luther Ling, Jr.
David Krech
Frederick Krews
Reverend Tom Lasswell
Paul Lauter
Reverend Speed Leas

Demise Leverton
Dwight Macdonald
Herbert Magidson
Eason Monroe
Reverend William Moreman
Reverend Roy Ockert
Ava Helen Pauling
Professor Linus Pauling
Sidney Peck
Hilary Putnam
Father Louis Vitale, O.F.M.
Arthur Waskow
Reverend Harlan I. Weitzel
Howard Zinn
(Partial list of signers)

rden ran mor

I join in the above statement.

Signed: ____________________

I will pledge economic support for those who have been indicted.

Name: ____________________

Address: ____________________ Zip: ________ Phone: ________

Supporters of The Resistance
1093 Broxton Avenue, Room 238
Los Angeles, Cal. 90024

IN MEMORIAM: PIERRE VAN PAASEN 1895 - 1967

We dedicate this issue to the memory of a great man, who passed away shortly after we had chosen a quotation from his last book, to be a motto and guide for "COUNTERDRAFT" and reproduced it on our front page. If anything could characterize the man, it should be the words from that statement: "Resistez! Resistez toujours!" under which he fought during his long eventful life.

Space does not permit us to pay adequate tribute to Pierre van Paasen; the best we can hope to do, is to see to it, in our own small way, that his message shall not be forgotten. We have reprinted the statement from our first issue in pamphlet form and copies are available to all. On orders of more than five copies please remit one cent per copy to cover costs and postage, if you can.

Due to the unexpectedly heavy demand for the first issue of "COUNTERDRAFT" we are printing additional copies which are available at eleven cents each, including postage. Your reaction was very heartening; keep the letters coming!

We, like so many others, are shocked by the indictment of Dr. Benjamin Spock, Rev. W. Sloane Coffin, Mitchell Goodman, Michael Ferber and Marcus Raskin. We can think of only one answer to that indictment and it is printed on our front page. Signed statements should be mailed to the Resistance at the address given. Additional copies can be obtained at the same place. Should you care to show your support with a financial contribution, please make your check payable to: "Cash", Sherna Gluck or Karen Dellenbach, not to the Resistance or Counterdraft.

Incidentally, here in Los Angeles, the number of signed complicity statements, almost doubled during the week following the indictment. (The statement appearing here is not the complicity statement.)

Being new at this enterprise of publishing a monthly bulletin, we managed to come up with the to be expected number of bloopers and shortcomings in our first issue, but we promise to improve with age, hopefully in the manner of wine rather than cheese. Some improvement should be evident: Letter rather than legal size will prove more manageable and prepunched holes will help you to keep your file of COUNTERDRAFT together for ready reference. We have also added the index and reference numbers. The initials refer to the various bodies of law applicable: SSS: Selective Service System Regulations; AR: Army Regulations; USC: U.S. Code, etc. The decimal numbers refer to the respective section and paragraph, of course.

In order to keep your files up to date, you might look up the regulation or code in question and on the margin of the latter mark: "CD" followed by the number of the issue and page. To go through every item in CD in this way, entails some work but it should pay off in convenience when looking up a particular law.

If you have not seen it already, you might look up the Jan. 27 issue of the Saturday Evening Post. Under the heading: "Hell, No, We Won't Go!" you will find some oversimplifications and minor inaccuracies, but on the whole, an interesting article. in a future issue we will have more on the subject.

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***** ***** ***** *****

SSS Reg. 1606.32 (a)(1) POWER OF ATTORNEY

There are many instances in which it would be advantageous for a draft counselor to inspect the records of a counselee at his local draft board. Frequently, counselees are not certain of the precise steps they have taken in previous appellate procedures with their boards. It is essential for a counselor to be accurately informed before he can advise on further steps to be taken by the counselee.

SS Regulation, Section 1606.32 (a) (1), states:

> Par. 1606.32 AVAILABILITY AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL RECORDS AND INFORMATION
> (a) Information contained in records in a registrant's file may be disclosed or furnished to, or examined by, the following persons, namely:
> (1) The registrant, or any person having written authority dated and signed by the registrant: PROVIDED, That, whenever the time of the expiration of such authority is not specified therein, no information shall be disclosed, furnished, or examined under that authority after the expiration of a period of 1 year from its date.

Below is a suggested form of a Power of Attorney which a draft counselor might take to the applicable board. In cases where the counselor is not a member of the legal profession, the phrase: "...my attorney....and or..."should be omitted.

The individual desiring to inspect a registrant's file need not be an attorney or have legal training.

POWER OF ATTORNEY

TO MY LOCAL SELECTIVE SERVICE DRAFT BOARD NO.________

Or To Whom It May Concern:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 1606.32 (a)(1) of the Selective Service Regulations, I direct that you disclose to my attorney___________and/or to_________________, all records you have pertaining to me and to permit him, her, or them to inspect, copy and request copies of said records at one or more such times as he, she or they may appear at your office.

DATED:___________________

_____________________________(NAME)

____

Selective Service No.

(continued next page)

You have many copies of my signature in your cover sheet and therefore can readily and quickly ascertain the genuineness of the signature above.

If you do not have the regulations available for reading the above-quoted Section and if you have doubt concerning the right of the designated person to see my records, call your coordinator, government appeal agent or State Headquarters at once: a delay may seriously affect my rights.

INTERROGATION (prepared by the Draft Law Group at Yale Law School)

If a person who has violated, or who is accused of violating, the SS Act is questioned by the FBI, he has a right to refuse to answer any questions. He also has a right to consult with a lawyer before answering any questions, but this does not mean that the FBI can compel anyone to consult with a lawyer and then answer questions; the right to remain silent is absolute with only a very few qualifications. First of all, one should probably give one's name and address. A more difficult question arises if the FBI asks, "Do you have your draft card in your possession?" There are no cases on this point; on the one hand, it would seem to violate the privilege against self-incrimination; on the other hand, courts may regard a draft card as analogous to a driver's license and require the registrant to produce it on request. An individual who has his draft card has nothing to gain by refusing to produce it: Failure to do so might be held to violate the Act. On the other hand a person who does not have his draft card has nothing to lose by refusing to answer.

No other question need be answered. It is entirely appropriate at this point to inform the agents courteously but firmly that one has nothing else to say and that he would appreciate it if they would ask him no further questions. It is generally a poor idea to allow interrogators to go on asking questions because one then has to refuse to answer again and again. Many people begin to feel rude and nervous and find themselves answering questions against their better judgment. In the course of their usual business, FBI interrogators are accustomed to refusals to answer their questions; they do not regard such an exercise of one's constitutional rights as rude.

If an interrogator warns a suspect of his rights and then presents him with a "waiver" to sign, there is no obligation whatsoever to sign. If the waiver is signed, any statement made may be used against the individual at trial.

Several points should be noted here. First of all, a statement which seems inoffensive, or even exculpatory, at the time it is made can frequently be very damaging later. It is difficult for a person to know what is innocuous and what is not, especially when he is under the strain of an interrogation. A statement may be damaging even though one does not intend to contest the fact that one has committed an offense. For example, it might be used later to impeach the credibility of an individual at trial. It is often difficult to remember what one has said at various times in the past, and inconsistent statements may be used in order to make one appear to be untruthful, irresponsible, unreliable and so forth. This can be particularly damaging when the individual is trying to convince a judge, a jury or the public that he holds a coherent, consistent and well thought out ethical position.

Secondly, if an individual does decide to answer questions he may impose his own conditions on the interrogation process. He may insist that his lawyer (or anyone else) be present in the room with him while the questioning proceeds, and he may consult privately with his lawyer at any time during the questioning. One may also refuse to answer questions unless the officials agree in advance to give him a copy of the statements he makes, witnessed by them as accurate. If a suspect decides to answer questions he may change his mind at any time. He may also answer questions selectively.

When the FBI finishes questioning someone, they will ordinarily tell him that they wish to type up a summary of the statement for the person to sign. It should be noted that there is no obligation to sign a statement. If the person refuses to sign, the agent may ask him to read the statement over and at least correct and initial errors. Initialing can be just as damaging as a signature (or even more so since it indicates that the statement is the product of some care), so if a person has qualms about signing, he certainly should not initial.

Anyone who is suspected of committing a draft offense should see a lawyer before answering any questions, no matter how trivial, irrelevant or innocuous they seem at the time. A lawyer may advise his client to answer questions or not, depending on a variety of factors. Nothing can be gained by making unadvised statements to the FBI. Cooperation does not mean that the suspect is more or less likely to be prosecuted since the FBI is merely an investigatory agency. Decisions to prosecute are made by the Dept. of Justice. Non-cooperation has nothing to do with the integrity of one's moral position -- the FBI is not a medium for the communication of social protest: answering their questions shouldn't be regarded as a way of passing one's political views along to the Government".

NOTE THESE ADDRESS CHANGES:

SUPA Anti-Draft Program ("Escape from Freedom" - 50¢) now:
2279 Yonge St., Suite 15, Toronto 12, Ont., Canada
Phones: 416-481-0241, days; 537-4660, nights

Central Committee for Conscientious Objectors (CO Handbook etc.):
2016 Walnut, Philadelphia, Pa., 19103; 215-568-7971

A QUOTE ON WAR

Why of course the people don't want war. Why should some poor slob on a farm want to risk his life in a war when the best he can get out of it is to come back to his farm in one piece? Naturally the common people don't want war: neither in Russia, nor in England, nor for that matter in Germany. That is understood. But after all, it is the leaders of the country who determine the policy, and it is always a simple matter to drag the people along, whether it is democracy, or a fascist dictatorship, or a parliament, or a communist dictatorship. Voice or no voice, the people can always be brought to the bidding of the leaders. That is easy. All you have to do is tell them that they are being attacked, and denounce the pacifists for lack of patriotism and exposing the country to danger. IT WORKS THE SAME IN EVERY COUNTRY."

Hermann Goering

SSS 1624-1627

CONSCIENTOUS OBJECTOR CLAIMANTS HAVE RIGHT TO PERSONAL APPEARANCE AND APPEAL IF CLAIM MADE BEFORE INDUCTION ORDER ISSUED

Two recent court decisions and an unpublicized letter from General Lewis B. Hershey to the State Director of Selective Service in California have declared that if a man submits a Conscientous Objector Claim before receiving an induction notice, his draft board is required to give him a personal appearance and the right to an appeal to the State Appeal Board. These new developments do not, however, give similar rights to an individual who files a C.O. claim after receiving an induction notice. Nevertheless, it has been the experience of many draft counselors that registrants who file C.O. claims before the induction order has been issued are often denied the right to appear before their local board or to appeal to the State Appeal Board.

If a registrant has requested conscientous objector status before receiving an induction notice and the Board has not given him a personal appearance and an opportunity to appeal, the registrant should write to the State Director of Selective Service in his area and point out that such a decision is contrary to the decisions of the United States Court of Appeals in Miller vs. U.S. (December 29, 1967), and United States vs. Freeman (December 6, 1967) decided by the Ninth and Seventh Circuit Courts respectively. In addition to these court decisions, on February 7, 1966, General Hershey wrote to the State Director of Selective Service in Sacramento, California in response to a specific inquiry concerning a registrant who had not had a hearing on his C.O. claim. A portion of General Hershey's letter reads as follows:

> "The record reveals that the registrant's classification has not been re-opened since SSS Form 150 was received, and that such form was received prior to the issuance of his last induction order. In order to ascertain that the registrant will have the opportunity of having his case considered by a personal appearance before the local board and by appeal, and to preclude any claim of denial of due

process, it is requested that his classification be re-opened and considered anew under the provisions of Paragraph 1625.3(a) of the Selective Service Regulations.

"In cases such as this, if opportunity is not provided for all the consideration possible under the law, successful prosecution, should it come to that, is virtually impossible."

Draft counselors should familiarize themselves with the provisions of the Selective Service Regulations relating to personal appearances before local draft boards and appeals to the State Appeal Boards. It is essential that each counselor be aware of each facet of the appeal process and when the right to a personal appearance or an appeal arises. Many cases have been lost in the courts because the registrant failed to exhaust his administrative remedies within the Selective Service System before being prosecuted. The law requires that a registrant must seek a personal appearance or appeal his 1-A classification, and exhaust all other administrative remedies, before being allowed to raise a question as to the propriety of the Board's classification in a criminal prosecution brought against him for refusing induction.

Counterdraft will attempt to provide draft counselors with detailed information concerning the appellate process and other procedural remedies in future issues.

A SMALL PLEA

Last month a read inadvertently sent us the money to procure material on the draft from the Central Committee for Conscientious Objectors etc. We're not geared to do this!

Please, send for your material to the addresses we carry. Thanks!

THE NEW DRAFT LAW

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

a manual for lawyers and counselors

1967 SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT (effective Jy 1, 1967)--*full text*

SELECTIVE SERVICE REGULATIONS (issued Jy 4, 1967)--*full text*

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NEW ACT AND REGULATIONS

HOW TO REPRESENT A REGISTRANT FROM AGE 18 TO AGE 35:

- In Administrative Proceedings
- In Civil Litigation
- In Criminal Proceedings--*proposed jury instructions*
- In Habeas Corpus Proceedings--*sample form of petition*
- In Courts Martial

ARMY MEDICAL FITNESS STANDARDS FOR INDUCTION IN PEACETIME--*text*

LOYALTY-SECURITY QUESTIONNAIRES--*text of DD Forms 98, 398*

GENERAL SUGGESTIONS TO REGISTRANTS

GENERAL SUGGESTIONS TO PARENTS AND RELATIVES

SELECTIVE SERVICE CLASSIFICATIONS: Qualifications for each
Relevant provisions of Act
Relevant SSS Regulations
Relevant SSS Forms

INEQUITIES IN SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM--*Marshall Commission Report*

SPECIAL PROBLEMS OF MINORITY-GROUP DRAFTEES

SPECIAL PROBLEMS OF CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTORS

OBJECTORS TO WAR IN THE ARMED SERVICES

THE GUILD PRACTITIONER issue on SELECTIVE SERVICE

Analysis of Statutory Definition of Conscientious Objector--
Prof Henry Nash Smith, University of California English Dept

Defending a Selective Service Act Prosecution--Ben Margolis, Esq
Proving Medical Unfitness--Peter Franck, Esq & Dr Neal Blumenfeld
Creative Use of Administrative Regulations--William Smith, Esq
Judicial Review--Laurent Frantz & Norman Leonard, Esqs
Problems of Black Draftees--Edward A Dawley, Esq

CIVIL RIGHTS HANDBOOK, Box 673, Berkeley, California 94701 Date ______

Enclosed please find my check for:

[ ] $10. for THE NEW DRAFT LAW

[ ] $ 1. for GUILD PRACTITIONER issue on Selective Service Law

______ Address ______ Zip ______

18 USC Par. 1381 AIDING AND/OR ABETTING DESERTERS

We have received several inquiries concerning the penalties for aiding and/or abetting deserters from the Armed Forces by draft counselors. The applicable statute covering this situation will be found in 18 USC par. 1381, which reads as follows:

> "Whoever entices or procures, or attempts or endeavors to entice or procure any person in the Armed Forces of the United States, or who has been recruited for service therein, to desert therefrom, or aids any such person in deserting or in attempting to desert from such service; or
>
> "Whoever harbors, conceals, protects, or assists any such person who may have deserted from such service, knowing him to have deserted therefrom, or refuses to give up and deliver such person on the demand of any officer authorized to receive him
>
> "Shall be fined not more than Two Thousand Dollars or imprisoned not more than three years, or both."

There are only six reported cases dealing with prosecutions under this statute. The latest reported decision involved a prosecution in 1954 wherein the defendant's conviction was reversed by the Appellate Court. (Haley -vs- U.S., 215 F2d 778). The last reported successful prosecution under this statute occurred in 1947 (Mancuso -vs- U.S., 162 F2d 772). Other reported cases include:

Beauchamp - vs- U.S.	154 F2d 413, (1946);
U.S. - vs- Williams,	59 Fed. Supp. 300 (1945);
Firpo -vs- U.S.,	261 F. 850 (1919);
U.S. -vs- Clark,	D.C. Mass., Fed. Cas. 14,808 (1862).

In the Firpo case, an attorney was prosecuted for aiding a deserter from the Armed Forces. The Appellate Court reversed the attorney's conviction, holding that the evidence did not sustain a finding of guilt. The attorney had apparently advised his client to go into temporary hiding pending the outcome of a claim for a minority discharge. In the Haley case, the Appellate Court reversed a conviction of an enlisted man's wife who had harbored her husband for approximately 1-1/2 hours before he was apprehended. The woman had refused to permit military police to enter her apartment to search for her husband but shortly after the request was made, the husband surrendered himself to a guard who had been stationed at the front door. In the Beauchamp case, an employer had assisted a former employee to remain hidden for a long period of time, during which the deserter performed services for the employer. The defendant in the Beauchamp case received a 20-month sentence. In the Williams case, the defendant was convicted of harboring a deserter from the Women's Army Corps. I do not have the relevant facts from the Mancuso or Clark cases.

It should be noted that successful prosecution under the foregoing statute is not dependent upon the deserter being found guilty of desertion. In the Mancuso case, the defendant was found guilty although the deserter was permitted to plead guilty to AWOL rather than desertion. It should also be noted that under 18 USC par. 2 and 3, the government could attempt to prosecute an individual who aids a deserter as either a principal or an accessory after the fact. A principal is defined by 18 USC par. 2 as follows:

> "(a) Whoever commits an offense against the United States, or aids, abets, counsels, commands, induces, or procures its commission, is a principal.
>
> "(b) Whoever causes an act to be done, which if directly performed by him would be an offense against the United States, is also a principal and punishable as such."

Under 18 USC par. 3, an accessory after the fact is defined as follows:

> "Whoever, knowing that an offense against the United States has been committed, receives, relieves, comforts or assists the offender in order to hinder or prevent his apprehension, trial or punishment, is an accessory after the fact.
>
> "Except as otherwise expressly provided by any Act of Congress, an accessory after the fact shall be imprisoned not m ore than one-half the maximum term of imprisonment or fined not more than one-half the maximum fine prescribed for the punishment of the principal, or both; or if the principal is punishable by death, the accessory shall be imprisoned not more than ten years."

Although the specific statute contained in 18 USC 1381 probably controls, an attempt might be made by the government to prosecute under either of the two sections relating to principals and accessories. Although there are no cases on this matter, my best guess would be that a court would not permit a prosecution of an individual as a principal or accessory given the enactment of Section 1381 of the Code by Congress.

AR 40-501 MEDICAL FITNESS (NOT INCLUDED IN WSP MEDICAL FITNESS LIST)
(Surgeon General's List)

Section VIII SPECIAL ADMINISTRATIVE CRITERIA APPLICABLE TO CERTAIN MEDICAL FITNESS REQUIREMENTS.

7-12. DENTAL Induction and Appointment or Enlistment in U.S. Army. Individuals with orthodontic appliances attached to the teeth are administratively unacceptable so long as active treatment is required. Individuals with retainer orthodontic appliances who are not considered to require active treatment are administratively acceptable.

C 15, AR 40-501

APPENDIX III
TABLES OF WEIGHT

Table I. Table of Militarily Acceptable Weight (in Pounds) as Related to Age and Height for Males—Initial Procurement

Height (inches)	Minimum (regardless of age)	Maximum					
		16–20 years	21–24 years	25–30 years	31–35 years	36–40 years	41 years and over
60	100	163	173	173	173	168	164
61	102	171	176	175	175	171	166
62	103	174	178	178	177	173	169
63	104	178	182	181	180	176	171
64	105	183	184	185	185	180	175
65	106	187	190	191	190	185	180
66	107	191	196	197	196	190	185
67	111	196	201	202	201	195	190
68	115	202	207	208	207	201	195
69	119	208	213	214	212	206	200
70	123	214	219	219	218	211	205
71	127	219	224	225	223	216	210
72	131	225	231	232	230	224	216
73	135	231	239	238	237	230	223
74	139	237	246	246	243	236	229
75	143	243	253	253	251	243	235
76	147	248	260	260	257	250	241
77	151	254	267	267	264	256	248
78	153	260	275	273	271	263	254

SUBSCRIPTION

The Editors of CounterDraft hope to produce at least 10 issues a year, if you wish to subscribe, please remit $2. (or more if you want to encourage our out-reach) to:

COUNTERDRAFT
[redacted].
Los Angeles, Calif. [redacted]

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90004

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Suggest you add the following to your mailing list:
(attach additional names)

STATEMENT BY THE SWISS FEDERAL COUNCIL

ON being questioned as to the position of the Federal Council regarding treatment of resistors and deserters, the reply was as follows:

"Only a very small number of Americans who refused to serve in the army have made themselves known to the federal authorities; an enquiry has revealed that the same situation exists in regard to the cantonal authorities. As the public was informed at the time, three American deserters spent time last year in the canton of Zurich and committed various thefts. They were sentenced by a judge to terms up to one year of imprisonment. Their request for a suspended sentence was granted, as they wished to present themselves before the American military courts in Germany. Recently, two other Americans who refused to serve entered Switzerland. One of them left the country soon after, of his own accord and without notifing the authorities, while the second, who holds an American passport, had his residence permit granted according to the routine procedure.

The Federal Council affirms that the appropriate contonal and federal services examine carefully requests for admission to Switzerland made by deserters or draft delinquents, as well as those from other foreigners seeking asylum. A forced return of such people to a country where they would be prosecuted for desertion or resistance is out of the question."

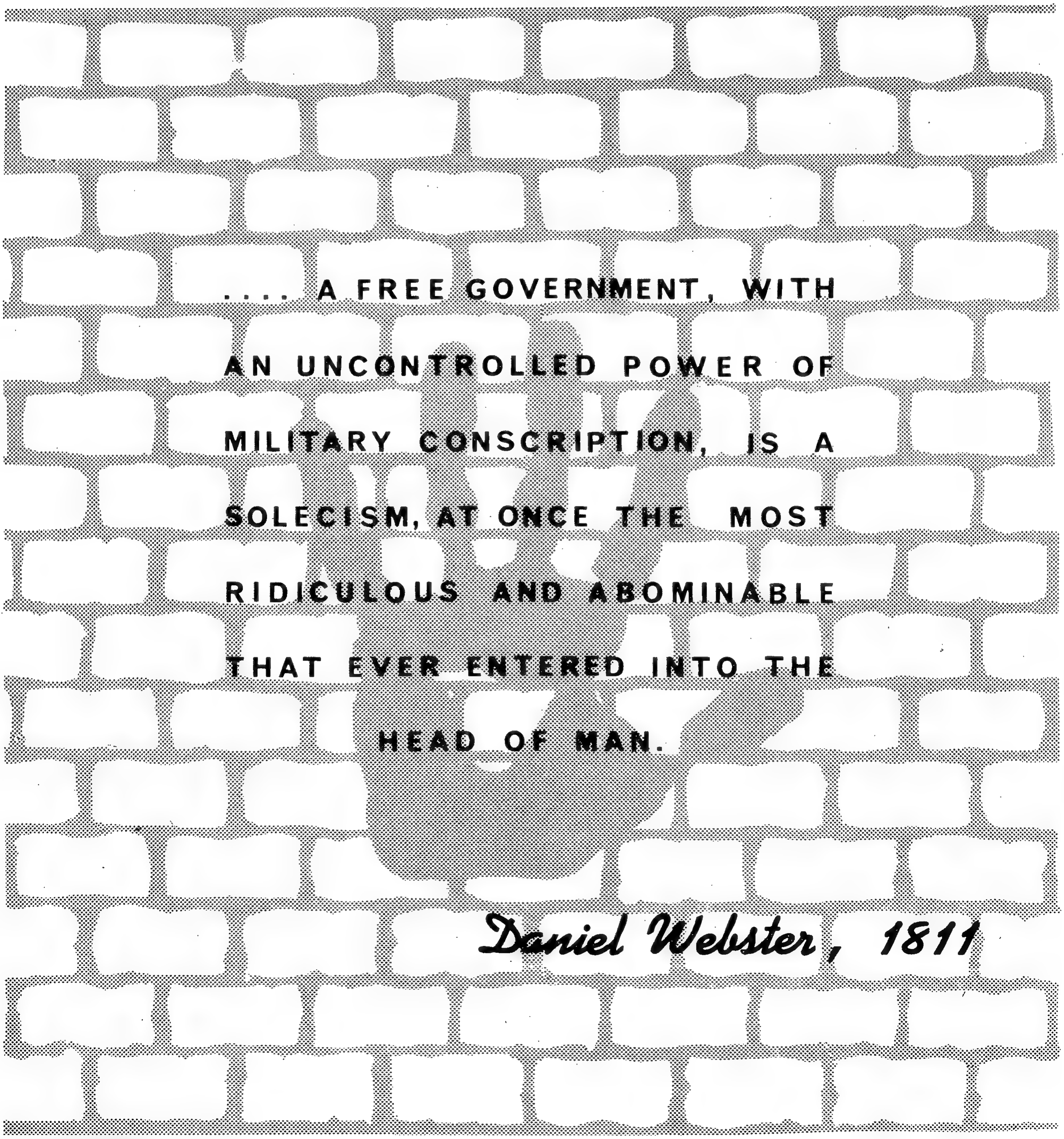
Sept 18, 1967.

Counterdraft
6324 Primrose Avenue
Los Angeles, Calif. 90028

COUNTERDRAFT

An Information Exchange for Draft Counsellors and Resistors

Vol.1 , No. 3 1968



> .... A FREE GOVERNMENT, WITH AN UNCONTROLLED POWER OF MILITARY CONSCRIPTION, IS A SOLECISM, AT ONCE THE MOST RIDICULOUS AND ABOMINABLE THAT EVER ENTERED INTO THE HEAD OF MAN.

Daniel Webster, 1811

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EDITORIAL

At the California Democratic Council convention, held in Anaheim, California, on March 16, 1968, the following resolution was passed:

> Platform 1968. A New Foreign Policy ... we believe the United States should immediately: 5. Grant amnesty for those of our men who are in prison or exile because of their refusal to fight in Vietnam.

Counterdraft supports this resolution, and hopes that support for this resolution will be forthcoming from all other organizations in America which take a stand against the war in Vietnam, and the draft which supplies young men to fight this war. This resolution is a critical step forward in the effort against the war and the draft, for the CDC is one of the largest volunteer political organizations in America. We urge all those who support the CDC resolution to promulgate its content on their local level. Such forthright denunciations of the war and the draft indicate the widespread and growing opposition. In addition to this, Counterdraft urges that the draft law be repealed, since it is coercive, in flagrant violation of the 13th Amendment, and is the tool of America's aggressive foreign policy. The bodies of males in this nation are not the property of the Selective Service System to be disposed of at its will. Amnesty will not solve the basic problem, however, nor will just a repeal of the draft, although it will go a long ways toward it; the American ethos must be rennovated. The war in Vietnam, and the draft which facilitates it, are but symptoms of a cruel and anti-humanistic social organization.

COUNTERDRAFT is issued
ten times a year. For
subscription please send
contribution to:

Counterdraft
6324 Primrose Ave.
Los Angeles, Calif. 90028

Name ______________________________

Address ____________________________

City ______________________________

State _______________ Zip __________

Ref. SSS Reg. 1624-1627

APPEALS PROCEDURE

Whenever a registrant is reclassified by his local draft board, he has a right to contest that classification and request whatever other classification for which he feels he is eligible. The appeals procedure is outlined below. If followed as presented, it will insure the registrant the maximum delay written into the law. While pursuing this appeals procedure, the registrant cannot be ordered to report for induction.

After receiving form 110: Notice of Classification, the registrant has 30 days in which to request a Personal Appearance before his local board. If a registrant can appear before his local board, he should write the following letter 27 to 28 days after the date on his form 110:

> "I request a Personal Appearance before my local board."
>
> Name, SS #

It is not necessary to mention any reason for requesting a Personal Appearance and the word "appeal" should not appear in the letter.

For the registrant who has already decided to refuse induction and contest his case in court, a much more detailed letter requesting a Personal Appearance should be sent. Such a letter is appended below.

The board will arrange a Personal Appearance at which the registrant should appear, bringing whatever evidence and/or witnesses he can muster. Lawyers are specifically barred from the Personal Appearance. The board will probably not hear the man's witnesses. However, some boards might hear witnesses and might even permit the registrant's lawyer to be present. It always pays to request in writing that they allow witnesses to testify and a lawyer to be present. Many times, at the Personal Appearance itself, the board will tell the registrant that they are going to reclassify him 1-A again, and ask him at that time if they should forward his file to the Appeals Board. The registrant should tell them: "I'd like to think it over." The board is required to reclassify a registrant and send him another form 110 indicative of its decision, after his Personal Appearance, a process which consumes more time. Immediately after the Personal Appearance, the registrant should write down on paper a record of exactly what was said at the Personal Appearance. He should retain one copy and mail another copy to his board, with a cover letter requesting that it be placed in his file. It will be the only accurate record in his file of what transpired during the Personal Appearance. In the event the registrant's case ever comes to court, such a record would be valuable. A registrant is entitled to only one Personal Appearance. However, if he feels that a further exposition of his case will benefit him or if he feels he has a sympathetic listener on the draft board, the registrant can request as many informal interviews as he chooses. Such requests might possibly be granted.

The registrant who will not be able to appear before his local board should nonetheless request a Personal Appearance. Arrangements for the Personal Appearance buy more time for the registrant. He can always write to his board and cancel his appointment several days before his scheduled appearance. In requesting a Personal Appearance, he should mention an appeal in order to protect his rights. His letter should read as follows:

> "I request a Personal Appearance before my local board. I want to appeal my classification."
>
> Name, SS #

Several days before his scheduled Personal Appearance, he should write the following letter:

> Due to the expense involved in traveling from my place of residence I will not be able to appear before my local board. If at all possible, please arrange a courtesy interview at a draft board near my place of residence. That draft board could provide you with an advisory opinion on my classification. If a courtesy interview is not possible, I request that a friend or relative be allowed to appear in my behalf to explain my reasons for contesting my classification. Finally, I would like to request that my Personal Appearance be postponed until (any date six months hence) at which time I will be able to appear.
>
> If none of these alternatives are acceptable to you, I wish to point out that I appealed my 1-A classification in my original letter requesting a Personal Appearance and that I now wish my file forwarded to the State Appeal Board for a decision.(NOTE: the registrant may here request that his case be transferred to the appeal board in the state in which he resides. If granted, the transfer would provide further delay.)
>
> Name, SS #

Upon receipt of the second form 110 (the decision of the board based on the Personal Appearance), the registrant has another 30 days in which to appeal. Twenty-seven or twenty-eight days after the date on the second 110, the registrant should send the following letter to his local board:

> I wish to appeal my classification. I would like an appointment with the government appeal agent attached to my local board.
>
> Name, SS #

The Government Appeal Agent is a lawyer assigned to the local board who is to advise registrants of their rights under the Selective Service System. He is a volunteer,usually knows very little about the regulations, and is usually a lawyer who will advise a man to volunteer for service. An appointment with him is only a device for stretching out the appeal process. The board will set up the registrant's appointment and will have to keep the registrant's file on hand for the Government Appeal Agent interview. Only after the interview will the local board be able to forward the file to the appeals board for a decision.

A Presidential Appeal is open to the registrant if the decision of the state appeal board against him was not unanimous, that is, if there was a split vote. The registrant should submit his request for a Presidential Appeal to his local draft board. In some states the opportunity for a Presidential Appeal is rare; appeals board members in those states vote together.

If prior to the sending of the registrant's file to the appeal board, the registrant has had a pre-induction physical, and has been found acceptable, the registrant may get an order to report for induction in the same envelope with the decision of the appeals board.

In Vol. 1 No. 2 of Counterdraft, an article appears on the right of a conscientious objector claimant to a Personal Appearance and Appeal if his claim is made before an induction order is issued. After exhausting his appeal rights in the manner outlined above, requesting any classification for which he feels eligible, other than a conscientious objector claim, the registrant could buy an additional 3-7 months by following the same appeal procedure claiming conscientious objector status.

Letter requesting personal appearance for the registrant contemplating court action:

I am in receipt of SSS Form 217 notifying me of my right to ask for a personal appearance or an appeal within thirty days of (date of mailing of SSS Form 217.)

I now ask for such a personal appearance. In connection with the personal appearance, I have these requests:

1. I am X years of age and have never been in a legal case or trial before. For this reason, I request that my attorneys be permitted to be present at the personal appearance and to counsel me throughout the appearance as they would in a court of law.

2. I want to bring witnesses with me to testify about my qualifications for the classification(s) for which I have applied.

3. If your decision should deny my request for X classification(s), I may want to appeal. For that purpose, I will need an accurate report of the personal appearance. I therefore request that you provide a method of transcribing accurately everything said at the appearance.

4. Since you rejected my applications for X classification(s) and classified me 1-A, I need to know on what you based your decision so that I can present convincing reasons and proof that I do qualify for X classification(s). Will you please send me, before the appearance, a statement of your reasons for denying the classification(s) I requested?

5. I need to know what standards you follow in deciding who qualifies for each of the classifications for which I applied. Can you refer me to the pertinent material?

6. I request copies of any rules of the Service relevant to the classification(s) X, other than those published in the Regulations and Local Board Memos and copies of forms, instructions, reports, examinations, or other papers concerning my classification that are not now in my files, if any.

7. If you consulted with persons about me in order to decide that I must be classified 1-A and not in the classifications I requested, I request that such persons be present at the personal appearance so that I can cross examine them. If you obtained information about me from records or other sources, I request that it be made available to me before or at the appearance so that I can reply to it.

8. I would like to know in advance how the appearance will be conducted. Should I prepare a list of questions to ask you, or should I prepare a list of answers to questions I think you will ask me?

9. I waive my right to privacy in my proceedings and request a public hearing open to my friends, relatives, and the general public.

I would appreciate it very much if you would answer these questions as soon as you can so that I can prepare for the personal appearance. After the appearance if your decision is adverse, I would like to request that you send me a written statement of your reasons for the decisions.

Ref. SSS 1625

Secret Selective Service Memorandum on Conscientious Objectors Discovered

An official Selective Service directive, confidential to California local boards and until now secret, can protect rights of late-applying conscientious objectors, COUNTERDRAFT learned last month.

The order, by the State Director, tells procedures for CO's completing Form 150 BEFORE notice of induction. More important, it vitally affects those filing the form AFTER receiving notice.

Issued Oct. 18, 1967 as an Operation Memorandum (C.O.), it applies only to California, but similar directives probably have been issued in other states. The text follows:

"Whenever a registrant completes SSS Form No. 150 prior to the issuance f of an induction order, the local board is required to re-open his classification and consider it anew under State Headquarters Operation Memorandum (C.O.) dated June 15, 1964.

"Whenever a registrant requests a SSS Form No. 150, he must be given an opportunity to complete it and have such information considered by the local board. If he completes such form after an induction order has been issued, and no meeting is scheduled by the local board prior to his induction date, a special meeting should be arranged to consider whether or not there has been a change in status resulting from circumstances over which the registrant has no control.

"If such special meeting cannot be arranged, then the registrant's induction must be postponed so the local board can consider the information at a regularly scheduled meeting. A mere telephone review of the file is inappropriate. If the registrant has requested a courtesy interview and the local board determines such interview would be appropriate, then it should be scheduled."

A leading draft procedure authority notes that the above memorandum protects conscientious objectors from wrongful induction under two distinct circumstances and should be made familiar to all draft counselors.

The first paragraph relates to a registrant completing the C.O. form BEFORE issuance of an induction order, in line with COUNTERDRAFT's previous report on legal precedent and the nationwide directive of Lt. Gen. Lewis B. Hershey. It requires the local board to reopen the registrant's classification where the completed form is received prior to receiving an induction order.

This is vital because it: 1) guarantees him a personal appearance (if properly requested) before the local board; 2) gives him the right of appeal to the State Appeal Board if the local board denies a 1-0; and 3) provides valuable time, especially to a registrant nearing that 26th birthday after which, under current Selective Service Regulations, a registrant who is not delinquent, will not be drafted.

Any delay to carry a registrant past that birthday is therefore most effective as a draft counseling technique to guard his rights.

The rest of the Memorandum gives new hope to that all-too-familiar registrant who first seeks counseling AFTER getting an induction notice.

Note that the local board, on receiving his completed Form 150, MUST MEET to consider it before the registrant can be inducted.

This means either: 1) an inconvenient (to the board) and rare special meeting (at which the C.O. claim may be summarily denied without right of appeal); or 2) postponement of the induction, giving registrant and counselor valuable time to explore other reasons for deferment; or 3) an inadvertent legal error by the local board in failing to consider the application at an actual meeting.

Local boards are required to, and profess to, read and comply with all such directives in all cases. Failure to do so in any case, therefore, may deny a registrant equal protection under the law in violation of the Constitution.

If the registrant's prospects for deferment are weak but his determination strong, such error by the board may add great strength to his defense, if he should refuse induction and be prosecuted.

On the other hand, if he has a reasonably strong case for student, fatherhood, or medical deferment or a 1-O and needs only time to prove his point, have him write the State Director of Selective Service protesting the action of the local board denying him any of the above-outlined rights, and ask the Director to intervene in the matter.

Copies of such letters should also be sent to the registrant's local board for inclusion in his Selective Service file. If the State Director refuses to intervene, the registrant will then have a letter in his file indicating that he may have been denied a valuable constitutional right. Such letter could be used by an attorney in the defense of any criminal prosecution of the registrant, to gain an acquittal.

Ref. SSS 1622 Background Information on Deferment for Graduate Students

(Reprinted from news release by American Friends Service Committee)

The Selective Service announcement on Friday February 16 that most graduate students will no longer be eligible for deferment came as a shock to many. It held less surprise for those familiar with the new draft law, which came into effect July 1, 1967.

The 1967 Selective Service Regulations made standing provisions to defer in class II-S only those graduate students "in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine, osteopathy, or optometry..." Deferred doctors make up for their special student status by remaining in high priority pools for induction even after their 26th birthday, under the "Doctors' Draft." Divinity students remain exempted in class IV-D. It is unlikely that Selective Service will tackle church opposition by drafting ministers and divinity students. The medical and divinity provisions will almost certainly stand indefinitely.

The 1967 law provided that the National Security Council should advise whether to extend graduate school deferment to those in non-medical fields. It was widely anticipated that at least engineering and the sciences, and probably secondary education, would be designated. But General Hershey's telegram to Selective Service offices on February 16 read, "With respect to graduate school deferments, the National Security Council advises that it is not essential for the maintenance of the national health, safety and interest to provide student deferments for graduate study in fields other than medicine, dentistry, and allied medical specialties."

The 1967 Selective Service Regulations had made temporary provisions for deferment of graduate students in all fields for the 1967-68 academic year. They also provided for deferment of graduate students who were in the second or subsequent year of continuous study in doctoral or combined master's-doctoral programs as of October, 1967. This group of students may still be deferred for up to five years as graduate students, at the discretion of local draft boards. In the fall of 1968, these same students will be entering the third or subsequent year of continuous graduate study and will be eligible for II-S. Outside the medical schools, they will be the only graduate students holding II-S. Except for medical students, only those graduate students who began the second year of study toward a doctorate by October 1967 will receive II-S -- unless there are changes in the Regulations.

Undergraduate student deferment remains mandatory for full-time students under 24 who are making satisfactory progress toward a degree, provided that they request deferment and are certified by the school.

Undergraduates who are ordered to report for induction while in school full-time are entitled to have their induction order cancelled by issuance of a I-S(C) deferment until the end of the academic year (probably defined as twelve months from the beginning of the course of study). Graduate students who have received a II-S after June 30, 1967 are not eligible for I-S(C). I-S(C) can be received only once.

Anyone who requests and receives II-S after June 30, 1967 automatically foregoes the right to III-A dependency deferment otherwise mandatory upon proof of fatherhood. He remains eligible only if he can prove his dependents would suffer "extreme hardship" if he were drafted.

The February 16 announcement by Selective Service also affected occupational deferments. The list of essential activities and critical occupations, compiled under the old law by the Departments of Labor and Commerce, has been suspended. The new decision gives local draft boards discretion to grant occupational deferment (II-A) in individual cases, in response to "essential community need."

Receipt of I-S(C), II-S, or any other deferment automatically extends draft liability to age 35. But current call-up procedures make it unlikely that anyone over 26, even those with extended liability, will be drafted (except doctors and delinquents). A man who loses his deferment is classified I-A, eligible for induction. The closer he is to his 26th birthday, the higher his priority. With current manpower demands, most college graduates will be drafted if found fit.

Whether the widespread student protests against class ranking for Selective Service purposes influenced the current situation is a matter for speculation. Certainly the draft is no longer an abstract social issue for students. Few college men will be able to hold continuous deferments between the ages of 18 and 26.

Groups doing draft counseling have reported aheavy surge of inquiries since the Selective Service announcement. Students are realizing that they can no longer postpone indefinitely a decision on how to confront the draft. Interest focuses on the provisions for conscientious objection, on draft resistance, and on emigration to other countries.

Kerry Berland

Ref. SSS 1622.17 Registrants Temporarily Rejected for Induction for Physical Reasons Should Demand I-Y Classification

A registrant who has his pre-induction or induction physical is often told that he has been temporarily rejected for induction into the Armed Forces. Draft Boards frequently ignore such findings and fail to re-classify the registrant I-Y as a result of his temporary rejection. Draft counselors should be aware that a registrant derives substantial benefit from being re-classified, even if the re-classification is temporary in nature. For example, if a man is re-classified I-Y for a period of three months, his draft board must reclassify him I-A and give him the right to demand a personal appearance and appeal before he can be inducted. If an individual is ordered to report for induction and is found temporarily unacceptable for physical reasons, he should insist that his local board classify him I-Y for the period of his incapacitation. When the board acts to place the registrant into a I-A classification at a later date, the registrant can then delay his induction for a substantial period of time by demanding a personal appearance before his local board and later appealing to the State Appeal Board. For the twenty-five year old registrant, this delay could carry him past his twenty-sixth birthday and make him ineligible for induction.

In California, the State Director of Selective Service has issued a memorandum dated August 24, 1962 relating to temporary physical disqualification. The memorandum reads, in part, as follows:

> "Registrants rejected on the basis of temporary defects where the examining station believes re-examination justified in less than 120 days need not be reclassified. However, unless information is received within 120 days indicating that the defect causing rejection has been remedied and justifying return of the registrants for re-examination, their classification should be reopened and they should be placed in Class I-Y.
>
> "Registrants rejected on the basis of temporary defects where the examining station believes re-examination justified after more than 120 days should be classified I-Y."

If the registrant is told at the induction center that he has been temporarily rejected for a period of more than 120 days, he should immediately demand that his board classify him I-Y. If the physicians at the examining station indicate that the temporary disqualification will last less than 120 days, the registrant should, nevertheless, make a similar demand. It is not known whether local boards in states other than California are guided by similar directives from their State Director as quoted above. However, there is no direct authority in the law or regulations permitting a State Director to arbitrarily designate 120 days as the necessary period of disqualification to entitle a registrant to a I-Y classification. Since there is an absence of clear statutory authority for the above quoted memorandum, registrants should always claim eligibility for a I-Y classification whenever they are temporarily rejected for physical reasons, irrespective of the predicted duration of such disability. If the local board refuses to reclassify the registrant I-Y, he should write to his State Director requesting immediate intervention. A copy of the letter to the State Director of Selective Service should be sent to the local board for inclusion in the registrant's file.

Seek I-Y if on Probation or Not Cleared

A registrant might also be rejected on a temporary basis for moral reasons. For example, if a registrant is on probation for a criminal offense, Army regulations prohibit his induction. A registrant who has returned from an induction center as temporarily unacceptable because of probationary status relating to a criminal offense, should also demand a I-Y classification during the period of temporary disqualification.

A registrant who reports for his pre-induction physical examination and refuses to execute the Armed Forces Security Questionnaire (DD Form 98) will not be declared acceptable for induction until he has had a security clearance from Military Intelligence. Pending a clearance from Military Intelligence in such cases, the registrant might well be advised to claim a I-Y classification from his local board. If the board adheres to this demand and reclassifies the registrant I-Y, he will be able to delay his induction for an even greater period of time if and when he passes the security check. At that time, the board would be required to reclassify the registrant I-A and afford him all of his appeal rights before a valid induction order could be issued. Remember: even if the registrant contemplates refusing induction, there is usually no substantial reason for precipitating early court action. The longer a registrant delays his induction, the longer he will be able to avoid the ultimate confrontation with the system. In most cases, the draft counselor has an obligation to keep the registrant out of court and out of jail as long as possible. Only where the registrant clearly understands his right to a deferment or exemption, and clearly rejects such deferment or exemption in favor of all-out resistance to the Selective Service System, should the draft counselor not engage in delaying tactics on behalf of the registrant.

Ref. SSS 1622.11 - 1622.14 Local Boards Have Access to Seeger Case

On March 12, 1965, Lt. General Lewis B. Hershey issued Operations Bulletin No. 270 relating to conscientious objectors. This Operations Bulletin directed the attention of all local boards in the United States to the then recently decided Seeger case which greatly expanded the concept of conscientious objection. Copies of this Operations Bulletin are on file at all local boards in the United States.

Registrants who have personal appearances before their local draft boards, often complain that their board members profess ignorance of the holding in the Seeger decision. A registrant who is confronted with such a disclaimer, should immediately call his board's attention to Operations Bulletin No. 270 and ask the board members whether they have read the Bulletin and the attached decision in the Seeger case. If any of the board members indicate that they have not read the Bulletin and the Seeger decision, the registrant should demand that each Board member acquaint himself with the holding before determining his eligibility for conscientious objector status.

Ref. SSS 1622.17 Habla English?

On November 26, 1962, the State Director of Selective Service in California issued a Memorandum relating to Spanish speaking registrants. Under this Memorandum, if the local board determines that a registrant is unable to speak the English language sufficiently to take the written examinations at the pre-induction physical examination, he should be classified I-Y. Registrants of Puerto Rican or Mexican descent should consider some of the obvious advantages to be derived from this Memorandum.

Doctors' Draft for 1968 Announced

On December 28, 1967, General Hershey issued Operations Bulletin No. 318 relating to the forthcoming doctors' draft. During the summer of 1968, 1,100 doctors will be inducted into the Armed Forces through the Selective Service System. General Hershey's bulletin indicates that all available doctors who are completing their internships during 1968 will be called, as well as other available physicians. The announced call for 1,100 doctors is somewhat less than the corresponding call for doctors during the summer of 1967.

Ref. SSS 1622.24(c) | Watch for Printing Error in Selective Service Regulations

The Government Printing Office recently reprinted all of the Selective Service regulations as of October 16, 1967, including the regulations which were promulgated as a result of the Military Selective Service Act of 1967. These regulations may be purchased from the Government Printing Office at a cost of $5.00. If you have purchased the new set, or contemplate purchasing the new set, watch for an error on page 1622-17 of the regulations. Under the new law, Section 1622.24(c) of the Selective Service regulations was deleted, but the new Selective Service regulations printed by the Government Printing Office accidently includes the deleted section. The deleted section related to eligibility for agricultural deferments. If you live in an area where agricultural deferments are occasionally granted, make sure that your local boards are not using the deleted section in determining the registrant's eligibility for an agricultural deferment.

RESISTANCE A. D. 1900

MARK TWAIN

O Lord our father, our young patriots, idols of our hearts, go forth to battle. Be thou near them. Be with them in spirit; in spirit we also go forth from the sweet peace of our beloved firesides to smite the foe. O Lord our god, help us to tear their soldiers to bloody shreads with our shells and help us to cover their smiling fields with the pale forms of their patriotic dead. Help us to drown the thunder of the guns with the cries of the wounded writhing in pain; help us to wring the hearts of their unoffending widows with unavailing grief; help us to turn them out roofless with their little children to wander unfriendly through the wastes of their desolate lands in rags and hunger and thirst, sport of the sun flames of summer and the icy winds of the winter, broken in spirit, worn with travel, and imploring thee for the refuge of the grave and denied it. For our sakes who adore thee, O Lord, blast their hopes, blight their lives, prolong their pilgrimage, make heavy their steps, water their way with tears, stain the white snow with the blood of their wounded feet. We ask of one who is the spirit of Love, and who is the ever faithful refuge of all who are sore beset, and seek his aid with humble and contrite hearts. Grant our prayer O Lord, and thine shall be the praise, honor, and glory now and forever. Amen.

(From: Philip S. Foner, Mark Twain: Social Critic, International Publishers, New York, 1958)

If I were in the Philippines I could be imprisoned for a year for publicly expressing the opinion that we ought to withdraw and give those people their independence -- an opinion which I desire to express now. What is treason in one part of our States and stealings is doubtless law everywhere under the flag. If so, I am now committing treason ... and if I were out there I would hire a hall and do it again. On these terms I would rather be a traitor than an archangel. On these terms I am quite willing to be called a traitor -- quite willing to wear that honorable badge -- and not willing to be affronted with the title of Patriot and classified with the Funstons* when so help me God I have not done anything to deserve it.

---

*American general who captured Filipino General Emilio Aguinaldo by rather questionable means.

Senator George Hoar to his opponents in the Senate:

> You, my imperialistic friends, have had your ideals and sentimentalities. One is that the flag shall never be hauled down where it has once floated. Another is that you will not talk or reason with people with arms in their hand. Another is that sovereignty over an unwilling people may be bought with gold. And another is that sovereignty may be got by force of arms...
>
> What has been the practical statesmanship which comes from your ideals and sentimentalities? You have wasted six hundred millions of treasure. You have sacrificed nearly ten thousand American lives, the flower of our youth. You have devastated provinces. You have slain uncounted thousands of the people you desire to benefit. You have established reconcentration camps. Your generals are coming home from their harvest, bringing their sheaves with them, in the shape of other thousands of sick and wounded and insane.....

(From: Mark Twain on the Damned Human Race, edited by Janet Smith, Hill and Wang, New York, 1967)

Counterdraft Committee
Peace Action Council
P.O. Box 74881
Los Angeles, Calif. 90004

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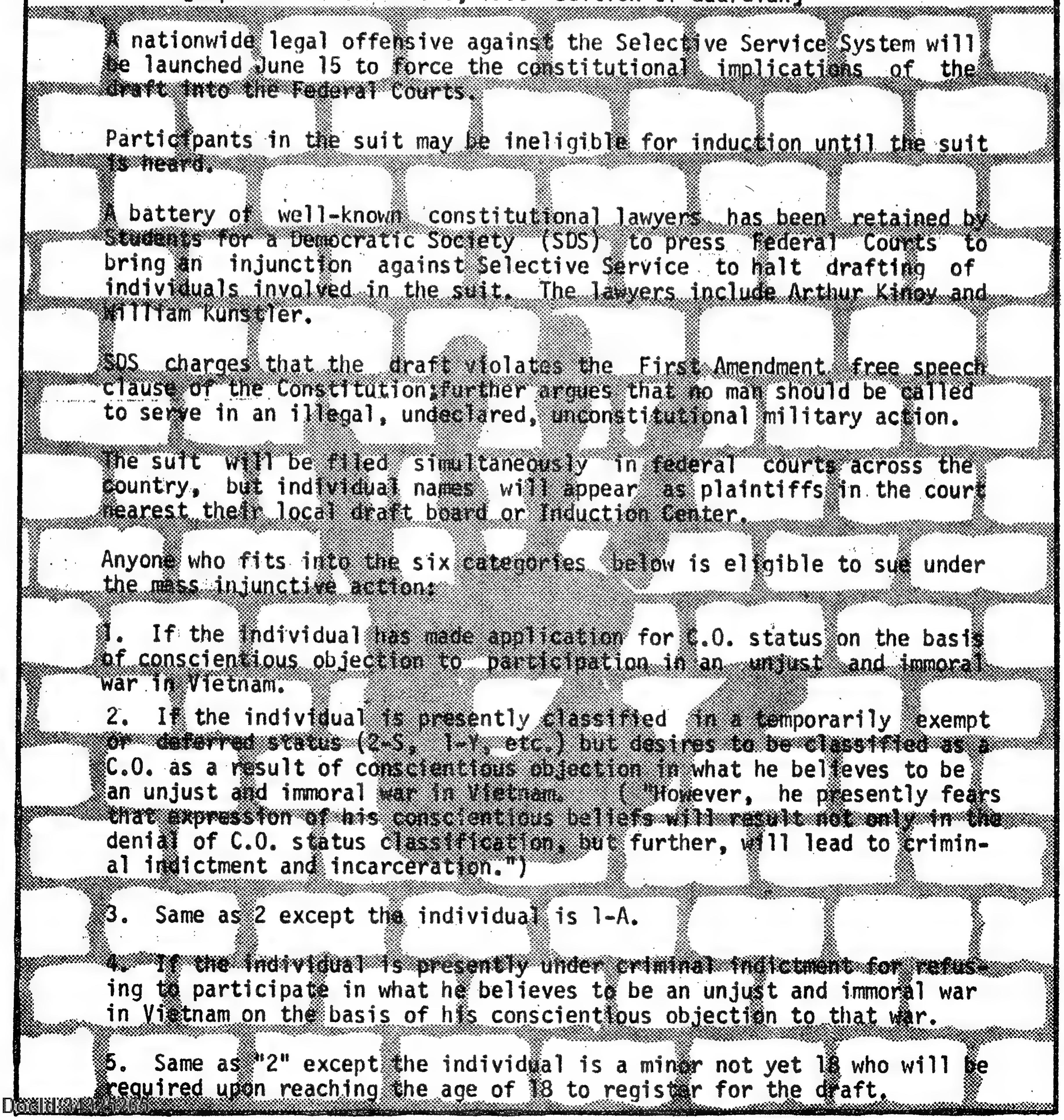
An Information Exchange for Draft Counselors & Resisters

Vol. 1 No. 5, 1968 P.O. Box 74881 Los Angeles, Ca. 90004 25¢

SDS launches draft suit

[Reprinted from June 8, 1968 edition of Guardian]



A nationwide legal offensive against the Selective Service System will be launched June 15 to force the constitutional implications of the draft into the Federal Courts.

Participants in the suit may be ineligible for induction until the suit is heard.

A battery of well-known constitutional lawyers has been retained by Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) to press Federal Courts to bring an injunction against Selective Service to halt drafting of individuals involved in the suit. The lawyers include Arthur Kinoy and William Kunstler.

SDS charges that the draft violates the First Amendment free speech clause of the Constitution;further argues that no man should be called to serve in an illegal, undeclared, unconstitutional military action.

The suit will be filed simultaneously in federal courts across the country, but individual names will appear as plaintiffs in the court nearest their local draft board or Induction Center.

Anyone who fits into the six categories below is eligible to sue under the mass injunctive action:

1. If the individual has made application for C.O. status on the basis of conscientious objection to participation in an unjust and immoral war in Vietnam.

2. If the individual is presently classified in a temporarily exempt or deferred status (2-S, 1-Y, etc.) but desires to be classified as a C.O. as a result of conscientious objection in what he believes to be an unjust and immoral war in Vietnam. ("However, he presently fears that expression of his conscientious beliefs will result not only in the denial of C.O. status classification, but further, will lead to criminal indictment and incarceration.")

3. Same as 2 except the individual is 1-A.

4. If the individual is presently under criminal indictment for refusing to participate in what he believes to be an unjust and immoral war in Vietnam on the basis of his conscientious objection to that war.

5. Same as "2" except the individual is a minor not yet 18 who will be required upon reaching the age of 18 to register for the draft.

S.D.S. LAUNCHES SUIT - cont'd from Front Page.

6. If the individual is presently deferred from military service, but in order to express his conscientious belief that the war in Vietnam is unjust and immoral, he has returned his draft card; and if he now faces the penalties of loss of deferment and/or a felony prosecution as a result of expression of his conscientious beliefs which he was otherwise unable to express, given the current operation and enforcement of the C.O. provisions of the Military Selective Service Act of 1967.

A copy of the complete suit is available from the - Draft Program - c/o S.D.S. - 50 E. 11th Street - New York, N.Y. 10003

To become a plaintiff in this suit, sign the retainer form below and supply the requested information.

+ +

draft case RETAINER FORM draft case

I, ______________________________, hereby retain Arthur Kinoy, Morton Stavis, William Kunstler, Robert Boehm, Harriet Van Tassel, Dennis Roberts, George Logan III, and any others with whom they choose to associate, to represent me in a federal suit challenging the constitutionality of the conscientious objector provision of the Military Service Act of 1967 and the operation of the draft during the war in Vietnam. I understand that this retainer is solely for the purposes of this suit and does not include responsibility of the above named attorneys to represent me in any other draft or Selective Service-related matters.

Signed ____________________________________ dated ____________________

+ +

NECESSARY INFORMATION ON EACH PLAINTIFF TO BE RETURNED BY PLAINTIFF TO LAW CENTER ATTORNEYS.

Full Name

Present Address and phone

Summer address and phone

Permanent address and phone

Age: if under 21. name of representative over 21 in whose name you sue

Present draft classification

Local Board Number and address

Have you made application for C.O.? If so what happened?

Have you got both your notice of classification and registration certificate in your possession?

Are Selective Service criminal proceedings pending against you? If so give details.

+ +

Return to: Law Center for Constitutional Rights
116 Market Street - Newark, New Jersey 07120

IMPORTANT CHANGES IN SELECTIVE SERVICE LAW AFFECTING ALIENS

On April 25, 1968 the United States Attorney General issued an opinion (No. 28) which favorably affects the rights of certain aliens to claim exemption from Military Service in the U.S. Armed Forces. The Attorney General has ruled that since Congress has not specifically abrogated the various treaty provisions exempting permanent resident aliens from military service, such provisions are "the supreme law of the land." Moreover, "the treaty provisions represent an independent source of law as fully as if they were separate sections of the Military Selective Service Act of 1967 itself."

To understand the ramifications of the Attorney General's opinion requires a complete understanding of the Selective Service law as it affects aliens in the United States.

Under Section 1611.1 of the SSS Regulations most male aliens in the U.S. must register for the draft under the same terms and conditions as an American citizen. Under Section 1611.5 of the Regulations any male alien born after Sept. 15, 1925 who enters the U.S. must register for the draft within 6 months following the date on which he first enters the U.S.. Under Section 1611.2 of the Regulations a limited number of aliens are exempt from registration. These include foreign diplomatic representatives and their families and a limited number of aliens who have not been admitted for permanent residence in the U.S.. Even tho an alien is in the U.S. in a non-immigrant status (i.e. he has not been admitted for permanent residence) he is not necessarily exempt from registration. Only those male aliens who are specifically described in Section 1611.2(a)(9) and 1611.2(b) of the Regulations are specifically exempt from registration. One class of male aliens who are not required to register includes aliens who have not been admitted for permanent residence in the U.S. and who are nationals "of a country with which there is in effect a treaty or international agreement exempting nationals of that country from military service while they are within the U.S." However, a national of such a country who has been admitted for permanent residence in the U.S. must register for the draft.

Before the issuance of the Attorney General's opinion described above, SSS took the position that all permanent resident aliens in the U.S. were subject to the draft and could not refuse to serve in the Armed Forces. SSS did recognize the right of non-permanent resident aliens to file an "Application by Alien for Relief from Training & Service in the Armed Forces (SSS Form No. 130)" with their local draft boards. The effect of filing such an application by a non-permanent resident bars the alien from becoming a citizen of the U.S. or gaining permanent resident status. Heretofore, all permanent resident aliens were denied the right to file such an application.

The effect of the Attorney General's opinion is to allow citizens of the following countries who are in the U.S. as permanent aliens to file SSS Form No. 130 and be exempt from military service:

Argentina, Austria, Costa Rica, China, Estonia, Honduras, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Liberia, Norway, Paraguay, Siam, Spain, Switzerland, Yugoslavia.

- cont's -

Aliens - cont'd

If a permanent resident alien from one of the listed countries invokes his treaty rights he will be barred from citizenship but he will not necessarily have to leave the U.S. Any such individual may remain permanently in the U.S. in an alien status but if he should leave the U.S. even for a short period of time he might be excluded from re-entry.

Draft counselors who wish to pursue this matter further should study carefully the provisions of Part 1611 of the SSS Regulations and Local Board Memoranda No. 16, 23, 39, and 76. Counselors should also read very carefully Section 1622.42(c) of the Regulations.

+ +

SELECTIVE SERVICE ACCEPTS BROADER DEFINITION OF CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTION

In a recent letter discussing guidelines for the cases of conscientious objectors, Col. Charles R. Fox, Chief, Communications & Records Div. of the National Headquarters of SSS referred to the broad definition of conscientious objection by Congressman Don Edwards of California. The following are Congressman Edwards' remarks as reported in the Congressional Record of May 25, 1968:

> When the Congress attempts to define the indefinable and plumb the depths of a man's mind and conscience, the simplest language is best The words"religious training" and "belief" have already been interpreted in many court cases. These cases will be available to future courts. Additional Congressional attempts at definition may only confuse and compound matters further. The trend of recent court decisions such as Seeger is in line with modern theology which is constantly broadening man's concept of religion...in such imprecise and subjective matters, the test should be simple, inclusive, and capable of application to a wide and varying range of beliefs. The simple definition is broad enough to be useful in our pluralistic culture which includes non-theistic Eastern religions as well as traditional Western ones. The removal of the "Supreme Being" definition and the return to the language of the 1940 act should therefore be welcomed as a distinct improvement over the present law.

In that same letter, Col. Fox said that Operations Bulletin No. 270 of March 12, 1965 informing local boards of the Seeger decision was "no longer current nor in effect, as it had served the purpose for which it was issued." He said that in C.O. cases, local boards were now governed by the new Military Selective Service Act of 1967, SSS Regulations Sections 1622.11, 1622.14, 1623.8 1625.25, and Local Board Memoranda No. 32 and No. 74. [Volume 1, #3 COUNTERDRAFT, suggested that registrants claiming C.O. status call the attention of their draft board to Operations Bulletin No. 270.]

While it is significant that Selective Service chose to notice the remarks of Congressman Edwards, and refer to them in a letter to the Oberlin Draft Information Center, these remarks were referred to as an item of interest not as a statement governing or even guiding local boards.

IRELAND AND DRAFT AGE AMERICANS

I - INTRODUCTION

At this date sufficient information is not available to compile a pamphlet regarding Ireland and draft age Americans on the lines of "Manual for Draft Age Immigrants" or "England and Draft Age Americans." However, it is possible to present some general information and a preliminary legal approach to this question.

II - HISTORIC BACKGROUND

The example of permitting White Russians and persons fleeing Nazi Germany is one illustration of Ireland permitting immigrants to freely enter and of special provisions being taken concerning the availability of Irish citizenship.

In addition Ireland does not have conscription apparently because of the prevailing notion that as regards war and what it necessarily involves by the State to compel service would violate fundamental freedoms of the individual.

III - ECONOMIC BACKGROUND

Ireland is classified by the United Nations as an underdeveloped country. The main economic endeavors are agriculture, home industry, and Tourism. The country is an exporter of labor, not only of manual workers but doctors, teachers and individuals in service industries such as banking, etc. Therefore, even the highest trained individuals must go abroad for employment. However, it appears that individuals trained in agricultural sciences, some engineers and individuals with training and experience in computer industries may be able to find employment.

IV - ALIENS

Aliens entering Ireland are subject to the Aliens Order. The Orders provide for imposition of "conditions" upon the alien as is found in the English practice. No information is presently available on the actual operation of this law, administrative practice, renewals of permission to stay, etc.

V - IRISH NATIONALITY

a. BY NATURALIZATION - Pursuant to the Irish Nationality and Citizenship Act, 1956 [hereinafter cited as Act]. Article 14 "Irish Citizenship may be conferred on an alien by means of a certificate of naturalization granted by the Minister."

An individual applies for a certificate of naturalization to the Minister of Justice. He must be of full age, of good character, given notice at least one year prior to the date of his application of his intention to apply, had a period of one year's continuous residence in Ireland immediately before the date of his application, and resided for a period of four years in Ireland during a period of eight years immediately preceeding the beforementioned one year.

These requirements are termed, "conditions for naturalization." The list is not exhaustive, essentially involving the good faith to reside in Ireland after naturalization and a declaration of fidelity are the remainder.

If the applicant is of Irish descent or Irish associations, and in other limited cases, the Minister may grant a certificate of naturalization although the conditions are not complied with.

IRELAND - cont'd

b. BY BIRTH OR DESCENT - Article 6 of the Act contains the provisions:
(1) Every person born in Ireland is an Irish citizen from birth.
(2) Every person is an Irish citizen if his father or mother was an Irish citizen at the time of that person's birth or becomes a citizen under subsection (1) or would be an Irish citizen under that subsection if alive at the passing of this act.
(3) to (5) omitted

However, subsection (2) shall not confer Irish citizenship on a person born outside of Ireland if the father or mother through whom he derives citizenship was also born outside Ireland, unless that person's birth is in a foreign births entry book kept at diplomatic missions and consulates or the foreign births register kept in the Department of External Affairs in Dublin.
(Note, the above info is an abstraction of the provisions of the Act.)

VI - LEGAL STATUS OF DRAFT AGE AMERICANS

If an individual is in fact an Irish citizen and desires to immigrate to Ireland and subsequently renounces his U.S. citizenship, there appears no doubt that legally speaking he will be treated on the same basis as an Irish citizen. This is somewhat circular, but if Ireland considers him a citizen, then he is a citizen. Individuals can request a determination of whether or not they are a citizen from the diplomatic mission or consulate located in their area. A certificate of nationality may be requested, Act 28(1).

No information is available concerning the individual who immigrates to Ireland and desires to obtain naturalization by application. This is due to the fact that information concerning operation and practice of the Alien's Orders is not available at this date. However, unless the individual has sufficient funds to maintain himself without working it appears that this will be a difficult approach to take because of the problem of securing employment, see Par III. It appears that it is not difficult to attend University in Ireland as long as the individual possesses the necessary qualifications, but again the need to have sufficient funds arises.

VII - ASYLUM

There is no official statement whether or not the draft status of an individual is considered relevant on the question of being granted permission to enter or remain in Ireland. However, a response is anticipated since the interest has been indicated by certain individuals who are Irish and apparently this will be determined after examination of the present U.S. law and practice regarding conscientious objectors. It seems doubtful that political aslyum would be granted, however, there is some basis for assuming that rules regarding aliens may be relaxed somewhat. Nevertheless, at this date most information is speculative and therefore individuals considering such action should be informed that the reaction is in fact unknown.

+ +

EFFORT TO COMMUNICATE WITH THOSE IN THE MILITARY ! ! ! !

A National program called SUMMER PROJECT is setting up "PEACE U.S.O.s" Coffee Houses for G.I.s facing orders for Vietnam. For further info, Write SUMMER OF SUPPORT - 407 S. Dearborn St. Room 315 Chicago, Ill. 60605

IMPORTANT COURT DECISION ON RESERVISTS

In violation of military service agreements, the government has been calling delinquent reservists for more than 45 days active duty --- then backing down when challenged in court. This is still penalizing thousands of other reservists unaware of their rights, according to Nathan R. Zahm, Los Angeles attorney and member of the American Civil Liberties Union legal staff.

Zahm analyzed three recent cases -- one as recently as April 25, 1968.

The first, filed by ACLU this year, for a Marine Corps reservist in California's Central District Federal Court, contested an order to involuntary active duty for more than 45 days.

Judge Crary, in this case (Gion vs. McNamara, unreported, No. 67-1563 -EC) upheld the ACLU charge that the order exceeded the government's authority granted in Public Law 89-687, and the due process clause of the Fifth Amendment.

"While the government slowly takes its appeal,' comments Zahm, "thousands of reservists similarly situated but ignorant of their rights (under Gion) are and have been ordered to active duty and many have their term of enlistment extended as a result."

As proof of government policy to concede release of those reservists who appeal such orders in court, the attorney cited actions in two other cases: Winters vs. U.S. (No. 67-C-1209) in the Eastern District of New York, and Fromuth vs. U.S. (No. 68-571-WPG) in the Central Disttrict of California.

The New York judge ruled against Winters, who was ordered to Camp Penelton for assignment to Vietnam. But, as his attorney prepared for a U.S. Supreme Court writ, Winters was (on April 15, 1968) ordered released to inactive duty.

"Fromuth's case differed," Zahm said, "only in that he missed no drills and was ordered to active duty for failing, as an unassigned member of the reserve pool, to go out on his own and find a vacancy for his classification.""

His hearing had been set for April 26, 1968 when, on April 25, the Judge Advocate General's office in Washington notified Zahm that active duty orders were cancelled for 60 days to allow him to find a unit of his choice and his discharge re-scheduled for the original Sept. 1968.

"This," says Zahm, "is a civil liberties issue. A reservist on inactive duty lives the life of a civilian for the most part. A reservist on active duty is wholly within the cutody and control of the military, living the life of any other man in service, including the possibility of being ordered to Vietnam."

He urged immediate wide-spread publicity to the matter, "so that the obvious scheme of the government to hold thousands of reservists in active duty on apparently illegal basis be thwarted."

RESERVISTS AND CANADA

A reservist, not currently on active duty, who wants to go to Canada has a special problem in filling out the application form for landed immigrant status. Nevertheless, once he gets landed immigrant status he cannot be sent back to the U.S. for failing to fulfill his obligation regardless of how the U.S. authorities classify his offense.

The application form for landed immigrant status asks for employment and addresses for the last 10 years [questions 28 & 29]. If the reservist has not yet gone on active duty for training, he would not have to list weekly meetings or their equivalent as 'employment' on the application. Such reservist would essentially be in the same position as a guy leaving the U.S. to avoid the draft.

However, if the reservist had already gone on active duty for training, he would have to note this as part of his employment record. The employer during that period would be the U.S. Army [Navy, Marines or Air Force] Reserves. A man may not be asked questions about his future military obligations during the interview. One can assume that immigration officials are at least as confused as Americans, about the obligations involved in the many different kinds of reserve programs.

Volunteering information about his particular program and its obligations is not likely to help either the reservist or the official evaluating him.

Should questions about future obligations arise, the reservist would want to be prepared to handle them. One means of preparation would be to bring some proof of completion of active duty training [reserve I.D. draft card or some official record]. If the official asks about meetings, one might note that meetings can be transferred to cities just across the border or alternatively, that one might be exempted from meetings.

In answer to this and other questions, one might explain that the reservists simply serve as a source of trained manpower available in case of the gravest national emergencies. In general, one would wish to be casual, uncontroversial, conventional, and if necessary planning to meet one's obligations [whatever they might be].

Since officials living in Canada are apt to be less Americanized than consular officials, you might plan to make application at a border station [after consulting a Canadian Committee]

Any Immigrant to Canada is rated on a point scale involving education, job skill, job demand and other qualities. Those reservists who do not have at least a B.A. should plan to come to Canada and consult with the Comm. nearest their destination before applying for landed immigrant status.

Names and addresses of Committees to aid War Objectors in Canada can be found in: MANUAL FOR DRAFT AGE IMMIGRANTS TO CANADA

edited by Mark Satin, Anti-Draft Programme.
House of Anansi Toronto, Canada $ 2.00

#8

Announcing . . . .

SELECTIVE SERVICE LAW REPORTER

A complete practice guide, reporting service, and law journal. To be issued monthly, in looseleaf form, beginning April 1968. Six sections, supplemented monthly and totalling 1,000 pages in the first year.

*NEWSLETTER, containing highlights, summary, analysis, news of recent events in Selective Service Law.

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*INDEXES & BIBLIOGRAPHY, complete cross-reference system, to integrate the Reporter's sections with one another and with existing work in the field.

The REPORTER is a project of Public Law Education Institute, a newly-formed non-profit corporation: Thomas P. Alder, Pres.; Chas R. Halpern, Secty; Brian H. Paddock, Treas. Editor-in-Chief, Michael E. Tigar, a Washington, D.C. attorney with extensive experience in civil liberties litigation and legal writing; Administrative Asst. Charles J. Schoefer, formerly draft counselor for Central Comm. for Conscientious Objectors. For further information, write to:

Selective Service Law Reporter
1029 Vermont Ave. N.W. Suite 508
Washington, D.C. 20005

Subscription Rates:
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$ 18.00 per year, Legal Defense and Educational Organizations, Legal Aid Agencies, Legal Services Programs and Attorneys less than 5 years in practice.

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PENNSYLVANIA GIVES LAW STUDENTS SEVEN YEARS' DEFERMENT -

In Pennsylvania only, Local Bd. Advice No. B-7, issued July 1967 states in Section 5(c): Pre-Law students who enter successfully into the law degree program will be granted 7 successive years (of deferments), if they otherwise qualify. Although this apparently contradicts national policy, it appears that a Pre-Law student now entering Law School qualifies for a II-S.

IMPORTANT NOTES ON GRADUATE STUDENT DEFERMENTS

The following is a Memorandum written to all law students at YALE LAW SCHOOL by Prof. J. Griffiths, concerning the effect of graduate II-S deferments upon eligibility for III-A(fatherhood) liability to the prime age group and the right to a I-S deferment. Although draft counselors should be aware of this information, the practical effect might be that local draft boards would refuse to follow this interpretation of the law and that an individual might have to refuse induction and take his chance in court to prove Mr. Griffiths' contentions are correct. No individual could predict the outcome of such a defense in a criminal prosecution. The article reads as follows:

"It has come to my attention that most of us involved with draft law have been misreading the statute on the effect of requesting and receiving a II-S on or after last July I upon subsequent eligibility for a III-A (fatherhood) deferment, upon liability for inclusion in the prime age group (should it be instituted) on completion of study, and upon the right to a I-S deferment to complete an academic year if one is inducted during the year.

"This Memorandum assumes familiarity with my pamphlet - 'The College Outline' of the draft laws and regulations. On pg 6, the normal view - that a graduate II-S precludes a later III-A (fatherhood) and renders one liable to be included in the prime age group is set forth. A careful reading of Paragraph I of Section 6(h) of the Act shows that this is not the case. Only those deferred 'under this Paragraph' (ie. undergraduate II-S on or after July I) inccur these sanctions; graduate II-S deferments, however, are under the next paragraph - (2). The regulations (R.1622.30 (a) and R.1631.7(b)(3) are patently inconsistent with the Act in this respect.

"The other question is whether a person who has had a graduate II-S since July I is cut off from the right to a I-S if he gets called in mid-year. This may be critical for those who are first year graduate students now and can avoid induction until the beginning of the fall term. Section 6 (h)(I) of the Act provides that no one who has had an undergraduate II-S deferment since July I can get a I-S. Section 6(i)(2) provides that no person who has had a I-S following an Induction Order and no person who has any II-S subsequent to July I (see R.1622.15(b)(2)) is eligible for a I-S. O.B. 311 appears to ignore this last bar, and provides that a II-S precludes a I-S only if the II-S is requested and received on or after July I. If this O.B. holds up, then only a 6(h)(I) remains as a bar to a I-S and it explicitly applies only to undergraduate deferments requested and received on or after July I. A current first year graduate student with a II-S could get a I-S next year if he received an Induction Order. Obviously, this last argument is tenuous since it relies on O.B. 311 to remove one statutory bar while relying on the strict language of the statute to remove another possible bar.

"NB that all of these arguments might well be unavailing within the SSS (particularly since they are inconsistent with the Regs.) so they might only be upheld ultimately, as defenses in a prosecution for refusing induction. I would not push my luck that far, even though as a III-A (fatherhood) and the prime age group the statutory argument seems clear. But, the claim should definitely be pressed within the SSS.

RECENT COURT DECISIONS ON JUDICIAL REVIEW

Under Section 10(b)(3) of the Military Selective Service Act of 1967, [50 USC App. 460(b)(3)] Congress has severely limited the ability of Federal courts to review the actions of the SSS. The language of the law reads as follows:

"No judicial review shall be made of the classification or processing of any registrant by local boards, appeal boards, or the President, except as a defense to a criminal prosecution instituted under Section 12 of this Title, after the registrant has responded either affimatively or negatively to an order for induction, or for civilian work in the case of a registrant determined to be opposed to participation in war of any form."

Since the enactment of the 1967 law several attempts have been made to contest the constitutionality of the statute. On May 28, 1968 U.S. District Judge Alfonso J. Zirpoli ruled in the case of Petersen vs. Clark (USDC - N.D. Cal., Civil No. 47888) that the statuteprohibiting judicial review of the SS process prior to a criminal prosecution was unconstitutional as a denial of due process. This case has been bolstered by recent decisions of Federal distict courts in New York (Kimball vs. SS Local Board No. 15 S.D.N.Y. 1968), California (Turley vs. SS C.D. Cal. April, 1968) and Arizona (Brewer vs. Clark, U.S.D.C. Ariz, May 1968). all decided within the past six months.

The effect of the aforementioned court decisions together with the pending matter before the U.S. Supreme Court (Oestereich vs. SS Local Board No. 11) raises the possibility that registrants who disagree with the actions of their local boards in denying certain claimed deferments and exemptions may be eligible for judicial review prior to prosecution in the Federal courts. Readers of COUNTERDRAFT should awai further developments in the U.S. Supreme Court before acting on any of these decisions. Nevertheless, the atmosphere for substantial judicial intervention at this time in the Selective Service process seems quite good and counselors should be aware of the possibilities of seeking legal assistance prior to the date a registrant refuses to submit to induction.

COUNTERDRAFT will publish additional information concerning developments in this area as soon as they are received.

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All subs will of necessity, start with Vol I, #1 and end at Vol I, #10. New subscribers will automatically receive all back issues starting at #1 and all subscriptions are renewable at #10.

For $ 2.00 you will receive 10 copies of COUNTERDRAFT. Those of you who are subscribers, invite other counselors to join the ranks of the informed.

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FELONS AND THE DRAFT -

It is still commonly believed that a felony conviction of any sort will get a man out of the army. THIS IS NOT TRUE AT ALL. Section 6(m) of the Military SS Act of 1967 does say that no man is exempt from service unless he has been convicted of a crime which may be punished by more than one year in jail (the usual definition of a felony). However, felons have always been liable for induction if they are passed on by an examinimg board at the Induction Center.

At one time the procedures for determining the acceptability of a man with a record were complicated. Probably because of the need for more men, regulations for the induction of felons have been greatly simplified. At the pre-induction physical, a man with a felony record is called aside for a private informal hearing. A notice of "Acceptibility" or "unacceptability" is sent out to all men after their pre-induction physical. There is no indication on the notice as to whether a man is unacceptable on physical or moral grounds, or both; he is merely declared, "unacceptable."

At present, approximately 65% of those with felony convictions are acceptable for military service.

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COUNTERDRAFT NOW HAS AVAILABLE COMPLETE SETS OF CALIFORNIA AND NEW MEXICO STATE DIRECTORS' MEMORANDA TO ALL LOCAL DRAFT BOARDS. Copies are available for exchange or sale. If you have complete sets from other states, we will trade sets. Inquires are invited.

COUNTERDRAFT
P.A.C. COMM.
P.O. BOX 74881
Los Angeles, Ca. 90004

(Rev. 5-22-64)

FBI

Date: 10/1/68

Transmit the following in PLAIN
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via TELETYPE URGENT
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (14-2965)

FROM: SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-70116)

SENT BY CODED TELETYPE

THE RESISTANCE. SSA, ONE NINE FOUR EIGHT - SEDITION.

LA SOURCE ADVISED TODAY THAT "THE RESISTANCE" HAS CALLED A "NEWS CONFERENCE" AT FIVE THIRTY PM TODAY AT GRACE EPISCOPAL CHURCH, FOUR FOUR ONE WEST SEVENTY-EIGHTH STREET, LOS ANGELES. APPROXIMATELY FIFTY MEMBERS OF THE RESISTANCE EXPECTED TO ATTEND; ALONG WITH MEMBERS OF OTHER LOCAL PEACE GROUPS. PURPOSE OF NEWS CONFERENCE IS TO PUBLICIZE GREGORY KING NELSON'S TAKING REFUGE IN ABOVE CHURCH. NELSON IS SUBJECT OF BUFILE TWENTY-FIVE DASH FIVE SIX FIVE SIX ONE FIVE, LA FILE TWO FIVE DASH SEVEN EIGHT FIVE FOUR TWO. NELSON WAS INDICTED ON AUGUST EIGHT, SIXTY-EIGHT FOR VIOLATION OF SSA, FORTY EIGHT, IN THAT HE FAILED TO REGISTER FOR DRAFT. NELSON WAS TO APPEAR IN U. S. DISTRICT COURT, LOS ANGELES, TODAY BEFORE JUDGE ALBERT LEE STEPHENS. NELSON FAILED TO APPEAR AND SENT NOTE

100-70116
1 - 25-78542
WJS:nmb
(2)

SEARCHED
INDEXED
SERIALIZED
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Approved: Special Agent in Charge

Sent 7 06 P M Per

100-70116-380

TO JUDGE STEPHENS WHICH STATED IN PART THAT HE COULD NOT RECEIVE JUSTICE IN COURT AND WAS SEEKING SANCTUARY IN THE CHURCH. BENCH WARRANT ISSUED TODAY FOR NELSON FOR FAILURE TO APPEAR. SOURCE STATED NELSON WILL ARRIVE AT CHURCH APPROXIMATELY FIVE TO FIVE-THIRTY PM, AND WILL REMAIN THERE UNTIL REMOVED BY U. S. MARSHALS. SOURCE ALSO STATED THAT INSTRUCTIONS FROM THE RESISTANCE TO PARTICIPATING DEMONSTRATORS ARE TO BRING FOOD FOR ONE AND ONE-HALF DAYS TO CHURCH, ALONG WITH FLOWERS, FRIENDS AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS. SOURCE ADVISED DOORS TO CHURCH WILL NOT BE LOCKED UPON NELSON'S ENTRANCE. LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES NOTIFIED, ALONG WITH SECRET SERVICE AND MILITARY INTELLIGENCE. U. S. ATTORNEY LOS ANGELES ADVISED AND CURRENT PLANS ARE FOR U. S. MARSHAL TO ARREST NELSON UPON HIS ARRIVAL AT CHURCH.

LHM FOLLOWS.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, LOS ANGELES

DATE: 9/30/68

FROM : SAC, SAN DIEGO (14-91) (P)

SUBJECT: THE RESISTANCE
SEDITION;
SSA, 1948

Attached is an unclassified report received from Naval Intelligence Services Office, San Diego, dated 9/11/68, concerning JOHN HIBBARD ROBINSON, Private, U.S. Marine Corps, concerning whom The Resistance sponsored a demonstration at Camp Pendleton on 8/15/68.

2- Los Angeles (Encl 1) 9
3- San Diego (2 - 14-91)
(1 - 42-30257)

ELM:cab
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100-70116-382

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SERIALIZED ______ FILED ______
1 OCT 2 1968
FBI — LOS ANGELES
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(Review for Indexing

Index page 2

SAC, LOS ANGELES 9/30/68

SAC, SAN DIEGO (14-91) (P)

THE RESISTANCE
SEDITION;
SSA, 1948

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ELM:cab
(5)

100-70116 - 382

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OCT 2 1968
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DEPARTMENT OF ENSE INTELLIGENCE INFORMATI REPORT

NOTE: This document contains information affecting the national defense of the United States within the meaning of the espionage laws, Title 18, U.S.C., Sec. 793 and 794. The transmission or the revelation of its contents in any manner to an unauthorized person is prohibited by law.

UNCLASSIFIED

(Classification and Control Markings)

This report contains unprocessed information. Plans and/or policies should not be evolved or modified solely on the basis of this report.

1. COUNTRY: UNITED STATES
2. SUBJECT: ROBINSON, John Hibbard
PVT, USMC, 2360349
DPOB: 27 Oct 1949
Norwalk, Connecticut
3. ISC NUMBER:
4. DATE OF INFORMATION: August 1968
5. PLACE AND DATE OF ACQ: Camp Pendleton, California
11 Sep 1968
6. EVALUATION: SOURCE B INFORMATION 2
7. SOURCE: Various
8. REPORT NUMBER: 5-408-0681-68
9. DATE OF REPORT: 11 Sep 1968
10. NO. OF PAGES: 3
11. REFERENCES (a) NAVINVSERVO SDIEGO IR 5-408-0633-68
(b) NAVINVSERVO SDIEGO IR 5-408-0657-68
12. ORIGINATOR: NAVINVSERVO SAN DIEGO
13. PREPARED BY: A. A. GONTKON
Intelligence Research Specialist
14. APPROVING AUTHORITY:
E. M. MURPHY
Head, S.E.C. Department

15. SUMMARY:

(Leave Blank)

This report provides supplemental information previously reported by references (a) and (b) and summarizes the demonstration activities which occurred at Camp Pendleton, California, in protest to the military trial by court martial of Subject on 15 August 1968 for Unauthorized Absence (UA). Subject was one of nine UA servicemen who had chained themselves to clergymen in the San Francisco area during the period 15-17 July 1968 to symbolize the "bonds of solidarity and brotherhood between all men" and to protest the Vietnam war. Demonstrations occurred at Camp Pendleton on 15, 18, 21 and 22 August 1968 and were non-violent in nature. Organizations involved were THE RESISTANCE, CLERGY AND LAYMEN CONCERNED ABOUT VIETNAM, ANARCHISTS FOR NON-VIOLENCE IN LIVING, THE NINE FOR PEACE aka THE EIGHTEEN FOR PEACE and HUNDRED FOR PEACE. Subject's trial resulted in a guilty finding for UA and he was awarded six months confinement, six months forfeiture of pay and a Bad Conduct Discharge.

1. On 6 September 1968, Special Agent W. F. PHILIP, NISRA-Camp Pendleton, reported that the activities of protest demonstrators at the Marine Corps Base, Camp Pendleton, were observed during the period 15-22 August 1968.

2. Special Agent PHILIP advised that on 15 August 1968, the demonstrators formed at the fountain at Mission San Luis Rey, San Luis Rey, California, from 1115 to 1220 hours. Observation of the group at the mission revealed from 50 to 75 Caucasians; of which 30 were females ranging in age from 20 to 60; ten were children under age 12; six were males dressed in clergy clothing, and the balance was made up of young males in their 20's. Many of the latter group had beards.

16. DISTRIBUTION BY ORIGINATOR:

✓FBI SAN DIEGO

NAVINVSERVO SFRAN

17. DOWNGRADING DATA:

18. ATTACHMENT DATA:

1. Photographs of Demonstrators
2. News Articles from San Diego Union and Oceanside Blade-Tribune
3. Miscellaneous literature

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(Classification and Control Markings)

DD FORM 1 SEP 62 1396

S/N 0101-806-8700

REPLACES DA FORM 1048, 1 AUG 60, OPNAV FORM 3820 *(Rev. 10-61)*, AF FORM 112, JUL 61, WHICH MAY BE USED UNTIL 1 JAN 63.

CONTINUATION SHEET	UNCLASSIFIED (Classification and Control Markings)	REPORT NO. 5-408-0681-68 PAGE 2 OF 3 PAGES ORIGINATOR NAVINVSERVO SAN DIEGO

(Leave Blank)

and presented the appearance of being "hippies." Two of the young males carried guitars and were observed singing while the demonstrators marched to Camp Pendleton, and at the San Luis Rey Gate (SLRG) at the base. The songs being sung were "WE WILL OVERCOME" and "DOWN BY OCEANSIDE."

3. Special Agent PHILIP reported the purpose of the gathering of the demonstrators at the Mission San Luis Rey appeared to be for providing instructions to the group in order to obtain recognition by non-violence protesting at the base in behalf of Subject, who was being tried by Special Court-Martial for being in a UA status.

4. Special Agent PHILIP advised that representatives of the California Highway Patrol (CHP) briefed the demonstrators prior to their march to the base and the Oceanside, California Police Department monitored the group. At 1220 hours the demonstrators at the fountain began a march from the mission to the SLRG at Camp Pendleton, a distance of 4.8 miles.

5. Special Agent PHILIP advised that the marchers, some of whom were carrying signs, numbered from 52 to 65 during the time they were walking to the gate. The group arrived at a point about 75 yards from the SLRG at about 1420 hours, where they were contained in a group off the highway by the CHP, Oceanside Police Department and Marine Corps Military Police. There were no incidents and the CHP and the San Diego County Sheriff's personnel ordered the group to disperse at 1530 because of heavy anticipated traffic that departs the base at 1600 hours. The demonstrators left the area, except for one group of six young people, who were allowed to remain.

6. Special Agent PHILIP reported that on 15 August 1968, photographs of the demonstrators at the SLRG were taken and are Enclosure (1). Additionally, news articles from the San Diego Union and Oceanside Blade-Tribune newspapers, issues of 16 Aug 1968, reported news media coverage of the demonstration and are Enclsoure (2). Enclosure (2) identified the followingpersons as leaders of the demonstrators:

DROLET, Brian, age 25, graduate student in theology at University of San Francisco.

FARNHAM, Philip, minister, United Church of Christ.

LEYLAND, Winston, Catholic priest from Los Angeles.

VITOLE, Louis, former Franciscan teacher at the San Luis Rey Mission, now from Los Angeles.

HESCHEL, Abraham, Rabbi from Los Angeles.

Additionally, the Oceanside Blade-Tribune news article identified the groups who planned the demonstration as follows:

THE NINE FOR PEACE (referring to the nine servicemen who had chained themselves to clergymen)

THE EIGHTEEN FOR PEACE (referring to the nine servicemen and nine clergymen who were chained together)

HUNDRED FOR PEACE (referring to the above two groups present name)

CLERGY AND LAYMEN CONCERNED ABOUT VIETNAM

THE RESISTANCE

ANARCHISTS FOR NON-VIOLENCE IN LIVING (ANVIL)

UNCLASSIFIED

(Classification and Control Markings)

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION REPORT

CONTINUATION SHEET

UNCLASSIFIED

(Classification and Control Markings)

REPORT NO. 5-408-0681-68
PAGE 3 OF 3 PAGES
ORIGINATOR NAVINVSERVO SAN DIEGO

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7. Special Agent PHILIP advised that Subject's defense counsel was identified as Michael GREEN of Los Angeles, California, who reportedly is identified with AMERICAN CIVIL LIBERTY UNION cases. Demonstrators who were permitted to attend Subject's trial on 15 Aug 1968 were orderly and no incidents occurred.

8. Special Agent PHILIP reported that between 1435 and 1635, 18 August 1968, five to six unidentified demonstrators appeared at Camp Pendleton carrying signs but no incidents occurred. In addition, he reported that from 1430 to 1530, 21 August 1968, six unidentified female Caucasian demonstrators appeared at the SLRG, Camp Pendleton but no incidents occurred.

9. Special Agent PHILIP advised that on 22 August 1968, seventeen unidentified Caucasian demonstrators appeared at the SLRG, Camp Pendleton and were dispersed at 1530 hours by San Diego County Sheriff's Officers. Approximately twenty demonstrators attended the court martial sentencing of Subject on 22 August 1968 and no incidents occurred. Subject was awarded six months confinement, six months forfeiture of pay and a Bad Conduct Discharge.

10. Special Agent PHILIP advised that demonstrators who were permitted to drive their privately owned vehicles aboard Camp Pendleton were stopped by Military Police and permitted a search of their vehicle trunks. Quantities of literature were taken from the vehicles by the MP's and specimens of this literature are Enclosure (3).

11. Special Agent PHILIP reported that the following vehicle license plates were noted on 15 Aug 1968 and are believed to belong to those individuals who participated in the demonstration:

California automobile license plate numbers:

PYJ 655
HCZ 814
WYL 091
FMG 253
KSZ 962
TRL 144
GDM 899
UVL 712
QJN 868
SVN 883
HMU 064
TZN 771
VVN 560
HLH 426
WWB 259
CIT 589
KCT 837
TXP 197
UCT 656
LNJ 062
NPK 628
HMS 418
HFJ 465
TQX 182
WSN 744
TWN 947
OTU 632

Other State license plate numbers:

Florida LIC 68W 9465
Illinois LIC 140 875
Michigan LIC EK 0335

12. Files of NAVINVSERVO San Diego disclosed no record of the individuals listed in paragraph 6, supra. Files reveal no record of the organizations listed in paragraph 6, supra, with the exception of THE RESISTANCE, characterization of which is held by DIRNIS and CLERGYMEN AND LAYMEN CONCERNED ABOUT VIETNAM. An FBI-San Diego memorandum dated 29 Jan 1968, reported that this latter group was one among several which sponsored a demonstration in San Diego on 29 Jan 1968 in support of Dr. Benjamin SPOCK, who was to be arraigned that date in Boston, Massachusetts, on a charge of violation of the Selective Service Statutes.

Comment: NAVINVSERVO San Diego will apprise the Commanding General, MCB, Camp Pendleton, of the information reported herein.

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(Classification and Control Markings)

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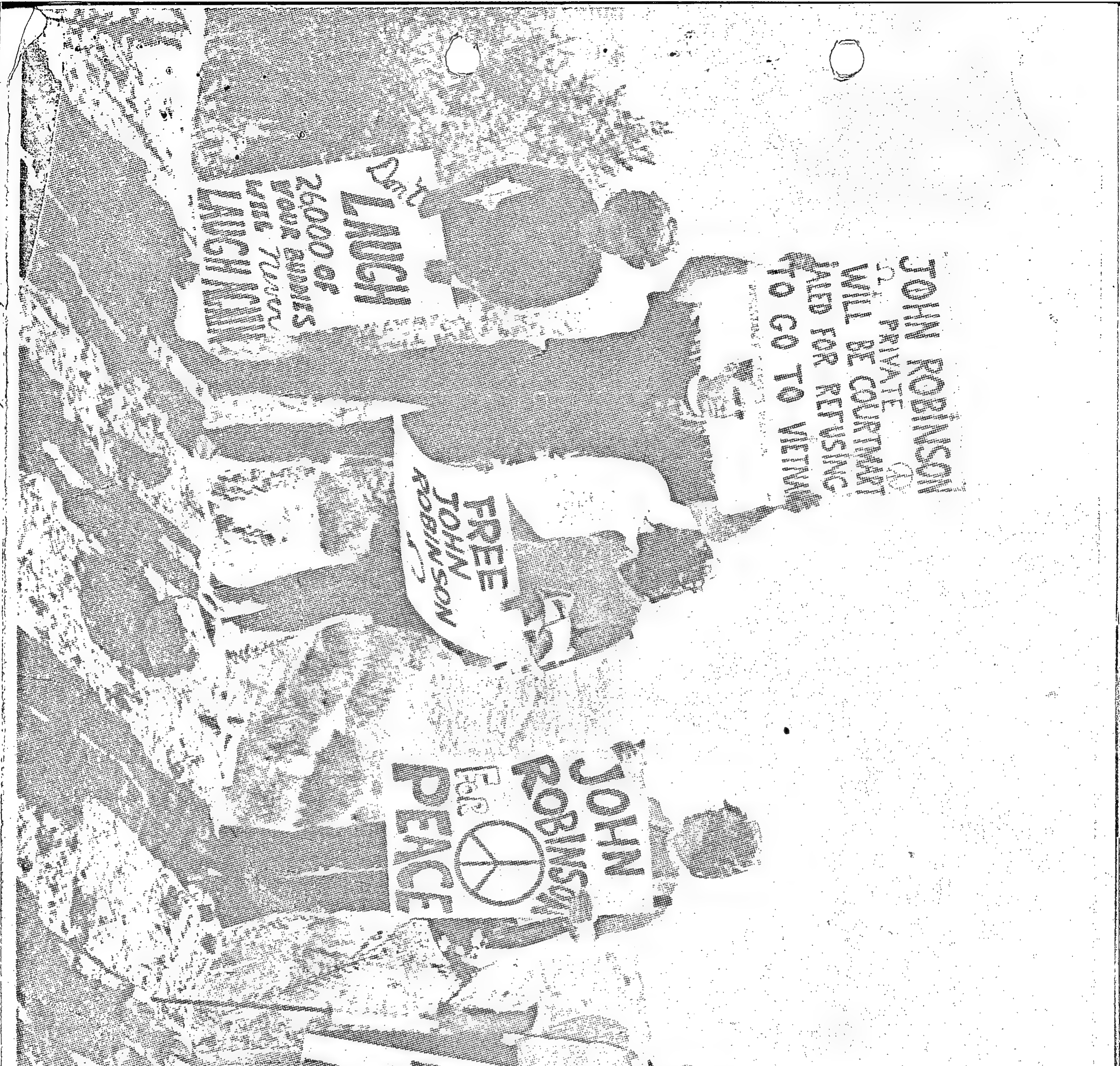
JOHN ROBINSON
PRIVATE
WILL BE COURTMART
IALED FOR REFUSING
TO GO TO VIETNA
Don't
LAUGH
26000 of
your buddies
will never
LAUGH AGAIN
FREE
JOHN
ROBINSON
JOHN
ROBINSON
For
PEACE
ROBINSON'S
CRIME
WAS
HE CHOSE
LIFE
over
DEATH

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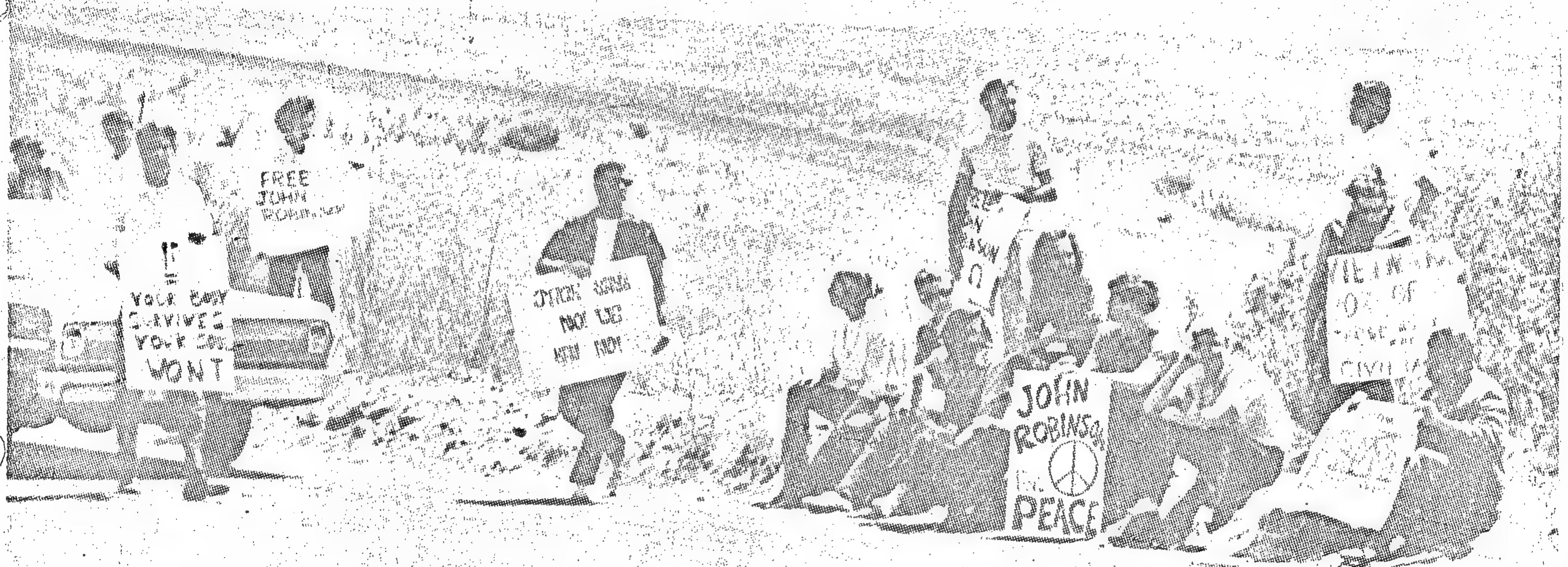
5-408-0681-68 of 11 Sep 1968



IF
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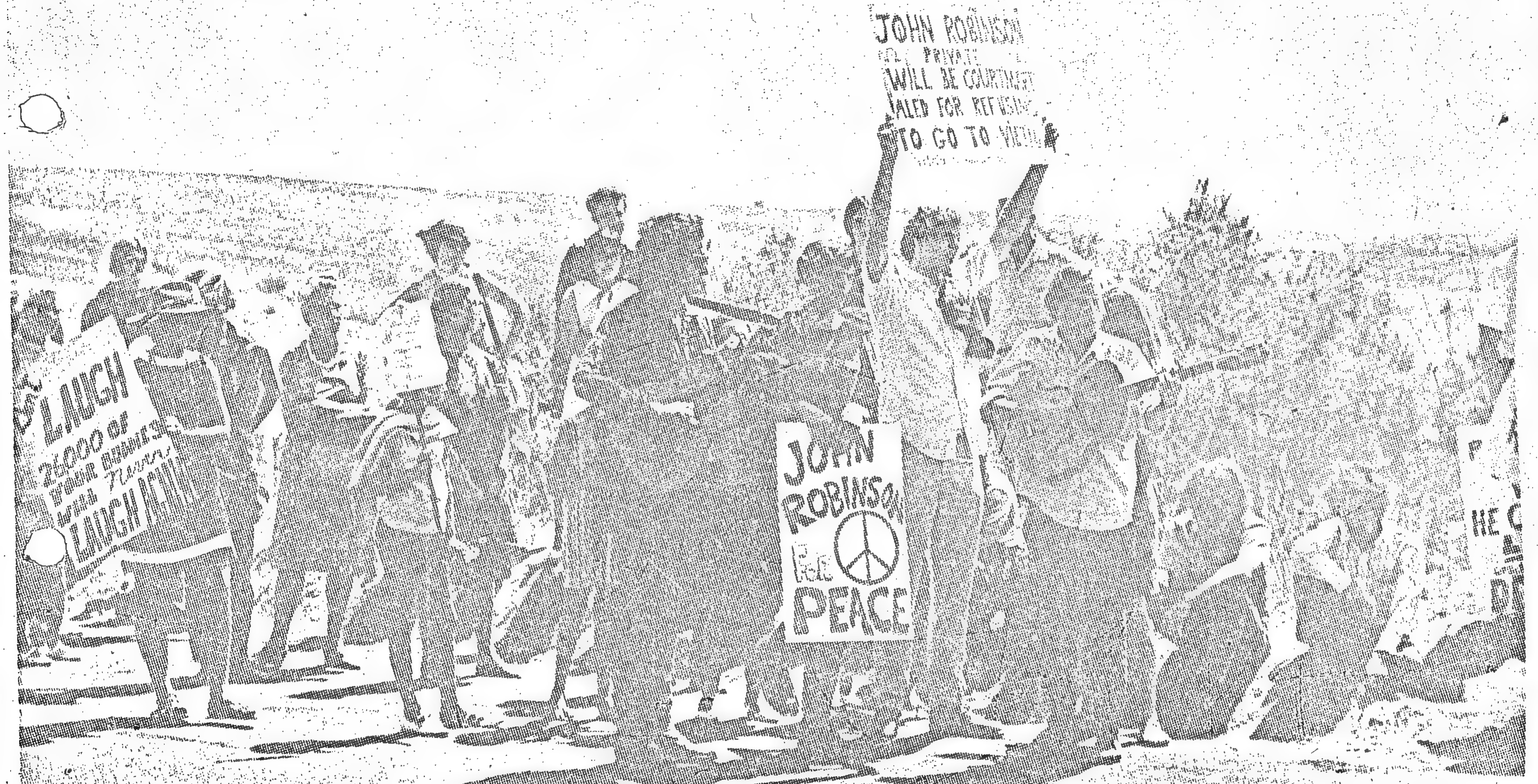
JOHN
ROBINSON
JOHN
ROBINSON
PEACE

BEST POSSIBLE IMAGE.


JOHN ROBINSON
PRIVATE
WILL BE COURTMART-
IALED FOR REFUSING
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LAUGH
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LAUGH
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ROBINSON
FOR
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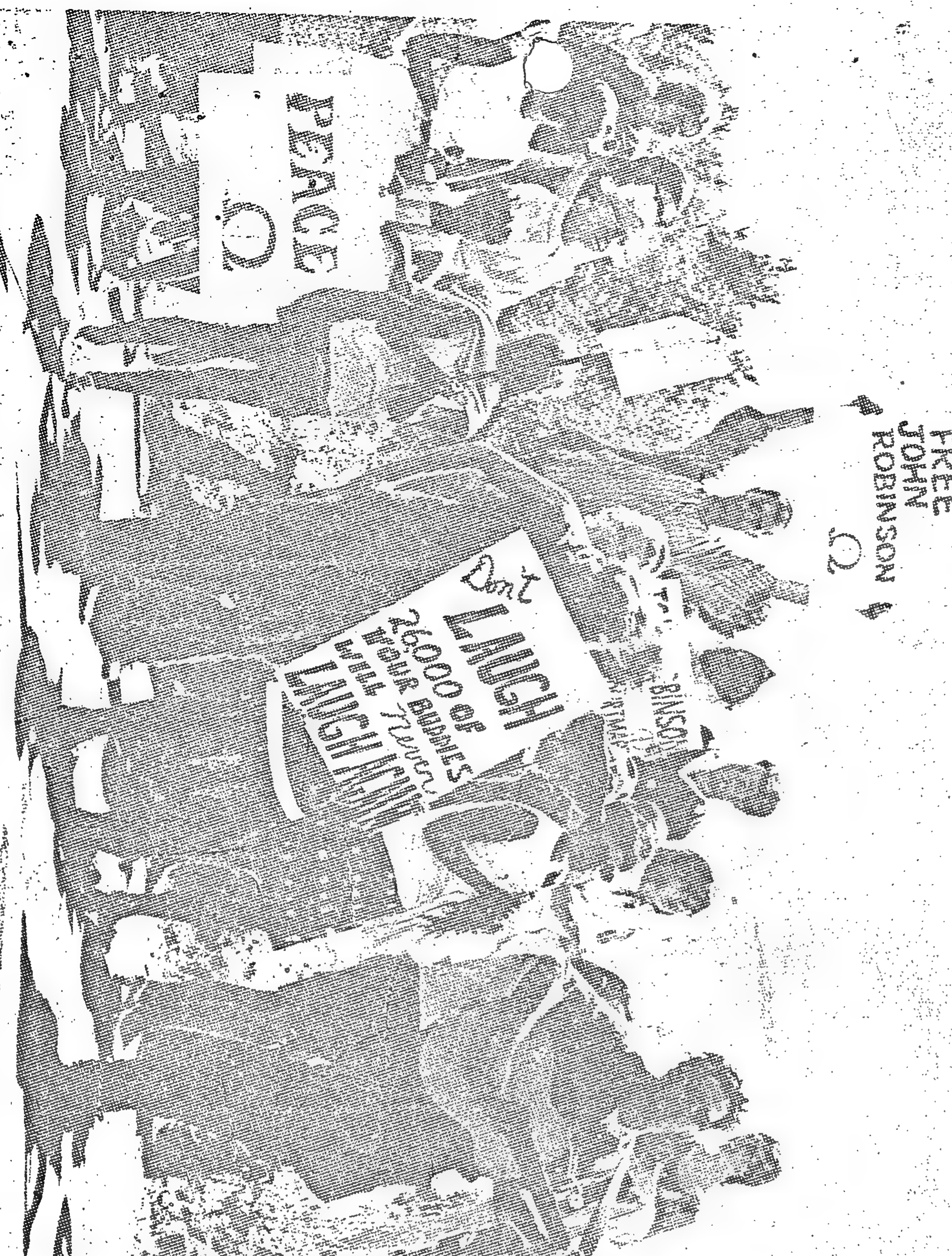
BEST POSSIBLE IMAGE.


PEACE
FREE JOHN ROBINSON
Don't LAUGH 26,000 of your buddies will never LAUGH AGAIN
BINSON

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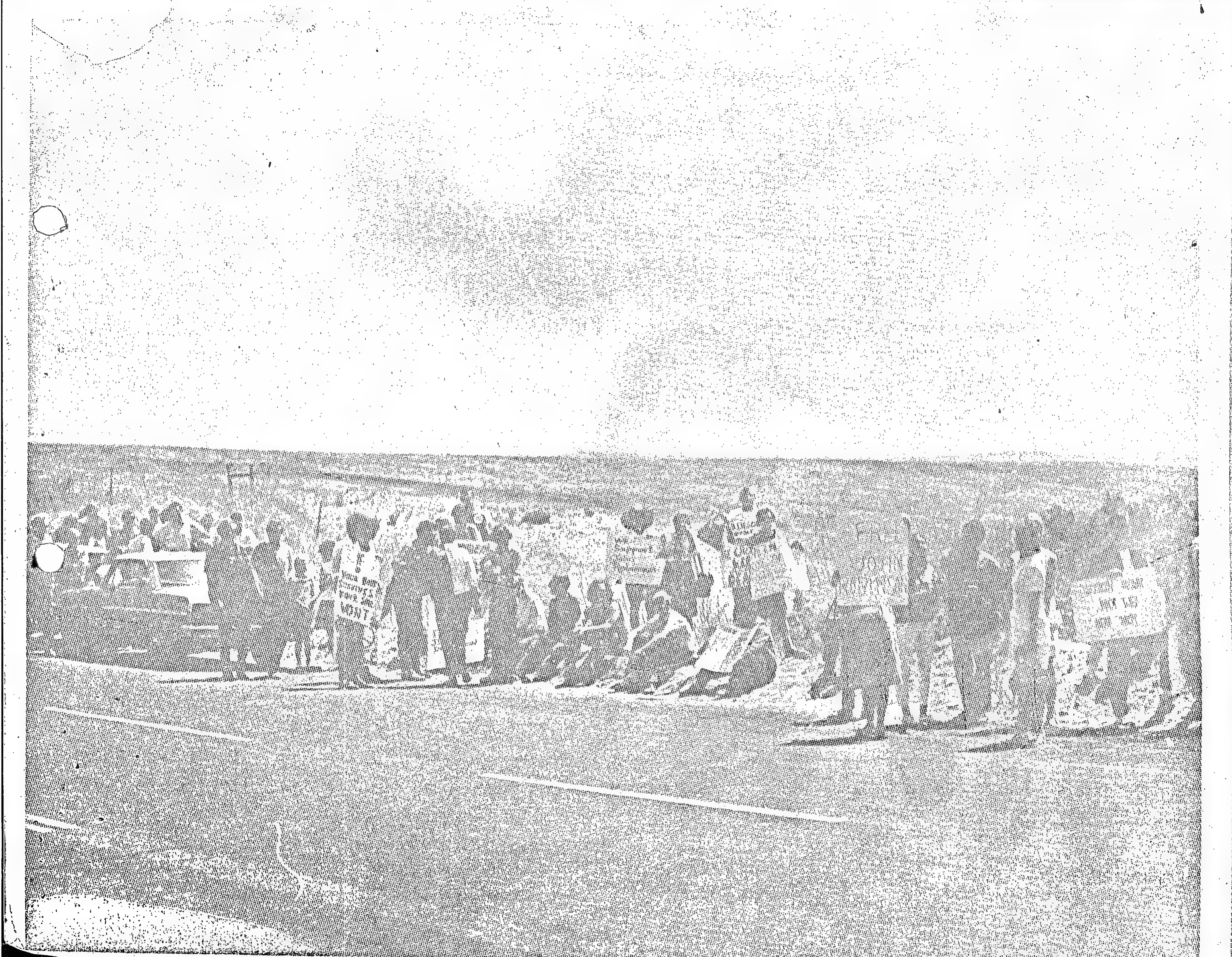

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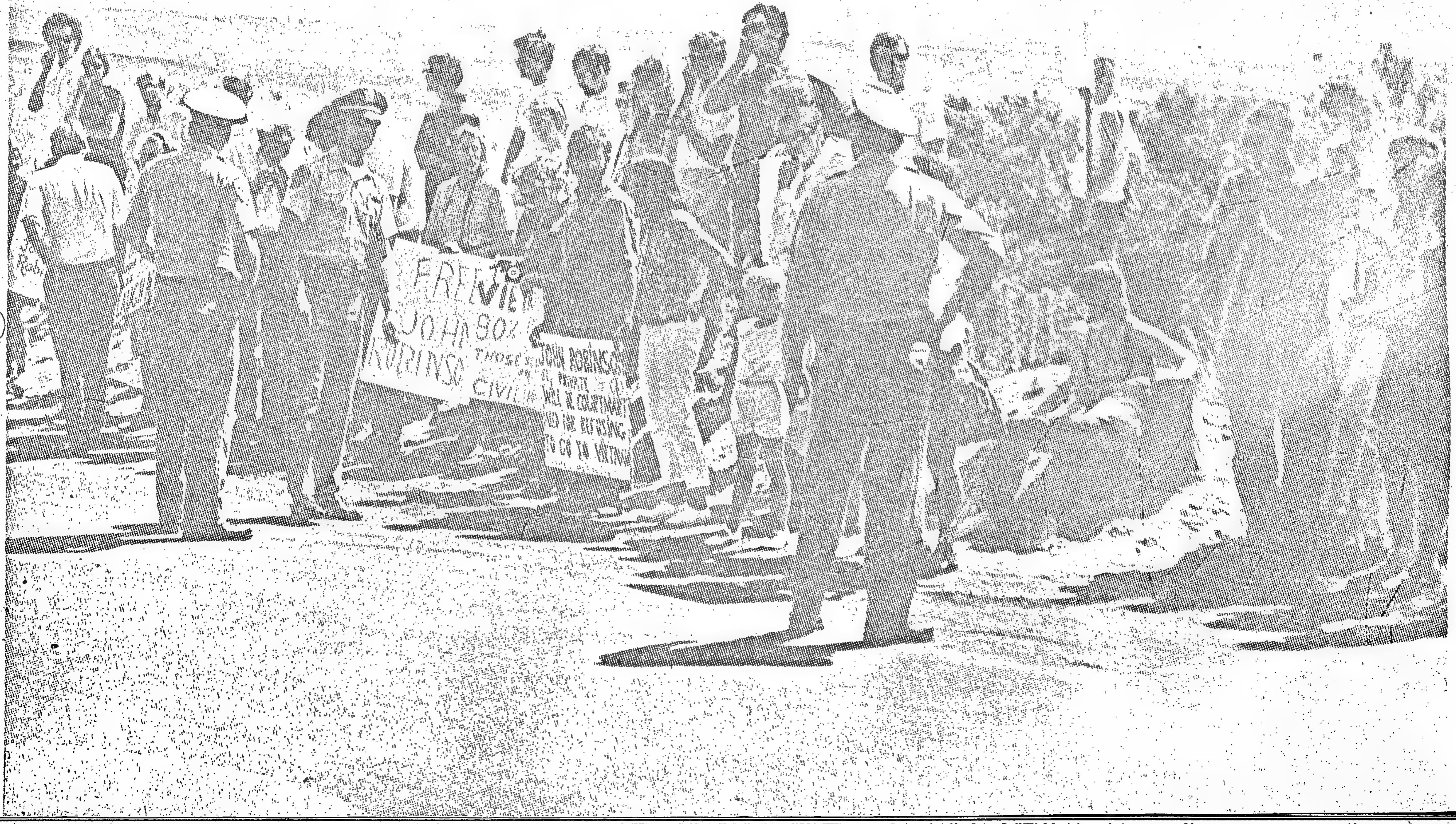
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CIVIL
JOHN ROBINSON
WILL BE COURTMA
FOR REFUSING
TO GO TO VIETNA

BEST POSSIBLE IMAGE.

JOHN ROBINSON
PEACE
JOHN ROBINSON

—Bert Winford Photo

A law enforcement officer stands ready to prevent confrontation between Marines and demonstrators at Camp Pendleton's San Luis Rey Gate.

Pendleton Trial Protested By 50

Court-Martial Of Marine Stirs Demonstration By Group From S.F.

CAMP PENDLETON — About 50 demonstrators marched from the San Luis Rey Mission to the San Luis Rey Gate of Camp Pendleton Marine Corps Base yesterday to protest court-martial of a Marine here. base, displaying signs in support of Robinson and against the war in Vietnam.

OFFICERS ASSEMBLE

Nine sheriff's deputies, seven highway patrolmen and 14 Marines gathered at the gate to stop

SAN DIEGO, CALIF UNION
PERIODICAL NAME

16 AUG 1968
DATE

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ENCLOSURE (2) TO NISO SD IR 5-408-0681-68 of 11 Sep 1968

NISO-SD 6-68

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OCEANSIDE, CALIF.
BLADE-TRIBUNE
PERIODICAL NAME

16 AUG 1968
DATE

1
PAGE

LARRY IOVAN
AUTHOR

(11-40)
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ENCLOSURE (2) TO NISO SDIEGO IR 5-408-0681-68 of 11 Sep 1968

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OCEANSIDE policeman rides ahead of 66 marchers headed towards Camp Pendleton as the CHP watches nearby.

Court Martial March, Demonstration Calm

By **LARRY IOVAN**
Staff Writer

OCEANSIDE — A group of nearly 100 veteran peace demonstrators were in Oceanside Thursday to register their support of a Marine private who "resigned" from *the Marine Corps* and was court-martialed at Camp Pendleton.

Private John Robinson Jr., one of nine servicemen who were arrested while chained to clergymen in a Marin County church three weeks ago, was found guilty of being AWOL by a special court martial panel.

About 20 of the demonstrators attended the trial, while 66 walked the 4.8 miles from Mission San Luis Rey to the back gate of Camp Pendleton. The marchers, joined by about a dozen other demonstrators at the gate, staged a "support vigil" during the early part of Robinson's trial.

Several peace groups were involved in the planning of the demonstration. The servicemen, called the Nine for Peace, were joined with the clergymen and called the Eighteen for Peace. The group's latest name is the Hundred for Peace.

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The demonstrators charged that the Marine Corps intended to railroad a quick trail of Robinson, give him a short sentence, then ship him to Vietnam.

Robinson told authorities he is willing to accept a dishonorable discharge and serve whatever prison sentence may be imposed, provided he also be discharged. He threatened to remove his uniform and begin an "indefinite fast" if he is not discharged.

The maximum penalty that can be given in a special court martial is six months imprisonment at hard labor, reduction to the lowest rank, forfeiture of two-thirds of all pay and allowances and a bad conduct discharge.

Robinson's sentence will be pronounced at 1:30 p.m. next Thursday.

During the demonstration, the marchers were protected by units of the Oceanside Police Department, California Highway Patrol and the San Diego County Sheriff's Department.

At the gate, the Marines were ready for whatever might have happened. In addition to an increased guard at the brig, a company of helmeted military police was stationed near the gate with riot sticks and gas masks.

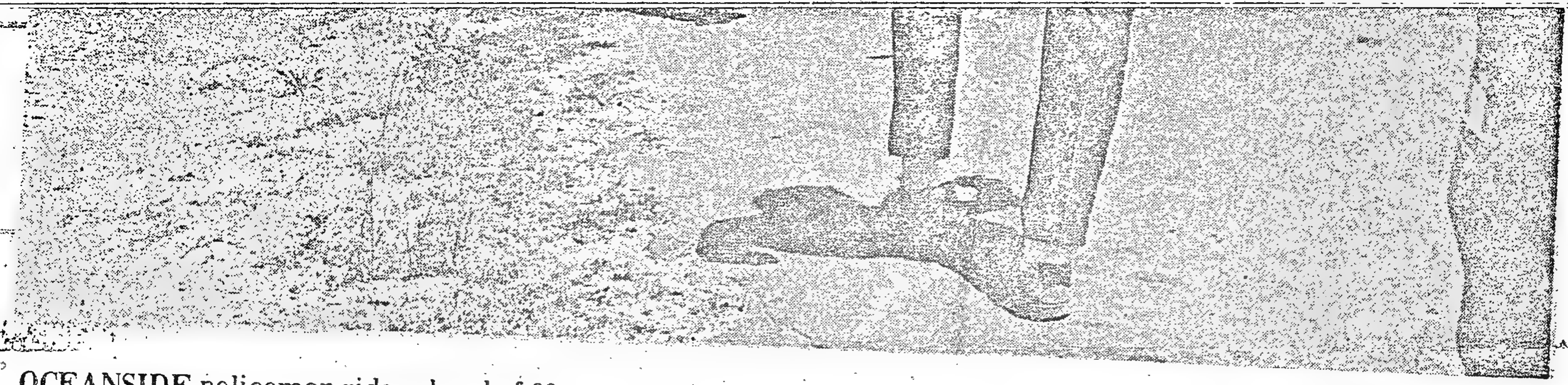
Some of the marchers had parked their cars off the road near the gate. The cars were on private property and the owner, Pat Donahue of the Sutro Ranch, objected.

"My objection isn't political," he explained later. "It's that we've had such a problem with abandoned cars out here. Thank God we're all free to express our opinions in this country!"

Capt. Joseph R. Stables, commander of the North County sheriff's substation, told the demonstrators they would have to leave at 3:30, before homeward bound Marines began streaming from the gate.

He said the demonstrators would otherwise present a severe traffic problem.

Five of the demonstrators were permitted to stand by the



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Other groups involved were Clergy and Laymen Concerned About Vietnam, The Resistance and ANVIL (Anarchists for NonViolence In Living).

"Instead of condemning young men such as John Robinson, who would rather accept extreme hardship than violate their moral integrity, we should regard them as examples of great moral [illegible] id

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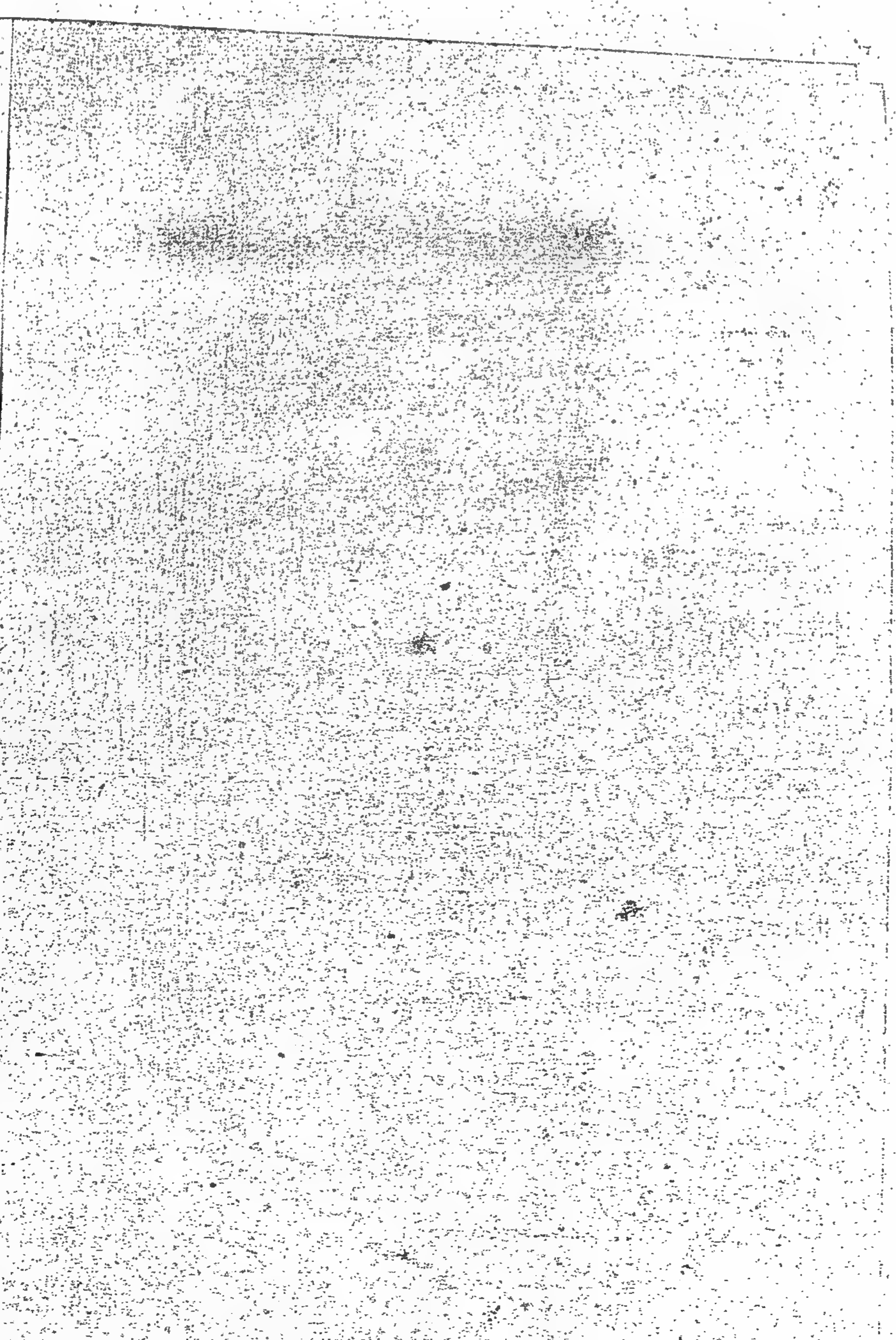

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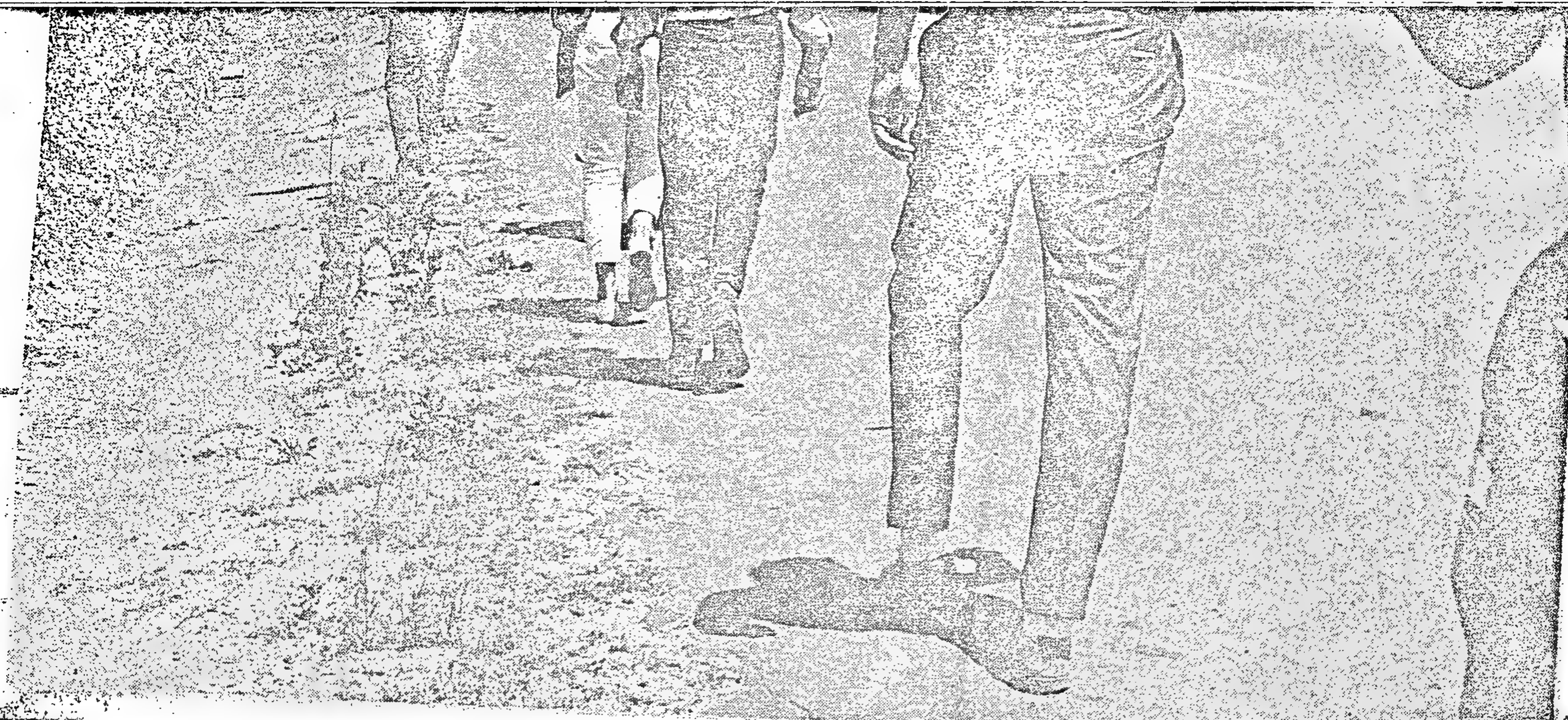
Most of the demonstrators were either from Los Angeles or San Francisco. A handful were from San Diego.

Leaders of the group were clergymen, for the most part. Brian Drolet, 25, a graduate student in advanced theology at



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"Instead of condemning young men such as John Robinson, who would rather accept extreme hardship than violate their moral integrity, we should regard them as examples of great moral courage and self-denial," said Rabbi Abraham Heschel of Los Angeles, the leader of the group.

"Theirs is a genuine patriotism seeking to preserve the greatness of America, its commitment to freedom and justice," he said.

The demonstrators charged that the Marine Corps intended to railroad a quick trail of Robinson, give him a short sentence, then ship him to Vietnam.

Robinson told authorities he is willing to accept a dishonorable discharge and serve whatever prison sentence may be imposed, provided he also be discharged. He threatened to remove his uniform and begin an "indefinite fast" if he is not discharged.

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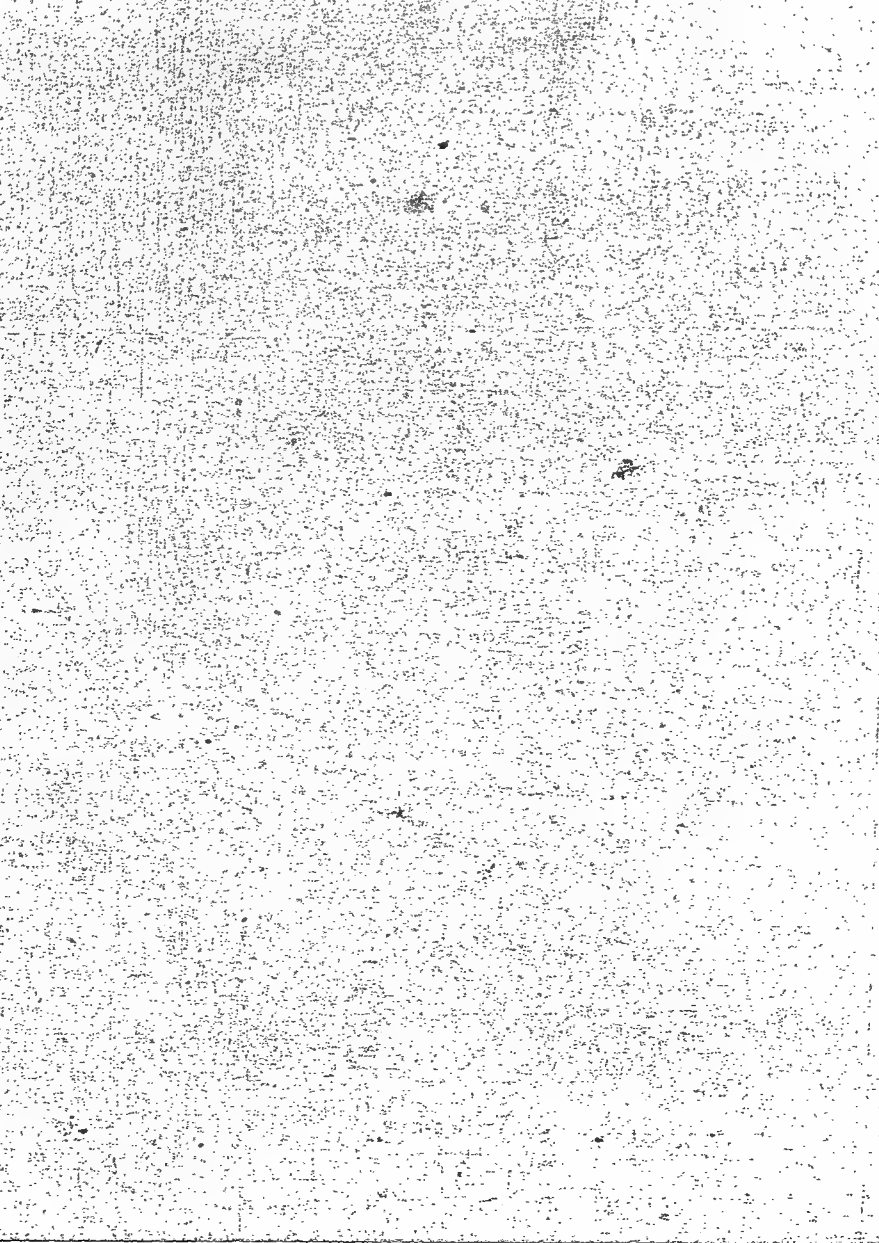

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Most of the demonstrators were either from Los Angeles or San Francisco. A handful were from San Diego.

Leaders of the group were clergymen, for the most part. Brian Drolet, 25, a graduate student in advanced theology at San Francisco State College, led the march.

There were no serious incidents during the "support walk," although some local residents registered their feelings with catcalls and cries of "Communists!"

"And more than ever we support the United Nations as the best instrument yet designed to promote the pea of the world."

Lyndon Baines Johnson—in his address to
the United Nations, December 17, 1963

Betrayal!

Published for AMERICAN VOTERS BETRAYED BY JOHNSON

"President Johnson has betrayed millions of American voters who supported him in 1964 because of ONE issue: his foreign policy, particularly toward Vietnam." - Betrayal! *Mid-September 1967.*
Be-tray. *2. To prove faithless . . . to a trust or one who trusts . . . 3. To mislead . "*—Webster.

Those Commitments • Pennington Haile

"WE KEEP OUR COMMITMENTS," President Johnson said—said yet again—at his press conference on November 17th. His statement was calculated to flatter our national pride and to stiffen our determination to support the Johnson war policy in Vietnam.

What commitments? How did they come into being? To what, *exactly,* do they commit us? Are they in accordance with international law and with our specific treaties? Are they sanctioned by our own basic law, the constitution?

Has the effort to keep semi-formal commitments led us into the violation of formal ones?

Our brief examination of these questions is based chiefly on the *Memorandum* dated March 4, 1966, issued by the Department of State, Office of the Legal Adviser, and on *Vietnam and International Law,* prepared by the Consultative Council of the Lawyers Committee on American Policy Towards Vietnam, dated January, 1967. *Speak Truth to Power: A Vietnam Primer,* by Robert W. King, has also been helpful.

THE ESSENTIAL BACKGROUND

During World War II France lost to Japan her colony of Indochina, made up of Vietnam, Laos, and Cambodia. When France in 1945 tried to reassert her rule the peoples of Indochina firmly resisted. Her chief adversary was Ho Chi Minh, a trained Marxist revolutionary but basically a Vietnamese nationalist. Our OSS, forerunner of the CIA, had given military aid to his Vietminh, or "League for Independence," to help his guerilla war against Japan. Under President Truman the Roosevelt policy of opposition to the return of colonial rule was for a time continued. But when France in August of 1945 prepared to reoccupy Indochina, Truman did not protest. By December, 1946, full-scale hostilities were under way against the Vietminh. With the development of the Truman Doctrine for the "containment" of communism it came to seem more important in Washington to support France in rebuilding Europe than to oppose her renewed colonial ambitions.

Deprived not only of American material support, but also of American sympathy, Ho Chi Minh turned to his only alternative, the communist bloc. The French then were able to convince our diplomats that their own foothold in southeast Asia provided a valuable base for any struggle that might develop. The CIA was helpful in France's effort to establish a puppet regime in Saigon to offset that of Ho Chi Minh. Bao Dai, a former "emperor" of Annam under the French, and the Japanese choice for a successor ruler when they evacuated Vietnam in 1945, was reinstalled in 1950. In 1952, John Foster Dulles was appointed Secretary of State by Eisenhower and promptly began to extend the essentially European Truman Doctrine around the flank of China.

Encl (3) to NISO SDIEGO IR
5-408-0681-68 of 11 Sep 1968

Earlier, when Dulles was an adviser t[illegible]uman, he had said of the Vietnam struggle, "there is a *civil war* in which we have, for better or worse, involved our prestige." (Italics ours.) Thus even Dulles recognized at the outset of our involvement what the Johnson administration so diligently ignores: that we intervened in a *civil* war between factions in a single country.

In 1953 the French premier, foreseeing calamity, said that Paris would welcome a "diplomatic solution." Ironically, it was Vice President Nixon and Dulles who officially urged the French to fight on. We had put 2 billion dollars into the French effort. As the crisis built up at Dien Bien Phu in 1954, Dulles urged our direct military intervention. General James M. Gavin, in charge of planning at the Pentagon, joined Congressional leaders in warning the president against the Dulles plan. Senator John F. Kennedy was among those who saw it as the beginning of what would be an endless involvement.

The French defeat was followed by an international conference that drew up the famous Geneva Accords.

OUR COMMITMENTS UNDER THE GENEVA ACCORDS

The document entitled *Agreement on the Cessation of Hostilities in Vietnam* was dated July 20, 1954. It nowhere mentions a division of the country into two separate political entities. The regimes that called themselves The Democratic Republic of Vietnam (Hanoi) and the State of Vietnam (Saigon) both were represented at Geneva, as were Cambodia and Laos, France, mainland China, and the United States. Great Britain and the USSR were co-chairmen. The conference as its main task agreed to a detailed system of procedures for sorting out the former partisans of the French from the nationalists of Ho Chi Minh, moving them to the separate sides of a demilitarized zone to prevent further clashes. In a *Final Declaration* on July 21, 1954, the conference called to particular notice thirteen of the 47 articles of the foregoing *Agreement*, which itself had been signed only by the two commanders-in-chief of the French Union Forces and the People's Army of Vietnam. Although our State Department has referred to the "signing" of the *Final Declaration*, it was never signed at all; but was approved by a voice vote of all participating delegations except that of the United States.

It should be emphasized that the only *signers* were the representative of Ho Chi Minh and a French general who represented *both* France and the Saigon regime. Thus, in so far as the document has validity as an international compact, it recognizes Hanoi as a sovereign regime and Saigon only as the satellite of a foreign master.

These quoted passages from five of the thirteen articles of the final Geneva declaration continue to be particularly significant:

4. . . . prohibiting the introduction into Vietnam of foreign troops and military personnel as well as of all kinds of arms and munitions.

5. . . . no military base under the control of a foreign State may be established in the regrouping zones of the two parties . . . the zones allotted to them shall not constitute part of any military alliance and shall not be used for the resumption of hostilities or in the service of an aggressive policy.

6. . . . the military demarcation line is provisional and should not in any way be interpreted as constituting a political or territorial boundary.

7. . . . general elections shall be held in July, 1956, under the supervision of an international commission . . . Consultations will be held on this subject between the competent representative authorities of the two zones from July 20, 1955, onward.

12. In their relations with Cambodia, Laos, and Vietnam, each member of the Geneva Conference undertakes to respect the sovereignty, the independence, the unity, *and the territorial integrity of the above-mentioned States, and to refrain from any interference in their internal affairs.*

The trend of the conference had been so little to the liking of Dulles that he had gone home. He reluctantly permitted his Under Secretary, General Walter Bedell Smith, to be present at the final sessions, and to make a unilateral declaration after abstaining from the otherwise unanimous voice vote. In this separate declaration the United States declared:

"With regard to the aforesaid Agreements and paragraphs that (I) it will refrain from the threat or the use of force to disturb them . . . in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations . . . obligation of Members to refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force; and (II) it will view any renewal of the aggression in violation of the aforesaid Agreements with grave concern . . ."

Smith's statement also reiterated a prior declaration made in Washington:

"In the case of nations now divided against their will, we shall continue to seek to achieve unity through free elections, supervised by the United Nations . . . "

Having refrained from voting, we are committed under the Geneva Accords only to our own unilateral declaration, but the first undertaking, quoted above, is our own voluntary pledge to refrain from the threat or the use of force to *disturb* the stipulations to which those who did vote had all agreed.

We have since then disturbed the accords in the following ways:

We introduced "military personnel" (advisers) with "arms and munitions" into South Vietnam, although Article 4, prohibits both.

We, as a "foreign State," established military [illegible]s in one of the "regrouping zones," and made a *de facto* "military alliance" with South Vietnam, which is now often referred to by the Johnson administration as if it were a formal one. Article 5. prohibits both.

We have interpreted the "military demarcation line" as if it were a political, territorial boundary between two states. Article 6. prohibits this.

We connived at the refusal of our *de facto* ally, South Vietnam, even to open consultations toward the general elections agreed to for July, 1956. Article 7. was thus violated in a fashion that would have been difficult without our backing.

We, by our increasing support of South Vietnam, as if it were a separate nation, failed "to respect the sovereignity, the independence, the *unity*, and the territorial integrity" of Vietnam. We did not "refrain from any interference in their internal affairs." Article 12. has thus been continuously violated over a decade.

OUR COMMITMENTS UNDER SEATO

Less than two months after the Geneva Conference the Southeast Asia Treaty Organization was established, on September 8, 1954, at Manila. Working with zeal to counteract the Geneva Accords, Dulles secured the cooperation of four nations at a distance from Asia, two more in the oceanic perimeter, but only two in Southeast Asia itself: Pakistan and Thailand.

Preliminary phrases of the treaty emphasize its dependence upon the primary Charter of the United Nations. Article 1. pledges the parties "to refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force in any manner inconsistent with the purposes of the United Nations." Article 4, Part 1. reads as follows:

> *Each party recognizes that aggression by means of armed attack in the treaty area against any of the parties or against any State or territory which the parties by unanimous agreement may hereafter designate would endanger its own peace and safety, and agrees that it will in that event act to meet the common danger in accordance with its constitutional processes. Measures taken under this paragraph shall be immediately reported to the Security Council of the United Nations.*

Part 2. of Article 4, written to offset the failure of Dulles to interest a respectable group of countries in the region described, Southeast [illegible] provides for *consultation* among SEATO members over any dangerous situation involving a non-member.

Our creeping involvement in Vietnam evidently made it seem impractical to call for consultations with other SEATO members. We did not begin to claim that we were acting under SEATO's provisions until long after the time when we should have consulted and reported to the Security Council. In August, 1964, at the time of the Tonkin Gulf incident, Secretary Rusk said, "We are not acting specifically under the SEATO treaty." In July, 1965, when President Johnson explained "Why We Are in Vietnam," he did not even mention SEATO. The "SEATO argument" has been called by Arthur Schlesinger, Jr. "an intellectual disgrace." We continued to build up our military aid to the government in Saigon, not because of commitments under the Geneva Accords or the SEATO treaty, but rather in defiance of them. Our involvement was really based upon offers of aid extended somewhat informally by Presidents Eisenhower and Kennedy.

ADMINISTRATIVE COMMITMENTS

In October, 1954, Eisenhower offered to Ngo Dinh Diem, president of "a country *temporarily* divided by an *artificial* military grouping," our aid "in developing and maintaining a strong, viable state . . . " He added the expectation "that this aid will be met by performance on the part of the Government of Vietnam in undertaking needed reforms."

Kennedy's letter of December, 1961, states that "the authorities at Hanoi . . . violated the provisions of the Geneva Accords" and that the United States would therefore send more assistance. There is of course no reference to more than one hundred earlier violations of the accords which the International Control Commission ascribed to Saigon, when it received illegal shipments of arms from the United States government."

In neither of these executive offers was any claim made that "armed attack" had occurred. Even this, the only basis upon which we could construe a right to take unilateral action, would have been in violation of our obligations under the United Nations Charter.

With a candor shown by few other officials, Henry Cabot Lodge, while acting as our ambassador to Saigon,

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by Robert W. King, 1967
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admitted, "It is a fact that the action we are taking in Saigon is (sic) not under the aegis of any international organization. It is not under the aegis of the United Nations or of the Southeast Asia Treaty Organization –SEATO. It is a relationship between us, the United States, and the government of Vietnam. We were invited by the government."

When asked, "What is our justification under international law?" Mr. Lodge said, "To me, the legal aspect of it is the least significant."

In these circumstances it is no wonder that our State Department, when attempting to justify a fantastically growing involvement and its cost in lives and dollars, has offered such a shifty performance. The documentary basis for our intervention in Vietnam is confined almost entirely to two semi-personal letters from former presidents which it is much more convenient to refer to vaguely than to quote. History will have no choice but to record that we have sabotaged the Geneva Accords and violated the SEATO treaty, *not* that we have upheld "Commitments" under them.

OUR UNITED NATIONS COMMITMENT

A final reference is due to our obligations as a Member of the United Nations.

First, let us remember that Article 103 of the U.N. Charter says, "In the event of a conflict between the obligations of the Members of the United Nations under the present Charter and their obligations under any other international agreement, their obligations under the present Charter shall prevail."

And what are those?

"Armed force shall not be used, save in the common interest" –*Preamble.*

"All Members shall refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any state"–*Article 1, Section 4.*

"The parties to any dispute . . . shall, *first of all,* seek a solution by . . . peaceful means of their own choice"–*Article 33.*

We have preferred to take unilateral action, inconsistent with our obligations.

But our State Department claims that Article 51 of the Charter provides a loophole. It reads: "Nothing in the present Charter shall impair the right of individual or collective self-defense if an *armed attack* occurs against a Member of the U.N. until the Security Council has taken the necessary measures to maintain international peace and security."

But armed attack cannot be proved to have preceded our intervention; we did not "first of all" seek a peaceful solution; only the Security Council can authenticate "collective self-defense," and South Vietnam is not a Member of the United Nations.

In this connection, remember that Mr. Lodge spoke of *Vietnam* in referring to our offers to aid. He, like most American officals regarded the Saigon regime as representing the whole country. But this is like claiming that Taipei represents all China. It is true that membership in many agencies related to the U.N. such as FAO, WHO, ILO, etc. was granted to *Vietnam* but there has never been official recognition of South Vietnam by the U.N. as a legitimate separate entity.

Our Commitments under the Geneva Accords and the SEATO treaty are either illusory or fabricated. Our actions in Vietnam are not justified by any such commitments and violate many of our obligations under the U.N. Charter. It is true that the President as Commander-in-Chief of our armed forces can order these to any part of the world. But was it ever the intention of those who framed the Constitution that he could commit vast armies to combat without a Congressional declaration of war? Especially in cases where our own national security has not clearly been threatened?

The whole insistence of the Administration on the validity of "Our Commitments" in Vietnam is an official cover for a tragic error of judgment the continuance of which is now a political necessity for the President.

DON'T FORGET TO WRITE TO YOUR SENATORS AND CONGRESSMEN!

Betrayal!
No. 4, Mid-December, 1967
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PRESS KIT

Monique Truong Press Conference

Beverly Hilton, Monday, August 12, 1968

Press Section
McCarthy for President

Bio

TRUONG KIM ANH (MONIQUE)

MONIQUE TRUONG, daughter of the South Vietnamese Peace Candidate in last year's presidential elections, has been in the United States for three years. She has been attending U-C-L-A since 1965, working towards a Masters Degree in Linguistics.

Since her father's trial in Saigon July 26, Monique has sought to bring public pressure against the Saigon government to release Truong Dinh Dzu. The subject of many press and television interviews, she has criticized the Thieu-Ky regime for its reprisals against the runner-up's platform of peace.

Monique is 22-years-old. [redacted] [redacted] and spent her first five years of schooling in Saigon. She then attended the Molierre Catholic Convent in France, and afterwards spent a year in London studying English.

FOIA(b)(6)
FOIA(b)(7) - (C)

FOIA(b)(6)
FOIA(b)(7) - (C)

She is an active volunteer in the McCarthy for President campaign.

BEST POSSIBLE IMAGE.

Bio

TRUONG DINH DZU

TROUNG DINH DZU, at the time of his conviction July 26 to five years imprisonment, was 51 years old. He had been in continual custody since losing the presidential elections 11 months ago, in September 1967.

Dzu had campaigned on a ticket of peace, challenging the Saigon regime with a platform based on negotiations with the National Liberation Front, and with the possibility of a coalition government.

He received 800-thousand votes or 17 percent of the total vote, almost half the Thieu-Ky majority. He called his campaign the "Ticket of the White Dove," and based it on the 1960 Kennedy presidential campaign. He considers Kennedy his favorite American president.

Directly after losing the elections as the runner-up, Dzu was arrested on a charge of engaging in illegal financial transactions. He was released from prison for lack of evidence but was kept under guard in his home. He was again arrested during the Tet Offensive, this time, according to the government, "for his own protection."

While in prison he became sick and was transferred to a hospital. On May First of this year he was once more imprisoned; almost three months later he came to trial.

The trial lasted less than two hours and was before a military tribunal of five. He was sentenced, without counsel or right of appeal, to five years hard labor. The charge was that he had undermined the morale of the South Vietnamese people and its army because of his public campaigning for negotiations and a coalition government.

Dzu, a Buddhist, was born in central Vietnam on Nov. 10, 1917. His grandfather was a village chief and his father was a poor intellectual teaching Chinese medicine. While a student, Dzu edited school newspapers and took part in underground student activities against the French.

He was educated both in Vietnam and France. A graduate of the University of Hanoi, he received a doctorite of law in France. Representing the legal interests of major firms from both the east and the west, he was Madame Nhu's personal lawyer for several years before breaking with the Diem Regime.

Dzu, because of his stand in last year's elections, has been called the "McCarthy of Vietnam."

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THE CRIME OF PEACE

My father Truong Dinh Dzu, the peace candidate of Vietnam, has been sentenced to five years imprisonment for the crime of politically opposing the Saigon regime.

In September 1967, under the direction and supervision of the United States, general elections were held in South Vietnam. My father was the runner-up for the presidency, receiving half as many votes as the Thieu-Ky ticket in those allegedly free elections. A civilian lawyer, he was the only candidate who dared to campaign on a bold peace program. He championed negotiations and a coalition government representitive of both antagonists.

Having failed to win, he was arrested and held in custody without trial for eleven months. on July 26, without benefit of counsel or right of appeal, he was tried, convicted and imprisoned to five years hard labor on the island of Cong Son, also called Devil's Island, from which few men ever return.

Can such elections be considered free when a man, who, because he spoke his mind, has five years taken away from him, his family; from us, his children?

In your country, the United States, which has certain fundemental convictions concerning the rights of free speech, free elections and due process of law, it would be inconceiveable that one could be subject to reprisals for setting forth his ideas and beliefs.

When your government has for eight years steadfastly maintained that it has the duty and the obligation to protect and defend the freedom and self-government of South Vietnam -- and tens of thousands of your young men have died under this persuasion -- doesn't the American Government have the right to demand that the actions of the South Vietnamese Government shall not be inconsistent with these unmistakeable rights?

I am appealing to you, the American people, I am calling upon you, the American Government, to exert the authority you indeed have, to liberate my father, Truong Dinh Dzu.

TRUONG KIM ANH

BEST POSSIBLE IMAGE.

McCARTHY FOR PRESIDENT
815 17th STREET N.W.
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20006
202-737-7207

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

CONTACT: BOB SONDERSKOV
CRAIG GUTHRIE

EDITORS: THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT BY SENATOR EUGENE J. McCARTHY CONCERNING TRUONG DINH DZU WAS ISSUED AT THE BEGINNING OF HIS PRESS CONFERENCE AT THE NEW SENATE OFFICE BUILDING, WASHINGTON, D.C., JULY 30, 1968

I say that the trial and sentencing is inexcusable, as I see it, and should immediately be repudiated by the Government of the United States. Instead of that, I find the Vice President, who should have access to all of the information about Vietnam, saying yesterday that he had only heard about the sentencing through newspaper reports and thus would not comment. The Vice President should further inform himself on the matter and make known his position. Mr. Dzu was a runner-up in last year's--what was called a free election--for President; was sentenced by a military court to five years of hard labor for having urged direct talks with the Vietcong, and for having said that a coalition government will be a necessary consequence of negotiation. This is essentially what I have been recommending, as you know, as a procedure whereby we might bring the war to an end. His sentencing indicates not merely that the government of Saigon is as repressive and undemocratic as ever; it also signifies Saigon's complete unwillingness to discuss, let alone accept, the only reasonable terms on which the war is likely to be settled. As I interpret this, it must mean that our Administration is still accepting this kind of dictation from the Saigon government, as it carries on what are called negotiations in Paris. In the recent Hawaii communique, the Administration re-emphasized its full support for the Saigon government. Acts such as the imprisonment of Dr. Dzu will clearly make it more difficult, it seems to me, to negotiate peace in Paris. It will be construed as evidence of increasing inflexibility on the part of the United States. Negotiation, I think we must know, is not a simple extension of war by other means. It must be a process of compromise and of conciliation. And nothing that has come out of Vietnam recently, or out of Hawaii, or out of Paris, indicates to me that the Administration is pressing or moving towards a realistic settlement of the war.

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tries. He has been careful not to say anything publicly which would cause his arrest.

His operations, however, have been very carefully followed by the Justice Department, including some of his talks with the late Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., who finally persuaded Carmichael to stay out of the poor People's march.

The Rev. Ralph David Abernathy seems more susceptible to Carmichael's persuasion than was Dr. King. Shortly before the start of the Poor People's march, Mr. Abernathy told the New York Times: " I love Stokely. He's a wonderful guy. I may disagree with individuals like him on strategy, but not on goals. All I know is that we will remain nonviolent."

Carmichael's real goal, however, is the overthrow of the United States government. He spelled this out last Aug. 18 in Hanoi at an Afro-American rally attended largely by North Vietnamese.

"We are not reformists," he said. "We do not seek to reform. We do not wish to be part of the U.S. government, of its system. We are revolutionaries. We seek to change the imperialist system of the United States. We will be satisfied with nothing less.

"We are comrades," he told the North Vietnamese, "because we seek to redeem humanity, because we seek to stop the greatest destroyer of humanity—the United States. When we succeed, and we will succeed, our blood, our lives would have been a little price to pay."

Probably Carmichael did not know that his words were picked up by powerful U.S. monitors. What he does know, however, is that his words in Hanoi cannot be used to prosecute him in the United States because the Justice Department can get no witnesses from Communist countries.

Back in the United States, Stokely is being very careful not to repeat these remarks.

Mr. MANSFIELD. Mr. President, I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. PELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

THE SENTENCING OF TRUONG DINH DZU

Mr. PELL. Mr. President, I wish to associate myself with the remarks made on the floor of the Senate 2 days ago by the Senator from Missouri [Mr. SYMINGTON], in which he was joined by the distinguished majority leader and by the Senator from Ohio [Mr. YOUNG], deploring the arrest and sentencing to 5 years at hard labor of Mr. Truong Dinh Dzu. Our distinguished Vice President [Mr. HUMPHREY] has also spoken out eloquently on the arrest of Mr. Dzu. Mr. Dzu was, of course, the runner-up in the South Vietnamese presidential election last September.

Mr. Dzu's crime was simple. In an interview with the UPI and with the Times of London in April, he advocated that the Government of South Vietnam seek negotiations with the National Liberation Front in order to bring about a coalition government in that unhappy land. At his trial, according to a report in the Washington Post, Mr. Dsu said:

> I only expressed my ideas as a politician on how to put an end to this war. I only made constructive proposals. But I never had any activities harmful to the anti-communist spirit of the people and the armed forces.

As reported in the Washington Post, the judge of the military court replied:

> As a citizen of the Republic of Vietnam, you have no right to dissent on the policy of the Government of the Republic of South Vietnam.

Mr. President, if we are fighting to defend a government which allows no right of dissent we are not fighting to defend a democratic government or a government which believes in the concepts on which we believe democracy to be based. I question, in fact, whether we are fighting for a government which deserves our support—support which has been measured in terms of over 25,000 Americans lives and tens upon tens of billions of dollars. If the same rules were applied in the United States as the Government of South Vietnam has applied—rules prohibiting dissent and the expression of ideas as to how to bring the war in Vietnam to an end—many of us in this body would be sentenced to hard labor, I among them. The sentence meted out to Mr. Dzu should be a source of grave concern to us all.

SOVIET PRESS DISTORTIONS OF REPORT ON THE SITUATION IN CZECHOSLAVAKIA

Mr. PELL. Mr. President, it has been brought to my attention that the July 28 issue of the Soviet newspaper, Pravda, reported:

> The drama now being played out in Czechoslovakia not only has important political meaning, but in the final analysis, the Czechoslovak counter revolution may be far-reaching in the area of economics. The American Senator Pell already foresees the time when there will begin to develop in Czechoslovakia private enterprise on a scale large enough to threaten socialism.

It has also been brought to my attention that the July 27 issue of the other leading Soviet newspaper, Izvestiya, in an article by M. Sturua, said:

> The local press is permeated with reports on the visit of Senator Claiborne Pell to Czechoslovakia. Mr. Pell was in Prague during the forties in some diplomatic position; now he has visited Prague as a senator. After he returned to Washington, Pell presented some very curious recommendations. He proposed that a highly placed "negotiator" should be appointed to "coordinate" American-Czech financial relations. Judging from Pell's statements, it is quite clear what he is aiming at. He dreams of economically re-alining Czechoslovakia to the capitalist way and joining it to the West.

I hope, Mr. President, that the Soviet press is not always this inaccurate and does not always distort the news. Pravda and Izvestia have not only put words in my mouth—words that I never said and never would say—but have also chosen to ignore the words that I did say.

To correct the record for any Soviet readers of the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—and I am sure that there are some in the Washington press and the diplomatic corps—let me state categorically that I did not say that I could foresee the time "when there will begin to develop in Czechoslovakia private enterprise on a scale large enough to threaten socialism." Quite the contrary. I said that it seemed generally recognized in Czechoslovakia that there were very definite limits to the present reform movement, one of which is that—and I now quote from my report to the Committee on Foreign Relations published only last week:

> There can be no return to private ownership of the means of production and, thus, to a non-communist society.

As for the story by Mr. Sturua in Izvestiya, perhaps Izvestiya does not have available as accurate a Russian language translation of what I said as I have an English translation of what Mr. Sturua has said that I said. Mr. Sturua wrote that I had written that "a highly placed 'negotiator' should be appointed to 'coordinate' American-Czech financial relations" and that I was dreaming "of economically realining Czechoslovakia to the capitalist way and joining it to the West."

In fact, I did not recommend that a "negotiator" be appointed to coordinate American-Czech "financial relations" but that, if present negotiations do not yield results in the near future, a special Presidential "mediator" be appointed to examine the particular problem—and only the problem—of the claims of American citizens for compensation for property nationalized by Czechoslovakia.

Again, this point is made clearly in recommendation No. 1 of my report to the Foreign Relations Committee:

> The United States should bend every effort to resolve the problem of the claims of American citizens for compensation for property nationalized by Czechoslovakia. A resolution of this problem would enable the problem of the return to Czechoslovakia of its gold seized by Nazi Germany also to be resolved. If the present stage in the negotiations does not yield results in the very near future, the President should appoint a special mediator to examine the problem and to consult with the claimants, and with Members of Congress, in order to reach a compromise acceptable to both American claimants and the Czechoslovak Government.

I will not go on, Mr. President, because I do not want to belabor the point that my observations on the situation in Czechoslovakia have not been accurately reported. It is, of course, not surprising that there has been no mention in the Soviet press of some of my remarks on other than economic questions, such as my concluding observation which I would like to repeat at this time:

> The surrender of Czechoslovakia into Hitler's hands through the Munich agreement was the precursor to the Second World War. Czechoslovakia's conversion to communism in 1948 signaled the real beginning of the cold war. Now twenty years later, any attempt by the Soviet Union to use force to repress the efforts of Czechoslovakia's new leaders to reform the Communist system—to reform it, but not replace it—could revive the cold war and bring on a new ice age in Europe.

In conclusion, I thought it might be of some interest to insert in the RECORD the more objective news story of the same press conference written by Benjamin

"MY FATHER MAY DIE BECAUSE HE TRUSTED AMERICAN JUSTICE"

WILL YOU HELP ME SAVE HIM?

Dzu: Guilty of advocating peace

* Last year my father, TROUNG DINH DZU, was a candidate for the presidency of South Vietnam. The heart and soul of his campaign was peace, and my father was the only candidate who dared to carry that message to the people, whose lives - were and are - at stake every minute of the day and night.

In September of 1967, my father was the strong runner-up in the elections held under the protection of 400,000 American soldiers and the supervision of the United States. He, who had advocated the same kind of negotiations which are now being pursued by Averell Harriman, officially representing the United States Government, was arrested, and imprisoned without a hearing. Eleven months later he was brought to trial, and in one hour and twenty minutes - without benefit of counsel or right of appeal - he was tried, convicted, and sentenced to five years at hard labor on the Island of Cong Son.

My father has recently suffered a heart attack. A sentence of five years at hard labor is tantamount to a death sentence:

HOW CAN THE AMERICAN PEOPLE ACCEPT THIS POSSIBLE DEATH SENTENCE FOR A VIETNAMESE PATRIOT WHOSE SINGULAR CRIME WAS CALLING FOR THE VERY NEGOTIATIONS AND POLICIES WHICH NOW HAVE BEEN ADOPTED BY YOUR GOVERNMENT.

Persuaded by the United States assurances of "Free Elections", my father was confident that an election supervised by your government would guarantee him the same rights and priviledges enjoyed by any American candidate.

Unless immediate action is taken, he will die - because he trusted the Government of the United States. He, my mother, my sister, my brother, and I can only hope that the people of this great country will be more answerable to the demands of their conscience and to the basic principles of humanity.

(Please turn over)

"FRIENDS OF MONIQUE DINH DZU"

Joyce Ann Miller
(Chairman)
Joel Kane
Ray Bradbury
Harold Dreyfus
Herb Magidson
Shirley Magidson
Jack Warner
Donald Kalish
Lawrence Sherman
Charlotte Sherman
Robert Angus

9641 Heather R
Beverly Hills,
California 902
90210

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* Please help us by signing this petition. It is our family's plea for justice for someone we love very deeply.

Thank You,

Monique Dinh Dzu

Monique Dinh Dzu

- -

* WE CALL UPON YOU, MR. PRESIDENT, TO EXERT THE AUTHORITY AND TAKE THE ACTION NECESSARY TO LIBERATE TROUNG DINH DZU IMMEDIATELY; AND TO AUTHORIZE AND IMPLEMENT THE MEANS NECESSARY TO INSURE HIS SAFETY.

I, the undersigned, wish to join my fellow Americans in this mandate for the liberation of TROUNG DINH DZU.

(If you care to make a contribution to help us defray the cost of this campaign we would, indeed, be grateful. However, if you cannot, your name is of utmost importance.)

NAME (Please write your signature then print your name below.)	ADDRESS	CONTRIBUTION

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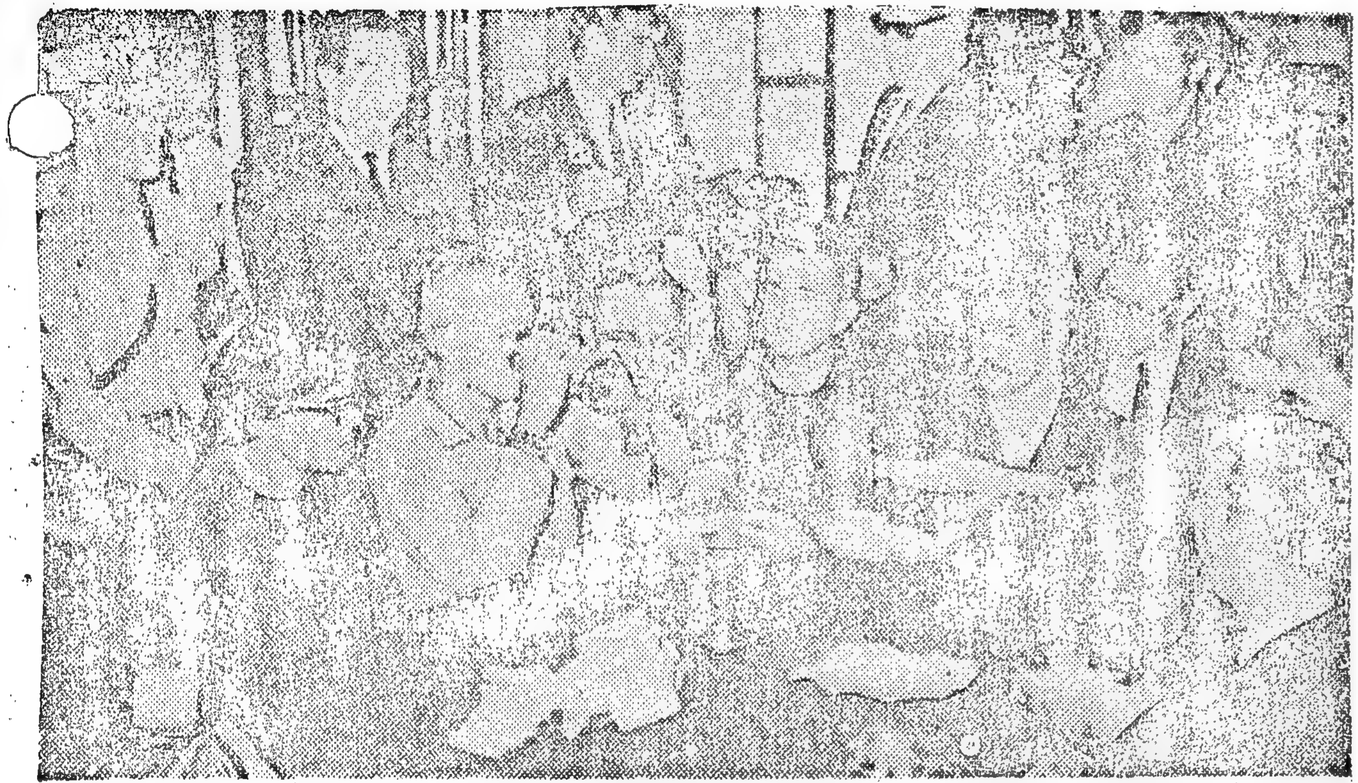
AMERICA MUST STOP JAILING MEN OF CONSCIENCE!



"RESIGNED" GI'S ARRESTED — Military policemen wait for a communion ervice to conclude at St. Andrew Presbyterian Church in Marin City, Calif., before arresting nine GI's who "resigned" from the service and held a 48-hour "service of liberation" to protest the war in Vietnam. The servicemen, all reported AWOL, were chained to clergymen during the vigil. The servicemen began the protest in San Francisco, but moved to the Marin City church after receiving a threat that the San Francisco church would be bombed.

(UPI Telephoto)

LIBERATE

" I MUST DISAVOW MYSELF FROM ANY ORGANIZATION THAT COMMITS MURDER IN THE NAME OF A POLITICAL DELUSION! I AM NOT A MURDERER, AND UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES CAN I EVER DELUDE MYSELF INTO BECOMING ONE." John Robinson

ROBINSON

DEMAND JOHN ROBINSON'S RELEASE! TELEGRAPH C.O. GENERAL ROBERTSON, CAMP PENDLETON, OCEANSIDE, CALIFORNIA.

MAKE CHECKS PAYABLE TO "NINE FOR PEACE"
ST. ANDREW'S UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
DRAKE AND DONAHUE STS.
MARIN CITY, CALIFORNIA 94965

WE ARE CONCERNED CLERGY WHO ARE PROTESTING THE REFUSAL OF THE U.S. MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT TO RECOGNIZE THE RIGHTS OF CONSCIENCE OF MEN SERVING IN THE MILITARY. WE ARE OUTRAGED BY THE BRUTALITY THAT THE U.S. MARINE CORPS AT CAMP PENDLETON HAS USED ON JOHN ROBINSON. MR. ROBINSON IS ONE OF THE NINE SERVICEMEN WHO WERE CHAINED TO CLERGYMEN IN A 45 HOUR SERVICE OF LIBERATION IN TWO SAN FRANCISCO CHURCHES. THEY WERE ARRESTED ON JULY 17TH BY THE MILITARY POLICE IN THE SANCTUARY OF ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN MARIN CITY, CALIFORNIA.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED CLERGYMEN ARE THEREFORE MAKING THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:

JOHN ROBINSON
- is unable in conscience to continue to serve in the military.
- has publically resigned from the Marine Corps.
- has been arrested by the military police.
- has been the victim of attempted abduction to Vietnam.
- has been mistreated in the Camp Pendleton Brig.
- is being threatened with death by "fellow marines".

WE CAN NO LONGER COOPERATE WITH A MILITARY SYSTEM PURSUING AN IMMORAL WAR:

WE
- support John Robinson"s resignation from the Marines.
- will continue to seek his release by all available non-violent means.
- will support any young American who cannot conscientiously serve in the military.

Fr. Joseph Sonntag
Fr. Harlan Weitzel
Rabbi Albert Lewis
Fr. Otto Schlumpf
The Rev. Cecil Hoffman, Jr.
Fr. Robert Pfisterer
The Rev. Edgar R. Edwards
Fr. Kenan Osborne
The Rev. Speed Leas
The Rev. Richard McKenna

Fr. Louis Vitale
Fr. Sanford Smith, Jr.
The Rev. Wayne C. Hartmire, Jr.
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Fr. Arthur Melville
The Rev. Albert Cohen
The Rev. Paul Kittlaus
Fr. Morris Samuel
Fr. Winston Leland

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT
THE REV. HARLAN WEITZEL
CLERGY AND LAYMEN CONCERNED
BOX 991, PASADENA, CALIF. 91102

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FD-263 (Rev. 3-8-67)

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REFERENCE: Report of SA GARRY OWEN WATT, dated 5/15/68, at San Francisco.

- P -

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APPROVED — SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

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1 - St. Louis (14-77)(Info.)(RM)
3 - New York (2 - 14-382)(RM)
    (1 - 25-110164)
6 - San Francisco (2 - 14-214)
    (1 - 25-62991)(Selective Service Anti-Draft Movement)
    (1 - 14-219)(The Resistance, San Jose, Calif.)
    (1 - 100-55945)(The Resistance, Palo Alto, Calif.)
    (1 - 100-54559)(VIDEM)

SF 14-214
GOW:mb

INFORMANTS:

Identity of Source	File Where Located
SF T-1 is FOIA(b)(6)	Instant report
SF T-2 is FOIA(b)(3) - 50 USC 3024(i)(1) - Intelligence Sources and Methods	Instant report

LEAD:

SAN FRANCISCO

AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA: Will follow and report any pertinent activities on captioned organization in the San Francisco and East Bay areas.

FD-204 (Rev. 3-3-59)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Copy to:
1 - USA, San Francisco (RM)
1 - OSI, 19D (RM)
1 - NISO, 12 ND (RM)
2 - 115th MI Group (RM)

Report of: GARRY OWEN WATT
Office: SAN FRANCISCO
Date: 9/30/68

Field Office File #: 14-214
Bureau File #: 14-2965

Title: THE RESISTANCE

Character: SEDITION; SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT, 1948

Synopsis:

Northern California offices of The Resistance are presently located at Berkeley, Palo Alto (Peace and Liberation Commune), San Jose and San Francisco, Calif. Organizational data, finances and activities set forth. Copies of literature issued by various branches of The Resistance included herein. The last local Resistance activity was a draft card burning ceremony at San Francisco on 7/10/68. Primary and continued aim of The Resistance remains disruption of the Selective Service laws of the U.S. by encouraging individuals to turn in their draft cards and to refuse induction into the Armed Forces of the U.S.

- P -

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GROUP 1
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downgrading and
declassification

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☆ U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1967-O-273-878

SF 14-214
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DETAILS:

I. ORGANIZATIONAL DATA

Information contained below included under the above heading Items A through D, was obtained from printed material and published statements made by individuals connected with The Resistance.

A. Current Address

There are presently five locations of The Resistance in the Northern California area. They are as follows:

1. The Resistance, care of The Hearth
   (Howard Presbyterian Church)
   1321 Oak Street
   San Francisco, California

2. The Campus Resistance
   2490 Channing Way
   Room 205
   Berkeley, California

3. Berkeley Resistance
   1514 Grant Street
   Berkeley, California

4. Peace and Liberation Commune
   2282 Glen Way
   Palo Alto, California

5. San Jose Resistance
   265 North Fifth Street
   San Jose, California

B. Aims and Objectives

The continued and primary aims of The Resistance remain an attempt to disrupt the Selective Service laws of the United States Government by encouraging individuals to either turn in or burn their draft cards and also encouraging others to refuse to register under the Selective Service laws. These activities are being carried out through active demonstrations against the Selective Service System and United States Government policies in Vietnam and through leafleting at as many places as is possible, including high schools and colleges.

C. Officials

There are no officers as such in The Resistance in the Northern California area.

D. Membership

There is no specific membership in The Resistance and any individual can qualify as a Resistance supporter by openly refusing to support or be subjected to the Selective Service laws of the United States Government or by encouraging others to violate the Selective Service laws.

E. Organizational Makeup

According to printed material published by The Resistance and other published statements made by individuals connected with The Resistance, it is apparent that The Resistance continues to remain a loosely functioning organization with branches throughout the United States with each branch strictly autonomous but with all branches connected in a common purpose.

F. Finances

A review of The Resistance bank account on May 6, 1968, reflects that the following checks were drawn on this account during the period April 2, 1968 to May 2, 1968:

Check Number	Date	Payee and Endorsement Data	Amount
599	3/30/68	RALPH PLUMMER	$ 150.00
655	4/1/68	ELLIOT G. STEINBERG Attorney, San Jose, California	200.00

Check Number	Date	Payee and Endorsement Data	Amount
704	4/5/68	BLASE DILLON Cashed or deposited at Wells Fargo Bank, San Francisco, 11-24	$ 100.00
705	4/5/68	PAULA YEGHOIAN 265 N. 5th Street, San Jose, California	250.00
653	3/30/68	HEINZ PETERSON Cashed or deposited at Wells Fargo, San Mateo, California	85.00
600	3/30/68	M. F. LEE Cashed or deposited at Wells Fargo, San Francisco 11-20	80.00
662	4/11/68	BLASE DILLON California Drivers License Number M770395	500.00
706	4/5/68	The Resistance (Los Angeles) Endorsed: Pay to order of Crocker Citizens National Bank, Supporters of the Resistance, 1355 Westwood Blvd., Los Angeles, California	800.00
666	4/12/68	BLASE DILLON California Drivers License Number M770395	400.00
684	4/16/68	The Resistance (Palo Alto)	50.00
665	4/12/68	ANITA MARDIKIAN Cashed at Stanford University Student Union	10.00

Check Number	Date	Payee and Endorsement Data	Amount
708	4/7/68	The Resistance (San Francisco) Endorsed: ADRIANNE FONG c/o 2622-1738, Bank of America, Haight-Clayton Branch	$ 375.00
701	4/4/68	PAUL RUPERT Cashed at Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Company of Chicago	10.00
719	4/16/68	BLASE DILLON	100.00
672	4/19/68	BLASE DILLON	1000.00
727	4/20/68	PAULA YEGHOIAN 265 N. 5th Street San Jose, California California Driver's License Number P458763	275.00
674	4/24/68	VICKIE LYNN WADFORD Cashed or deposited at Wells Fargo Bank, San Francisco, 11-24	100.00
729	4/22/68	The Resistance (San Francisco) Endorsed: ADRIANNE FONG, Bank of America, Haight-Clayton Branch, San Francisco	275.00
731	4/24/68	RANDY MILLIKIN Endorsed: RANDALL Q. MILLIKIN 2466 Hilgard #306 Berkeley, California 548-0869	375.00

Check Number	Date	Payee and Endorsement Data	Amount
686	4/17/68	LARRY JACK (Resistance New Mexico) Endorsed: The New Mexico Resistance 213B Columbia Drive SE Albuquerque, New Mexico KENNETH BOLGER	$ 90.00

A review of the checking account statement also reflected the following additional information:

On April 19, 1968, a deposit in the total amount of $3,103.00 was made to the Peace and Liberation Commune account. Included in this deposit was a check, dated April 13, 1968, in the amount of $3,000 payable to The Resistance, drawn by Theatrical Associates, Account Number 0810-0459-390114 2, on the County National Bank of St. Louis, Clayton, Missouri. The signature of the maker of this check is not entirely legible, but appears to be J. STRAND COU_____, JR.

Also deposited to the account of the Peace and Liberation Commune during April, 1968, was a check in the amount of $4,000.00 payable to The Resistance, drawn on the Chase Manhattan Bank, New York City, issued by HAROLD LEVINTHAL, Management Incorporated, 200 West 67th Street, New York, New York. The check was signed by HAROLD LEVINTHAL.

During the period April 2, 1968, to May 2, 1968, 91 checks were drawn on the account in the total amount of $7,295.61. Total deposits were $8,907.08. The balance in the account on April 2, 1968, was $1,048.36 and the new balance on May 2, 1968, was $2,659.83.

SF T-1, 5/6/68

A review of The Resistance bank account on June 10, 1968, reflect the following checks were drawn on this account during the period May 2 to June 4, 1968:

Check Number	Date	Payee and Endorsement Data	Amount
742	4/26/68	Tucson Resistance Endorsed: Tucson Resistance, Tucson Draft Resistance, BRADLEY L. LITTLEFIELD	$ 100.00
738	4/26/68	The Resistance Endorsed: Supporters of the Resistance, 1355 Westwood Drive, Room 201, Los Angeles, California	275.00
804	5/5/68	Co-Op Credit Union	70.00
739	4/26/68	The Resistance (Palo Alto)	275.00
740	4/26/68	LARRY LACK - Resistance Endorsed: LARRY LACK	100.00

During the period May 2 to June 4, 1968, 93 checks were drawn on the account in the amount of $4,087.57. Total deposits were $2,690.13. The balance in the account on May 2, 1968, was $2,659.83 and the new balance on June 4, 1968, was $1,262.39.

SF T-1, 6/10/68

A review of the Resistance bank account on June 13, 1968, reflected that the following checks were drawn on this account during the period May 8 to June 10, 1968.

Check Number	Date	Payee and Endorsement Data	Amount
2	5/1/68	STEVE KESSLER Endorsed: STEVE KESSLER, 430 Nimitz Avenue, Redwood City, California	$ 75.00

Check Number	Date	Payee and Endorsement Data	Amount
None	5/13/68	Peace and Liberation Commune Maker of check: JEFFREY BROWNING	$ 100.00
None	5/20/68	DENNIS SWEENEY Maker of check: SUSAN ROBERTS	60.00
None	5/25/68	Peace and Liberation Commune	66.00
None	6/4/68	LARRY - Peace and Liberation Commune Press Endorsed: LARRY FREUNDIGER	35.00

The balance in this account on May 8, 1968, was $18.75 and the balance on June 10, 1968, was $101.94. Total deposits during the period amounted to $581.07.

SF T-1, 6/13/68

A review of The Resistance bank account on July 9, 1968, reflects that the following checks were drawn on this account during the period June 4, 1968 to July 2, 1968.

Check Number	Date	Payee and Endorsement Data	Amount
897	5/29/68	LOREN BASHAM Cashed or deposited at Wells Fargo Bank, San Francisco, California, 11-24	$ 4.00
859	6/3/68	ED TRIPP Driver's License K503219	3.00
896	5/24/68	NICK BUSCH Cashed or deposited at Bank of America, Lafayette, California	5.00
861	6/2/68	M. F. LEE Cashed or deposited at the Bank of America, Polk-Green Branch, San Francisco, California	80.00

SF 14-214
GOW:mb

Check Number	Date	Payee and Endorsement Information	Amount
845	5/28/68	BOLANDO ORTIZ Endorsed ORLANDO ORTIZ 0138-331749 Cashed or deposited at Wells Fargo Bank, University Office, Palo Alto, California	$ 15.00
110	6/5/68	ROGER SNYDER Endorsed ROGER SNYDER, payable to the orderof National City Bank of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois, for deposit to the account of Students For A Democratic Society	20.00
858	6/3/68	BILL SHURTLEFF Endorsed BILL SHURTLEFF, payable to Zen Mountain Center, stamped pay to the order of Bank of America 081, for deposit to the account of ZEN SHINU, Zen Mountain Center, Carmel Valley, California, 812-3418	200.00
125	6/23/68	Midpeninsula Free University, deposited at Wells Fargo Bank, Stanford Industrial Branch, 505 California Avenue, Palo Alto, California	20.00
184	6/27/68	JOHN HASLAM Endorsed JOHN HASLAM, 1108 Baylor, Austin, Texas	56.00

A review of the statement for this account also disclosed the following information:

During the period from June 4 to July 2, 1968, 62 checks were drawn in the amount of $2,098.86 and total deposits amounted to $1,003.85. Balance in this account on June 4, 1968, was $1,262.39 and the new balance on July 2, 1968, was $167.38. Service charges amounted to $5.72.

SF T-1, 7/9/68

A review of The Resistance bank account on August 8, 1968, reflected that the following checks were drawn on this account during the period July 2 to August 2, 1968.

Check Number	Date	Payee and Endorsement Information	Amount
871	7/2/68	Kepler's Bookstore	$ 20.00
183	6/24/68	The Rag Endorsed The Rag, REBECCA MORRISON; Cashed or deposited at Mercantile National Bank, Dallas, Texas	19.75
187	7/20/68	PAT SUMI Cashed at Kepler's Bookstore	10.00
190	7/24/68	ROGER SNYDER Cashed at Kepler's Bookstore	20.00

The statement for this account during the above period showed that the previous balance was $167.38. 21 checks were drawn on this account for a total of $421.09. Nine deposits were made in the total amount of $836.23 and the new balance was $582.52.

SF T-1, 8/8/68

A review of The Resistance bank account on September 11, 1968, reflected that the new address for this account was 2282 Glen Way, East Palo Alto, California. The following checks were drawn on this account during the period August 2 to September 4, 1968.

Check Number	Date	Payee and Endorsement Data	Amount
192	7/29/68	Free University Press Endorsed Midpeninsula Free University Print Shop	$18.00
182	7/22/68	Free University Press	15.50
197	8/12/68	VICKIE LYNN WADFORD	30.00
216	8/12/68	M. S. LEE Endorsed M. F. LEE	80.00
238	8/26/68	PAT SUMI Driver's License M383416	5.00
215	8/11/68	PAT SUMI	5.00

A review of this bank account also disclosed the following information:

The statement for this account disclosed that the previous balance was $585.82. Deposits amounted to $1,806.58 and the new balance was $1,592.27.

SF T-1, 9/11/68

It is noted that SF T-1 no longer has custody of the original documents from which the check information mentioned in this report was obtained. The information furnished by SF T-1 is not to be made public without the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to Mr. RONALD J. MARCUS, Manager, Wells Fargo Bank, University Avenue-Bayshore Office, Palo Alto, California.

II. ACTIVITIES

A leaflet issued by The Resistance, 2490 Channing Way, Apartment 205, Berkeley, California, received at the Local Selective Service Board, Martinez, California, in June, 1968, revealed that The Resistance was planning demonstrations at several Selective Service Boards in Northern California. The leaflet advised that members of The Resistance would visit five California boards during the week of June 24-28, 1968, to hold all-day vigils in front of the offices of the Selective Service System. The Resistance members reportedly plan to be at the draft boards from 9:00 AM to closing time to meet with members and personnel of the Selective Service boards to introduce "the concept of resistance into virgin territory". The leaflet indicated that on Monday, June 24, 1968, one of the vigils would be held at the draft board at Martinez, California.

On June 24, 1968, Lieutenant KEN REED, Martinez, California Police Department, advised that approximately six demonstrators held an all-day vigil in front of the Selective Service Board, Martinez, California, on June 24, 1968. There were no incidents or arrests on the part of the demonstrators, however, one elderly citizen was arrested on drunk charges following a battery against one of the demonstrators.

On July 10, 1968, Special Agents of the San Francisco Office of the FBI observed the following:

At 12:10 PM, July 10, 1968, demonstrators began gathering at the Federal Building, 450 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, California, as part of a publicly-announced anti-draft demonstration sponsored by The Resistance.

Approximately 125 demonstrators were noted in attendance of the bearded-hippie type. The total crowd, including on-lookers and press, was estimated at about 300 people. The demonstration was carried on in its entirety on the front steps of the Federal Building. Demonstrators were noted to be carrying placards which included the following slogans:

"We, Too, Are Guilty of Dr. SPOCK's Crime--Resist The Draft"

"Resistance For The Brotherhood Of Man"

The first speaker and master of ceremonies introduced himself as BRIAN DROLET who stated he was a member of The Resistance. DROLET indicated that the demonstrators had gathered to protest the sentencing of Dr. BENJAMIN SPOCK, WILLIAM SLOANE COFFIN and MICHAEL GOODMAN, who he claimed were sentenced to two years' imprisonment on a conviction for conspiracy to counsel young men to refuse the draft. DROLET informed the crowd, "We will not be intimidated as we have decided to choose life rather than death."

> An article appearing in the "San Francisco Examiner," a daily newspaper published in San Francisco, California, on July 11, 1968, stated that BRIAN DROLET was a member of the Committee For Draft Resistance.

The next speaker introduced by DROLET was Professor PETER SCOTT from the University of Califronia, Berkeley, California. SCOTT stated that it was an honor for him to join the courageous and honorable act to be shortly performed by certain members of the crowd and that President JOHNSON was trying to make the people forget the war by the "peace talks" currently being held in Paris, France. SCOTT related that there would be alarming prospects for the nation following the election of either HUBERT HUMPHREY or RICHARD NIXON, and that the war in Vietnam following the election of either of these individuals would be expanded into other countries.

> An advertisement appearing in the "San Francisco Chronicle", a San Francisco daily newspaper, in its edition of April 11, 1967, placed by the Professional Committee of the Spring Mobilization Committee, 55 Colton Street, San Francisco, California, indicated that PETER DALE SCOTT was one of the local sponsors of a march and

rally held in San Francisco on April 15, 1967, to protest United States intervention in Vietnam.

The next speaker was introduced as Reverend ALAN MILLER, a Presbyterian minister and the Regional Secretary of the United Ministries of Higher Education in Northern California and Nevada. MILLER indicated that several clergymen from the Bay Area had recently put together a statement in opposition to the draft which he hoped that a great deal of people would eventually sign to show their opposition to the Selective Service System. He indicated that this letter would eventually be forwarded to the Director of the Selective Service System, LOUIS HERSHEY.

The next speaker introduced to the crowd was ARTHUR G. MELVILLE. He informed the crowd that he was a former Maryknoll priest who had served seven years as a missionary in the back country of Guatemala and who was present as a substitute for THOMAS ROBERT MELVILLE and MARJORIE MELVILLE, who intended to be present at the rally but were unable to do so because he claimed that the FBI had indicated that the MELVILLEs would be arrested should they show up in the San Francisco area. MELVILLE indicated that he was present to support the stand of Dr. BENJAMIN SPOCK and he told the crowd that they should have the courage to stand up and be counted along with any other individuals who had been prosecuted by the United States Government for violation of the Selective Service laws. MELVILLE said that the President of the United States had a lot of arrogance to speak of the "Great Society" as he had personally witnessed oppression by the Guatemalan government supported by the United States Government whereby the people of Guatemala had been severely oppressed by the ruling class in that country.

An article appearing in the July 11, 1968, edition of the "San Francisco Examiner" indicated that Reverend ARTHUR G. MELVILLE was a former Maryknoll priest who had been expelled from Guatemala in 1967 when he had started a land reform program. The article also indicated that ARTHUR MELVILLE appeared at the above demonstration in lieu of his brother, THOMAS, also a priest from Guatemala who is currently under indictment in the East for burning draft cards.

Following the last speaker, nine individuals burned what they claimed were their draft cards and this action was supported by members of the female sex who also indicated to the crowd that they stood in support of this draft card burning.

No unusual incidents or arrests occurred.

III. SEDITIOUS STATEMENTS

A. Mimeographed Literature

The following mimeographed literature in leaflet form was obtained by the following sources on the dates indicated:

1. Leaflet captioned "Selective Service System Order to Report for Induction" (distributed by a member of The Resistance to members of the graduating class at graduation ceremonies at San Francisco State College on June 7, 1968).

SF T-2, 6/11/68

The following page of this report is a Xerox copy of the aforementioned leaflet.

COW PALACE S.F. PASSED OUT TO GRAD
C 455 - GUESS 250 COPIES (OVER)

Approval Not Required.

SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM

ORDER TO REPORT FOR INDUCTION

THE RESISTANCE
c/o The Hearth
1321 Oak St.
San Francisco, CA 94117
626-1910
(LOCAL BOARD STAMP)

June 7, 1968
(Date of mailing)

SELECTIVE SERVICE NO.			
4	47	47	100

The President of the United States,

To

YOU

GREETING:

You are hereby ordered for induction into the Armed Forces of the United States, and to report

at ARMED FORCES EXAMINING & ENTRANCE STATION, 1515 CLAY ST. OAKLAND, CAL
(Place of reporting).

on June 20, 1968 (Date) at 7:30 A.M. (Hour)

for forwarding to an Armed Forces Induction Station.

E. S. Mansfield
(Member or clerk of Local Board)

IMPORTANT NOTICE
(Read Each Paragraph Carefully)

YOU ARE ASKED TO KILL. FORGET THE REASONS. YOU ARE ORDERED TO REPORT FOR INDUCTION INTO THE ARMED FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO TRAIN TO KILL ANYONE AND ANYTIME, ON ORDERS.

WHERE ARE YOU! HOW DO YOU PERCEIVE HUMAN BEINGS ONCE YOU FEEL YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO KILL ONE? LISTEN TO OUR PEOPLE---OUR LEADERS--SHOCKED AT THE SICKNESS OF A SOCIETY THAT CAN KILL MARTIN LUTHER KING, ROBERT F. KENNEDY. THE HYPOCRISY OF THE STATEMENTS OF LBJ, ET. AL. LET'S INVESTIGATE VIOLENCE IN AMERICA. WE SAY SIRHAN IS INSANE? HIS ACTIONS ARE THE LOGICAL RESULT OF THE TRAINING OF OUR SOCIETY. AMERICA IS VIOLENCE. CAN'T WE SEE THAT?

THEY ASK US TO KILL IN VIETNAM AND ARE SURPRISED WHEN WE KILL AT HOME. WE IN THE RESISTANCE WILL BE IN JAIL WITH MURDERERS, THERE BECAUSE WE REFUSE TO MURDER. AND WHEN OUR SOCIETY EXECUTES SIRHAN, WILL WE SEE THE IRONY?

THE DRAFT CARD YOU CARRY TRULY REPRESENTS OUR SOCIETY. THAT CARD HAS BECOME HEAVY WITH THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR DEATH AND OPPRESSION IN THE WORLD. WE IN THE RESISTANCE, BY TURNING IN THOSE CARDS, ARE DECLARING OURSELVES APART FROM AMERICA, 1968, THE GREATEST PURVEYOR OF VIOLENCE IN THE WORLD TODAY. WE MUST COMMIT OURSELVES TO BUILDING SOMETHING ELSE WITH OUR LIVES.

JOIN US. WE NEED YOU.

ENCLOSURE (1) to
IR 5409 0411 68

2. Leaflet captioned "Seniors: Are you prepared for the Army?" (distributed at Stanford University graduation ceremonies, Palo Alto, California).

Mr. ROSS BEACH,
Eddy Building,
Hays, Kansas
6/18/68

The following page of this report is the Xerox copy of the aforementioned leaflet.

Seniors: Are you prepared for the army?

The army is preparing for YOU.

If you are a Senior this year, there will be no grad school deferment for you. Those deferments have been reserved for doctors, dentists, veterinarians, osteopaths, optometrists, and ministerial students.

EVEN IF you make it to grad school, you will not be allowed to take a I-S if you have had a II-S classification since July 1967 -- for grad students, there is NO DEFERMENT.

EVEN IF you have a wife and child, a II-S until now in grad school means NO DEFERMENT.

EVEN IF you file a Conscientious Objector claim, draft boards in about 96 out of 100 cases have been turning them down as NO DEFERMENT.

EVEN OCCUPATIONAL DEFERMENTS have now been delivered up to the whim of your draft board.

MEDICAL DEFECT? HARDSHIP SITUATION? It had better be something extra special, or your B .A. will be nothing but the pre-requisite for a PFC. As of this summer, you, too, go right along with the 19 year old shipping clerk.

*** *** *** *** ***

DOES YOUR EDUCATION REALLY QUALIFY YOU FOR ARMY LIFE? Once in the army, will four years of college help you to accept orders to kill, bomb and napalm? Will four years or more of college help you in planning those activities for others?

Are you prepared to have your decisions about right and wrong; kill and not kill; when to eat, sleep, talk, and run be made by Army Career Men?

FAR FROM VIETNAM? There's always the chance you won't be in the field, but are you less responsible for a bombing mission if you only plan it in the Pentagon -- load supplies in Fort Leonard Wood, Missouri -- or peel potatoes for the guy that flies the plane?

BUT THERE ARE ALTERNATIVES if you want them.

TO BE FREE, YOU MUST CHOOSE. WHAT IS YOUR DECISION?

IF YOU DECIDE YOU ARE NOT WILLING TO SUBMIT TO THE DRAFT, a decision which has been made by thousands of young men all over the country, you can obtain information, counselling, and support from

THE RESISTANCE

424 Lytton Ave
Palo Alto
327 - 3108

2269 Cooley Ave
E. Palo Alto
323 - 0529

18

265 N. 5th
San Jose
294 - 5146

1321 Oak
San Francisco
626 - 1910

SF 14-214
GOW:mb

3. Leaflet captioned "Draft Card Burning" (distributed as a handout at a Resistance demonstration at the Federal Building, 450 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, California, on July 10, 1968).

The following page of this report is a Xerox copy of the aforementioned leaflet.

STAND WITH

Benjamin Spock, William Sloane Coffin, Mitchell Goodman, and Michael Ferber as they are sentenced for 'conspiring' to encourage resistance to the draft.

draft card burning

A number of young men will end their cooperation with the Selective Service by turning in their draft cards. Those who desire will let their cards be burned by women, who will thereby establish equal legal jeopardy under the law which makes it a crime to mutilate or destroy a draft card, and which the Supreme Court recently upheld.

The Resistance

July 10
Federal Bldg.
Noon
San Francisco

SPEAKERS

TOM AND MARGARET MELVILLE,
Among other friends of the Resistance, will be speakers. Tom and Marge were expelled from Guatemala last year, and were among the nine persons who recently burned 600 Selective Service files at a Baltimore draft board.

LAWSUIT AGAINST CLERGY EXEMPTIONS
The Resistance will explain its intention to file a suit against the United States, challenging the constitutionality of clergy exemptions on the ground that they aid the establishment of religion.

SF 14-214
GOW:mb

4. Leaflet entitled "You can keep this, emergency procedure" (this leaflet was a handout to Selective Service inductees as they boarded a bus at San Jose, California, in June, 1968).

RUBY SEITO,
Executive Secretary
Local Board Group,
Selective Service
San Jose, California
7/10/68.

The following page of this report is a Xerox copy of the aforementioned leaflet.

YOU CAN KEEP THIS

You are still a civilian while you are in this building.
You are under the jurisdiction of civil law until you are inducted into the army.

Emergency Procedure

If you don't want to be inducted today and want to gain a little time, there are generally three things that you can do. All three involve a violation on the accepted procedure in the induction center and the people who run the show will hassle you.

1. You can refuse to fill out the security questionaire. You are protected under both the First and Fifth Amendments of the United States Constitution from being forced to fill it out. If you don't fill it out, your induction will probably be delayed while they try to decide whether or not you are a security risk.

2. If you have a court record, you can refuse to sign a waiver releasing those records to the army. This isn't as good as the first technique, but it's worth a try. If it works, your induction will be delayed while they investigate your criminal record.

3. You can turn around and walk out. The induction center will notify your draft board that you weren't there. They can do one of two things: send the FBI after you or reschedule your induction. If you want to avoid the first, right after you leave you should write a letter to your draft board telling them that you forgot or some other bullshit. If you decide you don't ever intend to go back, call us.

All these things are just stalls. Eventually it comes down to the same decision. You're going to have to decide how badly you don't want to go into the army. If you want to talk, we'll be glad to tell you why we're ready to go to jail first. Good luck.

If you tear up the leaflet, we hope you come out of the army alive and if at some time you come to a different decision we will be glad to help you as best we can.
If you fell you have been denied your rights under the law or wish to apply for conscientious objector status, contact the Central Committee for Conscientious Objectors, 437 Market Street, San Francisco, (Phone: 397-6917). If you decide to resist we welcome you. The Resistance is a group of young men that have refused to cooperate in any fashion with the draft. Some of us are now in jail, more of us will be jailed in the future for refusing to be inducted into the Army. We offer you legal aid and brotherhood in resistance. Join us. The task of building peace in this country is ours and will never be done in the army.

SF 14-214
GOW:mb

5. A leaflet captioned "The Resistance" (distributed in Berkeley, California on August 20, 1968).

SF T-2, 8/21/68

The following page of this report is a Xerox copy of the aforementioned leaflet.

"In the States of America 1968, it is possible to assert that the most polit_cal option before us is the act wherein thousands if young people reclaim possession of their lives from a System which seeks to manipulate those lives for the purposes of death and repression. Many of us are beginning to recognise that peace is more than a function of government; it is a way of life that must begin with ourselves, our relationships, our communities."

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

THE RESISTANCE

San Francisco Office:

THE HEARTH
1321 OAK St
(AT BAKER)
626-1910

OFFICE OPEN:
TUES - SAT
7 pm - 11 pm

MEETINGS EVERY WEDNESDA
7:30 pm

ALL MEN ARE URGED TO DROP BY TO DISCUSS THE VIABLE ALTERNATIVE OF OPEN NON-COOPERATION TO THE DRAFT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ENCLOSURE (1) to
IR [illegible] 68

FD-323 (Rev. 11-29-61)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Francisco, California

September 30, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Bufile 14-2965
SFfile 14-214

Title THE RESISTANCE

Character SEDITION; SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT, 1948

Reference Report of SA GARRY OWEN WATT, dated and captioned as above, at San Francisco, California

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO :SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-70116) DATE: 10/4/68

FROM :SA FREDERICK J. PETERSEN

SUBJECT:THE RESISTANCE
SSA, 1948; SEDITION

Attached hereto is a copy of an FD-302, the original of which has been filed in captioned case.

This information concerns a bank account of "Supporters of the Resistance", which was made available by FOIA(b)(7) - (D) a bank employee, WHOSE IDENTITY MUST BE CONCEALED in view of the nature of the information furnished.

None of this information can be made public without the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to the Manager, University - Westwood Branch, Crocker Citiens National Bank, 10925 Kinross Avenue, Los Angeles, California.

cc: 100-71098 (WILLIAM GARAWAY)
25-79047 (WILLIAM GARAWAY)
100-70266 (KAREN DELLENBACH)(SI)
25-79932 (KAREN DELLENBACH)
100-72051 (DALE LEWIS ODERMAN)
25-76753 (DALE LEWIS ODERMAN)
100-70281 (ASSOCIATED STUDENTS AT UCLA)
100-70670 (SHERNA B. GLUCK) (RI-B)
25-79580 (SHERNA B. GLUCK)
100-68528 (JERRY PALMER)(SI)
100-71424 (RICHARD PROFUMO)
100-61742 (WSP)
100-71220 (DAVID BLDUC)
25-80042 (DAVID BLODUC)

2 - Phoenix (RM)
100- (MARSHALL JOHNSON)
100- (THE RESISTANCE)

2 - Philadelphia (RM)
100- (THE RESISTANCE)
100- (MARTHA H. WESTOVER)

2 - San Francisco (RM)
100- (THE MODERN UTOPIAN)
100- (PALO ALTO RESISTANCE)

1 - Chicago (RM)
100- (CHICAGO AREA DRAFT RESISTORS)

100-70116-384

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
FBI - LOS ANGELES

OFFICE COPY

1 - Boston (RM)
100- (N. E. RESISTANCE)
FJP
(22)

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INDEX:

CENTRAL COMMITTEE FOR CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTORS
MRS. WILLIAM GARAWAY
JAN GEALER
MAX PALRUSKY
GEORGE TRAFTON
SUPPORTS OF THE RESISTANCE
HOWARD A. KLINE, JR.

FD-302 (Rev. 4-15-64)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date September 16, 1968

FOIA(b)(7) - (D) University-Westwood Branch, Crocker-Citizens National Bank, 10925 Kinross Avenue, Los Angeles, California advised that account #453431, in the name of "Supporters of the Resistance", 1355 Westwood Boulevard, Los Angeles, has a current balance of $425.51. Statements for this account are submitted on a monthly basis.

The following checks are noted to have been drawn against this account:

Check No.	Date	Amount	Payee	Endorser	Maker
148	8/14/68	$150.00	BILL GARAWAY	BILL GARAWAY Pay to the order of KAREN DELLENBACH KAREN DELLENBACH	DB
150	8/14/68	1000.00	Palo Alto Resistance	Pay to the order of Wells Fargo Bank, Palo Alto, Calif. The Resistance 277-351755	DB
144	8/13/68	71.75	General Telephone	General Telephone Co. (stamped)	DB
145	8/13/68	35.24	ditto	ditto	DB
4	8/14/68	9.00	HAROLD J. OSTLY, TC	HAROLD J. OSTLY, Los Angeles County Tax Collector	DB
5	8/14/68	15.00	"Central Committee for C.O.'s"	Pay to the order of Bank of Montreal (Calif.) Central Committee for Conscientious Objectors	DB

On 9/13/68 at Los Angeles, California File # 100-70116

by SA FREDERICK J. PETERSEN Date dictated 9/16/68

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Check No.	Date	Amount	Payee	Endorser	Maker
109	8/22/68	$20.00	Cash	DALE LEWIS ODERMAN	DLO
103	8/16/68	10.00	Mrs. GARAWAY	Mrs. GARAWAY	DB
6	8/14/68	5.00	JAN GEALER	JAN GEALER	DB
110	8/23/68	400.00	MAX PALRUSKY	MAX PALRUSKY	DB
102	8/16/68	75.00	The Resistance Newspaper	For deposit only in the Shawmut Bank of Boston to the account of "N.E. Resistance"	DB
3	8/14/68	30.00	Associated Students	Associated Students UCLA Students Store ASUCLA, Business Manager's Office	DB
101	8/16/68	100.00	GEORGE TRAFTON	GEORGE TRAFTON	DB
105	8/19/68	15.00	Cash	Pay to order of U.C.B. - SHERNA B. GLUCK	SBG
1	8/18/68	200.00	Tucson Resistance	MARSHALL JOHNSON Tucson Resistance Valley Nat'l Bank Tucson, Arizona	DB
142	8/9/68	26.00	JERRY PALMER	JERRY PALMER	DB
104	8/16/68	11.00	Philadelphia Resistance	Pay to "Phila. Viet Nam Committee, 2006 Walnut St., Phila., Pa. 19103 - MARTHA H. WESTOVER"	DB
107	8/18/68	20.00	BILL GARAWAY	BILL GARAWAY R 79796	DB

Check No.	Date	Amount	Payee	Endorser	Maker
106	8/18/68	$5.00	"CADRE"	Pay to the order of HYDE PARK BK.&TR.CO. Chicago Area Draft Resisters	DB
108	8/19/68	115.00	Cash	BILL GARAWAY R 79796	DB
111	8/27/68	4.00	The Modern Utopian	The Modern Utopian Star King Center 2441 Le Conte Ave., Berkeley, Calif.	DB
116	8/28/68	325.00	Supporters of Resistance	Supporters of the Resistance RICHARD PROFUMO	DB
114	8/27/68	42.17	General Telephone	General Telephone Co. (stamped)	DB
113	8/29/68	62.57	ditto	ditto	DB
117	9/6/68	100.00	HOWARD KLINE	HOWARD KLINE HOWARD A. KLINE, JR.	DLO
112	8/31/68	15.00	"WSP"	WSP Pay to the order of Security First Nat'l.Bk. - Women Strike for Peace 065-284	DB

It is noted that the above listed checks are signed as marked by DAVID BOLDUC (DB), DALE LEWIS ODERMAN (DLO) and SHERNA B. GLUCK (SBG), as indicated.

The above information is not to be made public without the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to the Manager, University-Westwood Branch, Crocker Citizens National Bank, 10925 Kinross Avenue, Los Angeles, California.